European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways



Volume II



ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE

Committee on Inland Transport

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (ADN)

including the Annexed Regulations, applicable as from 1 January 2015

Volume II



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ECE/TRANS/243 (Vol. II)

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PUBLICATION DES NATIONS UNIES

Sales No.: E.14.VIII.3

ISBN 978-92-1-139152-7 (Complete set of 2 volumes)

e-ISBN 978-92-1-056877-7

Volumes I and II not to be sold separately.

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PART 2

Classification

CHAPTER 2.1

GENERAL PROVISIONS

2.1.1 Introduction

2.1.1.1 The classes of dangerous goods according to ADN are the following:

Class 1	Explosive substances and articles
Class 2	Gases
Class 3	Flammable liquids
Class 4.1	Flammable solids, self-reactive substances and solid desensitized explosives
Class 4.2	Substances liable to spontaneous combustion
Class 4.3	Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases
Class 5.1	Oxidizing substances
Class 5.2	Organic peroxides
Class 6.1	Toxic substances
Class 6.2	Infectious substances
Class 7	Radioactive material
Class 8	Corrosive substances
Class 9	Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles

- 2.1.1.2 Each entry in the different classes has been assigned a UN number. The following types of entries are used:
 - A. Single entries for well defined substances or articles including entries for substances covering several isomers, e.g.:

```
UN No. 1090 ACETONE
UN No. 1104 AMYL ACETATES
UN No. 1194 ETHYL NITRITE SOLUTION
```

B. Generic entries for a well defined group of substances or articles, which are not n.o.s. entries, e.g.:

```
UN No. 1133 ADHESIVES
UN No. 1266 PERFUMERY PRODUCTS
UN No. 2757 CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC
UN No. 3101 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, LIQUID
```

C. Specific n.o.s. entries covering a group of substances or articles of a particular chemical or technical nature, not otherwise specified, e.g.:

```
UN No. 1477 NITRATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S. UN No. 1987 ALCOHOLS, N.O.S.
```

D. General n.o.s. entries covering a group of substances or articles having one or more dangerous properties, not otherwise specified, e.g.:

```
UN No. 1325 FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. UN No. 1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
```

The entries defined under B, C and D are defined as collective entries.

2.1.1.3 For packing purposes, substances other than those of Classes 1, 2, 5.2, 6.2 and 7, and other than self-reactive substances of Class 4.1 are assigned to packing groups in accordance with the degree of danger they present:

Packing group I: Substances presenting high danger; Packing group II: Substances presenting medium danger; Packing group III: Substances presenting low danger.

The packing group(s) to which a substance is assigned is (are) indicated in Table A of Chapter 3.2.

Articles are not assigned to packing groups. For packing purposes any requirement for a specific packaging performance level is set out in the applicable packing instruction.

2.1.1.4 For the purpose of carriage in tank vessels, some substances may be further subdivided.

2.1.2 Principles of classification

- 2.1.2.1 The dangerous goods covered by the heading of a class are defined on the basis of their properties according to sub-section 2.2.x.1 of the relevant class. Assignment of dangerous goods to a class and a packing group is made according to the criteria mentioned in the same sub-section 2.2.x.1. Assignment of one or several subsidiary risk(s) to a dangerous substance or article is made according to the criteria of the class or classes corresponding to those risks, as mentioned in the appropriate sub-section(s) 2.2.x.1.
- 2.1.2.2 All dangerous goods entries are listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2 in the numerical order of their UN Number. This table contains relevant information on the goods listed, such as name, class, packing group(s), label(s) to be affixed, packing and carriage provisions.¹
- A substance may contain technical impurities (for example those deriving from the production process) or additives for stability or other purposes that do not affect its classification. However, a substance mentioned by name, i.e. listed as a single entry in Table A of Chapter 3.2, containing technical impurities or additives for stability or other purposes affecting its classification shall be considered a solution or mixture (see 2.1.3.3).
- 2.1.2.4 Dangerous goods which are listed or defined in sub-section 2.2.x.2 of each class are not to be accepted for carriage.
- 2.1.2.5 Goods not mentioned by name, i.e. goods not listed as single entries in Table A of Chapter 3.2 and not listed or defined in one of the above-mentioned sub-sections 2.2.x.2 shall be assigned to the relevant class in accordance with the procedure of section 2.1.3. In addition, the subsidiary risk (if any) and the packing group (if any) shall be determined. Once the class, subsidiary risk (if any) and packing group (if any) have been established the relevant UN number shall be determined. The decision trees in sub-sections 2.2.x.3 (list of collective entries) at the end of each class indicate the relevant parameters for selecting the relevant collective entry (UN number). In all cases the most specific collective entry covering the properties of the substance or article shall be selected, according to the hierarchy indicated in 2.1.1.2 by the letters B, C and D respectively. If the substance or article cannot be classified under entries of type B or C according to 2.1.1.2, then, and only then shall it be classified under an entry of type D.
- 2.1.2.6 On the basis of the test procedures of Chapter 2.3 and the criteria set out in subsections 2.2.x.1 of the various classes when it is so specified, it may be determined that a

Note by the secretariat: An alphabetic list of these entries has been prepared by the secretariat and is reproduced in Table B of Chapter 3.2. This table is not an official part of the ADN.

substance, solution or mixture of a certain class, mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2, does not meet the criteria of that class. In such a case, the substance, solution or mixture is deemed not to belong to that class.

- 2.1.2.7 For the purposes of classification, substances with a melting point or initial melting point of 20 °C or lower at a pressure of 101.3 kPa shall be considered to be liquids. A viscous substance for which a specific melting point cannot be determined shall be subjected to the ASTM D 4359-90 test or to the test for determining fluidity (penetrometer test) prescribed in 2.3.4.
- 2.1.3 Classification of substances, including solutions and mixtures (such as preparations and wastes), not mentioned by name
- 2.1.3.1 Substances including solutions and mixtures not mentioned by name shall be classified according to their degree of danger on the basis of the criteria mentioned in subsection 2.2.x.1 of the various classes. The danger(s) presented by a substance shall be determined on the basis of its physical and chemical characteristics and physiological properties. Such characteristics and properties shall also be taken into account when such experience leads to a more stringent assignment.
- 2.1.3.2 A substance not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 presenting a single hazard shall be classified in the relevant class under a collective entry listed in sub-section 2.2.x.3 of that class.
- 2.1.3.3 A solution or mixture meeting the classification criteria of ADN composed of a single predominant substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 and one or more substances not subject to ADN and/or traces of one or more substances mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2, shall be assigned the UN number and proper shipping name of the predominant substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 unless:
 - (a) The solution or mixture is mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2;
 - (b) The name and description of the substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 specifically indicate that they apply only to the pure substance;
 - (c) The class, classification code, packing group, or physical state of the solution or mixture is different from that of the substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2; or
 - (d) The hazard characteristics and properties of the solution or mixture necessitate emergency response measures that are different from those required for the substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2.

In those other cases, except the one described in (a), the solution or mixture shall be classified as a substance not mentioned by name in the relevant class under a collective entry listed in sub-section 2.2.x.3 of that class taking account of the subsidiary risks presented by that solution or mixture, if any, unless the solution or mixture does not meet the criteria of any class, in which case it is not subject to ADN.

2.1.3.4 Solutions and mixtures containing a substance belonging to one of the entries mentioned in 2.1.3.4.1 or 2.1.3.4.2 shall be classified in accordance with the provisions of these paragraphs.

2.1.3.4.1 Solutions and mixtures containing one of the following substances mentioned by name shall always be classified under the same entry as the substance they contain, provided they do not have the hazard characteristics as indicated in 2.1.3.5.3:

- Class 3

UN No. 1921 PROPYLENEIMINE, STABILIZED;

UN No. 3064 NITROGLYCERIN SOLUTION IN ALCOHOL with more than 1% but not more than 5% nitroglycerin;

- <u>Class 6.1</u>

UN No. 1051 HYDROGEN CYANIDE, STABILIZED, containing less than 3% water;

UN No. 1185 ETHYLENEIMINE, STABILIZED;

UN No. 1259 NICKEL CARBONYL;

UN No. 1613 HYDROCYANIC ACID, AQUEOUS SOLUTION (HYDROGEN CYANIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION) with not more than 20% hydrogen cyanide;

UN No. 1614 HYDROGEN CYANIDE, STABILIZED, containing not more than 3% water and absorbed in a porous inert material;

UN No. 1994 IRON PENTACARBONYL;

UN No. 2480 METHYL ISOCYANATE;

UN No. 2481 ETHYL ISOCYANATE;

UN No. 3294 HYDROGEN CYANIDE, SOLUTION IN ALCOHOL, with not more than 45% hydrogen cyanide;

- Class 8

UN No. 1052 HYDROGEN FLUORIDE, ANHYDROUS;

UN No. 1744 BROMINE or UN No. 1744 BROMINE SOLUTION;

UN No. 1790 HYDROFLUORIC ACID with more than 85% hydrogen fluoride;

UN No. 2576 PHOSPHORUS OXYBROMIDE, MOLTEN.

2.1.3.4.2 Solutions and mixtures containing a substance belonging to one of the following entries of Class 9:

UN No. 2315 POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS, LIQUID;

UN No. 3151 POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, LIQUID;

UN No. 3151 POLYHALOGENATED TERPHENYLS, LIQUID;

UN No. 3152 POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, SOLID;

UN No. 3152 POLYHALOGENATED TERPHENYLS, SOLID; or

UN No. 3432 POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS, SOLID

shall always be classified under the same entry of Class 9 provided that:

- they do not contain any additional dangerous component other than components of packing group III of classes 3, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 5.1, 6.1 or 8; and
- they do not have the hazard characteristics as indicated in 2.1.3.5.3.
- 2.1.3.5 Substances not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2, having more than one hazard characteristic and solutions or mixtures meeting the classification criteria of ADN containing several dangerous substances shall be classified under a collective entry (see 2.1.2.5) and packing group of the appropriate class in accordance with their hazard characteristics. Such classification according to the hazard characteristics shall be carried out as follows:
- 2.1.3.5.1 The physical and chemical characteristics and physiological properties shall be determined by measurement or calculation and the substance, solution or mixture shall be classified according to the criteria mentioned in sub-section 2.2.x.1 of the various classes.
- 2.1.3.5.2 If this determination is not possible without disproportionate cost or effort (as for some kinds of wastes), the substance, solution or mixture shall be classified in the class of the component presenting the major hazard.
- 2.1.3.5.3 If the hazard characteristics of the substance, solution or mixture fall within more than one class or group of substances listed below then the substance, solution or mixture shall be classified in the class or group of substances corresponding to the major hazard on the basis of the following order of precedence:
 - (a) Material of Class 7 (apart from radioactive material in excepted packages, for which, except for UN 3507 URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE, special provision 290 of Chapter 3.3 applies, where the other hazardous properties take precedence);
 - (b) Substances of Class 1;
 - (c) Substances of Class 2;
 - (d) Liquid desensitized explosives of Class 3;
 - (e) Self-reactive substances and solid desensitized explosives of Class 4.1;
 - (f) Pyrophoric substances of Class 4.2;
 - (g) Substances of Class 5.2;
 - (h) Substances of Class 6.1 meeting the inhalation toxicity criteria of packing group I (Substances meeting the classification criteria of Class 8 and having an inhalation toxicity of dust and mist (LC₅₀) in the range of packing group I and a toxicity through oral ingestion or dermal contact only in the range of packing group III or less, shall be allocated to Class 8);
 - (i) Infectious substances of Class 6.2.
- 2.1.3.5.4 If the hazard characteristics of the substance fall within more than one class or group of substances not listed in 2.1.3.5.3 above, the substance shall be classified in accordance with

the same procedure but the relevant class shall be selected according to the precedence of hazards table in 2.1.3.10.

If the hazard characteristics of the substance are such that the substance can be assigned to a UN number or an identification number, then the UN number shall take precedence.

2.1.3.5.5 If the substance to be carried is a waste, with a composition that is not precisely known, its assignment to a UN number and packing group in accordance with 2.1.3.5.2 may be based on the consignor's knowledge of the waste, including all available technical and safety data as requested by safety and environmental legislation in force. ²

In case of doubt, the highest danger level shall be taken.

If, however, on the basis of the knowledge of the composition of the waste and the physical and chemical properties of the identified components, it is possible to demonstrate that the properties of the waste do not correspond to the properties of the packing group I level, the waste may be classified by default in the most appropriate n.o.s. entry of packing group II. However, if it is known that the waste possesses only environmentally hazardous properties, it may be assigned to packing group III under UN Nos. 3077 or 3082.

This procedure may not be used for wastes containing substances mentioned in 2.1.3.5.3, substances of Class 4.3, substances of the case mentioned in 2.1.3.7 or substances which are not accepted for carriage in accordance with 2.2.x.2.

- 2.1.3.6 The most specific applicable collective entry (see 2.1.2.5) shall always be used, i.e. a general n.o.s. entry shall only be used if a generic entry or a specific n.o.s. entry cannot be used.
- 2.1.3.7 Solutions and mixtures of oxidizing substances or substances with an oxidizing subsidiary risk may have explosive properties. In such a case they are not to be accepted for carriage unless they meet the requirements for Class 1.
- 2.1.3.8 Substances of classes 1 to 6.2, 8 and 9, other than those assigned to UN Nos. 3077 and 3082, meeting the criteria of 2.2.9.1.10 are additionally to their hazards of classes 1 to 6.2, 8 and 9 considered to be environmentally hazardous substances. Other substances meeting the criteria of no other class, but those of 2.2.9.1.10 are to be assigned to UN Nos. 3077 and 3082 or to identification numbers 9005 and 9006, as appropriate.
- 2.1.3.9 Wastes which do not meet the criteria for classification in classes 1 to 9 but are covered by the *Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal* may be carried under UN Nos. 3077 or 3082.

² Such legislation is for instance the Commission Decision 2000/532/EC of 3 May 2000 replacing Decision 94/3/EC establishing a list of wastes pursuant to Article 1(a) of Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste (replaced by the Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council 2006/12/EC (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 114 of 27 April 2006, page 9) and Council Decision 94/904/EC establishing a list of hazardous wastes pursuant to Article 1(4) of Council Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous wastes (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 226 of 6 September 2000, page 3).

	6	3, I	3, П	3, III	LIQ 4.1, II 8, II	LIQ 4.1, III 8, III	4.2, II	4.2, III	4.3, I	4.3, II	4.3, III	5.1, I	5.1, П	5.1, III	6.1, I	6.1, I	6.1, II	6.1, II	6.1, II	6.1, III	8, I	8, 11	8, 111
	8, III	3, I	3, П	3, III		SOL L 4.1, III 8	4.2, II	4.2, III	4.3, I	4.3, II	4.3, III	5.1, I	5.1, П	5.1, III	6.1, I	6.1, I	6.1, П	6.1, II	6.1, II	8, 111			
	8, 11	3, I	3, П	8, 11	SOL LIQ SOL 4.1, II 8, II 4.1, II	8, 11	4.2, II	8, 11	4.3, I	4.3, II	8, II	5.1, I	5.1, П	8, II	6.1, I	6.1, I	6.1, П	SOL LIQ 6.1, II 6.1, II 8, II	SOL LIQ 6.1, II 6.1, II 8, II	8, 11			
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	6.1, I DERMAL	3, I	3, I	6.1,1	6.1,1	6.1,1	6.1, I	6.1, I	6.1,1	6.1,1	6.1, I	5.1, I	6.1,1	6.1, I					colutions	SOLUTION			
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edence o	4.2, II	SOL LIQ 4.2 3, I	SOL 4.2	SOL LIQ 1 4.2 3, II	4.2, II	4.2, II															1		
Table of precedence of hazards	4.1, III	SOL LIQ 4.1 3, I	SOL LIQ 4.1 3, II	SOL LIQ I 4.1 3, III																			
	<u>.</u> .	SOL LIQ 4.1 3, I	SOL LIQ 4.1 3, II	SOL LIQ 4.1 3, II																			
2.1.3.10	Class and packing group	3, I	3, П	3, III	4.1, П	4.1, III	4.2, II	4.2, III	4.3, I	4.3, II	4.3, III	5.1, I	5.1, П	5.1, III	6.1, I DERMA	6.1, I ORAL	6.1, II INHAL	6.1, II DERMA	6.1, II ORAL	6.1, III	8, I	8, 11	8, 111

NOTE 1: Examples to explain the use of the table

Classification of a single substance

Description of the substance to be classified:

An amine not mentioned by name meeting the criteria for Class 3, packing group II as well as those for Class 8, packing group I.

Procedure:

The intersection of line 3 II with column 8 I gives 8 I. This amine has therefore to be classified in Class 8 under:

UN No. 2734 AMINES LIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. or UN No. 2734 POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. packing group I

Classification of a mixture

Description of the mixture to be classified:

Mixture consisting of a flammable liquid classified in Class 3, packing group III, a toxic substance in Class 6.1, packing group II and a corrosive substance in Class 8, packing group I.

Procedure

The intersection of line 3 III with column 6.1 II gives 6.1 II.

The intersection of line 6.1 II with column 8 I gives 8 I LIQ.

This mixture not further defined has therefore to be classified in Class 8 under:

UN No. 2922 CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. packing group I.

NOTE 2: Examples for the classification of mixtures and solutions under a class and a packing group:

A phenol solution of Class 6.1, (II), in benzene of Class 3, (II) is to be classified in Class 3, (II); this solution is to be classified under UN No. 1992 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S., Class 3, (II), by virtue of the toxicity of the phenol.

A solid mixture of sodium arsenate of Class 6.1, (II) and sodium hydroxide of Class 8, (II) is to be classified under UN No. 3290 TOXIC SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S., in Class 6.1 (II).

A solution of crude or refined naphthalene of Class 4.1, (III) in petrol of Class 3, (II), is to be classified under UN No. 3295 HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. in Class 3, (II).

A mixture of hydrocarbons of Class 3, (III), and of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) of Class 9, (II), is to be classified under UN No. 2315 POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS, LIQUID or UN No. 3432 POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS, SOLID in Class 9, (II).

A mixture of propyleneimine of Class 3, and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) of Class 9, (II), is to be classified under UN No. 1921 PROPYLENEIMINE, INHIBITED in Class 3.

2.1.4 Classification of samples

- 2.1.4.1 When the class of a substance is uncertain and it is being carried for further testing, a tentative class, proper shipping name and UN number shall be assigned on the basis of the consignor's knowledge of the substance and application of:
 - (a) the classification criteria of Chapter 2.2; and
 - (b) the requirements of this Chapter.

The most severe packing group possible for the proper shipping name chosen shall be used.

Where this provision is used the proper shipping name shall be supplemented with the word "SAMPLE" (e.g., "FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., SAMPLE"). In certain instances, where a specific proper shipping name is provided for a sample of a substance considered to meet certain classification criteria (e.g., GAS SAMPLE, NON-PRESSURIZED, FLAMMABLE, UN No. 3167) that proper shipping name shall be used. When an N.O.S. entry is used to carry the sample, the proper shipping name need not be supplemented with the technical name as required by special provision 274 of Chapter 3.3.

- 2.1.4.2 Samples of the substance shall be carried in accordance with the requirements applicable to the tentative assigned proper shipping name provided:
 - (a) the substance is not considered to be a substance not accepted for carriage by sub-sections 2.2.x.2 of Chapter 2.2 or by Chapter 3.2;
 - (b) the substance is not considered to meet the criteria for Class 1 or considered to be an infectious substance or a radioactive material;
 - (c) the substance is in compliance with 2.2.41.1.15 or 2.2.52.1.9 if it is a self-reactive substance or an organic peroxide, respectively;
 - (d) the sample is carried in a combination packaging with a net mass per package not exceeding 2.5 kg; and
 - (e) the sample is not packed together with other goods.

2.1.5 Classification of packagings, discarded, empty, uncleaned

Empty uncleaned packagings, large packagings or IBCs, or parts thereof, carried for disposal, recycling or recovery of their material, other than reconditioning, repair, routine maintenance, remanufacturing or reuse, may be assigned to UN 3509 if they meet the requirements for this entry.

CHAPTER 2.2

CLASS SPECIFIC PROVISIONS

2.2.1 Class 1 Explosive substances and articles

2.2.1.1 *Criteria*

2.2.1.1.1 The heading of Class 1 covers:

(a) Explosive substances: solid or liquid substances (or mixtures of substances) capable by chemical reaction of producing gases at such a temperature and pressure and at such a speed as to cause damage to the surroundings.

Pyrotechnic substances: substances or mixtures of substances designed to produce an effect by heat, light, sound, gas or smoke or a combination of these as the result of non-detonating self-sustaining exothermic chemical reactions.

NOTE 1: Substances which are not themselves explosive but which may form an explosive mixture of gas, vapour or dust are not substances of Class 1.

NOTE 2: Also excluded from Class 1 are: water- or alcohol-wetted explosives of which the water or alcohol content exceeds the limits specified and those containing plasticizers - these explosives are assigned to Class 3 or Class 4.1 - and those explosives which, on the basis of their predominant hazard, are assigned to Class 5.2.

(b) Explosive articles: articles containing one or more explosive or pyrotechnic substances.

NOTE: Devices containing explosive or pyrotechnic substances in such small quantity or of such a character that their inadvertent or accidental ignition or initiation during carriage would not cause any manifestation external to the device by projection, fire, smoke, heat or loud noise are not subject to the requirements of Class 1.

(c) Substances and articles not mentioned above which are manufactured with a view to producing a practical effect by explosion or a pyrotechnic effect.

For the purposes of Class 1, the following definition applies:

Phlegmatized means that a substance (or "phlegmatizer") has been added to an explosive to enhance its safety in handling and carriage. The phlegmatizer renders the explosive insensitive, or less sensitive, to the following actions: heat, shock, impact, percussion or friction. Typical phlegmatizing agents include, but are not limited to: wax, paper, water, polymers (such as chlorofluoropolymers), alcohol and oils (such as petroleum jelly and paraffin).

2.2.1.1.2 Any substance or article having or suspected of having explosive properties shall be considered for assignment to Class 1 in accordance with the tests, procedures and criteria prescribed in Part I, Manual of Tests and Criteria.

A substance or article assigned to Class 1 can only be accepted for carriage when it has been assigned to a name or n.o.s. entry listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2 and meets the criteria of the Manual of Tests and Criteria.

2.2.1.1.3 The substances and articles of Class 1 shall be assigned to a UN Number and a name or n.o.s. entry listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2. Interpretation of the names of substances and articles in Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall be based upon the glossary in 2.2.1.4.

Samples of new or existing explosive substances or articles carried for purposes including: testing, classification, research and development, quality control, or as a commercial sample, other than initiating explosive, may be assigned to UN No. 0190 SAMPLES, EXPLOSIVE.

The assignment of explosive substances and articles not mentioned by name as such in Table A of Chapter 3.2 to an n.o.s entry of Class 1 or UN No. 0190 SAMPLES, EXPLOSIVE as well as the assignment of certain substances the carriage of which is subject to a specific authorization by the competent authority according to the special provisions referred to in Column (6) of Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall be made by the competent authority of the country of origin. This competent authority shall also approve in writing the conditions of carriage of these substances and articles. If the country of origin is not a Contracting Party to ADN, the classification and the conditions of carriage shall be recognized by the competent authority of the first country Contracting Party to ADN reached by the consignment.

2.2.1.1.4 Substances and articles of Class 1 shall have been assigned to a division in accordance with 2.2.1.1.5 and to a compatibility group in accordance with 2.2.1.1.6. The division shall be based on the results of the tests described in section 2.3.1 applying the definitions in 2.2.1.1.5. The compatibility group shall be determined in accordance with the definitions in 2.2.1.1.6. The classification code shall consist of the division number and the compatibility group letter.

2.2.1.1.5 *Definition of divisions*

- Division 1.1 Substances and articles which have a mass explosion hazard (a mass explosion is an explosion which affects almost the entire load virtually instantaneously).
- Division 1.2 Substances and articles which have a projection hazard but not a mass explosion hazard.
- Division 1.3 Substances and articles which have a fire hazard and either a minor blast hazard or a minor projection hazard or both, but not a mass explosion hazard:
 - (a) combustion of which gives rise to considerable radiant heat; or
 - (b) which burn one after another, producing minor blast or projection effects or both.
- Division 1.4 Substances and articles which present only a slight risk of explosion in the event of ignition or initiation during carriage. The effects are largely confined to the package and no projection of fragments of appreciable size or range is to be expected. An external fire shall not cause virtually instantaneous explosion of almost the entire contents of the package.
- Division 1.5 Very insensitive substances having a mass explosion hazard which are so insensitive that there is very little probability of initiation or of transition from burning to detonation under normal conditions of carriage. As a minimum requirement they must not explode in the external fire test.

Division 1.6 Extremely insensitive articles which do not have a mass explosion hazard. The articles contain only extremely insensitive substances and demonstrate a negligible probability of accidental initiation or propagation.

NOTE: The risk from articles of Division 1.6 is limited to the explosion of a single article.

2.2.1.1.6 *Definition of compatibility groups of substances and articles*

- A Primary explosive substance.
- B Article containing a primary explosive substance and not having two or more effective protective features. Some articles, such as detonators for blasting, detonator assemblies for blasting and primers, cap-type, are included, even though they do not contain primary explosives.
- C Propellant explosive substance or other deflagrating explosive substance or article containing such explosive substance.
- D Secondary detonating explosive substance or black powder or article containing a secondary detonating explosive substance, in each case without means of initiation and without a propelling charge, or article containing a primary explosive substance and having two or more effective protective features.
- E Article containing a secondary detonating explosive substance, without means of initiation, with a propelling charge (other than one containing a flammable liquid or gel or hypergolic liquids).
- F Article containing a secondary detonating explosive substance with its own means of initiation, with a propelling charge (other than one containing a flammable liquid or gel or hypergolic liquids) or without a propelling charge.
- G Pyrotechnic substance, or article containing a pyrotechnic substance, or article containing both an explosive substance and an illuminating, incendiary, tear- or smoke-producing substance (other than a water-activated article or one which contains white phosphorus, phosphides, a pyrophoric substance, a flammable liquid or gel or hypergolic liquids).
- H Article containing both an explosive substance and white phosphorus.
- J Article containing both an explosive substance and a flammable liquid or gel.
- K Article containing both an explosive substance and a toxic chemical agent.
- L Explosive substance or article containing an explosive substance and presenting a special risk (e.g. due to water activation or the presence of hypergolic liquids, phosphides or a pyrophoric substance) necessitating isolation of each type.
- N Articles containing only extremely insensitive substances.
- S Substance or article so packed or designed that any hazardous effects arising from accidental functioning are confined within the package unless the package has been degraded by fire, in which case all blast or projection effects are limited to the extent that they do not significantly hinder or prevent fire-fighting or other emergency response efforts in the immediate vicinity of the package.

- **NOTE 1**: Each substance or article, packed in a specified packaging, may be assigned to one compatibility group only. Since the criterion of compatibility group S is empirical, assignment to this group is necessarily linked to the tests for assignment of a classification code.
- **NOTE 2**: Articles of compatibility groups D and E may be fitted or packed together with their own means of initiation provided that such means have at least two effective protective features designed to prevent an explosion in the event of accidental functioning of the means of initiation. Such articles and packages shall be assigned to compatibility groups D or E.
- **NOTE 3**: Articles of compatibility groups D and E may be packed together with their own means of initiation, which do not have two effective protective features (i.e. means of initiation assigned to compatibility group B), provided that they comply with mixed packing provision MP 21 of Section 4.1.10 of ADR.. Such packages shall be assigned to compatibility groups D or E.
- **NOTE 4**: Articles may be fitted or packed together with their own means of ignition provided that the means of ignition cannot function during normal conditions of carriage.
- **NOTE 5**: Articles of compatibility groups C, D and E may be packed together. Such packages shall be assigned to compatibility group E.
- 2.2.1.1.7 Assignment of fireworks to divisions
- 2.2.1.1.7.1 Fireworks shall normally be assigned to divisions 1.1, 1.2, 1.3 and 1.4 on the basis of test data derived from Test Series 6 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria. However, since the range of such articles is very extensive and the availability of test facilities may be limited, assignment to divisions may also be made in accordance with the procedure in 2.2.1.1.7.2.
- 2.2.1.1.7.2 Assignment of fireworks to UN No. 0333, 0334, 0335 or 0336 may be made on the basis of analogy, without the need for Test Series 6 testing, in accordance with the default fireworks classification table in 2.2.1.1.7.5. Such assignment shall be made with the agreement of the competent authority. Items not specified in the table shall be classified on the basis of test data derived from Test Series 6.
 - **NOTE 1**: The addition of other types of fireworks to column 1 of the table in 2.2.1.1.7.5 shall only be made on the basis of full test data submitted to the UN Sub-Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods for consideration.
 - **NOTE 2:** Test data derived by competent authorities which validates, or contradicts the assignment of fireworks specified in column 4 of the table in 2.2.1.1.7.5 to divisions in column 5 should be submitted to the UN Sub-Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods for information.
- 2.2.1.1.7.3 Where fireworks of more than one division are packed in the same package they shall be classified on the basis of the highest division unless test data derived from Test Series 6 indicate otherwise.
- 2.2.1.1.7.4 The classification shown in the table in 2.2.1.1.7.5 applies only for articles packed in fibreboard boxes (4G).

2.2.1.1.7.5 *Default fireworks classification table* ¹

NOTE 1: References to percentages in the table, unless otherwise stated, are to the mass of all pyrotechnic substances (e.g. rocket motors, lifting charge, bursting charge and effect charge).

NOTE 2: "Flash composition" in this table refers to pyrotechnic substances in powder form or as pyrotechnic units as presented in the firework that are used to produce an aural effect or used as a bursting charge, or propellant charge unless the time taken for the pressure rise is demonstrated to be more than 6 ms for 0.5 g of pyrotechnic substance in the HSL Flash Composition Test in Appendix 7 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria.

NOTE 3: Dimensions in mm refer to:

- for spherical and peanut shells the diameter of the sphere of the shell;
- for cylinder shells the length of the shell;
- for a shell in mortar, Roman candle, shot tube firework or mine, the inside diameter of the tube comprising or containing the firework;
- for a bag mine or cylinder mine, the inside diameter of the mortar intended to contain the mine.

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This table contains a list of firework classifications which may be used in the absence of Test Series 6 data (see 2.2.1.1.7.2).

Type	Includes: / Synonym:	Definition	Specification	Classification
Shell,	Spherical display shell: aerial shell,	Device with or without propellant charge, with	All report shells	1.1G
spherical or cylindrical	colour shell, dye shell, multi-break shell multi-effect shell nautical	delay fuse and bursting charge, pyrotechnic unit(s) or loose myrotechnic substance and designed to be	Colour shell: ≥ 180 mm	1.1G
	shell, parachute shell, smoke shell, star shell; report shell: maroon, salute, sound shell, thunderclap,	projected from a mortar	Colour shell: < 180 mm with > 25% flash composition, as loose powder and/or report effects	1.1G
	aerial shell kit		Colour shell: < 180 mm with ≤ 25% flash composition, as loose powder and/or report effects	1.3G
			Colour shell: $\le 50 \text{ mm}$, or $\le 60 \text{ g}$ pyrotechnic substance, with $\le 2\%$ flash composition as loose powder and/or report effects	1.4G
	Peanut shell	Device with two or more spherical aerial shells in a common wrapper propelled by the same propellant charge with separate external delay fuses	The most hazardous spherical aerial shell determines the classification	shell determines
	Preloaded mortar, shell in mortar	Assembly comprising a spherical or cylindrical	All report shells	1.1G
		shell inside a mortar from which the shell is designed to be projected	Colour shell: ≥ 180 mm	1.1G
			Colour shell: > 25% flash composition as loose powder and/or report effects	1.1G
			Colour shell: > 50 mm and < 180 mm	1.2G
			Colour shell: $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$, or $\leq 60 \text{ g}$ pyrotechnic substance, with $\leq 25\%$ flash composition as loose powder and/or report effects	1.3G

Type	Includes: / Synonym:	Definition	Specification	Classification
Shell, spherical or cylindrical (cont'd)	Shell of shells (spherical) (Reference to percentages for shell of shells are to the gross mass of the fireworks article)	Device without propellant charge, with delay fuse and bursting charge, containing report shells and inert materials and designed to be projected from a mortar	> 120 mm	1.1G
		Device without propellant charge, with delay fuse and bursting charge, containing report shells $\leq 25g$ flash composition per report unit, with $\leq 33\%$ flash composition and $\geq 60\%$ inert materials and designed to be projected from a mortar	≤ 120 mm	1.3G
		Device without propellant charge, with delay fuse and bursting charge, containing colour shells and/or pyrotechnic units and designed to be projected from a mortar	> 300 mm	1.1G
		Device without propellant charge, with delay fuse and bursting charge, containing colour shells \leq 70mm and/or pyrotechnic units, with \leq 25% flash composition and \leq 60% pyrotechnic substance and designed to be projected from a mortar	> 200 mm and ≤ 300 mm	1.3G
		Device with propellant charge, with delay fuse and bursting charge, containing colour shells \leq 70 mm and/or pyrotechnic units, with \leq 25% flash composition and \leq 60% pyrotechnic substance and designed to be projected from a mortar	≤ 200 mm	1.3G
Battery/ combination	Barrage, bombardos, cakes, finale box, flowerbed, hybrid, multiple tubes, shell cakes, banger batteries, flash banger batteries	Assembly including several elements either containing the same type or several types each corresponding to one of the types of fireworks listed in this table, with one or two points of ignition	The most hazardous firework type determines the classification	stermines the

Type	Includes: / Synonym:	Definition	Specification	Classification
Roman candle	Exhibition candle, candle, bombettes	Tube containing a series of pyrotechnic units consisting of alternate pyrotechnic composition, propellant charge, and transmitting fuse	50 mm inner diameter,containing flash composition, or50 mm with > 25% flashcomposition	1.1G
			≥ 50 mm inner diameter, containing no flash composition	1.2G
			< 50 mm inner diameter and< 25% flash composition	1.3G
			\leq 30 mm inner diameter, each pyrotechnic unit \leq 25 g and \leq 5% flash composition	1.4G
Shot tube	Single shot Roman candle, small preloaded mortar	Tube containing a pyrotechnic unit consisting of pyrotechnic substance, propellant charge with or without transmitting fuse	\leq 30 mm inner diameter and pyrotechnic unit > 25 g, or > 5% and \leq 25% flash composition	1.3G
			\le 30 mm inner diameter, pyrotechnic unit \le 25 g and \le 5% flash composition	1.4G
Rocket	Avalanche rocket, signal rocket,	Tube containing pyrotechnic substance and/or	Flash composition effects only	1.1G
	whistling rocket, bottle rocket, sky rocket, missile type rocket, table rocket	pyrotechnic units, equipped with stick(s) or other means for stabilization of flight, and designed to be propelled into the air	Flash composition > 25% of the pyrotechnic substance	1.1G
			> 20 g pyrotechnic substance and flash composition $\le 25\%$	1.3G
			≤ 20 g pyrotechnic substance, black powder bursting charge and ≤ 0.13 g flash composition per report and ≤ 1 g in total	1.4G

Type	Includes: / Synonym:	Definition	Specification	Classification
Mine	Pot-a-feu, ground mine, bag mine, cylinder mine	Tube containing propellant charge and pyrotechnic units and designed to be placed on the ground or to	> 25% flash composition, as loose powder and/ or report effects	1.1G
		be fixed in the ground. The principal effect is ejection of all the pyrotechnic units in a single burst producing a widely dispersed visual and/or aural effect in the air: or	≥ 180 mm and ≤ 25% flash composition, as loose powder and/ or report effects	1.1G
		Cloth or paper bag or cloth or paper cylinder containing propellant charge and pyrotechnic units, designed to be placed in a mortar and to function	< 180 mm and ≤ 25% flash composition, as loose powder and/ or report effects	1.3G
		as a mine		1.4G
			on report effects. Each pyrotectimic unit ≤ 25 g, each report effect $< 2g$; each whistle, if any, ≤ 3 g	
Fountain	Volcanos, gerbs, showers, lances,	Non-metallic case containing pressed or	≥ 1 kg pyrotechnic substance	1.3G
	Bengal fire, flitter sparkle, cylindrical fountains, cone fountains, illuminating torch	consolidated pyrotechnic substance producing sparks and flame	< 1 kg pyrotechnic substance	1.4G
Sparkler	Handheld sparklers, non-handheld sparklers, wire sparklers	Rigid wire partially coated (along one end) with slow burning pyrotechnic substance with or	Perchlorate based sparklers: > 5 g per item or > 10 items per pack	1.3G
		without an ignition tip	Perchlorate based sparklers: ≤ 5 g per item and ≤ 10 items per pack;	1.4G
			Nitrate based sparklers: ≤ 30 g per item	
Bengal stick	Dipped stick	Non-metallic stick partially coated (along one end) with slow-burning pyrotechnic substance and	Perchlorate based items: > 5 g per item or > 10 items per pack	1.3 G
		designed to be held in the hand	Perchlorate based items: ≤ 5 g per item and ≤ 10 items per pack; nitrate based items: ≤ 30 g per item	1.4G

Type	Includes: / Synonym:	Definition	Specification	Classification
Low hazard fireworks and novelties	Table bombs, throwdowns, crackling granules, smokes, fog, snakes, glow worm, serpents, snaps, party poppers	Device designed to produce very limited visible and/ or audible effect which contains small amounts of pyrotechnic and/or explosive composition.	Throwdowns and snaps may contain up to 1.6 mg of silver fulminate; snaps and party poppers may contain up to 16 mg of potassium chlorate/red phosphorous mixture; other articles may contain up to 5 g of pyrotechnic substance, but no flash composition	1.4G
Spinner	Aerial spinner, helicopter, chaser, ground spinner	Non-metallic tube or tubes containing gas- or spark-producing pyrotechnic substance, with or without noise producing composition, with or without aerofoils attached	Pyrotechnic substance per item > 20 g, containing ≤ 3% flash composition as report effects, or whistle composition ≤ 5 g Pyrotechnic substance per item ≤ 20 g, containing ≤ 3% flash composition as report effects, or whistle composition ≤ 5 g	1.3G
Wheels	Catherine wheels, Saxon	Assembly including drivers containing pyrotechnic substance and provided with a means of attaching it to a support so that it can rotate	≥ 1 kg total pyrotechnic substance, no report effect, each whistle (if any) ≤ 25 g and ≤ 50 g whistle composition per wheel < 1 kg total pyrotechnic substance, no report effect, each whistle (if any) ≤ 5 g and ≤ 10 g whistle composition per wheel	1.3G
Aerial wheel	Flying Saxon, UFO's, rising crown	Tubes containing propellant charges and sparks-flame- and/or noise-producing pyrotechnic substances, the tubes being fixed to a supporting ring	> 200 g total pyrotechnic substance or > 60 g pyrotechnic substance per driver, $\le 3\%$ flash composition as report effects, each whistle (if any) ≤ 25 g and ≤ 50 g whistle composition per wheel	1.3G

Type	Includes: / Synonym:	Definition	Specification	Classification
			\leq 200 g total pyrotechnic substance and \leq 60 g pyrotechnic substance per driver, \leq 3% flash composition as report effects, each whistle (if any) \leq 5 g and \leq 10 g whistle composition per wheel	1.4G
Selection pack	Display selection box, display selection pack, garden selection box, indoor selection box; assortment	A pack of more than one type each corresponding to one of the types of fireworks listed in this table	The most hazardous firework type determines the classification	etermines the
Firecracker	Celebration cracker, celebration roll, string cracker	Assembly of tubes (paper or cardboard) linked by a pyrotechnic fuse, each tube intended to produce an aural effect	Each tube ≤ 140 mg of flash composition or ≤ 1 g black powder	1.4G
Banger	Salute, flash banger, lady cracker	Non-metallic tube containing report composition intended to produce an aural effect	> 2 g flash composition per item	1.1G
		monded to produce an adian error	\leq 2 g flash composition per item and \leq 10 g per inner packaging	1.3G
			\leq 1 g flash composition per item and \leq 10 g per inner packaging or \leq 10 g black powder per item	1.4G

2.2.1.1.8 Exclusion from Class 1

- 2.2.1.1.8.1 An article or a substance may be excluded from Class 1 by virtue of test results and the Class 1 definition with the approval of the competent authority of any ADN Contracting Party who may also recognize an approval granted by the competent authority of a country which is not an ADN Contracting Party provided that this approval has been granted in accordance with the procedures applicable according to RID, ADR, ADN, the IMDG Code or the ICAO Technical Instructions.
- 2.2.1.1.8.2 With the approval of the competent authority in accordance with 2.2.1.1.8.1, an article may be excluded from Class 1 when three unpackaged articles, each individually activated by its own means of initiation or ignition or external means to function in the designed mode, meet the following test criteria:
 - (a) No external surface shall have a temperature of more than 65 °C. A momentary spike in temperature up to 200 °C is acceptable;
 - (b) No rupture or fragmentation of the external casing or movement of the article or detached parts thereof of more than one metre in any direction;

NOTE: Where the integrity of the article may be affected in the event of an external fire these criteria shall be examined by a fire test, such as described in ISO 12097-3.

- (c) No audible report exceeding 135 dB(C) peak at a distance of one metre;
- (d) No flash or flame capable of igniting a material such as a sheet of 80 ± 10 g/m² paper in contact with the article; and
- (e) No production of smoke, fumes or dust in such quantities that the visibility in a one cubic metre chamber equipped with appropriately sized blow out panels is reduced more than 50% as measured by a calibrated light (lux) meter or radiometer located one metre from a constant light source located at the midpoint on opposite walls. The general guidance on Optical Density Testing in ISO 5659-1 and the general guidance on the Photometric System described in Section 7.5 in ISO 5659-2 may be used or similar optical density measurement methods designed to accomplish the same purpose may also be employed. A suitable hood cover surrounding the back and sides of the light meter shall be used to minimize effects of scattered or leaking light not emitted directly from the source.
- **NOTE 1:** If during the tests addressing criteria (a), (b), (c) and (d) no or very little smoke is observed the test described in (e) may be waived.
- **NOTE 2:** The competent authority referred to in 2.2.1.1.8.1 may require testing in packaged form if it is determined that, as packaged for carriage, the article may pose a greater risk.

2.2.1.2 Substances and articles not accepted for carriage

- 2.2.1.2.1 Explosive substances which are unduly sensitive according to the criteria of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part I, or are liable to spontaneous reaction, as well as explosive substances and articles which cannot be assigned to a name or n.o.s. entry listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2, shall not be accepted for carriage.
- 2.2.1.2.2 Articles of compatibility group K shall not be accepted for carriage (1.2K, UN No. 0020 and 1.3K, UN No. 0021).

2.2.1.3 List of collective entries

Classification code	UN	Name of the substance or article
(see 2.2.1.1.4)	No	
1.1A	0473	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.1B	0461	COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S.
1.1C	0474	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
	0497	PROPELLANT, LIQUID
	0498	PROPELLANT, SOLID
	0462	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.1D	0475	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
	0463	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.1E	0464	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.1F	0465	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.1G	0476	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.1L	0357	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
	0354	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.2B	0382	COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S.
1.2C	0466	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.2D	0467	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.2E	0468	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.2F	0469	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.2L	0358	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
	0248	CONTRIVANCES, WATER-ACTIVATED
		with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge
	0355	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.3C	0132	DEFLAGRATING METAL SALTS OF AROMATIC NITRO-
	0.455	DERIVATIVES, N.O.S.
	0477	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
	0495 0499	PROPELLANT, LIQUID
	0499	PROPELLANT, SOLID ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.3G	0470	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.3L	0359	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S. SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.3L		CONTRIVANCES, WATER-ACTIVATED
	0249	with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge
	0356	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.4B	0350	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
17.12	0383	COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S.
1.4C	0479	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
	0351	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
	0501	PROPELLANT, SOLID
1.4D	0480	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
	0352	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.4E	0471	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.4F	0472	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.4G	0485	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
	0353	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
1.4S	0481	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
	0349	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.
	0384	COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S.
1.5D	0482	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, VERY INSENSITIVE
		(SUBSTANCES, EVI) N.O.S.

Classification code	UN	Name of the substance or article
(see 2.2.1.1.4)	No	
1.6N	0486	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, EXTREMELY INSENSITIVE
1.01		(ARTICLES, EEI)
	0190	SAMPLES, EXPLOSIVE other than initiating explosive
		NOTE: Division and Compatibility Group shall be defined as directed
		by the competent authority and according to the principles in 2.2.1.1.4.

2.2.1.4 Glossary of names

NOTE 1: The descriptions in the glossary are not intended to replace the test procedures, nor to determine the hazard classification of a substance or article of Class 1. Assignment to the correct division and a decision on whether Compatibility Group S is appropriate shall be based on testing of the product in accordance with the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part I or by analogy with similar products which have already been tested and assigned in accordance with the procedures of the Manual of Tests and Criteria.

NOTE 2: The figures given after the names refer to the relevant UN numbers (Column (1) of Table A of Chapter 3.2). For the classification code, see 2.2.1.1.4.

AMMUNITION, ILLUMINATING, with or without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge: UN Nos. 0171, 0254, 0297

Ammunition designed to produce a single source of intense light for lighting up an area. The term includes illuminating cartridges, grenades and projectiles; and illuminating and target identification bombs.

NOTE: The following articles: CARTRIDGES, SIGNAL; SIGNAL DEVICES HAND; SIGNALS, DISTRESS; FLARES, AERIAL; FLARES, SURFACE are not included in this definition. They are listed separately.

AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY, liquid or gel, with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge: UN No. 0247

Ammunition containing liquid or gelatinous incendiary substance. Except when the incendiary substance is an explosive <u>per se</u>, it also contains one or more of the following: a propelling charge with primer and igniter charge; a fuze with burster or expelling charge.

AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY, WHITE PHOSPHORUS with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge: UN Nos. 0243, 0244

Ammunition containing white phosphorus as incendiary substance. It also contains one or more of the following: a propelling charge with primer and igniter charge; a fuze with burster or expelling charge.

AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY with or without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge: UN Nos. 0009, 0010, 0300

Ammunition containing incendiary composition. Except when the composition is an explosive <u>per se</u>, it also contains one or more of the following: a propelling charge with primer and igniter charge; a fuze with burster or expelling charge.

AMMUNITION, PRACTICE: UN Nos. 0362, 0488

Ammunition without a main bursting charge, containing a burster or expelling charge. Normally it also contains a fuze and a propelling charge.

NOTE: GRENADES, PRACTICE are not included in this definition. They are listed separately.

AMMUNITION, PROOF: UN No. 0363

Ammunition containing pyrotechnic substances, used to test the performance or strength of new ammunition, weapon components or assemblies.

AMMUNITION, SMOKE, WHITE PHOSPHORUS, with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge: UN Nos. 0245, 0246

Ammunition containing white phosphorus as a smoke-producing substance. It also contains one or more of the following: a propelling charge with primer and igniter charge; a fuze with burster or expelling charge. The term includes grenades, smoke.

AMMUNITION, SMOKE with or without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge: UN Nos. 0015, 0016, 0303

Ammunition containing a smoke-producing substance such as chlorosulphonic acid mixture or titanium tetrachloride; or a smoke-producing pyrotechnic composition based on hexachloroethane or red phosphorus. Except when the substance is an explosive <u>per se</u>, the ammunition also contains one or more of the following: a propelling charge with primer and igniter charge; a fuze with burster or expelling charge. The term includes grenades, smoke.

NOTE: SIGNALS, SMOKE are not included in this definition. They are listed separately.

AMMUNITION, TEAR-PRODUCING, with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge: UN Nos. 0018, 0019, 0301

Ammunition containing a tear-producing substance. It also contains one or more of the following: a pyrotechnic substance; a propelling charge with primer and igniter charge; a fuze with burster or expelling charge.

ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, EXTREMELY INSENSITIVE (ARTICLES EEI): UN No. 0486

Articles containing only extremely insensitive substances which demonstrate a negligible probability of accidental initiation or propagation under normal conditions of transport, and which have passed Test Series 7.

ARTICLES, PYROPHORIC: UN No. 0380

Articles which contain a pyrophoric substance (capable of spontaneous ignition when exposed to air) and an explosive substance or component. The term excludes articles containing white phosphorus.

ARTICLES, PYROTECHNIC, for technical purposes: UN Nos. 0428, 0429, 0430, 0431, 0432

Articles which contain pyrotechnic substances and are used for technical purposes such as heat generation, gas generation, theatrical effects, etc.

NOTE: The following articles: all ammunition; CARTRIDGES, SIGNAL; CUTTERS, CABLE, EXPLOSIVE; FIREWORKS; FLARES, AERIAL; FLARES, SURFACE; RELEASE DEVICES, EXPLOSIVE; RIVETS, EXPLOSIVE; SIGNAL DEVICES, HAND; SIGNALS,

DISTRESS; SIGNALS, RAILWAY TRACK, EXPLOSIVES; SIGNALS, SMOKE are not included in this definition. They are listed separately.

BLACK POWDER (GUNPOWDER), COMPRESSED or BLACK POWDER (GUNPOWDER), IN PELLETS: UN No. 0028

Substance consisting of a pelletized form of black powder.

BLACK POWDER (GUNPOWDER), granular or as meal: UN No. 0027

Substance consisting of an intimate mixture of charcoal or other carbon and either potassium nitrate or sodium nitrate, with or without sulphur.

BOMBS, WITH FLAMMABLE LIQUID, with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0399, 0400

Articles which are dropped from aircraft, consisting of a tank filled with inflammable liquid and bursting charge.

BOMBS, PHOTO-FLASH: UN No. 0038

Explosive articles which are dropped from aircraft to provide brief, intense illumination for photography. They contain a charge of detonating explosive without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features.

BOMBS, PHOTO-FLASH: UN No. 0037

Explosive articles which are dropped from aircraft to provide brief, intense illumination for photography. They contain a charge of detonating explosive with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features.

BOMBS, PHOTO-FLASH: UN Nos. 0039, 0299

Explosive articles which are dropped from aircraft to provide brief, intense illumination for photography. They contain a photo-flash composition.

BOMBS with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0034; 0035

Explosive articles which are dropped from aircraft, without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features.

BOMBS with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0033, 0291

Explosive articles which are dropped from aircraft, with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features.

BOOSTERS WITH DETONATOR: UN Nos. 0225, 0268

Articles consisting of a charge of detonating explosive with means of initiation. They are used to increase the initiating power of detonators or detonating cord.

BOOSTERS without detonator: UN Nos. 0042, 0283

Articles consisting of a charge of detonating explosive without means of initiation. They are used to increase the initiating power of detonators or detonating cord.

BURSTERS, explosive: UN No. 0043

Articles consisting of a small charge of explosive used to open projectiles or other ammunition in order to disperse their contents.

CARTRIDGES, FLASH: UN Nos. 0049, 0050

Articles consisting of a casing, a primer and flash powder, all assembled in one piece ready for firing.

CARTRIDGES FOR TOOLS, BLANK: UN No. 0014

Article, used in tools, consisting of a closed cartridge case with a centre or rim fire primer with or without a charge of smokeless or black powder but with no projectile.

CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, BLANK: UN Nos. 0326, 0413, 0327, 0338, 0014

Ammunition consisting of a closed cartridge case with a centre or rim fire primer and a charge of smokeless or black powder but no projectile. It produces a loud noise and is used for training, saluting, propelling charge, starter pistols, etc. The term includes ammunition, blank.

CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, INERT PROJECTILE: UN Nos. 0328, 0417, 0339, 0012

Ammunition consisting of a projectile without bursting charge but with a propelling charge with or without a primer. The articles may include a tracer, provided that the predominant hazard is that of the propelling charge.

CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0006, 0321, 0412

Ammunition consisting of a projectile with a bursting charge without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features; and a propelling charge with or without a primer. The term includes fixed (assembled) ammunition, semi-fixed (partially assembled) ammunition and separate loading ammunition when the components are packed together.

CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0005, 0007, 0348

Ammunition consisting of a projectile with a bursting charge with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features; and a propelling charge with or without a primer. The term includes fixed (assembled) ammunition, semi-fixed (partially assembled) ammunition and separate loading ammunition when the components are packed together.

CARTRIDGES, OIL WELL: UN Nos. 0277, 0278

Articles consisting of a thin casing of fibreboard, metal or other material containing only propellant powder which projects a hardened projectile to perforate an oil well casing.

NOTE: CHARGES, SHAPED are not included in this definition. They are listed separately.

CARTRIDGES, POWER DEVICE: UN Nos. 0275, 0276, 0323, 0381

Articles designed to accomplish mechanical actions. They consist of a casing with a charge of deflagrating explosive and a means of ignition. The gaseous products of the deflagration produce inflation, linear or rotary motion or activate diaphragms, valves or switches or project fastening devices or extinguishing agents.

CARTRIDGES, SIGNAL: UN Nos. 0054, 0312, 0405

Articles designed to fire coloured flares or other signals from signal pistols, etc.

CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS: UN Nos. 0417, 0339, 0012

Ammunition consisting of a cartridge case fitted with a centre or rim fire primer and containing both a propelling charge and solid projectile. They are designed to be fired in weapons of calibre not larger than 19.1 mm. Shot-gun cartridges of any calibre are included in this description.

NOTE: CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS, BLANK, are not included in this definition. They are listed separately. Some military small arms cartridges are not included in this definition. They are listed under CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, INERT PROJECTILE.

CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS, BLANK: UN Nos. 0014, 0327, 0338

Ammunition consisting of a closed cartridge case with a centre or rim fire primer and a charge of smokeless or black powder. The cartridge cases contain no projectiles. The cartridges are designed to be fired from weapons with a calibre of at most 19.1 mm and serve to produce a loud noise and are used for training, saluting, propelling charge, starter pistols, etc.

CASES, CARTRIDGE, EMPTY, WITH PRIMER: UN Nos. 0379; 0055

Articles consisting of a cartridge case made from metal, plastics or other non-inflammable material, in which the only explosive component is the primer.

CASES, COMBUSTIBLE, EMPTY, WITHOUT PRIMER: UN Nos. 0447, 0446

Articles consisting of a cartridge case made partly or entirely from nitrocellulose.

CHARGES, BURSTING, PLASTICS BONDED: UN Nos. 0457, 0458, 0459, 0460

Articles consisting of a charge of detonating explosive, plastics bonded, manufactured in a specific form without a casing and without means of initiation. They are designed as components of ammunition such as warheads.

CHARGES, DEMOLITION: UN No. 0048

Articles containing a charge of a detonating explosive in a casing of fibreboard, plastics, metal or other material. The articles are without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features.

NOTE: The following articles: BOMBS; MINES; PROJECTILES are not included in this definition. They are listed separately.

CHARGES, DEPTH: UN No. 0056

Articles consisting of a charge of detonating explosive contained in a drum or projectile without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features. They are designed to detonate under water.

CHARGES, EXPLOSIVE, COMMERCIAL without detonator: UN Nos. 0442, 0443, 0444, 0445

Articles consisting of a charge of detonating explosive without means of initiation, used for explosive welding, jointing, forming and other metallurgical processes.

CHARGES, PROPELLING, FOR CANNON: UN Nos. 0242, 0279, 0414

Charges of propellant in any physical form for separate-loading ammunition for cannon.

CHARGES, PROPELLING: UN Nos. 0271, 0272, 0415, 0491

Articles consisting of a charge of a propellant charge in any physical form, with or without a casing, as a component of rocket motors or for reducing the drag of projectiles.

CHARGES, SHAPED, without detonator: UN Nos. 0059, 0439, 0440, UN 0441

Articles consisting of a casing containing a charge of detonating explosive with a cavity lined with rigid material, without means of initiation. They are designed to produce a powerful, penetrating jet effect.

CHARGES, SHAPED, FLEXIBLE, LINEAR: UN Nos. 0237, 0288

Articles consisting of a V-shaped core of a detonating explosive clad by a flexible sheath.

CHARGES, SUPPLEMENTARY, EXPLOSIVE: UN No. 0060

Articles consisting of a small removable booster placed in the cavity of a projectile between the fuse and the bursting charge.

COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S.: UN Nos. 0382, 0383, 0384, 0461

Articles containing an explosive designed to transmit detonation or deflagration within an explosive train.

CONTRIVANCES, WATER-ACTIVATED with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge: UN Nos. 0248, 0249

Articles whose functioning depends upon physic-chemical reaction of their contents with water.

CORD, DETONATING, flexible: UN Nos. 0065, 0289

Article consisting of a core of detonating explosive enclosed in spun fabric and a plastics or other covering. The covering is not necessary if the spun fabric is sift-proof.

CORD (FUSE) DETONATING, metal clad: UN Nos. 0102, 0290

Article consisting of a core of detonating explosive clad by a soft metal tube with or without protective covering.

CORD (FUSE) DETONATING, MILD EFFECT, metal clad: UN No. 0104

Article consisting of a core of detonating explosive clad by a soft metal tube with or without a protective covering. The quantity of explosive substance is so small that only a mild effect is manifested outside the cord.

CORD, IGNITER: UN No. 0066

Article consisting of textile yarns covered with black powder or another fast burning pyrotechnic composition and of a flexible protective covering; or it consists of a core of black powder surrounded by a flexible woven fabric. It burns progressively along its length with an external flame and is used to transmit ignition from a device to a charge or primer.

CUTTERS, CABLE, EXPLOSIVE: UN No. 0070

Articles consisting of a knife-edged device which is driven by a small charge of deflagrating explosive into an anvil.

DETONATOR ASSEMBLIES, NON-ELECTRIC for blasting: UN Nos. 0360, 0361, 0500

Non-electric detonators assembled with and activated by such means as safety fuse, shock tube, flash tube or detonating cord. They may be of instantaneous design or incorporate delay elements. Detonating relays incorporating detonating cord are included.

DETONATORS, ELECTRIC for blasting: UN Nos. 0030, 0255, 0456

Articles specially designed for the initiation of blasting explosives. These detonators may be constructed to detonate instantaneously or may contain a delay element. Electric detonators are activated by an electric current.

DETONATORS FOR AMMUNITION: UN Nos. 0073, 0364, 0365, 0366

Articles consisting of a small metal or plastics tube containing explosives such as lead azide, PETN or combinations of explosives. They are designed to start a detonation train.

DETONATORS, NON-ELECTRIC for blasting: UN Nos. 0029, 0267, 0455

Articles specially designed for the initiation of blasting explosives. These detonators may be constructed to detonate instantaneously or may contain a delay element. Non-electric detonators are activated by such means as shock tube, flash tube, safety fuse, other igniferous device or flexible detonating cord. Detonating relays without detonating cord are included.

EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE A: UN No. 0081

Substances consisting of liquid organic nitrates such as nitroglycerine or a mixture of such ingredients with one or more of the following: nitrocellulose; ammonium nitrate or other inorganic nitrates; aromatic nitro-derivatives, or combustible materials, such as wood-meal and aluminium powder. They may contain inert components such as kieselguhr, and additives such as colouring agents and stabilizers. Such explosives shall be in powdery, gelatinous or elastic form. The term includes dynamite; gelatine, blasting and gelatine dynamites.

EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE B: UN Nos. 0082, 0331

Substances consisting of

- (a) a mixture of ammonium nitrate or other inorganic nitrates with an explosive such as trinitrotoluene, with or without other substances such as wood-meal and aluminium powder; or
- (b) a mixture of ammonium nitrate or other inorganic nitrates with other combustible substances which are not explosive ingredients. In both cases they may contain inert components such as kieselguhr, and additives such as colouring agents and stabilizers.

Such explosives must not contain nitroglycerine, similar liquid organic nitrates or chlorates.

EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE C: UN No. 0083

Substances consisting of a mixture of either potassium or sodium chlorate or potassium, sodium or ammonium perchlorate with organic nitro-derivatives or combustible materials such as wood-meal or aluminium powder or a hydrocarbon. They may contain inert components such as kieselguhr and additives such as colouring agents and stabilizers. Such explosives must not contain nitroglycerine or similar liquid organic nitrates.

EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE D: UN No. 0084

Substances consisting of a mixture of organic nitrated compounds and combustible materials such as hydrocarbons and aluminium powder. They may contain inert components such as kieselguhr and additives such as colouring agents and stabilizers. Such explosives must not contain nitroglycerine, similar liquid organic nitrates, chlorates and ammonium nitrate. The term generally includes plastic explosives.

EXPLOSIVES, BLASTING, TYPE E: UN Nos. 0241, 0332

Substances consisting of water as an essential ingredient and high proportions of ammonium nitrate or other oxidizers, some or all of which are in solution. The other constituents may include nitro-derivatives such as trinitrotoluene, hydrocarbons or aluminium powder. They may contain inert components such as kieselguhr and additives such as colouring agents and stabilizers. The term includes explosives, emulsion, explosives, slurry and explosives, watergel.

FIREWORKS: UN Nos. 0333, 0334, 0335, 0336, 0337

Pyrotechnic articles designed for entertainment.

FLARES, AERIAL: UN Nos. 0093, 0403, 0404, 0420, 0421;

Articles containing pyrotechnic substances which are designed to be dropped from an aircraft to illuminate, identify, signal or warn.

FLARES, SURFACE: UN Nos. 0092, 0418, 0419

Articles containing pyrotechnic substances which are designed for use on the surface to illuminate, identify, signal or warn.

FLASH POWDER: UN Nos. 0094, 0305

Pyrotechnic substance which, when ignited, produces an intense light.

FRACTURING DEVICES, EXPLOSIVE without detonator, for oil wells: UN No. 0099

Articles consisting of a charge of detonating explosive contained in a casing without means of initiation. They are used to fracture the rock around a drill shaft to assist the flow of crude oil from the rock.

FUSE, IGNITER, tubular, metal clad: UN No. 0103

Article consisting of a metal tube with a core of deflagrating explosive.

FUSE, NON-DETONATING: UN No. 0101

Article consisting of cotton yarns impregnated with fine black powder (quickmatch). It burns with an external flame and is used in ignition trains for fireworks, etc.

FUSE, SAFETY: UN No. 0105

Article consisting of a core of fine grained black powder surrounded by a flexible woven fabric with one or more protective outer coverings. When ignited, it burns at a predetermined rate without any external explosive effect.

FUZES, DETONATING: UN Nos. 0106, 0107, 0257, 0367

Articles with explosive components designed to produce a detonation in ammunition. They incorporate mechanical, electrical, chemical or hydrostatic components to initiate the detonation. They generally incorporate protective features.

FUZES, DETONATING with protective features: UN Nos. 0408, 0409, 0410

Articles with explosive components designed to produce a detonation in ammunition. They incorporate mechanical, electrical, chemical or hydrostatic components to initiate the detonation. The detonating fuze must incorporate two or more effective protective features.

FUZES, IGNITING: UN Nos. 0316, 0317, 0368

Articles with primary explosive components designed to produce a deflagration in ammunition. They incorporate mechanical, electrical, chemical or hydrostatic components to start the deflagration. They generally incorporate protective features.

GRENADES, hand or rifle, with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0284, 0285

Articles which are designed to be thrown by hand or to be projected by a rifle. They are without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features.

GRENADES, hand or rifle, with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0292, 0293

Articles which are designed to be thrown by hand or to be projected by a rifle. They are with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features.

GRENADES, PRACTICE, hand or rifle: UN Nos. 0110, 0372, 0318, 0452

Articles without a main bursting charge which are designed to be thrown by hand or to be projected by a rifle. They contain the priming device and may contain a spotting charge.

HEXOTONAL: UN No. 0393

Substance consisting of an intimate mixture of cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine (RDX), trinitrotoluene (TNT) and aluminium.

HEXOLITE (HEXOTOL), dry or wetted with less than 15 % water, by mass: UN No. 0118

Substance consisting of an intimate mixture of cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine (RDX) and trinitrotoluene (TNT). The term includes "Composition B".

IGNITERS: UN Nos. 0121, 0314, 0315, 0325, 0454

Articles containing one or more explosive substances designed to produce a deflagration in an explosive train. They may be actuated chemically, electrically or mechanically.

NOTE: The following articles: CORD, IGNITER; FUSE, IGNITER; FUSE, NON-DETONATING; FUZES, IGNITING; LIGHTERS, FUSE; PRIMERS, CAP TYPE; PRIMERS, TUBULAR are not included in this definition. They are listed separately.

JET PERFORATING GUNS, CHARGED, oil well, without detonator: UN Nos. 0124, 0494

Articles consisting of a steel tube or metallic strip, into which are inserted shaped charges connected by detonating cord, without means of initiation.

LIGHTERS, FUSE: UN No. 0131

Articles of various design actuated by friction, percussion or electricity and used to ignite safety fuse.

MINES with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0137, 0138

Articles consisting normally of metal or composition receptacles filled with a detonating explosive, without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features. They are designed to be operated by the passage of ships, vehicles or personnel. The term includes "Bangalore torpedoes".

MINES with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0136, 0294

Articles consisting normally of metal or composition receptacles filled with a detonating explosive, with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features. They are designed to be operated by the passage of ships, vehicles or personnel. The term includes "Bangalore torpedoes".

OCTOLITE (OCTOL), dry or wetted with less than 15 % water, by mass: UN No. 0266

Substance consisting of an intimate mixture of cyclotetramethylenetetranitramine (HMX) and trinitrotoluene (TNT).

OCTONAL: UN No. 0496

Substance consisting of an intimate mixture of cyclotetramethylenetetranitramine (HMX), trinitrotoluene (TNT) and aluminium.

PENTOLITE, dry or wetted with less than 15 % water, by mass: UN No. 0151

Substance consisting of an intimate mixture of pentaerythrite tetranitrate (PETN) and trinitrotoluene (TNT).

POWDER CAKE (POWDER PASTE), WETTED with not less than 17 % alcohol, by mass; POWDER CAKE (POWDER PASTE), WETTED with not less than 25 % water, by mass: UN Nos. 0433, 0159

Substance consisting of nitrocellulose impregnated with not more than 60 % of nitroglycerine or other liquid organic nitrates or a mixture of these.

POWDER, SMOKELESS: UN Nos. 0160, 0161, 0509

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Substance based on nitrocellulose used as propellant. The term includes propellants with a single base (nitrocellulose (NC) alone), those with a double base (such as NC and nitroglycerine (NG)) and those with a triple base (such as NC/NG/nitroguanidine).

NOTE: Cast, pressed or bag-charges of smokeless powder are listed under CHARGES, PROPELLING or CHARGES, PROPELLING, FOR CANNON.

PRIMERS, CAP TYPE: UN Nos. 0044, 0377, 0378

Articles consisting of a metal or plastics cap containing a small amount of primary explosive mixture that is readily ignited by impact. They serve as igniting elements in small arms cartridges and in percussion primers for propelling charges.

PRIMERS, TUBULAR: UN Nos. 0319, 0320, 0376

Articles consisting of a primer for ignition and an auxiliary charge of deflagrating explosive such as black powder used to ignite the propelling charge in a cartridge case for cannon, etc.

PROJECTILES, inert with tracer: UN Nos. 0345, 0424, 0425

Articles such as a shell or bullet, which are projected from a cannon or other gun, rifle or other small arm.

PROJECTILES with burster or expelling charge: UN Nos. 0346, 0347

Articles such as a shell or bullet, which are projected from a cannon or other gun. They are without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features. They are used to scatter dyes for spotting or other inert materials.

PROJECTILES with burster or expelling charge: UN Nos. 0426, 0427

Articles such as a shell or bullet, which are projected from a cannon or other gun. They are with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features. They are used to scatter dyes for spotting or other inert materials.

PROJECTILES with burster or expelling charge: UN Nos. 0434, 0435

Articles such as a shell or bullet, which are projected from a cannon or other gun, rifle or other small arm. They are used to scatter dyes for spotting or other inert materials.

PROJECTILES with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0168, 0169, 0344

Articles such as a shell or bullet, which are projected from a cannon or other gun. They are without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features.

PROJECTILES with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0167, 0324

Articles such as a shell or bullet, which are projected from a cannon or other gun. They are with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features.

PROPELLANT, LIQUID: UN Nos. 0495, 0497

Substance consisting of a deflagrating liquid explosive, used for propulsion.

PROPELLANT, SOLID: UN Nos. 0498, 0499, 0501

Substance consisting of a deflagrating solid explosive, used for propulsion.

RELEASE DEVICES, EXPLOSIVE: UN No. 0173

Articles consisting of a small charge of explosive with means of initiation and rods or links. They sever the rods or links to release equipment quickly.

RIVETS, EXPLOSIVE: UN No. 0174

Articles consisting of a small charge of explosive inside a metallic rivet.

ROCKET MOTORS: UN Nos. 0186, 0280, 0281

Articles consisting of a charge of explosive, generally a solid propellant, contained in a cylinder fitted with one or more nozzles. They are designed to propel a rocket or a guided missile.

ROCKET MOTORS, LIQUID FUELLED: UN Nos. 0395, 0396

Articles consisting of a liquid fuel within a cylinder fitted with one or more nozzles. They are designed to propel a rocket or a guided missile.

ROCKET MOTORS WITH HYPERGOLIC LIQUIDS with or without expelling charge: UN Nos. 0322, 0250

Articles consisting of a hypergolic fuel contained in a cylinder fitted with one or more nozzles. They are designed to propel a rocket or a guided missile.

ROCKETS, LINE THROWING: UN Nos. 0238, 0240, 0453

Articles consisting of a rocket motor which is designed to extend a line.

ROCKETS, LIQUID FUELLED with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0397, 0398

Articles consisting of a liquid fuel within a cylinder fitted with one or more nozzles and fitted with a warhead. The term includes guided missiles.

ROCKETS with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0181, 0182

Articles consisting of a rocket motor and a warhead without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features. The term includes guided missiles.

ROCKETS with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0180, 0295

Articles consisting of a rocket motor and a warhead with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features. The term includes guided missiles.

ROCKETS with expelling charge: UN Nos. 0436, 0437, 0438

Articles consisting of a rocket motor and a charge to expel the payload from a rocket head. The term includes guided missiles.

ROCKETS with inert head: UN Nos. 0183, 0502

Articles consisting of a rocket motor and an inert head. The term includes guided missiles.

SAFETY DEVICES, PYROTECHNIC: UN No. 0503

Articles which contain pyrotechnic substances or dangerous goods of other classes and are used in vehicles, vessels or aircraft to enhance safety to persons. Examples are: air bag inflators, air bag modules, seat-belt pretensioners and pyromechanical devices. These pyromechanical devices are assembled components for tasks such as but not limited to separation, locking, or occupant restraint.

SAMPLES, EXPLOSIVE, other than initiating explosive UN No. 0190

New or existing explosive substances or articles, not yet assigned to a name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 and carried in conformity with the instructions of the competent authority and generally in small quantities, *inter alia*, for the purposes of testing, classification, research and development, or quality control, or as commercial samples.

NOTE: Explosive substances or articles already assigned to another name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 are not included in this definition.

SIGNAL DEVICES, HAND: UN Nos. 0191, 0373

Portable articles containing pyrotechnic substances which produce visual signals or warnings. The term includes small surface flares such as highway or railway flares and small distress flares.

SIGNALS, DISTRESS, ship: UN Nos. 0194, 0195, 0505, 0506

Articles containing pyrotechnic substances designed to produce signals by means of sound, flame or smoke or any combination thereof.

SIGNALS, RAILWAY TRACK, EXPLOSIVE: UN Nos. 0192, 0193, 0492, 0493

Articles containing a pyrotechnic substance which explodes with a loud report when the article is crushed. They are designed to be placed on a rail.

SIGNALS, SMOKE: UN Nos. 0196, 0197, 0313, 0487, 0507

Articles containing pyrotechnic substances which emit smoke. In addition they may contain devices for emitting audible signals.

SOUNDING DEVICES, EXPLOSIVE: UN Nos. 0374, 0375

Articles consisting of a charge of detonating explosive, without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features. They are dropped from ships and function when they reach a predetermined depth or the sea bed.

SOUNDING DEVICES, EXPLOSIVE: UN Nos. 0204, 0296

Articles consisting of a charge of detonating explosive with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features. They are dropped from ships and function when they reach a predetermined depth or the sea bed.

SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, VERY INSENSITIVE (Substances, EVI), N.O.S.: UN No. 0482

Substances presenting a mass explosion hazard but which are so insensitive that there is very little probability of initiation or of transition from burning to detonation under normal conditions of transport, and which have passed Test Series 5.

TORPEDOES, LIQUID FUELLED with inert head: UN No. 0450

Articles consisting of a liquid explosive system to propel the torpedo through the water, with an inert head.

TORPEDOES, LIQUID FUELLED with or without bursting charge: UN No. 0449

Articles consisting of either a liquid explosive system to propel the torpedo through the water, with or without a warhead; or a liquid non-explosive system to propel the torpedo through the water, with a warhead.

TORPEDOES with bursting charge: UN No. 0451

Articles consisting of a non-explosive system to propel the torpedo through the water, and a warhead without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features.

TORPEDOES with bursting charge: UN No. 0329

Articles consisting of an explosive system to propel the torpedo through the water, and a warhead without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features.

TORPEDOES with bursting charge: UN No. 0330

Articles consisting of an explosive or non-explosive system to propel the torpedo through the water, and a warhead with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features.

TRACERS FOR AMMUNITION: UN Nos. 0212, 0306

Sealed articles containing pyrotechnic substances, designed to reveal the trajectory of a projectile.

TRITONAL: UN No. 0390

Substance consisting of trinitrotoluene (TNT) mixed with aluminium.

WARHEADS, ROCKET with burster or expelling charge: UN No. 0370

Articles consisting of an inert payload and a small charge of detonating or deflagrating explosive, without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features. They are designed to be fitted to a rocket motor to scatter inert material. The term includes warheads for guided missiles.

WARHEADS, ROCKET with burster or expelling charge: UN No. 0371

Articles consisting of an inert payload and a small charge of detonating or deflagrating explosive, with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features. They are designed to be fitted to a rocket motor to scatter inert material. The term includes warheads for guided missiles.

WARHEADS, ROCKET with bursting charge: UN Nos. 0286, 0287

Articles consisting of a detonating explosive, without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features. They are designed to be fitted to a rocket. The term includes warheads for guided missiles.

WARHEADS, ROCKET with bursting charge: UN No. 0369

Articles consisting of a detonating explosive, with means of initiation not containing two or more effective protective features. They are designed to be fitted to a rocket. The term includes warheads for guided missiles.

WARHEADS, TORPEDO with bursting charge: UN No. 0221

Articles consisting of a detonating explosive, without means of initiation or with means of initiation containing two or more effective protective features. They are designed to be fitted to a torpedo.

2.2.2 Class 2 Gases

2.2.2.1 *Criteria*

2.2.2.1.1 The heading of Class 2 covers pure gases, mixtures of gases, mixtures of one or more gases with one or more other substances and articles containing such substances.

A gas is a substance which:

- (a) at 50 °C has a vapour pressure greater than 300 kPa (3 bar); or
- (b) is completely gaseous at 20° C at the standard pressure of 101.3 kPa.

NOTE 1: UN No. 1052 HYDROGEN FLUORIDE, ANHYDROUS is nevertheless classified in Class 8.

NOTE 2: A pure gas may contain other components deriving from its production process or added to preserve the stability of the product, provided that the level of these components does not change its classification or its conditions of carriage, such as filling ratio, filling pressure, test pressure.

NOTE 3: N.O.S. entries in 2.2.2.3 may cover pure gases as well as mixtures.

2.2.2.1.2 The substances and articles of Class 2 are subdivided as follows:

- 1. Compressed gas: a gas which when packaged under pressure for carriage is entirely gaseous at -50 °C; this category includes all gases with a critical temperature less than or equal to -50 °C;
- 2. *Liquefied gas:* a gas which when packaged under pressure for carriage is partially liquid at temperatures above -50 °C. A distinction is made between:

High pressure liquefied gas: a gas with a critical temperature above -50 $^{\circ}$ C and equal to or below +65 $^{\circ}$ C; and

Low pressure liquefied gas: a gas with a critical temperature above +65 °C;

- 3. *Refrigerated liquefied gas*: a gas which when packaged for carriage is made partially liquid because of its low temperature;
- 4. *Dissolved gas:* a gas which when packaged under pressure for carriage is dissolved in a liquid phase solvent;
- 5. Aerosol dispensers and receptacles, small, containing gas (gas cartridges);
- 6. Other articles containing gas under pressure;
- 7. Non-pressurized gases subject to special requirements (gas samples);
- 8. Chemicals under pressure: liquids, pastes or powders, pressurized with a propellant that meets the definition of a compressed or liquefied gas and mixtures thereof.
- 9. *Adsorbed gas:* a gas which when packaged for carriage is adsorbed onto a solid porous material resulting in an internal receptacle pressure of less than 101.3 kPa at 20 °C and less than 300 kPa at 50 °C.

- 2.2.2.1.3 Substances and articles (except aerosols and chemicals under pressure) of Class 2 are assigned to one of the following groups according to their hazardous properties, as follows:
 - A asphyxiant;
 - O oxidizing;
 - F flammable:
 - T toxic;
 - TF toxic, flammable;
 - TC toxic, corrosive;
 - TO toxic, oxidizing;
 - TFC toxic, flammable, corrosive;
 - TOC toxic, oxidizing, corrosive.

For gases and gas mixtures presenting hazardous properties associated with more than one group according to the criteria, the groups designated by letter T take precedence over all other groups. The groups designated by letter F take precedence over the groups designated by letters A or O.

- **NOTE 1:** In the UN Model Regulations, the IMDG Code and the ICAO Technical Instructions, gases are assigned to one of the following three divisions, based on the primary hazard:
- Division 2.1: flammable gases (corresponding to the groups designated by the capital letter F);
- Division 2.2: non-flammable, non-toxic gases (corresponding to the groups designated by the capital letters A or O);
- Division 2.3: toxic gases (corresponding to the groups designated by the capital letter T (i.e. T, TF, TC, TO, TFC and TOC).
- **NOTE 2**: Receptacles, small containing gas (UN No. 2037) shall be assigned to the groups A to TOC according to the hazard of the contents. For aerosols (UN No. 1950), see 2.2.2.1.6. For chemicals under pressure (UN Nos. 3500 to 3505), see 2.2.2.1.7.
- **NOTE 3**: Corrosive gases are considered to be toxic, and are therefore assigned to the group TC, TFC or TOC.
- 2.2.2.1.4 If a mixture of Class 2 mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 meets different criteria as mentioned in 2.2.2.1.2 and 2.2.2.1.5, this mixture shall be classified according to the criteria and assigned to an appropriate N.O.S. entry.
- 2.2.2.1.5 Substances and articles (except aerosols and chemicals under pressure) of Class 2 which are not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall be classified under a collective entry listed in 2.2.2.3 in accordance with 2.2.2.1.2 and 2.2.2.1.3. The following criteria shall apply:

Asphyxiant gases

Gases which are non-oxidizing, non-flammable and non-toxic and which dilute or replace oxygen normally in the atmosphere.

Flammable gases

Gases which at 20 °C and a standard pressure of 101.3 kPa:

- (a) are ignitable when in a mixture of 13% or less by volume with air; or
- (b) have a flammable range with air of at least 12 percentage points regardless of the lower flammable limit.

Flammability shall be determined by tests or by calculation, in accordance with methods adopted by ISO (see ISO 10156:2010).

Where insufficient data are available to use these methods, tests by a comparable method recognized by the competent authority of the country of origin may be used.

If the country of origin is not a Contracting Party to ADN these methods shall be recognized by the competent authority of the first country Contracting Party to ADN reached by the consignment.

Oxidizing gases

Gases, which may, generally by providing oxygen, cause or contribute to the combustion of other material more than air does. These are pure gases or gas mixtures with an oxidizing power greater than 23.5% as determined by a method specified in ISO 10156:2010.

Toxic gases

NOTE: Gases meeting the criteria for toxicity in part or completely owing to their corrosivity are to be classified as toxic. See also the criteria under the heading "Corrosive gases" for a possible subsidiary corrosivity risk.

Gases which:

- (a) are known to be so toxic or corrosive to humans as to pose a hazard to health; or
- (b) are presumed to be toxic or corrosive to humans because they have a LC_{50} value for acute toxicity equal to or less than 5 000 ml/m³ (ppm) when tested in accordance with 2.2.61.1.

In the case of gas mixtures (including vapours of substances from other classes) the following formula may be used:

$$LC_{50}$$
 Toxic (mixture) =
$$\frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{f_i}{T_i}}$$

where f_i = mole fraction of the ith component substance of the mixture;

 T_i = toxicity index of the ith component substance of the mixture.

The T_i equals the LC₅₀ value as found in packing instruction P200 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR.

When no LC₅₀ value is listed in packing instruction P200 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR, a LC₅₀ value available in scientific literature shall be used. When the LC₅₀ value is unknown, the toxicity index is determined by using the lowest LC₅₀ value of substances of similar physiological and chemical effects, or through testing if this is the only practical possibility.

Corrosive gases

Gases or gas mixtures meeting the criteria for toxicity completely owing to their corrosivity are to be classified as toxic with a subsidiary corrosivity risk.

A gas mixture that is considered to be toxic due to the combined effects of corrosivity and toxicity has a subsidiary risk of corrosivity when the mixture is known by human experience to be destructive to the skin, eyes or mucous membranes or when the LC_{50} value of the corrosive components of the mixture is equal to or less than 5 000 ml/m³ (ppm) when the LC_{50} is calculated by the formula:

LC₅₀ Corrosive (mixture) =
$$\frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{f_{ci}}{T_{ci}}}$$

where f_{ci} = mole fraction of the i^{th} corrosive component substance of the mixture;

T_{ci} = toxicity index of the ith corrosive component substance of the mixture.

The T_{ci} equals the LC_{50} value as found in packing instruction P200 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR.

When no LC₅₀ value is listed in packing instruction P200 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR, a LC₅₀ value available in scientific literature shall be used. When the LC₅₀ value is unknown the toxicity index is determined by using the lowest LC₅₀ value of substances of similar physiological and chemical effects, or through testing if this is the only practical possibility.

2.2.2.1.6 *Aerosols*

Aerosols (UN No. 1950) are assigned to one of the following groups according to their hazardous properties, as follows:

A asphyxiant;

O oxidizing;

F flammable;

T toxic;

C corrosive;

CO corrosive, oxidizing;

FC flammable, corrosive;

TF toxic, flammable;

TC toxic, corrosive;

TO toxic, oxidizing;

TFC toxic, flammable, corrosive

TOC toxic, oxidizing, corrosive.

The classification depends on the nature of the contents of the aerosol dispenser.

NOTE: Gases, which meet the definition of toxic gases according to 2.2.2.1.5 and gases identified as "Considered as pyrophoric" by table note c of Table 2 of packing instruction P200 of ADR, shall not be used as a propellant in an aerosol dispenser. Aerosols with contents meeting the criteria for packing group I for toxicity or corrosivity shall not be accepted for carriage (see also 2.2.2.2.2).

The following criteria shall apply:

- (a) Assignment to group A shall apply when the contents do not meet the criteria for any other group according to sub-paragraphs (b) to (f) below;
- (b) Assignment to group O shall apply when the aerosol contains an oxidizing gas according to 2.2.2.1.5;
- (c) Assignment to group F shall apply if the contents include 85% by mass or more flammable components and the chemical heat of combustion is 30 kJ/g or more.

It shall not apply if the contents contain 1% by mass or less flammable components and the heat of combustion is less than 20 kJ/g.

Otherwise the aerosol shall be tested for flammability in accordance with the tests described in the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part III, section 31. Extremely flammable and flammable aerosols shall be assigned to group F;

NOTE: Flammable components are flammable liquids, flammable solids or flammable gases and gas mixtures as defined in Notes 1 to 3 of sub-section 31.1.3 of Part III of the Manual of Tests and Criteria. This designation does not cover pyrophoric, self-heating or water-reactive substances. The chemical heat of combustion shall be determined by one of the following methods ASTM D 240, ISO/FDIS 13943: 1999 (E/F) 86.1 to 86.3 or NFPA 30B.

- (d) Assignment to group T shall apply when the contents, other than the propellant of aerosol dispensers to be ejected, are classified as Class 6.1, packing groups II or III;
- (e) Assignment to group C shall apply when the contents, other than the propellant of aerosol dispensers to be ejected, meet the criteria for Class 8, packing groups II or III;
- (f) When the criteria for more than one group amongst groups O, F, T, and C are met, assignment to groups CO, FC, TF, TC TO, TFC or TOC shall apply, as relevant.

2.2.2.1.7 *Chemicals under pressure*

Chemicals under pressure (UN Nos. 3500 to 3505) are assigned to one of the following groups according to their hazardous properties, as follows:

- A asphyxiant;
- F flammable;
- T toxic;
- C corrosive;
- FC flammable, corrosive;
- TF toxic, flammable.

The classification depends on the hazard characteristics of the components in the different states:

The propellant;

The liquid; or

The solid.

- **NOTE 1:** Gases, which meet the definition of toxic gases or of oxidizing gases according to 2.2.2.1.5 or gases identified as "Considered as pyrophoric" by table note c of Table 2 of packing instruction P200 in 4.1.4.1 of ADR, shall not be used as a propellant in chemicals under pressure.
- **NOTE 2:** Chemicals under pressure with contents meeting the criteria for packing group I for toxicity or corrosivity or with contents meeting both the criteria for packing group II or III for toxicity and for packing group II or III for corrosivity shall not be accepted for carriage under these UN numbers.
- **NOTE 3:** Chemicals under pressure with components meeting the properties of Class 1; liquid desensitized explosives of Class 3; self-reactive substances and solid desensitized explosives of Class 4.1; Class 4.2; Class 4.3; Class 5.1; Class 5.2; Class 6.2; or Class 7, shall not be used for carriage under these UN numbers.
- **NOTE 4:** A chemical under pressure in an aerosol dispenser shall be carried under UN No. 1950.

The following criteria shall apply:

- (a) Assignment to group A shall apply when the contents do not meet the criteria for any other group according to sub-paragraphs (b) to (e) below;
- (b) Assignment to group F shall apply if one of the components, which can be a pure substance or a mixture, needs to be classified as flammable. Flammable components are flammable liquids and liquid mixtures, flammable solids and solid mixtures or flammable gases and gas mixtures meeting the following criteria:
 - (i) A flammable liquid is a liquid having a flashpoint of not more than 93 °C;
 - (ii) A flammable solid is a solid which meets the criteria in 2.2.41.1;
 - (iii) A flammable gas is a gas which meets the criteria in 2.2.2.1.5;
- (c) Assignment to group T shall apply when the contents, other than the propellant, are classified as dangerous goods of Class 6.1, packing groups II or III;

- (d) Assignment to group C shall apply when the contents, other than the propellant, are classified as dangerous goods of Class 8, packing groups II or III:
- (e) When the criteria for two groups amongst groups F, T, and C are met, assignment to groups FC or TF shall apply, as relevant.

2.2.2.2 Gases not accepted for carriage

- 2.2.2.2.1 Chemically unstable substances of Class 2 shall not be accepted for carriage, unless the necessary steps have been taken to prevent all possibility of a dangerous reaction e.g. decomposition, dismutation or polymerisation under normal conditions during transport. To this end particular care shall be taken to ensure that receptacles and tanks do not contain any substances liable to promote these reactions.
- 2.2.2.2.2 The following substances and mixtures shall not be accepted for carriage:
 - UN No. 2186 HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID;
 - UN No. 2421 NITROGEN TRIOXIDE;
 - UN No. 2455 METHYL NITRITE;
 - Refrigerated liquefied gases which cannot be assigned to classification codes 3A, 3O or 3F, with the exception of substance identification number 9000 AMMONIA ANHYDROUS, DEEPLY REFRIGERATED of classification code 3TC in tank vessels;
 - Dissolved gases which cannot be classified under UN Nos. 1001, 2073 or 3318;
 - Aerosols where gases which are toxic according to 2.2.2.1.5 or pyrophoric according to packing instruction P200 in 4.1.4.1 of ADR are used as propellants;
 - Aerosols with contents meeting the criteria for packing group I for toxicity or corrosivity (see 2.2.61 and 2.2.8);
 - Receptacles, small, containing gases which are very toxic (LC₅₀ lower than 200 ppm) or pyrophoric according to packing instruction P200 in 4.1.4.1 of ADR.

2.2.2.3 List of collective entries

Compressed gases			
Classification	UN	Name and description	
code	No	rame and description	
1 A	1956	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.	
10	3156	COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	
1 F	1964	HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE, COMPRESSED, N.O.S.	
	1954	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	
1T	1955	COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, N.O.S.	
1 TF	1953	COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	
1 TC	3304	COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	
1 TO	3303	COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	
1 TFC	3305	COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	
1 TOC	3306	COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	

		Liquefied gases			
Classification code	UN No	Name and description			
2 A	1058 1078	LIQUEFIED GASES, non-flammable, charged with nitrogen, carbon dioxide or air REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S. such as mixtures of gases, indicated by the letter R, which as:			
		Mixture F1, have a vapour pressure at 70 °C not exceeding 1.3 MPa (13 bar) and a mass density at 50 °C not lower than that of dichlorofluoromethane (1.30 kg/l);			
		Mixture F2, have a vapour pressure at 70 $^{\circ}$ C not exceeding 1.9 MPa (19 bar) and a mass density at 50 $^{\circ}$ C not lower than that of dichlorodifluoromethane (1.21 kg/l);			
		Mixture F3, have a vapour pressure at 70 °C not exceeding 3 MPa (30 bar) and a mass density at 50 °C not lower than that of chlorodifluoromethane (1.09 kg/l).			
		NOTE: Trichlorofluoromethane (Refrigerant R 11), 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane (Refrigerant R 113), 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane (Refrigerant R 113a), 1-chloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane (Refrigerant R 133) and 1-chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane (Refrigerant R 133b) are not substances of Class 2. They may, however, enter into the composition of mixtures F1 to F3.			
	1968 3163	INSECTICIDE GAS, N.O.S. LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.			
2 O 2 F	3157 1010	LIQUEFIED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. BUTADIENES AND HYDROCARBON MIXTURE, STABILIZED, having a vapour pressure at 70 °C not exceeding 1.1 MPa (11 bar) and a mass density at 50 °C not lower than 0.525 kg/l.			
		NOTE : Butadienes, stabilized are also classified under UN No. 1010, see Table A of Chapter 3.2.			
	1060	METHYLACETYLENE AND PROPADIENE MIXTURE, STABILIZED			
		such as mixtures of methylacetylene and propadiene with hydrocarbons, which as:			
		Mixture P1, contain not more than 63% methylacetylene and propadiene by volume and not more than 24% propane and propylene by volume, the percentage of C_4 -saturated hydrocarbons being not less than 14% by volume; and as			
		Mixture P2, contain not more than 48% methylacetylene and propadiene by volume and not more than 50% propane and propylene by volume, the percentage of C_4 - saturated hydrocarbons being not less than 5% by volume, as well as mixtures of propadiene with 1 to 4% methylacetylene.			

		Liquefied gases (cont'd)
Classification code	UN No	Name and description
	1965	HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE, LIQUEFIED, N.O.S
		such as mixtures, which as:
		Mixture A, have a vapour pressure at 70 °C not exceeding 1.1 MPa (11 bar) and a mass density at 50 °C not lower than 0.525 kg/l;
		Mixture A01, have a vapour pressure at 70 °C not exceeding 1.6 MPa (16 bar) and a mass density at 50 °C not lower than 0.516 kg/l;
		Mixture A02, have a vapour pressure at 70 °C not exceeding 1.6 MPa (16 bar) and a mass density at 50 °C not lower than 0.505 kg/l;
		Mixture A0, have a vapour pressure at 70 °C not exceeding 1.6 MPa (16 bar) and a mass density at 50 °C not lower than 0.495 kg/l;
		Mixture A1, have a vapour pressure at 70 °C not exceeding 2.1 MPa (21 bar) and a mass density at 50 °C not lower than 0.485 kg/l;
		Mixture B1 have a vapour pressure at 70 $^{\circ}$ C not exceeding 2.6 MPa (26 bar) and a mass density at 50 $^{\circ}$ C not lower than 0.474 kg/l;
		Mixture B2 have a vapour pressure at 70 $^{\circ}$ C not exceeding 2.6 MPa (26 bar) and a mass density at 50 $^{\circ}$ C not lower than 0.463 kg/l;
		Mixture B, have a vapour pressure at 70 $^{\circ}$ C not exceeding 2.6 MPa (26 bar) and a mass density at 50 $^{\circ}$ C not lower than 0.450 kg/l;
		Mixture C, have a vapour pressure at 70 $^{\circ}$ C not exceeding 3.1 MPa (31 bar) and a mass density at 50 $^{\circ}$ C not lower than 0.440 kg/l;
		NOTE 1: In the case of the foregoing mixtures, the use of the following names customary in the trade is permitted for describing these substances: for mixture A01, A02 and A0: BUTANE; for mixture C: PROPANE.
		NOTE 2: UN No. 1075 PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED may be used as an alternative entry for UN No. 1965 HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE LIQUEFIED, N.O.S. for carriage prior to or following maritime or air carriage.
	3354	INSECTICIDE GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
	3161	LIQUEFIED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
2 T	1967	INSECTICIDE GAS, TOXIC, N.O.S.
2 (DE	3162	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, N.O.S.
2 TF	3355	INSECTICIDE GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
2 TC	3160 3308	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
2 TO	3308	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.
2 TFC	3307	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
2 TOC	3310	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
2100	2210	LIQULI ILD UAS, TOAIC, OAIDIZINO, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

Refrigerated liquefied gases				
Classification	UN	Name and description		
code	No	Name and description		
3 A	3158	GAS, REFRIGERATED LIQUID, N.O.S.		
30	3311	GAS, REFRIGERATED LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.		
3 F	3312	GAS, REFRIGERATED LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.		

Dissolved gases				
Classification code	UN No	Name and description		
4		Only substances listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2 are to be accepted for carriage.		

Aerosols and receptacles, small, containing gas					
Classification UN Name and description					
code	No	Name and description			
5	1950	AEROSOLS			
	2037	RECEPTACLES, SMALL CONTAINING GAS			
		(GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refillable			

Other articles containing gas under pressure					
Classification	UN	Name and description			
code	No	Name and description			
6A	2857	REFRIGERATING MACHINES containing non-flammable, non-toxic gases or			
		ammonia solutions (UN 2672)			
	3164	ARTICLES, PRESSURIZED, PNEUMATIC (containing non-flammable gas) or			
	3164	ARTICLES, PRESSURIZED, HYDRAULIC (containing non-flammable gas)			
6F	3150	DEVICES, SMALL, HYDROCARBON GAS POWERED or			
	3150	HYDROCARBON GAS REFILLS FOR SMALL DEVICES, with release device			
	3478	FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES, containing liquefied flammable gas or			
	3478	FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing			
		liquefied flammable gas or			
	3478	FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing			
		liquefied flammable gas			
	3479	FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES, containing hydrogen in metal hydride or			
	3479	FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing			
		hydrogen in metal hydride or			
	3479	FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing			
		hydrogen in metal hydride			

Gas samples			
Classification	UN	Name and description	
code	No		
7 F	3167	GAS SAMPLE, NON-PRESSURIZED, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., not refrigerated	
		liquid	
7 T	3169	GAS SAMPLE, NON-PRESSURIZED, TOXIC, N.O.S., not refrigerated liquid	
7 TF	3168	GAS SAMPLE, NON-PRESSURIZED, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., not	
		refrigerated liquid	

Chemicals under pressure			
Classification	tion UN Name of the substance or article		
code	No		
8A	3500	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, N.O.S.	
8F	3501	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	
8T	3502	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	
8C	3503	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	
8TF	3504	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	
8FC	3505	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S	

Adsorbed gases			
Classification	tion UN Name of the substance or article		
code	No.		
9A	3511	ADSORBED GAS, N.O.S.	
90	3513	ADSORBED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	
9F	3510	ADSORBED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	
9T	3512	ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, N.O.S.	
9TF	3514	ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	
9TC	3516	ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	
9TO	3515	ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	
9TFC	3517	ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	
9TOC	3518	ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	

2.2.3 Class 3 Flammable liquids

2.2.3.1 *Criteria*

- 2.2.3.1.1 The heading of Class 3 covers substances and articles containing substances of this Class which:
 - are liquids according to subparagraph (a) of the definition for "liquid" in 1.2.1;
 - have at 50 °C a vapour pressure of not more than 300 kPa (3 bar) and are not completely gaseous at 20 °C and at standard pressure of 101.3 kPa; and
 - have a flash-point of not more than 60 °C (see 2.3.3.1 for the relevant test).

The heading of Class 3 also covers liquid substances and molten solid substances with a flash-point of more than 60 °C and which are carried or handed over for carriage whilst heated at temperatures equal to or higher than their flash-point. These substances are assigned to UN No. 3256.

The heading of Class 3 also covers liquid desensitized explosives. Liquid desensitized explosives are explosive substances which are dissolved or suspended in water or other liquid substances, to form an homogeneous liquid mixture to suppress their explosive properties. Such entries in Table A of Chapter 3.2 are UN Nos. 1204, 2059, 3064, 3343, 3357 and 3379.

For the purpose of carriage in tank vessels, the heading of Class 3 also covers the following substances which:

- have a flash-point above 60° C and which are carried or handed over for carriage at a temperature within a range of 15 K below the flash-point;
- have an auto-ignition temperature of 200 °C or below and which are not mentioned elsewhere.

NOTE 1: Substances having a flash-point above 35 °C, which, do not sustain combustion according to the criteria of 32.2.5 of Part III of the Manual of Tests and Criteria are not substances of Class 3; if, however, these substances are handed over for carriage and carried whilst heated at temperatures equal to or higher than their flash-point, they are substances of Class 3.

NOTE 2: By derogation from paragraph 2.2.3.1.1 above, diesel fuel, gas oil, heating oil (light) including synthetically manufactured products having a flash-point above 60 °C and not more than 100 °C shall be deemed substances of Class 3, UN No. 1202.

NOTE 3: Flammable liquids which are highly toxic by inhalation, as defined in 2.2.61.1.4 to 2.2.61.1.9, and toxic substances having a flash-point of 23 °C or above are substances of Class 6.1 (see 2.2.61.1). Liquids which are highly toxic by inhalation are indicated as "toxic by inhalation" in their proper shipping name in Column (2) or by special provision 354 in Column (6) of Table A of Chapter 3.2.

NOTE 4: Flammable liquid substances and preparations used as pesticides, which are highly toxic, toxic or slightly toxic and have a flash-point of 23 °C or above are substances of Class 6.1 (see 2.2.61.1).

NOTE 5: For the purpose of carriage in tank vessels, substances having a flash-point above 60 °C and not more than 100 °C are substances of Class 9 (identification number 9003).

- 2.2.3.1.2 The substances and articles of Class 3 are subdivided as follows:
 - F Flammable liquids, without subsidiary risk and articles containing such substances:
 - F1 Flammable liquids having a flash-point of or below 60 °C;
 - F2 Flammable liquids having a flash-point above 60 °C which are carried or handed over for carriage at or above their flash-point (elevated temperature substances):
 - F3 Articles containing inflammable liquids;
 - F4 Substances having a flash-point above 60 °C which are carried or handed over for carriage at a temperature within a range of 15 K below the flash-point;
 - F5 Substances having an auto-ignition temperature of 200 °C or below and which are not mentioned elsewhere.
 - FT Flammable liquids, toxic:
 - FT1 Flammable liquids, toxic;
 - FT2 Pesticides:
 - FC Flammable liquids, corrosive;
 - FTC Flammable liquids, toxic, corrosive;
 - D Liquid desensitized explosives.
- 2.2.3.1.3 Substances and articles classified in Class 3 are listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2. Substances not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall be assigned to the relevant entry of 2.2.3.3 and the relevant packing group in accordance with the provisions of this section. Flammable liquids shall be assigned to one of the following packing groups according to the degree of danger they present for carriage:

Packing Group	Flash-point (closed cup)	Initial boiling point	
I		≤ 35°C	
II ^a	< 23°C	> 35°C	
III ^a	≥ 23°C and ≤ 60°C	> 35°C	

^a See also 2.2.3.1.4

For a liquid with (a) subsidiary risk(s), the packing group determined in accordance with the table above and the packing group based on the severity of the subsidiary risk(s) shall be considered; the classification and packing group shall then be determined in accordance with the table of precedence of hazards in 2.1.3.10.

- 2.2.3.1.4 Viscous flammable liquids such as paints, enamels, lacquers, varnishes, adhesives and polishes having a flash-point of less than 23 °C may be assigned to packing group III in conformity with the procedures prescribed in the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part III, subsection 32.3, provided that:
 - (a) The viscosity² and flash-point are in accordance with the following table:

² <u>Viscosity determination</u>: Where the substance concerned is non-Newtonian, or where a flow cup method of viscosity determination is otherwise unsuitable, a variable shear-rate viscometer shall be used to determine the dynamic viscosity coefficient of the substance, at 23 °C, at a number of shear rates. The values obtained are plotted against shear rate and then extrapolated to zero shear rate. The dynamic viscosity thus obtained, divided by the density, gives the apparent kinematic viscosity at near-zero shear rate.

Kinematic viscosity (extrapolated) v (at near-zero shear rate) mm²/s at 23°C	Flow-time t in seconds	Jet diameter (mm)	Flash-point, closed- cup (°C)
$20 < v \le 80$	20 < t ≤ 60	4	above 17
80 < v ≤ 135	$60 < t \le 100$	4	above 10
$135 < v \le 220$	20 < t ≤ 32	6	above 5
220 < v ≤ 300	$32 < t \le 44$	6	above -1
$300 < v \le 700$	44 < t ≤ 100	6	above -5
700 < v	100 < t	6	no limit

- (b) Less than 3% of the clear solvent layer separates in the solvent separation test;
- (c) The mixture or any separated solvent does not meet the criteria for Class 6.1 or Class 8;

NOTE: These provisions also apply to mixtures containing no more than 20% nitrocellulose with a nitrogen content not exceeding 12.6% by dry mass. Mixtures containing more than 20% but not more than 55% nitrocellulose with a nitrogen content not exceeding 12.6% by dry mass are substances assigned to UN No. 2059.

Mixtures having a flash-point below 23 °C and containing:

- more than 55% nitrocellulose, whatever their nitrogen content; or
- not more than 55% nitrocellulose with a nitrogen content above 12.6% by dry mass,

are substances of Class 1 (UN Nos. 0340 or 0342) or of Class 4.1 (UN Nos. 2555, 2556 or 2557).

2.2.3.1.5 Viscous liquids which:

- have a flash-point of 23 °C or above and less than or equal to 60 °C;
- are not toxic, corrosive or environmentally hazardous;
- contain not more than 20% nitrocellulose provided the nitrocellulose contains not more than 12.6% nitrogen by dry mass; and
- are packed in receptacles of not more than 450 litre capacity;

are not subject to ADN, if:

- (a) in the solvent separation test (see *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part III, sub-section 32.5.1), the height of the separated layer of solvent is less than 3% of the total height; and
- (b) the flowtime in the viscosity test (see *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part III, subsection 32.4.3), with a jet diameter of 6 mm is equal to or greater than:
 - (i) 60 seconds; or
 - (ii) 40 seconds if the viscous substance contains not more than 60% of Class 3 substances.
- 2.2.3.1.6 If substances of Class 3, as a result of admixtures, come into categories of risk different from those to which the substances mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 belong, these

mixtures or solutions shall be assigned to the entries to which they belong on the basis of their actual degree of danger.

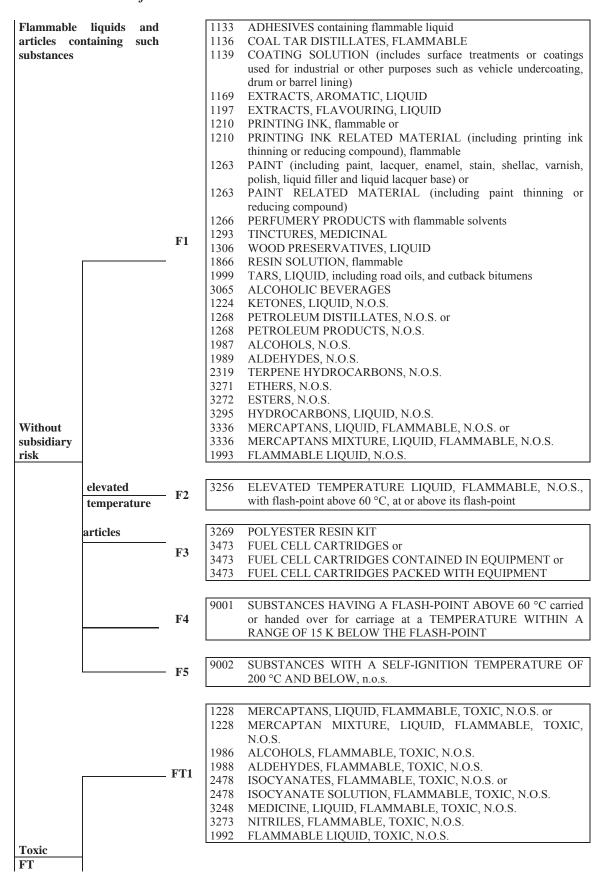
NOTE: For the classification of solutions and mixtures (such as preparations and wastes) see also 2.1.3.

2.2.3.1.7 On the basis of the test procedures in accordance with 2.3.3.1 and 2.3.4, and the criteria set out in 2.2.3.1.1, it may also be determined whether the nature of a solution or a mixture mentioned by name or containing a substance mentioned by name is such that the solution or mixture is not subject to the provisions for this Class (see also 2.1.3).

2.2.3.2 Substances not accepted for carriage

- 2.2.3.2.1 Substances of Class 3 which are liable to form peroxides easily (as happens with ethers or with certain heterocyclic oxygenated substances) shall not be accepted for carriage if their peroxide content, calculated as hydrogen peroxide (H₂O₂), exceeds 0.3%. The peroxide content shall be determined as indicated in 2.3.3.3.
- 2.2.3.2.2 The chemically unstable substances of Class 3 shall not be accepted for carriage unless the necessary steps have been taken to prevent their dangerous decomposition or polymerization during carriage. To this end, it shall be ensured in particular that receptacles and tanks do not contain any substance liable to promote these reactions.
- 2.2.3.2.3 Liquid desensitized explosives other than those listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall not be accepted for carriage as substances of Class 3.

2.2.3.3 List of collective entries



(cont'd)

2.2.3.3 List of collective entries (cont'd)

	,	01100117	c chill tes (cont u)
Toxic			
FT	Pesticide (f.p<23 °C)	FT2	 2758 CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 2760 ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 2762 ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 2764 TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 2772 THIOCARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 2776 COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 2778 MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 2780 SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 2782 BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 2784 ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 2787 ORGANOTIN PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 3024 COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 3346 PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC 3350 PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE TOXIC 3021 PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S. NOTE: The classification of a pesticide under an entry shall be effected on the basis of the active ingredient, of the physical state of the pesticide and
Corrosive		- FC	 any subsidiary risks it may exhibit. 3469 PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or 3469 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint thinning or reducing compound) 2733 AMINES, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 2733 POLYAMINES, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 2985 CHLOROSILANES, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 3274 ALCOHOLATES SOLUTION, N.O.S., in alcohol 2924 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
Toxic,		- FTC	3286 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
Liquid desensitised explosive		- D	3343 NITROGLYCERIN MIXTURE, DESENSITIZED, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with not more than 30% nitroglycerin by mass 3357 NITROGLYCERIN MIXTURE, DESENSITIZED, LIQUID, N.O.S. with not more than 30% nitroglycerin by mass 3379 DESENSITIZED EXPLOSIVE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

2.2.41 Class 4.1 Flammable solids, self-reactive substances and solid desensitized explosives

2.2.41.1 *Criteria*

2.2.41.1.1 The heading of Class 4.1 covers flammable substances and articles, desensitized explosives which are solids according to subparagraph (a) of the definition "solid" in 1.2.1 and self-reactive liquids or solids.

The following are assigned to Class 4.1:

- readily flammable solid substances and articles (see paragraphs 2.2.41.1.3 to 2.2.41.1.8);
- self-reactive solids or liquids (see paragraphs 2.2.41.1.9 to 2.2.41.1.17);
- solid desensitized explosives (see 2.2.41.1.18);
- substances related to self-reactive substances (see 2.2.41.1.19).
- 2.2.41.1.2 The substances and articles of Class 4.1 are subdivided as follows:
 - F Flammable solids, without subsidiary risk:
 - F1 Organic;
 - F2 Organic, molten;
 - F3 Inorganic;
 - FO Flammable solids, oxidizing;
 - FT Flammable solids, toxic:
 - FT1 Organic, toxic;
 - FT2 Inorganic, toxic;
 - FC Flammable solids, corrosive:
 - FC1 Organic, corrosive;
 - FC2 Inorganic, corrosive;
 - D Solid desensitized explosives without subsidiary risk;
 - DT Solid desensitized explosives, toxic;
 - SR Self-reactive substances:
 - SR1 Not requiring temperature control;
 - SR2 Requiring temperature control.

Flammable solids

Definition and properties

2.2.41.1.3 *Flammable solids* are readily combustible solids and solids which may cause fire through friction.

Readily combustible solids are powdered, granular, or pasty substances which are dangerous if they can be easily ignited by brief contact with an ignition source, such as a burning match, and if the flame spreads rapidly. The danger may come not only from the fire but also from toxic combustion products. Metal powders are especially dangerous because of the difficulty of extinguishing a fire since normal extinguishing agents such as carbon dioxide or water can increase the hazard.

Classification

- 2.2.41.1.4 Substances and articles classified as flammable solids of Class 4.1 are listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2. The assignment of organic substances and articles not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 to the relevant entry of sub-section 2.2.41.3 in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 2.1 can be based on experience or on the results of the test procedures in accordance with Part III, sub-section 33.2.1 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria. The assignment of inorganic substances not mentioned by name shall be based on the results of the test procedures in accordance with Part III, sub-section 33.2.1 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria; experience shall also be taken into account when it leads to a more stringent assignment.
- 2.2.41.1.5 When substances not mentioned by name are assigned to one of the entries listed in 2.2.41.3 on the basis of the test procedures in accordance with the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 33.2.1, the following criteria apply:
 - (a) With the exception of metal powders or powders of metal alloys, powdery, granular or pasty substances shall be classified as readily flammable substances of Class 4.1 if they can be easily ignited by brief contact with an ignition source (e.g. a burning match), or if, in the event of ignition, the flame spreads rapidly, the burning time is less than 45 seconds for a measured distance of 100 mm or the rate of burning is greater than 2.2 mm/s.
 - (b) Metal powders or powders of metal alloys shall be assigned to Class 4.1 if they can be ignited by a flame and the reaction spreads over the whole length of the sample in 10 minutes or less

Solids which may cause fire through friction shall be classified in Class 4.1 by analogy with existing entries (e.g. matches) or in accordance with any appropriate special provision.

- 2.2.41.1.6 On the basis of the test procedure in accordance with the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Section 33.2.1 and the criteria set out in 2.2.41.1.4 and 2.2.41.1.5, it may also be determined whether the nature of a substance mentioned by name is such that the substance is not subject to the provisions for this Class.
- 2.2.41.1.7 If substances of Class 4.1, as a result of admixtures, come into different categories of risk from those to which the substances mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 belong, these mixtures shall be assigned to the entries to which they belong on the basis of their actual degree of danger.

NOTE: For the classification of solutions and mixtures (such as preparations and wastes), see also 2.1.3.

Assignment of packing groups

- 2.2.41.1.8 Flammable solids classified under the various entries in Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall be assigned to packing groups II or III on the basis of test procedures of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 33.2.1, in accordance with the following criteria:
 - (a) Readily flammable solids which, when tested, have a burning time of less than 45 seconds over a measured distance of 100 mm shall be assigned to:

Packing group II: if the flame passes the wetted zone;

Packing group III: if the wetted zone stops the flame for at least four minutes;

(b) Metal powders or powders of metal alloys shall be assigned to:

Packing group II: if, when tested, the reaction spreads over the whole length of the sample in five minutes or less;

Packing group III: if, when tested, the reaction spreads over the whole length of the sample in more than five minutes.

For solids which may cause fire through friction, the packing group shall be assigned by analogy with existing entries or in accordance with any special provision.

Self-reactive substances

Definitions

- 2.2.41.1.9 For the purposes of ADN, *self-reactive substances* are thermally unstable substances liable to undergo a strongly exothermic decomposition even without participation of oxygen (air). Substances are not considered to be self-reactive substances of Class 4.1, if:
 - (a) they are explosives according to the criteria of Class 1;
 - (b) they are oxidizing substances according to the classification procedure for Class 5.1 (see 2.2.51.1) except that mixtures of oxidizing substances which contain 5.0% or more of combustible organic substances shall be subjected to the classification procedure defined in Note 2;
 - (c) they are organic peroxides according to the criteria of Class 5.2 (see 2.2.52.1);
 - (d) their heat of decomposition is less than 300 J/g; or
 - (e) their self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT) (see NOTE 2 below) is greater than 75 °C for a 50 kg package.

NOTE 1: The heat of decomposition can be determined using any internationally recognised method e.g. differential scanning calorimetry and adiabatic calorimetry.

NOTE 2: Mixtures of oxidizing substances meeting the criteria of Class 5.1 which contain 5.0% or more of combustible organic substances, which do not meet the criteria mentioned in (a), (c), (d) or (e) above, shall be subjected to the self-reactive substance classification procedure.

A mixture showing the properties of a self-reactive substance, type B to F, shall be classified as a self-reactive substance of Class 4.1.

A mixture showing the properties of a self-reactive substance, type G, according to the principle given in 20.4.3 (g) of Part II of the Manual of Tests and Criteria shall be considered for classification as a substance of Class 5.1 (see 2.2.51.1).

NOTE 3: The self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT) is the lowest temperature at which self-accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used during carriage. Requirements for the determination of the SADT are given in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part II, Chapter 20 and section 28.4.

NOTE 4: Any substance which shows the properties of a self-reactive substance shall be classified as such, even if this substance gives a positive test result according to 2.2.42.1.5 for inclusion in Class 4.2.

Properties

2.2.41.1.10 The decomposition of self-reactive substances can be initiated by heat, contact with catalytic impurities (e.g. acids, heavy-metal compounds, bases), friction or impact. The rate of decomposition increases with temperature and varies with the substance. Decomposition, particularly if no ignition occurs, may result in the evolution of toxic gases or vapours. For certain self-reactive substances, the temperature shall be controlled. Some self-reactive substances may decompose explosively, particularly if confined. This characteristic may be modified by the addition of diluents or by the use of appropriate packagings. Certain self-reactive substances burn vigorously. Self-reactive substances are, for example, some compounds of the types listed below:

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aliphatic azo compounds (-C-N=N-C-); organic azides (-C-N<sub>3</sub>); diazonium salts (-CN<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup> Z'); N-nitroso compounds (-N-N=O); and aromatic sulphohydrazides (-SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-NH<sub>2</sub>).
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This list is not exhaustive and substances with other reactive groups and some mixtures of substances may have similar properties.

Classification

- 2.2.41.1.11 Self-reactive substances are classified into seven types according to the degree of danger they present. The types of self-reactive substances range from type A, which is not accepted for carriage in the packaging in which it is tested, to type G, which is not subject to the provisions for self-reactive substances of Class 4.1. The classification of types B to F is directly related to the maximum quantity allowed in one packaging. The principles to be applied for classification as well as the applicable classification procedures, test methods and criteria and an example of a suitable test report are given in Part II of the Manual of Tests and Criteria.
- 2.2.41.1.12 Self-reactive substances which have already been classified and are already permitted for carriage in packagings are listed in 2.2.41.4, those already permitted for carriage in IBCs are listed in 4.1.4.2 of ADR, packing instruction IBC520 and those already permitted for carriage in portable tanks are listed in 4.2.5.2 of ADR, portable tank instruction T23. Each permitted substance listed is assigned to a generic entry of Table A of Chapter 3.2 (UN Nos. 3221 to 3240), and appropriate subsidiary risks and remarks providing relevant transport information are given.

The collective entries specify:

self-reactive substances types B to F, see 2.2.41.1.11 above;

- physical state (liquid/solid); and
- temperature control (when required), see 2.2.41.1.17 below.

The classification of the self-reactive substances listed in 2.2.41.4 is based on the technically pure substance (except where a concentration of less than 100% is specified).

- 2.2.41.1.13 Classification of self-reactive substances not listed in 2.2.41.4, 4.1.4.2 of ADR, packing instruction IBC520 or 4.2.5.2 of ADR, portable tank instruction T23 and assignment to a collective entry shall be made by the competent authority of the country of origin on the basis of a test report. The statement of approval shall contain the classification and the relevant conditions of carriage. If the country of origin is not a Contracting Party to ADN, the classification and the conditions of carriage shall be recognized by the competent authority of the first country Contracting Party to ADN reached by the consignment.
- 2.2.41.1.14 Activators, such as zinc compounds, may be added to some self-reactive substances to change their reactivity. Depending on both the type and the concentration of the activator, this may result in a decrease in thermal stability and a change in explosive properties. If either of these properties is altered, the new formulation shall be assessed in accordance with the classification procedure.
- 2.2.41.1.15 Samples of self-reactive substances or formulations of self-reactive substances not listed in 2.2.41.4, for which a complete set of test results is not available and which are to be carried for further testing or evaluation, shall be assigned to one of the appropriate entries for self-reactive substances type C provided the following conditions are met:
 - the available data indicate that the sample would be no more dangerous than self-reactive substances type B;
 - the sample is packaged in accordance with packing method OP2 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR and the quantity per cargo transport unit and per transport unit is limited to 10 kg;
 - the available data indicate that the control temperature, if any, is sufficiently low to prevent any dangerous decomposition and sufficiently high to prevent any dangerous phase separation.

Desensitization

2.2.41.1.16 In order to ensure safety during carriage, self-reactive substances are in many cases desensitized by use of a diluent. Where a percentage of a substance is stipulated, this refers to the percentage by mass, rounded to the nearest whole number. If a diluent is used, the self-reactive substance shall be tested with the diluent present in the concentration and form used in carriage. Diluents which may allow a self-reactive substance to concentrate to a dangerous extent in the event of leakage from a packaging shall not be used. Any diluent shall be compatible with the self-reactive substance. In this regard, compatible diluents are those solids or liquids which have no detrimental influence on the thermal stability and hazard type of the self-reactive substance. Liquid diluents in formulations requiring temperature control (see 2.2.41.1.14) shall have a boiling point of at least 60 °C and a flash-point not less than 5 °C. The boiling point of the liquid shall be at least 50 °C higher than the control temperature of the self-reactive substance.

Temperature control requirements

2.2.41.1.17 Certain self-reactive substances may only be carried under temperature controlled conditions. The control temperature is the maximum temperature at which the self-reactive

substance can be safely carried. It is assumed that the temperature of the immediate surroundings of a package only exceeds 55 °C during carriage for a relatively short time in a 24 hour period. In the event of loss of temperature control, it may be necessary to implement emergency procedures. The emergency temperature is the temperature at which such procedures shall be implemented.

The control and emergency temperatures are derived from the SADT (see table 1). The SADT shall be determined in order to decide whether a substance shall be subjected to temperature control during carriage. Provisions for the determination of the SADT are given in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part II, Chapter 20 and Section 28.4.

 Table 1
 Derivation of control and emergency temperatures

Type of receptacle	SADT ^a	Control	Emergency	
		temperature	temperature	
Single packagings and IBCs	20 °C or less	20 °C below SADT	10 °C below SADT	
	over 20 °C to 35 °C	15 °C below SADT	10 °C below SADT	
	over 35 °C	10 °C below SADT	5 °C below SADT	
Tanks	not greater than 50 °C	10 °C below SADT	5 °C below SADT	

^a SADT of the substance as packaged for carriage.

Self-reactive substances with an SADT not greater than 55 °C shall be subject to temperature control during carriage. Where applicable, control and emergency temperatures are listed in 2.2.41.4. The actual temperature during carriage may be lower than the control temperature but shall be selected so as to avoid dangerous separation of phases.

Solid desensitized explosives

2.2.41.1.18 Solid desensitized explosives are substances which are wetted with water or alcohols or are diluted with other substances to suppress their explosive properties. Such entries in Table A of Chapter 3.2 are: UN Nos. 1310, 1320, 1321, 1322, 1336, 1337, 1344, 1347, 1348, 1349, 1354, 1355, 1356, 1357, 1517, 1571, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2852, 2907, 3317, 3319, 3344, 3364, 3365, 3366, 3367, 3368, 3369, 3370, 3376, 3380 and 3474.

Substances related to self-reactive substances

2.2.41.1.19 Substances that:

- (a) have been provisionally accepted into Class 1 according to Test Series 1 and 2 but exempted from Class 1 by Test Series 6;
- (b) are not self-reactive substances of Class 4.1; and
- (c) are not substances of Classes 5.1 or 5.2

are also assigned to Class 4.1. UN Nos. 2956, 3241, 3242 and 3251 are such entries.

2.2.41.2 Substances not accepted for carriage

2.2.41.2.1 The chemically unstable substances of Class 4.1 shall not be accepted for carriage unless the necessary steps have been taken to prevent their dangerous decomposition or polymerization

during carriage. To this end, it shall in particular be ensured that receptacles and tanks do not contain any substance liable to promote these reactions.

- 2.2.41.2.2 Flammable solids, oxidizing, assigned to UN No. 3097 shall not be accepted for carriage unless they meet the requirements for Class 1 (see also 2.1.3.7).
- 2.2.41.2.3 The following substances shall not be accepted for carriage:
 - Self-reactive substances of type A (see Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part II, paragraph 20.4.2 (a));
 - Phosphorus sulphides which are not free from yellow and white phosphorus;
 - Solid densitized explosives other than those listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2;
 - Inorganic flammable substances in the molten form other than UN No. 2448 SULPHUR, MOLTEN;
 - Barium azide with a water content less than 50% (mass).

2.2.41.3 List of collective entries

		organic	F1	3175 SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. 1353 FIBRES IMPREGNATED WITH WEAKLY NITRATED NITROCELLULOSE, N.O.S.
				or 1353 FABRICS IMPREGNATED WITH WEAKLY NITRATED NITROCELLULOSE,
				N.O.S. 1325 FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
		organic		
	without subsidiary	molten	F2	3176 FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, MOLTEN, N.O.S.
	risk			3089 METAL POWDER, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. ^{a b}
		inorganic	F3	3181 METAL SALTS OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
				3182 METAL HYDRIDES, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. c 3178 FLAMMABLE SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
Flammable				
solids oxidizing		FO	3097 FLAMMABLE SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (not allowed, see 2.2.41.2.2)	
	toxic	organic	FT1	2926 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
		inorganic	FT2	3179 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
		organic	FC1	2925 FLAMMABLE SOLID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
	corrosive FC		ECO	
	rc	inorganic	FC2	3180 FLAMMABLE SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
				3319 NITROGLYCERIN MIXTURE, DESENSITIZED, SOLID, N.O.S. with more than 2% but not more than 10% nitroglycerin by mass
without subsidiary risk		bsidiary risk	D	3344 PENTAERYTHRITE TETRANITRATE (PENTAERYTHRITOL TETRANITRATE, PETN) MIXTURE, DESENSITIZED, SOLID, N.O.S. with more than 10% but not more
Solid desen-				than 20% PETN by mass 3380 DESENSITIZED EXPLOSIVE, SOLID, N.O.S.
sitized explosives				
explosives	1			Only substances listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2 are to be accepted for carriage as substances of
	toxic		DT	Class 4.1
				SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE A SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE
				3221 SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE B
				3222 SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE B 3223 SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE C
				3224 SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE C
			~~.	3225 SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE D
	not requiring temperature control		SR1	3226 SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE D 3227 SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE E
				3228 SELF-REACTIVE EIQUID TYPE E 3228 SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE E
				3229 SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE F
				3230 SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE F
				SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE G Not subject to the provisions applicable to
Self-				SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE G Class 4.1, see 2.2.41.1.11
reactive substances				3231 SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE B, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
SR	1			3232 SELF-REACTIVE EIQUID TITE B, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED 3232 SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE B, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
SIC .				3233 SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE C, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
	requiring t	emperature		3234 SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE C, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
	control		SR2	3235 SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE D, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
	· · · · · ·			3236 SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE D, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
				3237 SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE E, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
				3238 SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE E, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
				3239 SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE F, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
				3240 SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE F, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED

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^a Metals and metal alloys in powdered or other flammable form, liable to spontaneous combustion, are substances of Class 4.2.

Metals and metal alloys in powdered or other flammable form, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases, are substances of Class 4.3.

Metals hydrides which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, are substances of Class 4.3. Aluminium borohydride or aluminium borohydride in devices are substances of Class 4.2, UN No. 2870.

2.2.41.4 List of currently assigned self-reactive substances in packagings

In the column "Packing Method" codes "OP1" to "OP8" refer to packing methods in 4.1.4.1 of ADR, packing instruction P520 (see also 4.1.7.1 of ADR). Self-reactive substances to be carried shall fulfil the classification and the control and emergency temperatures (derived from the SADT) as listed. For substances permitted in IBCs, see 4.1.4.2 of ADR, packing instruction IBC520 and, for those permitted in tanks according Chapter 4.2 of ADR, see 4.2.5.2 of ADR, portable tank instruction T23.

NOTE: The classification given in this table is based on the technically pure substance (except where a concentration of less than 100 % is specified). For other concentrations, the substance may be classified differently following the procedures given in Part II of the Manual of Tests and Criteria and in 2.2.41.1.17.

SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCE	Concentration (%)	Packing method	Control temperature (°C)	Emergency temperature (°C)	UN generic entry	Remarks
ACETONE-PYROGALLOL COPOLYMER 2-DIAZO-1-NAPHTHOL-5-SULPHONATE		OP8			3228	
AZODICARBONAMIDE FORMULATION TYPE B, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	< 100	OP5			3232	(1) (2)
AZODICARBONAMIDE FORMULATION TYPE C	< 100	OP6			3224	(3)
AZODICARBONAMIDE FORMULATION TYPE C, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	< 100	OP6			3234	(4)
AZODICARBONAMIDE FORMULATION TYPE D	< 100	OP7			3226	(5)
AZODICARBONAMIDE FORMULATION TYPE D, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	< 100	OP7			3236	(6)
2,2' -AZODI(2,4-DIMETHYL- 4-METHOXYVALERONITRILE)	100	OP7	-5	+5	3236	
2,2' -AZODI(2,4-DIMETHYL- VALERONITRILE)	100	OP7	+10	+15	3236	
2,2' -AZODI(ETHYL- 2-METHYLPROPIONATE)	100	OP7	+20	+25	3235	
1,1-AZODI(HEXAHYDROBENZONITRILE)	100	OP7			3226	
2,2' -AZODI(ISOBUTYRONITRILE	100	OP6	+40	+45	3234	
2,2' -AZODI(ISOBUTYRONITRILE) as a water based paste	≤ 50	OP6			3224	
2,2' -AZODI(2-METHYLBUTYRO- NITRILE)	100	OP7	+35	+40	3236	
BENZENE-1,3-DISULPHONYL HYDRAZIDE, as a paste	52	OP7			3226	
BENZENE SULPHONYL HYDRAZIDE	100	OP7			3226	
4-(BENZYL(ETHYL)AMINO)-3-ETHOXY- BENZENEDIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	100	OP7			3226	
4-(BENZYL(METHYL)AMINO)-3- ETHOXYBENZENEDIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	100	OP7	+40	+45	3236	
3-CHLORO-4-DIETHYLAMINOBENZENE- DIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	100	OP7			3226	

2.2.41.4 List of currently assigned self-reactive substances in packagings (cont'd)

SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCE	Concentration (%)	Packing method	Control temperature (°C)	Emergency temperature (°C)	UN generic entry	Remarks
2-DIAZO-1-NAPHTHOL-4-SULPHONYL CHLORIDE	100	OP5	(C)	(C)	3222	(2)
2-DIAZO-1-NAPHTHOL-5-SULPHONYL CHLORIDE	100	OP5			3222	(2)
2-DIAZO-1-NAPHTHOL SULPHONIC ACID ESTER MIXTURE, TYPE D	< 100	OP7			3226	(9)
2,5-DIBUTOXY-4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)- BENZENEDIAZONIUM, TETRACHLOROZINCATE (2:1)	100	OP8			3228	
2,5-DIETHOXY-4-MORPHOLINO- BENZENEDIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	67-100	OP7	+35	+40	3236	
2,5-DIETHOXY-4-MORPHOLINO- BENZENEDIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	66	OP7	+40	+45	3236	
2,5-DIETHOXY-4-MORPHOLINO- BENZENEDIAZONIUM TETRAFLUOROBORATE	100	OP7	+30	+35	3236	
2,5-DIETHOXY-4-(4-MORPHOLINYL)- BENZENEDIAZONIUM SULPHATE	100	OP7			3226	
2,5-DIETHOXY-4-(PHENYLSULPHONYL)- BENZENEDIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	67	OP7	+40	+45	3236	
DIETHYLENEGLYCOL BIS (ALLYL CARBONATE) + DI- ISOPROPYLPEROXYDICARBONATE	≥ 88 + ≤ 12	OP8	-10	0	3237	
2,5-DIMETHOXY-4-(4-METHYL- PHENYLSULPHONYL)BENZENE- DIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	79	OP7	+40	+45	3236	
4-(DIMETHYLAMINO)- BENZENEDIAZONIUM TRICHLOROZINCATE (-1)	100	OP8			3228	
4-DIMETHYLAMINO-6-(2-DIMETHYL- AMINOETHOXY) TOLUENE- 2-DIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	100	OP7	+40	+45	3236	
N,N'-DINITROSO-N,N'- DIMETHYL TEREPHTHALAMIDE, as a paste	72	OP6			3224	
N,N'-DINITROSOPENTAMETHYLENE- TETRAMINE	82	OP6			3224	(7)
DIPHENYLOXIDE-4,4'-DISULPHONYL HYDRAZIDE	100	OP7			3226	
4-DIPROPYLAMINOBENZENE- DIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	100	OP7			3226	
2-(N,N-ETHOXYCARBONYL- PHENYLAMINO)-3-METHOXY-4- (N-METHYL-N-CYCLOHEXYLAMINO) BENZENEDIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	63-92	OP7	+ 40	+ 45	3236	
2-(N,N-ETHOXYCARBONYL- PHENYLAMINO)-3-METHOXY-4- (N-METHYL-N-CYCLOHEXYLAMINO) BENZENEDIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	62	OP7	+ 35	+ 40	3236	

2.2.41.4 List of currently assigned self-reactive substances in packagings (cont'd)

SELF-REACTIVE SUBSTANCE	Concentration (%)	Packing method	Control temperature (°C)	Emergency temperature (°C)	UN generic entry	Remarks
N-FORMYL-2-(NITROMETHYLENE) -1,3-PERHYDROTHIAZINE	100	OP7	+45	+50	3236	
2-(2-HYDROXYETHOXY)-1- (PYRROLIDIN-1-YL)BENZENE-4- DIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	100	OP7	+ 45	+ 50	3236	
3-(2-HYDROXYETHOXY)-4- (PYRROLIDIN-1-YL)BENZENE DIAZONIUM ZINC CHLORIDE	100	OP7	+40	+45	3236	
2-(N,N-METHYLAMINOETHYL- CARBONYL)-4-(3,4-DIMETHYL- PHENYLSULPHONYL)BENZENE- DIAZONIUM HYDROGEN SULPHATE	96	OP7	+45	+50	3236	
4-METHYLBENZENESULPHONYL- HYDRAZIDE	100	OP7			3226	
3-METHYL-4-(PYRROLIDIN-1-YL) BENZENEDIAZONIUM TETRAFLUOROBORATE	95	OP6	+45	+50	3234	
4-NITROSOPHENOL	100	OP7	+35	+40	3236	
SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID, SAMPLE		OP2			3223	(8)
SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID, SAMPLE, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED		OP2			3233	(8)
SELF-REACTIVE SOLID, SAMPLE		OP2			3224	(8)
SELF-REACTIVE SOLID, SAMPLE, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED		OP2			3234	(8)
SODIUM 2-DIAZO-1-NAPHTHOL- 4-SULPHONATE	100	OP7			3226	
SODIUM 2-DIAZO-1-NAPHTHOL- 5-SULPHONATE	100	OP7			3226	
TETRAMINE PALLADIUM (II) NITRATE	100	OP6	+30	+35	3234	

Remarks

- (1) Azodicarbonamide formulations which fulfil the criteria of paragraph 20.4.2 (b) of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*. The control and emergency temperatures shall be determined by the procedure given in 2.2.41.1.17.
- (2) "EXPLOSIVE" subsidiary risk label required (Model No. 1, see 5.2.2.2.2).
- (3) Azodicarbonamide formulations which fulfil the criteria of paragraph 20.4.2 (c) of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*.
- (4) Azodicarbonamide formulations which fulfil the criteria of paragraph 20.4.2 (c) of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*. The control and emergency temperatures shall be determined by the procedure given in 2.2.41.1.17.
- (5) Azodicarbonamide formulations which fulfil the criteria of paragraph 20.4.2 (d) of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*.
- (6) Azodicarbonamide formulations which fulfil the criteria of paragraph 20.4.2 (d) of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*. The control and emergency temperatures shall be determined by the procedure given in 2.2.41.1.17.

- (7) With a compatible diluent having a boiling point of not less than 150 °C.
- (8) See 2.2.41.1.15.
- (9) This entry applies to mixtures of esters of 2-diazo-1-naphthol-4-sulphonic acid and 2-diazo-1-naphthol-5-sulphonic acid which fulfil the criteria of paragraph 20.4.2 (d) of the *Manual of Test and Criteria*.

2.2.42 Class 4.2 Substances liable to spontaneous combustion

2.2.42.1 *Criteria*

- 2.2.42.1.1 The heading of Class 4.2 covers:
 - Pyrophoric substances which are substances, including mixtures and solutions (liquid or solid), which even in small quantities ignite on contact with air within five minutes.
 These are the Class 4.2 substances, the most liable to spontaneous combustion; and
 - Self-heating substances and articles which are substances and articles, including
 mixtures and solutions, which, on contact with air, without energy supply, are liable to
 self-heating. These substances will ignite only in large amounts (kilogrammes) and
 after long periods of time (hours or days).
- 2.2.42.1.2 The substances and articles of Class 4.2 are subdivided as follows:
 - S Substances liable to spontaneous combustion, without subsidiary risk:
 - S1 Organic, liquid;
 - S2 Organic, solid;
 - S3 Inorganic, liquid;
 - S4 Inorganic, solid;
 - S5 Organometallic;
 - SW Substances liable to spontaneous combustion, which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases;
 - SO Substances liable to spontaneous combustion, oxidizing;
 - ST Substances liable to spontaneous combustion, toxic:
 - ST1 Organic, toxic, liquid;
 - ST2 Organic, toxic, solid;
 - ST3 Inorganic, toxic, liquid;
 - ST4 Inorganic, toxic, solid;
 - SC Substances liable to spontaneous combustion, corrosive:
 - SC1 Organic, corrosive, liquid;
 - SC2 Organic, corrosive, solid;
 - SC3 Inorganic, corrosive, liquid;
 - SC4 Inorganic, corrosive, solid.

Properties

2.2.42.1.3 Self-heating of a substance is a process where the gradual reaction of that substance with oxygen (in air) generates heat. If the rate of heat production exceeds the rate of heat loss, then the temperature of the substance will rise which, after an induction time, may lead to self-ignition and combustion.

Classification

- 2.2.42.1.4 Substances and articles classified in Class 4.2 are listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2. The assignment of substances and articles not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 to the relevant specific N.O.S. entry of 2.2.42.3 in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 2.1 can be based on experience or the results of the test procedures in accordance with the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Section 33.3. Assignment to general N.O.S. entries of Class 4.2 shall be based on the results of the test procedures in accordance with the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, section 33.3; experience shall also be taken into account when it leads to a more stringent assignment.
- 2.2.42.1.5 When substances or articles not mentioned by name are assigned to one of the entries listed in 2.2.42.3 on the basis of the test procedures in accordance with the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, section 33.3, the following criteria shall apply:
 - (a) Solids liable to spontaneous combustion (pyrophoric) shall be assigned to Class 4.2 when they ignite on falling from a height of 1 m or within five minutes;
 - (b) Liquids liable to spontaneous combustion (pyrophoric) shall be assigned to Class 4.2 when:
 - (i) on being poured on an inert carrier, they ignite within five minutes, or
 - (ii) in the event of a negative result of the test according to (i), when poured on a dry, indented filter paper (Whatman No. 3 filter), they ignite or carbonize it within five minutes;
 - (c) Substances in which, in a 10 cm sample cube, at 140 °C test temperature, spontaneous combustion or a rise in temperature to over 200 °C is observed within 24 hours shall be assigned to Class 4.2. This criterion is based on the temperature of the spontaneous combustion of charcoal, which is at 50 °C for a sample cube of 27 m³. Substances with a temperature of spontaneous combustion higher than 50 °C for a volume of 27 m³ are not to be assigned to Class 4.2.
 - **NOTE 1**: Substances carried in packages with a volume of not more than 3 m^3 are exempted from Class 4.2 if, tested with a 10 cm sample cube at 120 °C, no spontaneous combustion nor a rise in temperature to over 180 °C is observed within 24 hours.
 - **NOTE 2:** Substances carried in packages with a volume of not more than 450 litres are exempted from Class 4.2 if, tested with a 10 cm sample cube at 100 °C, no spontaneous combustion nor a rise in temperature to over 160 °C is observed within 24 hours.
 - **NOTE 3:** Since organometallic substances can be classified in Class 4.2 or 4.3 with additional subsidiary risks, depending on their properties, a specific classification flow chart for these substances is given in 2.3.5.
- 2.2.42.1.6 If substances of Class 4.2, as a result of admixtures, come into different categories of risk from those to which the substances mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 belong, these mixtures shall be assigned to the entries to which they belong on the basis of their actual degree of danger.

NOTE: For the classification of solutions and mixtures (such as preparations and wastes), see also 2.1.3.

2.2.42.1.7 On the basis of the test procedure in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, section 33.3 and the criteria set out in 2.2.42.1.5, it may also be determined whether the nature of a substance mentioned by name is such that the substance is not subject to the provisions for this Class.

Assignment of packing groups

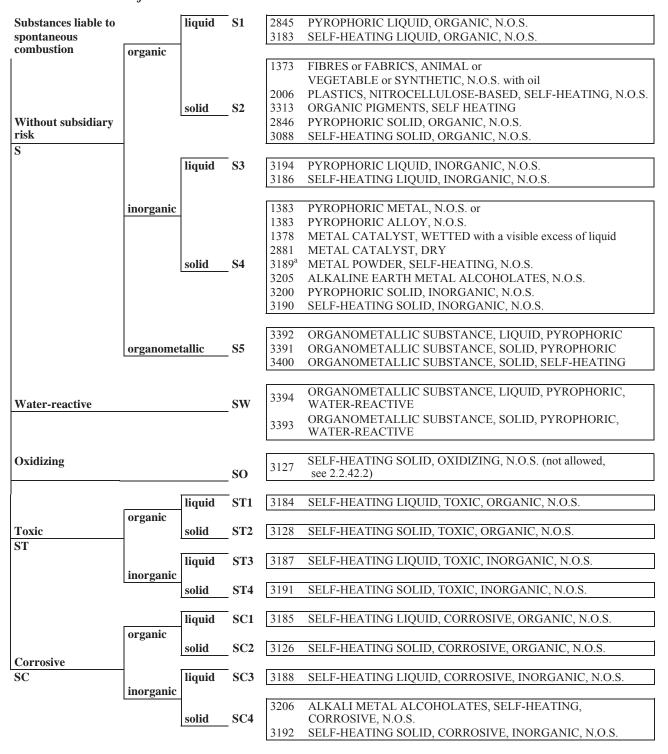
- 2.2.42.1.8 Substances and articles classified under the various entries in Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall be assigned to packing groups I, II or III on the basis of test procedures of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, section 33.3, in accordance with the following criteria:
 - (a) Substances liable to spontaneous combustion (pyrophoric) shall be assigned to packing group I;
 - (b) Self-heating substances and articles in which, in a 2.5 cm sample cube, at 140 °C test temperature, spontaneous combustion or a rise in temperature to over 200 °C is observed within 24 hours, shall be assigned to packing group II; Substances with a temperature of spontaneous combustion higher than 50 °C for a volume of 450 litres are not to be assigned to packing group II;
 - (c) Slightly self-heating substances in which, in a 2.5 cm sample cube, the phenomena referred to under (b) are not observed, in the given conditions, but in which in a 10 cm sample cube at 140 °C test temperature spontaneous combustion or a rise in temperature to over 200 °C is observed within 24 hours, shall be assigned to packing group III.

2.2.42.2 Substances not accepted for carriage

The following substances shall not be accepted for carriage:

- UN No. 3255 tert-BUTYL HYPOCHLORITE; and
- Self-heating solids, oxidizing, assigned to UN No. 3127 unless they meet the requirements for Class 1 (see 2.1.3.7).

2.2.42.3 List of collective entries



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Dust and powder of metals, non toxic in a non-spontaneous combustible form which nevertheless, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, are substances of Class 4.3.

2.2.43 Class 4.3 Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases

2.2.43.1 *Criteria*

- 2.2.43.1.1 The heading of Class 4.3 covers substances which react with water to emit flammable gases liable to form explosive mixtures with air, and articles containing such substances.
- 2.2.43.1.2 Substances and articles of Class 4.3 are subdivided as follows:
 - W Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, without subsidiary risk, and articles containing such substances:
 - W1 Liquid;
 - W2 Solid;
 - W3 Articles;
 - WF1 Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, liquid, flammable;
 - WF2 Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, solid, flammable;
 - WS Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, solid, self-heating;
 - WO Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, oxidizing, solid;
 - WT Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, toxic:
 - WT1 Liquid;
 - WT2 Solid;
 - WC Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, corrosive:
 - WC1 Liquid;
 - WC2 Solid;

WFC Substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, flammable, corrosive.

Properties

2.2.43.1.3 Certain substances in contact with water may emit flammable gases that can form explosive mixtures with air. Such mixtures are easily ignited by all ordinary sources of ignition, for example naked lights, sparking handtools or unprotected lamps. The resulting blast wave and flames may endanger people and the environment. The test method referred to in 2.2.43.1.4 below is used to determine whether the reaction of a substance with water leads to the development of a dangerous amount of gases which may be flammable. This test method shall not be applied to pyrophoric substances.

Classification

2.2.43.1.4 Substances and articles classified in Class 4.3 are listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2. The assignment of substances and articles not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 to the relevant entry of 2.2.43.3 in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 2.1 shall be based on the results of the test procedure in accordance with the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Section 33.4; experience shall also be taken into account when it leads to a more stringent assignment.

2.2.43.1.5 When substances not mentioned by name are assigned to one of the entries listed in 2.2.43.3 on the basis of the test procedure in accordance with the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Section 33.4, the following criteria shall apply:

A substance shall be assigned to Class 4.3 if:

- (a) spontaneous ignition of the gas emitted takes place in any step of the test procedure; or
- (b) there is an evolution of flammable gas at a rate greater than 1 litre per kilogram of the substance to be tested per hour.

NOTE: Since organometallic substances can be classified in Classes 4.2 or 4.3 with additional subsidiary risks, depending on their properties, a specific classification flow chart for these substances is given in 2.3.5.

2.2.43.1.6 If substances of Class 4.3, as a result of admixtures, come into different categories of risk from those to which the substances mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 belong, these mixtures shall be assigned to the entries to which they belong on the basis of their actual degree of danger.

NOTE: For the classification of solutions and mixtures (such as preparations and wastes) see also 2.1.3.

2.2.43.1.7 On the basis of the test procedures in accordance with the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Section 33.4, and the criteria set out in paragraph 2.2.43.1.5, it may also be determined whether the nature of a substance mentioned by name is such that the substance is not subject to the provisions for this Class.

Assignment of packing groups

- 2.2.43.1.8 Substances and articles classified under the various entries in Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall be assigned to packing groups I, II or III on the basis of test procedures of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, section 33.4, in accordance with the following criteria:
 - (a) Packing group I shall be assigned to any substance which reacts vigorously with water at ambient temperature and generally demonstrates a tendency for the gas produced to ignite spontaneously, or one which reacts readily with water at ambient temperatures such that the rate of evolution of flammable gas is equal to or greater than 10 litres per kilogram of substance over any one minute period;
 - (b) Packing group II shall be assigned to any substance which reacts readily with water at ambient temperature such that the maximum rate of evolution of flammable gas is equal to or greater than 20 litres per kilogram of substance per hour, and which does not meet the criteria of packing group I;
 - (c) Packing group III shall be assigned to any substance which reacts slowly with water at ambient temperature such that the maximum rate of evolution of flammable gas is greater than 1 litre per kilogram of substance per hour, and which does not meet the criteria of packing groups I or II.

2.2.43.2 Substances not accepted for carriage

Water-reactive solids, oxidizing, assigned to UN No. 3133, shall not be accepted for carriage unless they meet the requirements for Class 1 (see also 2.1.3.7).

2.2.43.3 List of collective entries

Substances which, in			1389 ALKALI METAL AMALGAM, LIQUID
contact with water, emit			1391 ALKALI METAL DISPERSION or
flammable gases			1391 ALKALINE EARTH METAL DISPERSION
			1392 ALKALINE EARTH METAL AMALGAM, LIQUID
			1420 POTASSIUM METAL ALLOYS, LIQUID
	liquid	W1	1421 ALKALI METAL ALLOY, LIQUID, N.O.S.
	nquiu	***	1422 POTASSIUM SODIUM ALLOYS, LIQUID
			3398 ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE
			3148 WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
			5146 WILLER REACTIVE ENQUED, N.O.S.
			1390 ALKALI METAL AMIDES
Without subsidious nigh	solid	8	3401 ALKALI METAL AMALGAM, SOLID
Without subsidiary risk	Solid	W2 ^a	
			3402 ALKALINE EARTH METAL AMALGAM, SOLID
W			3170 ALUMINIUM SMELTING BY-PRODUCTS or
			3170 ALUMINIUM REMELTING BY-PRODUCTS
			3403 POTASSIUM METAL ALLOYS, SOLID
			3404 POTASSIUM SODIUM ALLOYS, SOLID
			1393 ALKALINE EARTH METAL ALLOY, N.O.S.
			1409 METAL HYDRIDES, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.
			3208 METALLIC SUBSTANCE, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.
			3395 ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER-REACTIVE
			2813 WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, N.O.S.
			3292 BATTERIES, CONTAINING SODIUM or
	articles	W3	3292 CELLS, CONTAINING SODIUM
			3482 ALKALI METAL DISPERSION, FLAMMABLE or
			3482 ALKALINE EARTH METAL DISPERSION, FLAMMABLE
Liquid, flammable		– WF1	3399 ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE,
		****	FLAMMABLE
			ODGANOMETALLIG GUDGTANGE GOLID WATER REACTIVE
			ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER-REACTIVE,
		******	FLAMMABLE
Solid, flammable		_ WF2	3132 WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
			2207 ODGANOMETALLIG GUDGTANGE GOLID WATER REACTIVE GELE
G 11 1 101		WS b	3397 ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER-REACTIVE, SELF-
Solid, self-heating		_	HEATING
			3209 METALLIC SUBSTANCE, WATER-REACTIVE, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.
			3135 WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.
C-1:4:4:-:		WO	2122 WATER REACTIVE COLID OVIDIZING NO.C. (4 11 1 22.42.2)
Solid, oxidizing		_ wo	3133 WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. (not allowed, see 2.2.43.2)
	liquid	WT1	3130 WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Transia	liquid	VV I I	3130 WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Toxic	-		
WT		XX/TO	2124 WATER REACTIVE COLID TOYIC NO.C
	solid	WT2	3134 WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	liant a	WC1	2120 WATER REACTIVE LIQUID CORROSIVE NO.0
Commonity	liquid	WC1	3129 WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
Corrosive WC	-		
"	solid	WC2	3131 WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
	solid	VV C2	JIJI WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
		TTTT C C	2988 CHLOROSILANES, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, NO.S.
Flammable, corrosive		WFC c	
			(No other collective entry with this classification code available; if need be, classification
			under a collective entry with a classification code to be determined according to the table of
			precedence of hazards in 2.1.3.10.)

Metals and metal alloys which, in contact with water, do not emit flammable gases and are not pyrophoric or self-heating, but which are readily flammable, are substances of Class 4.1. Alkaline-earth metals and alkaline-earth metal alloys in pyrophoric form are substances of Class 4.2. Dust and powders of metals in pyrophoric form are substances of Class 4.2. Metals and metal alloys in pyrophoric form are substances of Class 4.2. Compounds of phosphorus with heavy metals such as iron, copper, etc. are not subject to the provisions of ADN.

Metals and metal alloys in pyrophoric form are substances of Class 4.2.

^c Chlorosilanes, having a flash-point of less than 23 °C and which, in contact with water, do not emit flammable gases, are substances of Class 3. Chlorosilanes, having a flash-point equal to or greater than 23 °C and which, in contact with water, do not emit flammable gases, are substances of Class 8.

2.2.51 Class 5.1 Oxidizing substances

2.2.51.1 *Criteria*

- 2.2.51.1.1 The heading of Class 5.1 covers substances which, while in themselves not necessarily combustible, may, generally by yielding oxygen, cause or contribute to the combustion of other materials and articles containing such substances.
- 2.2.51.1.2 The substances of Class 5.1 and articles containing such substances are subdivided as follows:
 - O Oxidizing substances without subsidiary risk or articles containing such substances:
 - O1 Liquid;
 - O2 Solid;
 - O3 Articles;
 - OF Oxidizing substances, solid, flammable;
 - OS Oxidizing substances, solid, self-heating;
 - OW Oxidizing substances, solid which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases;
 - OT Oxidizing substances, toxic:
 - OT1 Liquid;
 - OT2 Solid;
 - OC Oxidizing substances, corrosive:
 - OC1 Liquid;
 - OC2 Solid;
 - OTC Oxidizing substances, toxic, corrosive.
- 2.2.51.1.3 Substances and articles classified in Class 5.1 are listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2. The assignment of substances and articles not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 to the relevant entry of 2.2.51.3 in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 2.1 can be based on the tests, methods and criteria in paragraphs 2.2.51.1.6 to 2.2.51.1.9 below and the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Section 34.4. In the event of divergence between test results and known experience, judgement based on known experience shall take precedence over test results.
- 2.2.51.1.4 If substances of Class 5.1, as a result of admixtures, come into different categories of risk from those to which the substances mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 belong, these mixtures or solutions shall be assigned to the entries to which they belong on the basis of their actual degree of danger.

NOTE: For the classification of solutions and mixtures (such as preparations and wastes), see also Section 2.1.3.

2.2.51.1.5 On the basis of the test procedures in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Section 34.4 and the criteria set out in 2.2.51.1.6-2.2.51.1.9 it may also be determined whether the nature of a substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 is such that the substance is not subject to the provisions for this class.

Oxidizing solids

Classification

- 2.2.51.1.6 When oxidizing solid substances not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 are assigned to one of the entries listed in 2.2.51.3 on the basis of the test procedure in accordance with the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 34.4.1 (test O.1) or alternatively, sub-section 34.4.3 (test O.3), the following criteria shall apply:
 - (a) In the test O.1, a solid substance shall be assigned to Class 5.1 if, in the 4:1 or the 1:1 sample-to-cellulose ratio (by mass) tested, it ignites or burns or exhibits mean burning times equal to or less than that of a 3:7 mixture (by mass) of potassium bromate and cellulose; or
 - (b) In the test O.3, a solid substance shall be assigned to Class 5.1 if, in the 4:1 or the 1:1 sample-to-cellulose ratio (by mass) tested, it exhibits a mean burning rate equal to or greater than the mean burning rate of a 1:2 mixture (by mass) of calcium peroxide and cellulose.

Assignment of packing groups

2.2.51.1.7 Oxidizing solids classified under the various entries in Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall be assigned to packing groups I, II or III on the basis of test procedures of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 34.4.1 (test O.1) or sub-section 34.4.3 (test O.3), in accordance with the following criteria:

(a) Test O.1:

- (i) Packing group I: any substance which, in the 4:1 or 1:1 sample-to-cellulose ratio (by mass) tested, exhibits a mean burning time less than the mean burning time of a 3:2 mixture, by mass, of potassium bromate and cellulose;
- (ii) Packing group II: any substance which, in the 4:1 or 1:1 sample-to-cellulose ratio (by mass) tested, exhibits a mean burning time equal to or less than the mean burning time of a 2:3 mixture (by mass) of potassium bromate and cellulose and the criteria for packing group I are not met;
- (iii) Packing group III: any substance which, in the 4:1 or 1:1 sample-to-cellulose ratio (by mass) tested, exhibits a mean burning time equal to or less than the mean burning time of a 3:7 mixture (by mass) of potassium bromate and cellulose and the criteria for packing groups I and II are not met;

(b) Test O.3:

- (i) Packing group I: any substance which, in the 4:1 or 1:1 sample-to-cellulose ratio (by mass) tested, exhibits a mean burning rate greater than the mean burning rate of a 3:1 mixture (by mass) of calcium peroxide and cellulose;
- (ii) Packing group II: any substance which, in the 4:1 or 1:1 sample-to-cellulose ratio (by mass) tested, exhibits a mean burning rate equal to or greater than the mean burning rate of a 1:1 mixture (by mass) of calcium peroxide and cellulose, and the criteria for packing group I are not met;

(iii) Packing group III: any substance which, in the 4:1 or 1:1 sample-to-cellulose ratio (by mass) tested, exhibits a mean burning rate equal to or greater than the mean burning rate of a 1:2 mixture (by mass) of calcium peroxide and cellulose, and the criteria for packing groups I and II are not met.

Oxidizing liquids

Classification

2.2.51.1.8 When oxidizing liquid substances not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 are assigned to one of the entries listed in sub-section 2.2.51.3 on the basis of the test procedure in accordance with the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 34.4.2, the following criteria shall apply:

A liquid substance shall be assigned to Class 5.1 if, in the 1:1 mixture, by mass, of substance and cellulose tested, it exhibits a pressure rise of 2070 kPa gauge or more and a mean pressure rise time equal to or less than the mean pressure rise time of a 1:1 mixture, by mass, of 65% aqueous nitric acid and cellulose.

Assignment of packing groups

- 2.2.51.1.9 Oxidizing liquids classified under the various entries in Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall be assigned to packing groups I, II or III on the basis of test procedures of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, section 34.4.2, in accordance with the following criteria:
 - (a) Packing group I: any substance which, in the 1:1 mixture, by mass, of substance and cellulose tested, spontaneously ignites; or the mean pressure rise time of a 1:1 mixture, by mass, of substance and cellulose is less than that of a 1:1 mixture, by mass, of 50% perchloric acid and cellulose;
 - (b) Packing group II: any substance which, in the 1:1 mixture, by mass, of substance and cellulose tested, exhibits a mean pressure rise time less than or equal to the mean pressure rise time of a 1:1 mixture, by mass, of 40% aqueous sodium chlorate solution and cellulose; and the criteria for packing group I are not met;
 - (c) Packing group III: any substance which, in the 1:1 mixture, by mass, of substance and cellulose tested, exhibits a mean pressure rise time less than or equal to the mean pressure rise time of a 1:1 mixture, by mass, of 65% aqueous nitric acid and cellulose; and the criteria for packing groups I and II are not met.

2.2.51.2 Substances not accepted for carriage

- 2.2.51.2.1 The chemically unstable substances of Class 5.1 shall not be accepted for carriage unless the necessary steps have been taken to prevent their dangerous decomposition or polymerization during carriage. To this end it shall in particular be ensured that receptacles and tanks do not contain any material liable to promote these reactions.
- 2.2.51.2.2 The following substances and mixtures shall not be accepted for carriage:
 - oxidizing solids, self-heating, assigned to UN No. 3100, oxidizing solids, water-reactive, assigned to UN No. 3121 and oxidizing solids, flammable, assigned to UN No. 3137, unless they meet the requirements for Class 1 (see also 2.1.3.7);
 - hydrogen peroxide, not stabilized or hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solutions, not stabilized containing more than 60 % hydrogen peroxide;

- tetranitromethane not free from combustible impurities;
- perchloric acid solutions containing more than 72 % (mass) acid, or mixtures of perchloric acid with any liquid other than water;
- chloric acid solution containing more than 10 % chloric acid or mixtures of chloric acid with any liquid other than water;
- halogenated fluor compounds other than UN Nos. 1745 BROMINE PENTAFLUORIDE; 1746 BROMINE TRIFLUORIDE and 2495 IODINE PENTAFLUORIDE of Class 5.1 as well as UN Nos. 1749 CHLORINE TRIFLUORIDE and 2548 CHLORINE PENTAFLUORIDE of Class 2;
- ammonium chlorate and its aqueous solutions and mixtures of a chlorate with an ammonium salt;
- ammonium chlorite and its aqueous solutions and mixtures of a chlorite with an ammonium salt;
- mixtures of a hypochlorite with an ammonium salt;
- ammonium bromate and its aqueous solutions and mixtures of a bromate with an ammonium salt;
- ammonium permanganate and its aqueous solutions and mixtures of a permanganate with an ammonium salt;
- ammonium nitrate containing more than 0.2 % combustible substances (including any organic substance calculated as carbon) unless it is a constituent of a substance or article of Class 1;
- fertilizers having an ammonium nitrate content (in determining the ammonium nitrate content, all nitrate ions for which a molecular equivalent of ammonium ions is present in the mixture shall be calculated as ammonium nitrate) or a content in combustible substances exceeding the values specified in special provision 307 except under the conditions applicable to Class 1;
- ammonium nitrite and its aqueous solutions and mixtures of an inorganic nitrite with an ammonium salt;
- mixtures of potassium nitrate, sodium nitrite and an ammonium salt.

2.2.51.3 List of collective entries

Oxidizing substances and articles containing such substances	Liquid	O1	3210 CHLORATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. 3211 PERCHLORATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. 3213 BROMATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. 3214 PERMANGANATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. 3216 PERSULPHATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. 3218 NITRATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. 3219 NITRITES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S. 3139 OXIDIZING LIQUID, N.O.S.
Without subsidiary risk O	Solid	O2	1450 BROMATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S 1461 CHLORATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 1462 CHLORITES, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 1477 NITRATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S 1481 PERCHLORATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 1482 PERMANGANATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 1483 PEROXIDES, INORGANIC, N.O.S 2627 NITRITES, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 3212 HYPOCHLORITES, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 3215 PERSULPHATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 1479 OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S.
	Articles	03	3356 OXYGEN GENERATOR, CHEMICAL
Solid, flammable		OF	3137 OXIDIZING SOLID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (not allowed, see 2.2.51.2)
Solid, self-heating		os	3100 OXIDIZING SOLID, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S. (not allowed, see 2.2.51.2)
Solid, water reactive		ow	3121 OXIDIZING SOLID, WATER REACTIVE, N.O.S. (not allowed, see 2.2.51.2)
Toxic	Liquid	OT1	3099 OXIDIZING LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
ОТ	Solid	OT2	3087 OXIDIZING SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
Corrosive	Liquid	OC1	3098 OXIDIZING LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
oc	Solid	OC2	3085 OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
Toxic, corrosive		отс	(No collective entry with this classification code available; if need be, classification under a collective entry with a classification code to be determined according to the table of precedence of hazards in 2.1.3.10.)

2.2.52 Class 5.2 Organic peroxides

2.2.52.1 *Criteria*

- 2.2.52.1.1 The heading of Class 5.2 covers organic peroxides and formulations of organic peroxides.
- 2.2.52.1.2 The substances of Class 5.2 are subdivided as follows:
 - P1 Organic peroxides, not requiring temperature control;
 - P2 Organic peroxides, requiring temperature control.

Definition

2.2.52.1.3 *Organic peroxides* are organic substances which contain the bivalent -O-O- structure and may be considered derivatives of hydrogen peroxide, where one or both of the hydrogen atoms have been replaced by organic radicals.

Properties

2.2.52.1.4 Organic peroxides are liable to exothermic decomposition at normal or elevated temperatures. The decomposition can be initiated by heat, contact with impurities (e.g. acids, heavy-metal compounds, amines), friction or impact. The rate of decomposition increases with temperature and varies with the organic peroxide formulation. Decomposition may result in the evolution of harmful, or flammable, gases or vapours. For certain organic peroxides the temperature shall be controlled during carriage. Some organic peroxides may decompose explosively, particularly if confined. This characteristic may be modified by the addition of diluents or by the use of appropriate packagings. Many organic peroxides burn vigorously. Contact of organic peroxides with the eyes is to be avoided. Some organic peroxides will cause serious injury to the cornea, even after brief contact, or will be corrosive to the skin.

NOTE: Test methods for determining the flammability of organic peroxides are set out in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 32.4. Because organic peroxides may react vigorously when heated, it is recommended to determine their flash-point using small sample sizes such as described in ISO 3679:1983.

Classification

- 2.2.52.1.5 Any organic peroxide shall be considered for classification in Class 5.2 unless the organic peroxide formulation contains:
 - (a) not more than 1.0 % available oxygen from the organic peroxides when containing not more than 1.0 % hydrogen peroxide;
 - (b) not more than 0.5 % available oxygen from the organic peroxides when containing more than 1.0 % but not more than 7.0 % hydrogen peroxide.

NOTE: The available oxygen content (%) of an organic peroxide formulation is given by the formula

$$16 \times 3 (n_i \times c_i/m_i)$$

where:

 n_i = number of peroxygen groups per molecule of organic peroxide i;

 c_i = concentration (mass %) of organic peroxide i; and

 m_i = molecular mass of organic peroxide i.

- 2.2.52.1.6 Organic peroxides are classified into seven types according to the degree of danger they present. The types of organic peroxide range from type A, which is not accepted for carriage in the packaging in which it is tested, to type G, which is not subject to the provisions of Class 5.2. The classification of types B to F is directly related to the maximum quantity allowed in one packaging. The principles to be applied to the classification of substances not listed in 2.2.52.4 are set out in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part II.
- 2.2.52.1.7 Organic peroxides which have already been classified and are already permitted for carriage in packagings are listed in 2.2.52.4, those already permitted for carriage in IBCs are listed in 4.1.4.2 of ADR, packing instruction IBC520 and those already permitted for carriage in tanks in accordance with Chapters 4.2 and 4.3 of ADR are listed in 4.2.5.2 of ADR, portable tank instruction T23. Each permitted substance listed is assigned to a generic entry of Table A of Chapter 3.2 (UN Nos. 3101 to 3120) and appropriate subsidiary risks and remarks providing relevant transport information are given.

These generic entries specify:

- the type (B to F) of organic peroxide (see 2.2.52.1.6 above);
- physical state (liquid/solid); and
- temperature control (when required), see 2.2.52.1.15 to 2.2.52.1.18.

Mixtures of these formulations may be classified as the same type of organic peroxide as that of the most dangerous component and be carried under the conditions of carriage given for this type. However, as two stable components can form a thermally less stable mixture, the self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT) of the mixture shall be determined and, if necessary, the control and emergency temperatures derived from the SADT in accordance with paragraph 2.2.52.1.16.

- 2.2.52.1.8 Classification of organic peroxides not listed in 2.2.52.4, 4.1.4.2 of ADR, packing instruction IBC520 or 4.2.5.2 of ADR, portable tank instruction T23, and assignment to a collective entry shall be made by the competent authority of the country of origin. The statement of approval shall contain the classification and the relevant conditions of carriage. If the country of origin is not a Contracting Party to ADN, the classification and conditions of carriage shall be recognized by the competent authority of the first country Contracting Party to ADN reached by the consignment.
- 2.2.52.1.9 Samples of organic peroxides or formulations of organic peroxides not listed in 2.2.52.4, for which a complete set of test results is not available and which are to be carried for further testing or evaluation, shall be assigned to one of the appropriate entries for organic peroxides of type C provided the following conditions are met:
 - the available data indicate that the sample would be no more dangerous than organic peroxides of type B;
 - the sample is packaged in accordance with packing method OP2 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR and the quantity per cargo transport unit is limited to 10 kg;
 - the available data indicate that the control temperature, if any, is sufficiently low to prevent any dangerous decomposition and sufficiently high to prevent any dangerous phase separation.

Desensitization of organic peroxides

- 2.2.52.1.10 In order to ensure safety during carriage, organic peroxides are in many cases desensitized by organic liquids or solids, inorganic solids or water. Where a percentage of a substance is stipulated, this refers to the percentage by mass, rounded to the nearest whole number. In general, desensitization shall be such that, in case of spillage, the organic peroxide will not concentrate to a dangerous extent.
- 2.2.52.1.11 Unless otherwise stated for the individual organic peroxide formulation, the following definition(s) shall apply to diluents used for desensitization:
 - diluents of type A are organic liquids which are compatible with the organic peroxide and which have a boiling point of not less than 150 °C. Type A diluents may be used for desensitizing all organic peroxides.
 - diluents of type B are organic liquids which are compatible with the organic peroxide and which have a boiling point of less than 150 °C but not less than 60 °C and a flash-point of not less than 5 °C.

Type B diluents may be used for desensitization of all organic peroxides provided that the boiling point of the liquid is at least 60 °C higher than the SADT in a 50 kg package.

- 2.1.52.1.12 Diluents, other than type A or type B, may be added to organic peroxide formulations as listed in 2.2.52.4 provided that they are compatible. However, replacement of all or part of a type A or type B diluent by another diluent with differing properties requires that the organic peroxide formulation be re-assessed in accordance with the normal acceptance procedure for Class 5.2.
- 2.2.52.1.13 Water may only be used for the desensitization of organic peroxides which are listed in 2.2.52.4 or in the competent authority decision according to 2.2.52.1.8 as being "with water" or "as a stable dispersion in water". Samples of organic peroxides or formulations of organic peroxides not listed in 2.2.52.4 may also be desensitized with water provided the requirements of 2.2.52.1.9 are met.
- 2.2.52.1.14 Organic and inorganic solids may be used for desensitization of organic peroxides provided that they are compatible. Compatible liquids and solids are those which have no detrimental influence on the thermal stability and hazard type of the organic peroxide formulation.

Temperature control requirements

- 2.2.52.1.15 Certain organic peroxides may only be carried under temperature-controlled conditions. The control temperature is the maximum temperature at which the organic peroxide can be safely carried. It is assumed that the temperature of the immediate surroundings of a package only exceeds 55 °C during carriage for a relatively short time in a 24 hour period. In the event of loss of temperature control, it may be necessary to implement emergency procedures. The emergency temperature is the temperature at which such procedures shall be implemented.
- 2.2.52.1.16 The control and emergency temperatures are derived from the SADT which is defined as the lowest temperature at which self-accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used during carriage (see Table 1). The SADT shall be determined in order to decide whether a substance shall be subjected to temperature control during carriage. Provisions for the determination of the SADT are given in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part II, Sections 20 and 28.4.

Table 1: Derivation of control and emergency temperatures

Type of receptacle	SADT ^a	Control temperature	Emergency temperature
Single packagings and IBCs	20 °C or less	20 °C below SADT	10 °C below SADT
	over 20 °C to 35 °C	15 °C below SADT	10 °C below SADT
	over 35 °C	10 °C below SADT	5 °C below SADT
Tanks	Not greater than 50 °C	10 °C below SADT	5 °C below SADT

^a SADT of the substance as packaged for carriage.

- 2.2.52.1.17 The following organic peroxides shall be subject to temperature control during carriage:
 - organic peroxides of types B and C with an SADT \leq 50 °C;
 - organic peroxides of type D showing a medium effect when heated under confinement with an SADT \leq 50 °C or showing a low or no effect when heated under confinement with an SADT \leq 45 °C; and
 - organic peroxides of types E and F with an SADT \leq 45 °C.

NOTE: Provisions for the determination of the effects of heating under confinement are given in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part II, Section 20 and Sub-section 28.4.

2.2.52.1.18 Where applicable, control and emergency temperatures are listed in 2.2.52.4. The actual temperature during carriage may be lower than the control temperature but shall be selected so as to avoid dangerous separation of phases.

2.2.52.2 Substances not accepted for carriage

Organic peroxides of type A shall not be accepted for carriage under the provisions of Class 5.2 (see Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part II, paragraph 20.4.3 (a)).

2.2.52.3 List of collective entries

Organic peroxides		ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE A, LIQUID \ Not accepted for carriage,
		ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE A, SOLID See 2.2.52.2
	3	101 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, LIQUID
	3	102 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, SOLID
	3	103 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, LIQUID
	3	104 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, SOLID
Not requiring temperature control	P1 3	105 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID
	3	106 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID
	3	107 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, LIQUID
	3	108 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID
	3	109 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID
	3	110 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, SOLID
		ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE G, LIQUID Not subject to the provisions
		ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE G, SOLID applicable to Class 5.2, see 2.2.52.1.6
	3	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
	3	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
	3	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
	3	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
Requiring temperature control	P2 3	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
	3	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
	3	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
		ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED
	3	
		119 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED

2.2.52.4 List of currently assigned organic peroxides in packagings

In the column "Packing Method", codes "OP1" to "OP8" refer to packing methods in 4.1.4.1 of ADR, packing instruction P520 (see also 4.1.7.1 of ADR). Organic peroxides to be carried shall fulfil the classification and the control and emergency temperatures (derived from the SADT) as listed. For substances permitted in IBCs, see 4.1.4.2 of ADR, packing instruction IBC520 and, for those permitted in tanks according to Chapters 4.2 and 4.3 of ADR, see 4.2.5.2 of ADR, portable tank instruction T23.

ORGANIC PEROXIDE	Concentration (%)	Diluent type A (%)	Diluent type B (%) 1)	Inert solid (%)	Water	Packing Method	Control temperature (°C)	Emergency temperature (°C)	Number (Generic entry)	Subsidiary risks and remarks
ACETYL ACETONE PEROXIDE	< 42	> 48			8<	OP7			3105	2)
=	\leq 32 as a paste					OP7			3106	20)
ACETYL CYCLOHEXANESULPHONYL PEROXIDE	≥ 82				≥ 12	OP4	-10	0	3112	3)
ı	< 32		89 ≥			OP7	-10	0	3115	
tert-AMYL HYDROPEROXIDE	≥88	9 =			> 6	OP8			3107	
tert-AMYL PEROXYACETATE	≥ 62	> 38				OP7			3105	
tert-AMYL PEROXYBENZOATE	> 100					OP5			3103	
tert-AMYL PEROXY-2-ETHYLHEXANOATE	<pre>< 100</pre>					OP7	+20	+25	3115	
tert-AMYL PEROXY-2-ETHYLHEXYL CARBONATE	≥ 100					OP7			3105	
tert-AMYL PEROXY ISOPROPYL CARBONATE	<i>Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z</i>	≥ 23				OP5			3103	
tert-AMYL PEROXYNEODECANOATE	<i>LL</i> >		≥ 23			OP7	0	+10	3115	
п	∠4 <i>7</i>	≥ 53				OP8	0	+ 10	3119	
tert-AMYL PEROXYPIVALATE	Z 2 7 7		≥ 23			OP5	+10	+15	3113	
tert-AMYLPEROXY-3,5,5-TRIMETHYLHEXANOATE	≤ 100					OP7			3105	
tert-BUTYL CUMYL PEROXIDE	> 42 – 100					OP8			3107	
"	< 52			≥ 48		OP8			3108	
n-BUTYL-4,4-DI-(tert-BUTYLPEROXY)VALERATE	> 52 – 100					OP5			3103	
11	< 52			≥ 48		OP8			3108	
tert-BUTYL HYDROPEROXIDE	>79 – 90				≥ 10	OP5			3103	13)
=	≥ 80	> 20				OP7			3105	4) 13)
=	≥ 79				> 14	OP8			3107	13) 23)
11	<pre>< 72</pre>				≥ 28	OP8			3109	13)
tert-BUTYL HYDROPEROXIDE + DI-tert-BUTYLPEROXIDE	< 82 +>9				> 7	OP5			3103	13)
tert-BUTYL MONOPEROXYMALEATE	> 52 – 100					OP5			3102	3)
п	52	> 48				OP6			3103	
11	< 52			≥ 48		OP8			3108	
=	≤ 52 as a paste					OP8			3108	
tert-BUTYL PEROXYACETATE	> 52 – 77	≥ 23				OP5			3101	3)
=	> 32 – 52	≥ 48				OP6			3103	
11	< 32		89 <i>≥</i>			OP8			3109	
tert-BUTYL PEROXYBENZOATE	> 77 – 100					OP5			3103	
=	> 52 - 77	>23				OP7			3105	
"	\$ 52			≥ 48		OP7			3106	
tert-BUTYL PEROXYBUTYL FUMARATE	\$ 52	> 48				OP7			3105	

ORGANIC PEROXIDE	Concentration (%)	Diluent type A (%)	Diluent type B (%) 1)	Inert solid (%)	Water	Packing Method	Control temperature (°C)	Emergency temperature (°C)	Number (Generic entry)	Subsidiary risks and remarks
tert-BUTYL PEROXYCROTONATE	<i>LL</i> >	≥ 23				OP7			3105	
tert-BUTYL PEROXYDIETHYLACETATE	≤ 100					OP5	+20	+25	3113	
tert-BUTYL PEROXY-2-ETHYLHEXANOATE	> 52 – 100					OP6	+20	+25	3113	
ıı .	> 32 – 52		> 48			OP8	+30	+35	3117	
ıı .	<pre>< 52</pre>			> 48		OP8	+20	+25	3118	
	< 32		≥ 68			OP8	+40	+45	3119	
tert-BUTYL PEROXY-2-ETHYLHEXANOATE + 2,2-DI-(tert-BUTYLPEROXY)BUTANE	≤12+≤14	> 14		09 <		OP7			3106	
	$\leq 31 + \leq 36$		≥ 33			OP7	+35	+40	3115	
tert-BUTYL PEROXY-2-ETHYLHEXYLCARBONATE	≥ 100					OP7			3105	
tert-BUTYL PEROXYISOBUTYRATE	<i>Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y</i>		≥ 23			OP5	+15	+20	3111	3)
н	< 52		≥ 48			OP7	+15	+20	3115	
tert-BUTYLPEROXY ISOPROPYLCARBONATE	<i>LL</i> >	≥ 23				OP5			3103	
1-(2-tert-BUTYLPEROXY ISOPROPYL)-3-	<i>LL</i> =	≥ 23				OP7			3105	
ISOPROPENYLBENZENE										
=	< 42			≥ 58		OP8			3108	
tert-BUTYL PEROXY-2-METHYLBENZOATE	≤ 100					OP5			3103	
tert-BUTYL PEROXYNEODECANOATE	> 77 – 100					OP7	-5	+5	3115	
=	5 7 7 ≥		≥ 23			OP7	0	+10	3115	
=	\leq 52 as a stable dispersion in water					OP8	0	+10	3119	
Ξ	<pre> ≤ 42 as a stable dispersion in water (frozen)</pre>					OP8	0	+10	3118	
=	\$\leq 32	89 <				OP8	0	+10	3119	
tert-BUTYL PEROXYNEOHEPTANOATE	<i>LL</i> >	≥ 23				OP7	0	+10	3115	
Ξ	≤ 42 as a stable dispersion in water					OP8	0	+10	3117	
tert-BUTYL PEROXYPIVALATE	<i>LL</i> - <i>L</i> 9 <	≥ 23				OP5	0	+10	3113	
li .	> 27 – 67		≥ 33			OP7	0	+10	3115	
	< 27		≥ 73			OP8	+30	+35	3119	
tert-BUTYLPEROXY STEARYLCARBONATE	≤ 100					OP7			3106	
tert-BUTYL PEROXY-3,5,5-TRIMETHYLHEXANOATE	> 32 – 100					OP7			3105	
=	≤ 42			> 58		OP7			3106	
=	< 32		89 <			OP8			3109	

ORGANIC PEROXIDE	Concentration (%)	Diluent type A (%)	Diluent type B (%) 1)	Inert solid (%)	Water	Packing Method	Control temperature (°C)	Emergency temperature (°C)	Number (Generic entry)	Subsidiary risks and remarks
3-CHLOROPEROXYBENZOIC ACID	> 57 - 86			≥ 14		OP1			3102	3)
=	57			≥ 3	≥ 40	OP7			3106	
=	<pre></pre>			> 6	≥ 17	OP7			3106	
CUMYL HYDROPEROXIDE	> 90 - 98	≤10				OP8			3107	13)
н	> 90	≥ 10				OP8			3109	13) 18)
CUMYL PEROXYNEODECANOATE	< 87	≥ 13				OP7	- 10	0	3115	
τ.	<pre></pre>		≥ 23			OP7	-10	0	3115	
÷	≤ 52 as a stable dispersion in water					OP8	-10	0	3119	
CUMYL PEROXYNEOHEPTANOATE	<pre></pre>	≥ 23				OP7	-10	0	3115	
CUMYL PEROXYPIVALATE	77		≥ 23			OP7	-5	+5	3115	
CYCLOHEXANONE PEROXIDE(S)	< 91				> 9	OP6			3104	13)
п	<pre>< 72</pre>	≥ 28				OP7			3105	5)
н	≤72 as a paste					OP7			3106	5) 20)
	\$\leq 32			89 ≥					Exempt	29)
([3R-(3R,5aS,6S,8aS,9R,10R,12S,12aR**)]- DECAHYDRO-10-METHOXY-3,6,9-TRIMETHYL-3,12- EPOXY-12H-PYRANO[4,3-j]-1,2-BENZODIOXEPIN	≤ 100					OP7			3106	
DIACETONE ALCOHOL PEROXIDES	57		≥ 26		> 8	OP7	+40	+45	3115	(9)
DIACETYL PEROXIDE	< 27		≥ 73			OP7	+20	+25	3115	7) 13)
DI-tert-AMYL PEROXIDE	≤ 100					OP8			3107	
2,2-DI-(tert-AMYLPEROXY)BUTANE	57	≥ 43				OP7			3105	
1,1-DI-(tert-AMYLPEROXY)CYCLOHEXANE	≥ 82	≥ 18				OP6			3103	
DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE	> 51 - 100			< 48		OP2			3102	3)
=	> 77 - 94				≥ 6	OP4			3102	3)
=	<pre></pre>				≥ 23	OP6			3104	
=	< 62			> 28	> 10	OP7			3106	
=	> 52 – 62 as a paste					OP7			3106	20)
=	> 35 – 52			≥ 48		OP7			3106	
=	> 36 – 42	≥ 18			< 40	OP8			3107	
=	≤56.5 as a paste				≥ 15	OP8			3108	
=	≤52 as a paste					OP8			3108	20)
÷	≤ 42 as a stable dispersion in water					OP8			3109	
Ε	< 35			> 65					Exempt	29)

ORGANIC PEROXIDE	Concentration (%)	Diluent type A (%)	Diluent type B (%) 1)	Inert solid (%)	Water	Packing Method	Control temperature (°C)	Emergency temperature (°C)	Number (Generic entry)	Subsidiary risks and remarks
DI-(4-tert-BUTYLCYCLOHEXYL) PEROXYDICARBONATE	< 100					0P6	+30	+35	3114	
F	≤ 42 as a stable dispersion in water					0P8	+30	+35	3119	
DI-tert-BUTYL PEROXIDE	> 52 – 100					OP8			3107	
Ξ	\$ 52		> 48			0P8			3109	25)
DI-tert-BUTYL PEROXYAZELATE	\$ 52	> 48				OP7			3105	
2,2-DI-(tert-BUTYLPEROXY)BUTANE	\$ 52	> 48				0P6			3103	
1,6-Di-(tert-BUTYLPEROXYCARBONYLOXY) HEXANE	< 72	> 28				OP5			3103	
1,1-DI-(tert-BUTYLPEROXY) CYCLOHEXANE	> 80 - 100					OP5			3101	3)
н	< 72		≥ 28			OP5			3103	30)
ıı .	> 52 - 80	≥ 20				OP5			3103	
	> 42 – 52	≥ 48				OP7			3105	
	< 42	≥ 13		≥ 45		OP7			3106	
	< 42	≥ 58				OP8			3109	
ıı .	< 27	≥ 25				OP8			3107	21)
п	< 13	≥ 13	> 74			OP8			3109	
1,1-DI-(tert-BUTYLPEROXY) CYCLOHEXANE + tert-BUTYL PEROXY-2-ETHYLHEXANOATE	≤ 43 + ≤ 16	≥ 41				OP 7			3105	
DI-n-BUTYL PEROXYDICARBONATE	> 27 - 52		≥ 48			OP7	-15	-5	3115	
	< 27		≥ 73			OP8	-10	0	3117	
	<pre> ≤ 42 as a stable dispersion in water (frozen)</pre>					OP8	-15	-5	3118	
DI-sec-BUTYL PEROXYDICARBONATE	> 52 - 100					OP4	-20	-10	3113	
=	< 52		≥ 48			OP7	-15	-5	3115	
DI-(tert-BUTYLPEROXYISOPROPYL) BENZENE(S)	> 42 - 100			57		OP7			3106	
=	< 42			> 58					Exempt	29)
DI-(tert-BUTYLPEROXY) PHTHALATE	> 42 - 52	≥ 48				OP7			3105	
"	≤52 as a paste					OP7			3106	20)
Ε	< 42	> 58				OP8			3107	
2,2-DI-(tert-BUTYLPEROXY)PROPANE	\$ 52	> 48				OP7			3105	
E	< 42	≥ 13		> 45		OP7			3106	

ORGANIC PEROXIDE	Concentration (%)	Diluent type A (%)	Diluent type B (%) 1)	Inert solid (%)	Water	Packing Method	Control temperature (°C)	Emergency temperature (°C)	Number (Generic entry)	Subsidiary risks and remarks
1,1-DI-(tert-BUTYLPEROXY)-3,3,5- TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANE	> 90 - 100					OP5			3101	3)
=	06 ≥		> 10			OP5			3103	30)
п	> 57 – 90	> 10				OP5			3103	
ш	<pre></pre>		≥ 23			OP5			3103	
ш	57			≥ 43		OP8			3110	
ıı .	57	≥ 43				8dO			3107	
ш	\$\leq 32	≥ 26	≥ 42			OP8			3107	
DICETYL PEROXYDICARBONATE	≤ 100					OP7	+30	+35	3116	
II.	\$\leq 42\$ as a stable dispersion in water					OP8	+30	+35	3119	
DI-4-CHLOROBENZOYL PEROXIDE	<pre>> 77</pre>				≥ 23	OP5			3102	3)
ш	≤52 as a paste					OP7			3106	20)
=	\$\leq 32			89 =					Exempt	29)
DICUMYL PEROXIDE	> 52 - 100					OP8			3110	12)
	\$ 52			≥ 48					Exempt	29)
DICYCLOHEXYL PEROXYDICARBONATE	> 91 - 100					OP3	+10	+15	3112	3)
п	≤91				5 9	OP5	+10	+15	3114	
п	42 as a stable dispersion in water					OP8	+15	+20	3119	
DIDECANOYL PEROXIDE	≤ 100					OP6	+30	+35	3114	
2,2-DI-(4,4-DI (tert-BUTYLPEROXY) CYCLOHEXYL) PROPANE	≤ 42			> 58		OP7			3106	
п	< 22		> 78			OP8			3107	
DI-2,4-DICHLOROBENZOYL PEROXIDE	<pre></pre>				≥ 23	OP5			3102	3)
=	≤52 as a paste					OP8	+ 20	+ 25	3118	
п	≤ 52 as a paste with silicon oil					OP7			3106	
DI-(2-ETHOXYETHYL) PEROXYDICARBONATE	\$ 52		≥ 48			OP7	-10	0	3115	
DI-(2-ETHYLHEXYL) PEROXYDICARBONATE	> 77 – 100					OP5	-20	-10	3113	
п	≥ 77		≥ 23			OP7	-15	-5	3115	
=	≤ 62 as a stable dispersion in water					OP8	-15	-5	3119	
F	<pre> ≤ 52 as a stable dispersion in water (frozen)</pre>					OP8	-15	<i>5</i> -	3120	
2,2-DIHYDROPEROXYPROPANE	< 27			≥ 73		OP5			3102	3)

ORGANIC PEROXIDE	Concentration (%)	Diluent type A (%)	Diluent type B (%) 1)	Inert solid (%)	Water	Packing Method	Control temperature (°C)	Emergency temperature (°C)	Number (Generic entry)	Subsidiary risks and remarks
DI-(1-HYDROXYCYCLOHEXYL) PEROXIDE	≤ 100					OP7			3106	
DIISOBUTYRYL PEROXIDE	> 32 – 52		≥ 48			OP5	-20	-10	3111	3)
	< 32		S9 -			OP7	-20	-10	3115	
DIISOPROPYLBENZENE DIHYDROPEROXIDE	≤ 82	≥ 5			2 5	OP7			3106	24)
DIISOPROPYL PEROXYDICARBONATE	> 52-100					OP2	-15	-5	3112	3)
п	\$ 52		> 48			OP7	-20	-10	3115	
п	< 32	> 68				OP7	-15	-5	3115	
DILAUROYL PEROXIDE	≤ 100					OP7			3106	
Ε	<pre> ≤ 42 as a stable dispersion in water</pre>					OP8			3109	
DI-(3-METHOXYBUTYL) PEROXYDICARBONATE	\$ 52		> 48			OP7	-5	+5	3115	
DI-(2-METHYLBENZOYL) PEROXIDE	587				≥ 13	OP5	+30	+35	3112	3)
DI-(3-METHYLBENZOYL) PEROXIDE + BENZOYL (3-METHYLBENZOYL) PEROXIDE + DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE	≤ 20 + ≤ 18 + ≤ 4		> 58			OP7	+35	+40	3115	
DI-(4-METHYLBENZOYL) PEROXIDE□	≤ 52 as a paste with silicon oil					OP7			3106	
2,5-DIMETHYL-2,5-DI-(BENZOYLPEROXY)HEXANE	> 82-100					OP5			3102	3)
E	≥ 82			> 18		OP7			3106	
E	< 82				≥ 18	OP5			3104	
2,5-DIMETHYL-2,5-DI-(tert-BUTYLPEROXY)HEXANE	> 90 – 100					OP5			3103	
	>52-90	≥ 10				OP7			3105	
=	5 7 7			≥ 23		OP8			3108	
=	≤ 52	≥ 48				OP8			3109	
=	≤47 as a paste					OP8			3108	
2,5-DIMETHYL-2,5-DI- (tert-BUTYLPEROXY)HEXYNE-3	> 86-100					OP5			3101	3)
=	>52-86	> 14				OP5			3103	26)
	\$ 52			> 48		OP7			3106	
2,5-DIMETHYL-2,5-DI- (2-ETHYLHEXANOYLPEROXY)HEXANE□	≤ 100					OP5	+20	+25	3113	
2,5-DIMETHYL-2,5-DIHYDROPEROXYHEXANE□	\$82				≥ 18	OP6			3104	
2,5-DIMETHYL-2,5-DI-(3,5,5- TRIMETHYLHEXANOYLPEROXY)HEXANE	5 7 7	≥ 23				OP7			3105	
1,1-DIMETHYL-3-HYDROXYBUTYL PEROXYNEOHEPTANOATE	< 52	> 48				OP8	0	+10	3117	

ORGANIC PEROXIDE	Concentration (%)	Diluent type A (%)	Diluent type B (%) 1)	Inert solid (%)	Water	Packing Method	Control temperature (°C)	Emergency temperature (°C)	Number (Generic entry)	Subsidiary risks and remarks
DIMYRISTYL PEROXYDICARBONATE	≤ 100					OP7	+20	+25	3116	
=	≤ 42 as a stable dispersion in water					8dO	+20	+25	3119	
DI-(2-NEODECANOYLPEROXYISOPROPYL) BENZENE	≤ 52	> 48				OP7	-10	0	3115	
DI-n-NONANOYL PEROXIDE	≤ 100					OP7	0	+10	3116	
DI-n-OCTANOYL PEROXIDE	≤ 100					OP5	+10	+15	3114	
DI-(2-PHENOXYETHYL) PEROXYDICARBONATE	>85-100					OP5			3102	3)
"	< 85				≥ 15	OP7			3106	
DIPROPIONYL PEROXIDE	< 27		≥ 73			OP8	+15	+20	3117	
DI-n-PROPYL PEROXYDICARBONATE	≤ 100					OP3	-25	-15	3113	
н	≥ 77		≥ 23			OP5	-20	-10	3113	
DISUCCINIC ACID PEROXIDE	> 72 – 100					OP4			3102	3) 17)
"	< 72				≥ 28	OP7	+10	+15	3116	
DI-(3,5,5-TRIMETHYLHEXANOYL) PEROXIDE	> 38-52	≥ 48				OP8	+10	+15	3119	
"	> 52-82	≥ 18				OP7	0	+10	3115	
=	≤ 52 as a stable dispersion in water					0P8	+10	+15	3119	
н	\$\leq 38\$	≥ 62				OP8	+20	+25	3119	
ETHYL 3,3-DI-(tert-AMYLPEROXY)BUTYRATE	≥ 67	≥ 33				OP7			3105	
ETHYL 3,3-DI-(tert-BUTYLPEROXY)BUTYRATE	> 77 - 100					OP5			3103	
н	<pre></pre>	≥ 23				OP7			3105	
н	< 52			≥ 48		OP7			3106	
1-(2-ETHYLHEXANOYLPEROXY)-1,3- DIMETHYLBUTYL PEROXYPIVALATE	≤ 52	≥ 45	> 10			OP7	-20	-10	3115	
tert-HEXYL PEROXYNEODECANOATE	<pre>< 71</pre>	≥ 29				OP7	0	+10	3115	
tert-HEXYL PEROXYPIVALATE	< 72		≥ 28			OP7	+10	+15	3115	
3-HYDROXY-1,1-DIMETHYLBUTYL PEROXYNEODECANOATE	<pre></pre>	≥ 23				OP 7	- 5	+ 5	3115	
ll and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second a second a second and a second and a second a second a second a second a second and a second a s	\$ 52	≥ 48				OP 8	- 5	+ 5	3117	
=	≤ 52 as a stable dispersion in water					OP 8	. 5	+ 5	3119	
ISOPROPYL sec-BUTYL PEROXYDICARBONATE +DI-sec-BUTYL PEROXYDICARBONATE +DI-ISOPROPYL PEROXYDICARBONATE	$\leq 32 + \leq 15 - 18$ $\leq 12 - 15$	> 38				OP7	-20	-10	3115	
=	$\leq 52 + \leq 28 + \leq 22$					OP5	-20	-10	3111	3)
ISOPROPYLCUMYL HYDROPEROXIDE	< 72	≥ 28				0P8			3109	13)

ORGANIC PEROXIDE	Concentration (%)	Diluent type A (%)	Diluent type B (%) 1)	Inert solid (%)	Water	Packing Method	Control temperature (°C)	Emergency temperature (°C)	Number (Generic entry)	Subsidiary risks and remarks
p-MENTHYL HYDROPEROXIDE	> 72 - 100					OP7			3105	13)
I.	<pre>< 72</pre>	≥ 28				OP8			3109	27)
METHYLCYCLOHEXANONE PEROXIDE(S)	≥ 67		≥ 33			OP7	+35	+40	3115	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE(S)	see remark 8)	≥ 48				OP5			3101	3) 8) 13)
н	see remark 9)	≥ 55				OP7			3105	(6
н	see remark 10)	> 60				OP8			3107	10)
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE PEROXIDE(S)	≤ 62	≥ 19				OP7			3105	22)
METHYL ISOPROPYL KETONE PEROXIDE(S)	See remark 31)	> 70				OP8			3109	31)
ORGANIC PEROXIDE, LIQUID, SAMPLE						OP2			3103	11)
ORGANIC PEROXIDE, LIQUID, SAMPLE, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED						OP2			3113	11)
ORGANIC PEROXIDE, SOLID, SAMPLE						OP2			3104	11)
ORGANIC PEROXIDE, SOLID, SAMPLE, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED						OP2			3114	11)
3,3,5,7,7-PENTAMETHYL-1,2,4-TRIOXEPANE	≤ 100					OP8			3107	
PEROXY ACETIC ACID, TYPE D, stabilized	< 43					OP7			3105	13) 14) 19)
PEROXYACETIC ACID, TYPE E, stabilized	< 43					OP8			3107	13) 15) 19)
PEROXYACETIC ACID, TYPE F, stabilized	< 43					OP8			3109	13) 16) 19)
PEROXYLAURIC ACID	≥ 100					OP8	+35	+40	3118	
PINANYL HYDROPEROXIDE	> 56 – 100					OP7			3105	13)
=	≥ 56	≥ 44				OP8			3109	
POLYETHER POLY-tert-BUTYLPEROXY- CARBONATE	< 52		> 48			OP8			3107	
1,1,3,3-TETRAMETHYLBUTYL HYDROPEROXIDE	≤ 100					OP7			3105	
1,1,3,3-TETRAMETHYLBUTYL PEROXY-2- ETHYLHEXANOATE	<pre>< 100</pre>					OP7	+15	+20	3115	
1,1,3,3- TETRAMETHYLBUTYL PEROXYNEODECANOATE	< 72		> 28			OP7	5-	+5	3115	
=	≤ 52 as a stable dispersion in water					OP8	-5	+5	3119	
1,1,3,3-TETRAMETHYLBUTYL PEROXYPIVALATE	77	≥ 23				OP7	0	+10	3115	
3,6,9-TRIETHYL-3,6,9-TRIMETHYL -1,4,7 TRIPEROXONANE	<pre>< 17</pre>	≥ 18		<u>></u> 65		OP8			3110	
=	< 42	> 58				OP7			3105	28)

Remarks (refer to the last column of the Table in 2.2.52.4):

- 1) Diluent type B may always be replaced by diluent type A. The boiling point of diluent type B shall be at least 60°C higher than the SADT of the organic peroxide.
- 2) Available oxygen $\leq 4.7\%$.
- 3) "EXPLOSIVE" subsidiary risk label required (Model No.1, see 5.2.2.2.2).
- *4) Diluent may be replaced by di-tert-butyl peroxide.*
- 5) Available oxygen $\leq 9\%$.
- 6) With $\leq 9\%$ hydrogen peroxide; available oxygen $\leq 10\%$.
- 7) Only non-metallic packagings allowed.
- 8) Available oxygen > 10% and \leq 10.7%, with or without water.
- 9) Available oxygen $\leq 10\%$, with or without water.
- 10) Available oxygen $\leq 8.2\%$, with or without water.
- 11) See 2.2.52.1.9.
- 12) Up to 2000 kg per receptacle assigned to ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F on the basis of largescale trials.
- 13) "CORROSIVE" subsidiary risk label required (Model No.8, see 5.2.2.2.2).
- 14) Peroxyacetic acid formulations which fulfil the criteria of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, paragraph 20.4.3 (d).
- 15) Peroxyacetic acid formulations which fulfil the criteria of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, paragraph 20.4.3 (e).
- 16) Peroxyacetic acid formulations which fulfil the criteria of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, paragraph 20.4.3 (f).
- 17) Addition of water to this organic peroxide will decrease its thermal stability.
- 18) No "CORROSIVE" subsidiary risk label (Model No.8, see 5.2.2.2.2) required for concentrations below 80%.
- *Mixtures with hydrogen peroxide, water and acid(s).*
- 20) With diluent type A, with or without water.
- 21) With $\geq 25\%$ diluent type A by mass, and in addition ethylbenzene.
- 22) With \geq 19% diluent type A by mass, and in addition methyl isobutyl ketone.
- 23) With < 6% di-tert-butyl peroxide.
- *With* $\leq 8\%$ *1-isopropylhydroperoxy-4-isopropylhydroxybenzene.*
- 25) Diluent type B with boiling point > 110 °C.
- 26) With < 0.5% hydroperoxides content.
- 27) For concentrations more than 56%, "CORROSIVE" subsidiary risk label required (Model No.8, see 5.2.2.2.2).
- 28) Available active oxygen $\leq 7.6\%$ in diluent type A having a 95% boil-off point in the range of 200 260 °C.
- 29) Not subject to the requirements of ADN for Class 5.2.
- 30) Diluent type B with boiling point > 130 °C.
- 31) Active oxygen $\leq 6.7\%$.

2.2.61 Class 6.1 Toxic substances

2.2.61.1 *Criteria*

2.2.61.1.1 The heading of Class 6.1 covers substances of which it is known by experience or regarding which it is presumed from experiments on animals that in relatively small quantities they are able by a single action or by action of short duration to cause damage to human health, or death, by inhalation, by cutaneous absorption or by ingestion.

NOTE: Genetically modified microorganisms and organisms shall be assigned to this Class if they meet the conditions for this Class.

- 2.2.61.1.2 Substances of Class 6.1 are subdivided as follows:
 - Toxic substances without subsidiary risk:
 - T1 Organic, liquid;
 - T2 Organic, solid;
 - T3 Organometallic substances;
 - T4 Inorganic, liquid;
 - T5 Inorganic, solid;
 - T6 Liquid, used as pesticides;
 - T7 Solid, used as pesticides;
 - T8 Samples;
 - T9 Other toxic substances;
 - TF Toxic substances, flammable:
 - TF1 Liquid;
 - TF2 Liquid, used as pesticides;
 - TF3 Solid;
 - TS Toxic substances, self-heating, solid;
 - TW Toxic substances, which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases:
 - TW1 Liquid;
 - TW2 Solid;
 - TO Toxic substances, oxidizing:
 - TO1 Liquid;
 - TO2 Solid;
 - TC Toxic substances, corrosive:
 - TC1 Organic, liquid;
 - TC2 Organic, solid;
 - TC3 Inorganic, liquid;
 - TC4 Inorganic, solid;
 - TFC Toxic substances, flammable, corrosive.
 - TFW Toxic flammable substances, which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases.

Definitions

2.2.61.1.3 For the purposes of ADN:

 LD_{50} (median lethal dose) for acute oral toxicity is the statistically derived single dose of a substance that can be expected to cause death within 14 days in 50 per cent of young adult albino rats when administered by the oral route. The LD_{50} value is expressed in terms of mass of test substance per mass of test animal (mg/kg);

 LD_{50} for acute dermal toxicity is that dose of the substance which, administered by continuous contact for 24 hours with the bare skin of albino rabbits, is most likely to cause death within 14 days in one half of the animals tested. The number of animals tested shall be sufficient to give a statistically significant result and be in conformity with good pharmacological practice. The result is expressed in milligrams per kg body mass;

 LC_{50} for acute toxicity on inhalation is that concentration of vapour, mist or dust which, administered by continuous inhalation to both male and female young adult albino rats for one hour, is most likely to cause death within 14 days in one half of the animals tested. A solid substance shall be tested if at least 10% (by mass) of its total mass is likely to be dust in a respirable range, e.g. the aerodynamic diameter of that particle-fraction is 10 μ m or less. A liquid substance shall be tested if a mist is likely to be generated in a leakage of the transport containment. Both for solid and liquid substances more than 90% (by mass) of a specimen prepared for inhalation toxicity shall be in the respirable range as defined above. The result is expressed in milligrams per litre of air for dusts and mists or in millilitres per cubic metre of air (parts per million) for vapours.

Classification and assignment of packing groups

2.2.61.1.4 Substances of Class 6.1 shall be classified in three packing groups according to the degree of danger they present for carriage, as follows:

Packing group I: highly toxic substances

Packing group II: toxic substances

Packing group III: slightly toxic substances.

- 2.2.61.1.5 Substances, mixtures, solutions and articles classified in Class 6.1 are listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2. The assignment of substances, mixtures and solutions not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 to the relevant entry of sub-section 2.2.61.3 and to the relevant packing group in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 2.1, shall be made according to the following criteria in 2.2.61.1.6 to 2.2.61.1.11.
- 2.2.61.1.6 To assess the degree of toxicity, account shall be taken of human experience of instances of accidental poisoning, as well as special properties possessed by any individual substances: liquid state, high volatility, any special likelihood of cutaneous absorption, and special biological effects.

2.2.61.1.7 In the absence of observations on humans, the degree of toxicity shall be assessed using the available data from animal experiments in accordance with the table below:

	Packing group	Oral toxicity LD ₅₀ (mg/kg)	Dermal toxicity LD ₅₀ (mg/kg)	Inhalation toxicity by dusts and mists LC ₅₀ (mg/l)
Highly toxic	I	≤ 5.0	≤ 50	≤ 0.2
Toxic	II	$> 5.0 \text{ and} \le 50$	$> 50 \text{ and } \le 200$	$> 0.2 \text{ and } \le 2.0$
Slightly toxic	III ^a	> 50 and ≤ 300	> 200 and ≤ 1 000	$> 2.0 \text{ and} \le 4.0$

^a Tear gas substances shall be included in packing group II even if data concerning their toxicity correspond to packing group III criteria.

- 2.2.61.1.7.1 Where a substance exhibits different degrees of toxicity for two or more kinds of exposure, it shall be classified under the highest such degree of toxicity.
- 2.2.61.1.7.2 Substances meeting the criteria of Class 8 and with an inhalation toxicity of dusts and mists (LC₅₀) leading to packing group I shall only be accepted for an allocation to Class 6.1 if the toxicity through oral ingestion or dermal contact is at least in the range of packing groups I or II. Otherwise an assignment to Class 8 shall be made if appropriate (see footnote 6 in 2.2.8.1.4).
- 2.2.61.1.7.3 The criteria for inhalation toxicity of dusts and mists are based on LC_{50} data relating to 1-hour exposure, and where such information is available it shall be used. However, where only LC_{50} data relating to 4-hour exposure are available, such figures can be multiplied by four and the product substituted in the above criteria, i.e. LC_{50} value multiplied by four (4 hour) is considered the equivalent of LC_{50} (1 hour).

Inhalation toxicity of vapours

2.2.61.1.8 Liquids giving off toxic vapours shall be classified into the following groups where "V" is the saturated vapour concentration (in ml/m³ of air) (volatility) at 20 °C and standard atmospheric pressure:

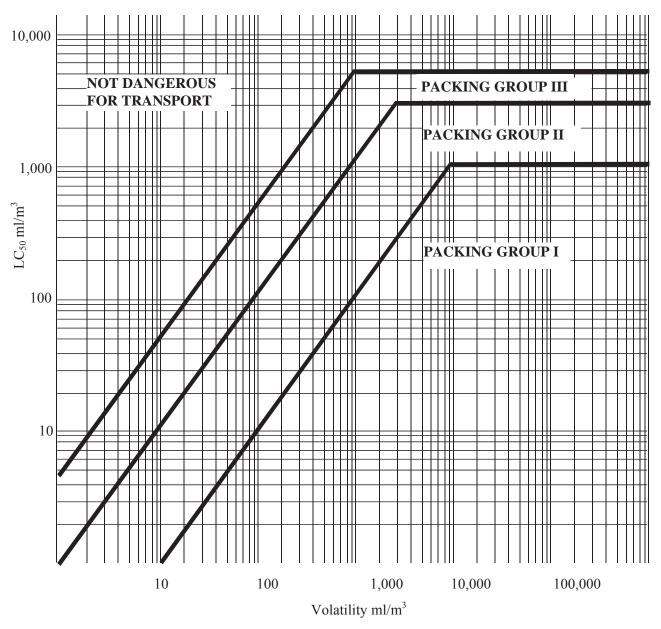
	Packing group	
Highly toxic	Ι	Where $V \ge 10$ LC ₅₀ and LC ₅₀ ≤ 1 000 ml/m ³
Toxic	II	Where $V \ge LC_{50}$ and $LC_{50} \le 3~000~\text{ml/m}^3$ and the criteria for packing group I are not met
Slightly toxic	IIIª	Where $V \ge 1/5$ LC ₅₀ and LC ₅₀ ≤ 5 000 ml/m ³ and the criteria for packing groups I and II are not met

Tear gas substances shall be included in packing group II even if data concerning their toxicity correspond to packing group III criteria.

These criteria for inhalation toxicity of vapours are based on LC₅₀ data relating to 1-hour exposure, and where such information is available, it shall be used.

However, where only LC_{50} data relating to 4-hour exposure to the vapours are available, such figures can be multiplied by two and the product substituted in the above criteria, i.e. LC_{50} (4 hour) \times 2 is considered the equivalent of LC_{50} (1 hour).

Group borderlines inhalation toxicity of vapours



In this figure, the criteria are expressed in graphical form, as an aid to easy classification. However, due to approximations inherent in the use of graphs, substances falling on or near group borderlines shall be checked using numerical criteria.

Mixtures of liquids

- 2.2.61.1.9 Mixtures of liquids which are toxic on inhalation shall be assigned to packing groups according to the following criteria:
- 2.2.61.1.9.1 If LC_{50} is known for each of the toxic substances constituting the mixture, the packing group may be determined as follows:
 - (a) calculation of the LC_{50} of the mixture:

$$LC_{50} \text{ (mixture)} = \frac{1}{\sum_{i=1}^{1} \frac{f_i}{LC_{50i}}}$$

where f_i = molar fraction of constituent i of the mixture;

 LC_{50i} = average lethal concentration of constituent i in ml/m³.

(b) calculation of volatility of each mixture constituent:

$$V_i = P_i \times \frac{10^6}{101.3} (ml/m^3)$$

where P_i = partial pressure of constituent i in kPa at 20 °C and at standard atmospheric pressure.

(c) calculation of the ratio of volatility to LC_{50} :

$$R = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{V_i}{LC_{50i}}$$

(d) the values calculated for LC_{50} (mixture) and R are then used to determine the packing group of the mixture:

Packing group I $R \ge 10$ and LC_{50} (mixture) ≤ 1000 ml/m³;

Packing group II $R \ge 1$ and LC_{50} (mixture) $\le 3~000$ ml/m³, if the mixture does not meet the criteria for packing group I;

Packing group III $R \ge 1/5$ and LC_{50} (mixture) $\le 5~000$ ml/m³, if the mixture does not meet the criteria of packing groups I or II.

2.2.61.1.9.2 In the absence of LC_{50} data on the toxic constituent substances, the mixture may be assigned to a group based on the following simplified threshold toxicity tests. When these threshold tests are used, the most restrictive group shall be determined and used for carrying the mixture.

- 2.2.61.1.9.3 A mixture is assigned to packing group I only if it meets both of the following criteria:
 - (a) A sample of the liquid mixture is vaporized and diluted with air to create a test atmosphere of 1000 ml/m³ vaporized mixture in air. Ten albino rats (5 male and 5 female) are exposed to the test atmosphere for 1 hour and observed for 14 days. If five or more of the animals die within the 14-day observation period, the mixture is presumed to have an LC₅₀ equal to or less than 1000 ml/m³;
 - (b) A sample of vapour in equilibrium with the liquid mixture is diluted with 9 equal volumes of air to form a test atmosphere. Ten albino rats (5 male and 5 female) are exposed to the test atmosphere for 1 hour and observed for 14 days. If five or more of the animals die within the 14-day observation period, the mixture is presumed to have a volatility equal to or greater than 10 times the mixture LC₅₀.
- 2.2.61.1.9.4 A mixture is assigned to packing group II only if it meets both of the following criteria, and does not meet the criteria for packing group I:
 - (a) A sample of the liquid mixture is vaporized and diluted with air to create a test atmosphere of 3000 ml/m^3 vaporized mixture in air. Ten albino rats (5 male and 5 female) are exposed to the test atmosphere for 1 hour and observed for 14 days. If five or more of the animals die within the 14-day observation period, the mixture is presumed to have an LC₅₀ equal to or less than 3000 ml/m^3 ;
 - (b) A sample of the vapour in equilibrium with the liquid mixture is used to form a test atmosphere. Ten albino rats (5 male and 5 female) are exposed to the test atmosphere for 1 hour and observed for 14 days. If five or more of the animals die within the 14-day observation period, the mixture is presumed to have a volatility equal to or greater than the mixture LC_{50} .
- 2.2.61.1.9.5 A mixture is assigned to packing group III only if it meets both of the following criteria, and does not meet the criteria for packing groups I or II:
 - (a) A sample of the liquid mixture is vaporized and diluted with air to create a test atmosphere of 5000 ml/m^3 vaporized mixture in air. Ten albino rats (5 male and 5 female) are exposed to the test atmosphere for 1 hour and observed for 14 days. If five or more of the animals die within the 14-day observation period, the mixture is presumed to have an LC_{50} equal to or less than 5000 ml/m^3 ;
 - (b) The vapour concentration (volatility) of the liquid mixture is measured and if the vapour concentration is equal to or greater than 1000 ml/m^3 , the mixture is presumed to have a volatility equal to or greater than 1/5 the mixture LC_{50} .

Methods for determining oral and dermal toxicity of mixtures

- 2.2.61.1.10 When classifying and assigning the appropriate packing group to mixtures in Class 6.1 in accordance with the oral and dermal toxicity criteria (see 2.2.61.1.3), it is necessary to determine the acute LD_{50} of the mixture.
- 2.2.61.1.10.1 If a mixture contains only one active substance, and the LD_{50} of that constituent is known, in the absence of reliable acute oral and dermal toxicity data on the actual mixture to be carried, the oral or dermal LD_{50} may be obtained by the following method:

$$LD_{50}$$
 value of preparation =
$$\frac{LD_{50} \text{ value of active substance} \times 100}{\text{percentage of active substance by mass}}$$

- 2.2.61.1.10.2 If a mixture contains more than one active constituent, there are three possible approaches that may be used to determine the oral or dermal LD_{50} of the mixture. The preferred method is to obtain reliable acute oral and dermal toxicity data on the actual mixture to be carried. If reliable, accurate data are not available, then either of the following methods may be performed:
 - (a) Classify the formulation according to the most hazardous constituent of the mixture as if that constituent were present in the same concentration as the total concentration of all active constituents; or
 - (b) Apply the formula:

$$\frac{C_A}{T_A} + \frac{C_B}{T_B} + ... + \frac{C_Z}{T_Z} = \frac{100}{T_M}$$

where:

C = the percentage concentration of constituent A, B, ... Z in the mixture;

T = the oral LD₅₀ values of constituent A, B, ... Z;

 $T_{\rm M}$ = the oral LD₅₀ value of the mixture.

NOTE: This formula can also be used for dermal toxicities provided that this information is available on the same species for all constituents. The use of this formula does not take into account any potentiation or protective phenomena.

Classification of pesticides

- 2.2.61.1.11 All active pesticide substances and their preparations for which the LC_{50} and/or LD_{50} values are known and which are classified in Class 6.1 shall be classified under appropriate packing groups in accordance with the criteria given in 2.2.61.1.6 to 2.2.61.1.9. Substances and preparations which are characterized by subsidiary risks shall be classified according to the precedence of hazards Table in 2.1.3.10 with the assignment of appropriate packing groups.
- 2.2.61.1.11.1 If the oral or dermal LD_{50} value for a pesticide preparation is not known, but the LD_{50} value of its active substance(s) is known, the LD_{50} value for the preparation may be obtained by applying the procedures in 2.2.61.1.10.

NOTE: LD_{50} toxicity data for a number of common pesticides may be obtained from the most current edition of the document "The WHO Recommended Classification of Pesticides by Hazard and Guidelines to Classification" available from the International Programme on Chemical Safety, World Health Organization (WHO), 1211 Geneva 27, Switzerland. While that document may be used as a source of LD_{50} data for pesticides, its classification system shall not be used for purposes of transport classification of, or assignment of packing groups to, pesticides, which shall be in accordance with the requirements of ADN.

2.2.61.1.11.2 The proper shipping name used in the carriage of the pesticide shall be selected on the basis of the active ingredient, of the physical state of the pesticide and any subsidiary risks it may exhibit (see 3.1.2).

2.2.61.1.12 If substances of Class 6.1, as a result of admixtures, come into categories of risk different from those to which the substances mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 belong, these mixtures or solutions shall be assigned to the entries to which they belong on the basis of their actual degree of danger.

NOTE: For the classification of solutions and mixtures (such as preparations and wastes), see also 2.1.3.

- 2.2.61.1.13 On the basis of the criteria of 2.2.61.1.6 to 2.2.61.1.11, it may also be determined whether the nature of a solution or mixture mentioned by name or containing a substance mentioned by name is such that the solution or mixture is not subject to the requirements for this Class.
- 2.2.61.1.14 Substances, solutions and mixtures, with the exception of substances and preparations used as pesticides, which do not meet the criteria of Directives 67/548/EEC³ or 1999/45/EC⁴ as amended and which are not therefore classified as highly toxic, toxic or harmful according to these directives, as amended, may be considered as substances not belonging to Class 6.1.

2.2.61.2 Substances not accepted for carriage

2.2.61.2.1 Chemically unstable substances of Class 6.1 shall not be accepted for carriage unless the necessary steps have been taken to prevent their dangerous decomposition or polymerization during carriage. To this end, it shall in particular be ensured that receptacles and tanks do not contain any substance(s) likely to cause such a reaction.

2.2.61.2.2 The following substances and mixtures shall not be accepted for carriage:

- Hydrogen cyanide, anhydrous or in solution, which do not meet the descriptions of UN Nos. 1051, 1613, 1614 and 3294;
- Metal carbonyls, having a flash-point below 23 °C, other than UN Nos. 1259 NICKEL CARBONYL and 1994 IRON PENTACARBONYL;
- 2,3,7,8-TETRACHLORODIBENZO-p-DIOXINE (TCDD) in concentrations considered highly toxic in accordance with the criteria in 2.2.61.1.7;
- UN No. 2249 DICHLORODIMETHYL ETHER, SYMMETRICAL;

 Preparations of phosphides without additives inhibiting the emission of toxic flammable gases.

Directive 1999/45/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 May 1999 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 200 of 30 July 1999, pages 1 to 68).

Council Directive 67/548/EEC of 27 June 1967 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 196 of 16.08.1967, page 1).

2.2.61.3 List of collective entries

Toxic substances without subsidiary risk(s)

	1583	CHLOROPICRIN MIXTURE, N.O.S.
		DYE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S., or
		DYE INTERMEDIATE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
		TEAR GAS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
		MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
		ISOCYANATES, TOXIC, N.O.S. or
		ISOCYANATE SOLUTION, TOXIC, N.O.S.
		ALKALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S. or
		ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
liquid ^a	_	DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
nquiu		NICOTINE COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S. or
		NICOTINE PREPARATION, LIQUID, N.O.S.
		TOXINS, EXTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, LIQUID, N.O.S.
		NITRILES, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S
		ORGANOPHOSPHORUS COMPOUND, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
		TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 200 ml/m ³ and
Organic	3361	saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC ₅₀
	3382	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m ³
	3362	and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC ₅₀
	2810	TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
	12010	Totale Eligens, original, rivolo.
	1544	ALKALOIDS, SOLID, N.O.S. or
	1544	ALKALOID SALTS, SOLID, N.O.S.
	1601	DISINFECTANT, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	1655	NICOTINE COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S., or
_	1655	NICOTINE PREPARATION, SOLID, N.O.S.
solid ^{a, b}	_	TEAR GAS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
		DYE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. or
	3143	DYE INTERMEDIATE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
		TOXINS, EXTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, SOLID, N.O.S.
	3249	MEDICINE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
		ORGANOPHOSPHORUS COMPOUND, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
		NITRILES, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	2811	TOXIC SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
	2026	PHENYLMERCURIC COMPOUND, N.O.S.
		ORGANOTIN COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S.
		ORGANOTIN COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.
		ORGANOARSENIC COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Organometallic c, d		ORGANOARSENIC COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.
	_	METAL CARBONYLS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
		METAL CARBONYLS, SOLID, N.O.S.
		ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	3467	ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

^a Substances and preparations containing alkaloids or nicotine used as pesticides shall be classified under UN No. 2588 PESTICIDES, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S., UN No. 2902 PESTICIDES, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. or UN No. 2903 PESTICIDES, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.

Active substances and triturations or mixtures of substances intended for laboratories and experiments and for the manufacture of pharmaceutical products with other substances shall be classified according to their toxicity (see 2.2.61.1.7 to 2.2.61.1.11).

^c Self-heating substances, slightly toxic and spontaneously combustible organometallic compounds, are substances of Class 4.2.

Water-reactive substances, slightly toxic, and water-reactive organometallic compounds, are substances of Class 4.3.

Toxic substances without subsidiary risk(s) (cont'd)

			ARSENIC COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S., inorganic including: Arsenates, n.o.s., Arsenites, n.o.s.; and Arsenic sulphides, n.o.s. CYANIDE SOLUTION, N.O.S.
	liquid ^e		
	nquia		MERCURY COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S.
			ANTIMONY COMPOUND, INORGANIC, LIQUID, N.O.S. SELENIUM COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S.
			TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 200 ml/m ³ and
			saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC ₅₀
		3382	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC ₅₀
		3287	TOXIC LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
			,
		1549	ANTIMONY COMPOUND, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S
Inorganic		1557	ARSENIC COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S., including: Arsenates, n.o.s.; Arsenites, n.o.s.; and Arsenic sulphides, n.o.s.
		1564	BARIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.
		1566	BERYLLIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.
		1588	CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S.
			THALLIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.
	solids f, g	-	MERCURY COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.
			LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S.
			CADMIUM COMPOUND
			SELENATES or SELENITES
			FLUOROSILICATES, N.O.S.
		3283	SELENIUM COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.
		3284	TELLURIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.
		3285	VANADIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.
		3288	TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
		2992	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
		2994	ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
		2996	ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
		2998	TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
		3006	THIOCARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
		3010	COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
		3012	MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
	liquid ^h	_	SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
			BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
			ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
			ORGANOTIN PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
			COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
			PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
			PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
Pesticides			PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S
(cont'd on next page))		

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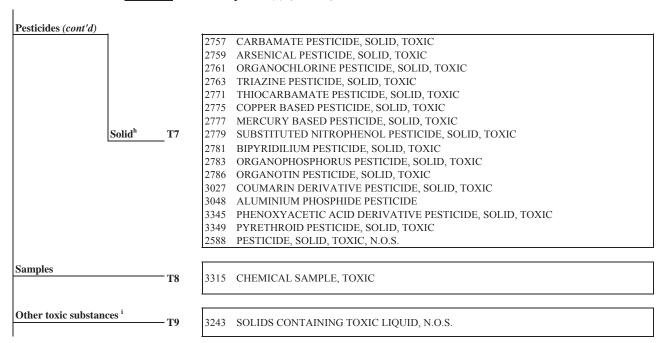
^e Mercury fulminate, wetted with not less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and water by mass is a substance of Class 1, UN No. 0135.

Ferricyanides, ferrocyanides, alkaline thiocyanates and ammonium thiocyanates are not subject to the provisions of ADN.

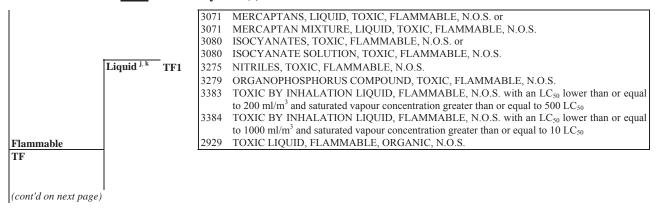
Lead salts and lead pigments which, when mixed in a ratio of 1:1,000 with 0.07M hydrochloric acid and stirred for one hour at a temperature of 23 °C \pm 2 °C, exhibit a solubility of 5% or less, are not subject to the provisions of ADN.

h Articles impregnated with this pesticide, such as fibreboard plates, paper strips, cotton-wool balls, sheets of plastics material, in hermetically closed wrappings, are not subject to the provisions of ADN.

Toxic substances without subsidiary risk(s) (cont'd)



Toxic substances with subsidiary risk(s)



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h Articles impregnated with this pesticide, such as fibreboard plates, paper strips, cotton-wool balls, sheets of plastics material, in hermetically closed wrappings, are not subject to the provisions of ADN.

Mixtures of solids which are not subject to the provisions of ADN and of toxic liquids may be carried under UN No. 3243 without first applying the classification criteria of Class 6.1, provided there is no free liquid visible at the time the substance is loaded or at the time the packaging or cargo transport unit is closed. Each packaging shall correspond to a design type that has passed a leakproofness test at the packing group II level. This entry shall not be used for solids containing a packing group I liquid.

Highly toxic and toxic flammable liquids having a flash-point below 23 °C are substances of Class 3 except those which are highly toxic by inhalation, as defined in 2.2.61.1.4 to 2.2.61.1.9. Liquids which are highly toxic by inhalation are indicated as "toxic by inhalation" in their proper shipping name in Column (2) or by special provision 354 in Column (6) of Table A of Chapter 3.2.

Flammable liquids, slightly toxic, with the exception of substances and preparations used as pesticides, having a flash-point between 23 °C and 60 °C inclusive, are substances of Class 3.

Toxic substances with subsidiary risk(s) (cont'd)

Flammable TF				
(cont'd)			2991	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
			2993	ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
			2995	ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
			2997	TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
			3005	THIOCARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
			3009	COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
	pesticides,		3011	MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
	liquid	TF2	3013	SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
	(flash-		3015	BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
	point not		3017	ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
	less than		3019	ORGANOTIN PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
	23 °C)		3025	COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
			3347	PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
			3351	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE
			2903	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
	solid	TF3	1700	TEAR GAS CANDLES
		_	2930	TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
Solid, self-heating ^c	:		3124	TOXIC SOLID, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.
TS			3124	TOME BOLID, BELL HEATHVO, 14.0.5.
			2205	TOWER DATE OF THE PROPERTY OF
	liquid	TW1	3385	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or
			3386	equal to 200 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC ₅₀ TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or
			3380	equal to 1000 ml/m^3 and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC_{50}
			3123	
Water-reactive d				
TW	solid ⁿ	TW2	3125	TOXIC SOLID, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.
			2207	TOVIC DV DUNI (TION HOUR OWDIZING NO. 2 1 1 C 1 1
	liquid	TO1	3387	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 200 ml/m^3 and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC_{50}
			3388	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to
			3300	1000 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC_{50}
			3122	TOXIC LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.
Oxidizing ¹				× /
то	solid	TO2	3086	TOXIC SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.
	lianid	TC1	2277	CHI ODOEODMATES TOVIO CODDOSIVE NOS
	liquid	TC1	3277 3361	CHLOROFORMATES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. CHLOROSILANES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
			3389	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to
organic	4		3307	200 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC ₅₀
			3390	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to
Corro-			1	1000 ml/m³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC ₅₀
sive m			2927	
TC				
	solid	TC2	2928	TOXIC SOLID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
(cont'd on next page)			

^c Self-heating substances, slightly toxic and spontaneously combustible organometallic compounds, are substances of Class 4.2.

^d Water-reactive substances, slightly toxic, and water-reactive organometallic compounds, are substances of Class 4.3.

Oxidizing substances, slightly toxic, are substances of Class 5.1.

^m Substances slightly toxic and slightly corrosive, are substances of Class 8.

ⁿ Metal phosphides assigned to UN Nos. 1360, 1397, 1432, 1714, 2011 and 2013 are substances of Class 4.3.

 $\textit{Toxic substances } \underline{\textit{with}} \; \textit{subsidiary risk}(\textit{s}) \; (\textit{cont'd})$

Corrosive ^m TC				
inorga-	liquid	TC3	3389 3390 3289	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC_{50} lower than or equal to 200 ml/m³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC_{50} TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC_{50} lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC_{50} TOXIC LIQUID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
nic	_			
	solid	_TC4	3290	TOXIC SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
Flammable, corro	sive		2742 3362	CHLOROFORMATES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. CHLOROSILANES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
			3488 3489	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC $_{50}$ lower than or equal to 200 ml/m 3 and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC $_{50}$ TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC $_{50}$ lower
			<u> </u>	than or equal to 1000 ml/m 3 and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC $_{50}$
			3490	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 200 ml/m³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal
Flammable, water	-reactive			to 500 LC ₅₀
TFW			3491	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with an LC $_{50}$ lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m 3 and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10LC_{50}

^m Substances slightly toxic and slightly corrosive, are substances of Class 8.

2.2.62 Class 6.2 Infectious substances

2.2.62.1 *Criteria*

2.2.62.1.1 The heading of Class 6.2 covers infectious substances. For the purposes of ADN, infectious substances are substances which are known or are reasonably expected to contain pathogens. Pathogens are defined as micro-organisms (including bacteria, viruses, rickettsiae, parasites, fungi) and other agents such as prions, which can cause disease in humans or animals.

NOTE 1: Genetically modified micro-organisms and organisms, biological products, diagnostic specimens and infected live animals shall be assigned to this Class if they meet the conditions for this Class.

NOTE 2: Toxins from plant, animal or bacterial sources which do not contain any infectious substances or organisms or which are not contained in them are substances of Class 6.1, UN No. 3172 or 3462.

2.2.62.1.2 Substances of Class 6.2 are subdivided as follows:

- I1 Infectious substances affecting humans;
- I2 Infectious substances affecting animals only;
- I3 Clinical waste;
- I4 Biological substances, category B.

Definitions

2.2.62.1.3 For the purposes of ADN,

"Biological products" are those products derived from living organisms which are manufactured and distributed in accordance with the requirements of appropriate national authorities, which may have special licensing requirements, and are used either for prevention, treatment, or diagnosis of disease in humans or animals, or for development, experimental or investigational purposes related thereto. They include, but are not limited to, finished or unfinished products such as vaccines;

"Cultures" are the result of a process by which pathogens are intentionally propagated. This definition does not include human or animal patient specimens as defined in this paragraph;

"Medical or clinical wastes" are wastes derived from the medical treatment of animals or humans or from bio-research;

"Patient specimens" are human or animal materials, collected directly from humans or animals, including, but not limited to, excreta, secreta, blood and its components, tissue and tissue fluid swabs, and body parts being carried for purposes such as research, diagnosis, investigational activities, disease treatment and prevention.

Classification

2.2.62.1.4 Infectious substances shall be classified in Class 6.2 and assigned to UN Nos 2814, 2900, 3291 or 3373, as appropriate.

Infectious substances are divided into the following categories:

2.2.62.1.4.1 Category A: An infectious substance which is carried in a form that, when exposure to it occurs, is capable of causing permanent disability, life-threatening or fatal disease in otherwise healthy humans or animals. Indicative examples of substances that meet these criteria are given in the table in this paragraph.

NOTE: An exposure occurs when an infectious substance is released outside of the protective packaging, resulting in physical contact with humans or animals.

- (a) Infectious substances meeting these criteria which cause disease in humans or both in humans and animals shall be assigned to UN No. 2814. Infectious substances which cause disease only in animals shall be assigned to UN No. 2900;
- (b) Assignment to UN No. 2814 or UN No. 2900 shall be based on the known medical history and symptoms of the source human or animal, endemic local conditions, or professional judgement concerning individual circumstances of the source human or animal.

NOTE 1: The proper shipping name for UN No. 2814 is "INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING HUMANS". The proper shipping name for UN No. 2900 is "INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING ANIMALS only".

NOTE 2: The following table is not exhaustive. Infectious substances, including new or emerging pathogens, which do not appear in the table but which meet the same criteria shall be assigned to Category A. In addition, if there is doubt as to whether or not a substance meets the criteria it shall be included in Category A.

NOTE 3: In the following table, the micro-organisms written in italics are bacteria, mycoplasmas, rickettsia or fungi.

INDICATIVE EXAMPLES OF INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCES INCLUDED IN CATEGORY A
IN ANY FORM UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED
(2 2 62 1 4 1)

(2.2.62.1.4.1)					
UN Number and name	Microorganism				
UN No. 2814	Bacillus anthracis (cultures only)				
Infectious	Brucella abortus (cultures only)				
substances	Brucella melitensis (cultures only)				
affecting humans	Brucella suis (cultures only)				
	Burkholderia mallei - Pseudomonas mallei – Glanders (cultures only)				
	Burkholderia pseudomallei – Pseudomonas pseudomallei (cultures only)				
	Chlamydia psittaci - avian strains (cultures only)				
	Clostridium botulinum (cultures only)				
	Coccidioides immitis (cultures only)				
	Coxiella burnetii (cultures only)				
	Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever virus				
	Dengue virus (cultures only)				
	Eastern equine encephalitis virus (cultures only)				
	Escherichia coli, verotoxigenic (cultures only) ^a				
	Ebola virus				
	Flexal virus				
	Francisella tularensis (cultures only)				
	Guanarito virus				
	Hantaan virus				
	Hantavirus causing haemorrhagic fever with renal syndrome				
	Hendra virus				
	Hepatitis B virus (cultures only)				
	Herpes B virus (cultures only)				
	Human immunodeficiency virus (cultures only)				
	Highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (cultures only)				
	Japanese Encephalitis virus (cultures only)				
	Junin virus				
	Kyasanur Forest disease virus				
	Lassa virus				
	Machupo virus				
	Marburg virus				
	Monkeypox virus				
	Mycobacterium tuberculosis (cultures only) ^a				
	Nipah virus				
	Omsk haemorrhagic fever virus				
	Poliovirus (cultures only)				
	Rabies virus (cultures only)				
	Rickettsia prowazekii (cultures only)				
	Rickettsia rickettsii (cultures only)				
	Rift Valley fever virus (cultures only)				
	Russian spring-summer encephalitis virus (cultures only)				
	Sabia virus				
	Shigella dysenteriae type 1 (cultures only) a				
	Tick-borne encephalitis virus (cultures only)				
	Variola virus				
	Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus (cultures only)				
	West Nile virus (cultures only) Vellow favor virus (cultures only)				
	Yellow fever virus (cultures only)				
	Yersinia pestis (cultures only)				

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^a Nevertheless, when the cultures are intended for diagnostic or clinical purposes, they may be classified as infectious substances of Category B.

INDICATIVE EXAMPLES OF INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCES INCLUDED IN CATEGORY A								
IN ANY FORM UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED								
	(2.2.62.1.4.1)							
UN Number and	Microorganism							
name	14HCI OOI gamom							
UN No. 2900	African swine fever virus (cultures only)							
Infectious	Avian paramyxovirus Type 1 - Velogenic Newcastle disease virus (cultures only)							
substances	Classical swine fever virus (cultures only)							
affecting animals	Foot and mouth disease virus (cultures only)							
only	Lumpy skin disease virus (cultures only)							
	Mycoplasma mycoides - Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia (cultures only)							
	Peste des petits ruminants virus (cultures only)							
	Rinderpest virus (cultures only)							
	Sheep-pox virus (cultures only)							
	Goatpox virus (cultures only)							
	Swine vesicular disease virus (cultures only)							
	Vesicular stomatitis virus (cultures only)							

2.2.62.1.4.2 Category B: An infectious substance which does not meet the criteria for inclusion in Category A. Infectious substances in Category B shall be assigned to UN No. 3373.

NOTE: The proper shipping name of UN No. 3373 is "BIOLOGICAL SUBSTANCE, CATEGORY B".

- 2.2.62.1.5 *Exemptions*
- 2.2.62.1.5.1 Substances which do not contain infectious substances or substances which are unlikely to cause disease in humans or animals are not subject to the provisions of ADN unless they meet the criteria for inclusion in another class.
- 2.2.62.1.5.2 Substances containing microorganisms which are non-pathogenic to humans or animals are not subject to ADN unless they meet the criteria for inclusion in another class.
- 2.2.62.1.5.3 Substances in a form that any present pathogens have been neutralized or inactivated such that they no longer pose a health risk are not subject to ADN unless they meet the criteria for inclusion in another class.

NOTE: Medical equipment which has been drained of free liquid is deemed to meet the requirements of this paragraph and is not subject to the provisions of ADN.

- 2.2.62.1.5.4 Substances where the concentration of pathogens is at a level naturally encountered (including foodstuff and water samples) and which are not considered to pose a significant risk of infection are not subject to ADN unless they meet the criteria for inclusion in another class.
- 2.2.62.1.5.5 Dried blood spots, collected by applying a drop of blood onto absorbent material, are not subject to ADN.
- 2.2.62.1.5.6 Faecal occult blood screening samples are not subject to ADN.
- 2.2.62.1.5.7 Blood or blood components which have been collected for the purposes of transfusion or for the preparation of blood products to be used for transfusion or transplantation and any tissues or organs intended for use in transplantation as well as samples drawn in connection with such purposes are not subject to ADN.

2.2.62.1.5.8 Human or animal specimens for which there is minimal likelihood that pathogens are present are not subject to ADN if the specimen is carried in a packaging which will prevent any leakage and which is marked with the words "Exempt human specimen" or "Exempt animal specimen", as appropriate.

The packaging is deemed to comply with the above requirements if it meets the following conditions:

- (a) The packaging consists of three components:
 - (i) a leak-proof primary receptacle(s);
 - (ii) a leak-proof secondary packaging; and
 - (iii) an outer packaging of adequate strength for its capacity, mass and intended use, and with at least one surface having minimum dimensions of 100 mm × 100 mm;
- (b) For liquids, absorbent material in sufficient quantity to absorb the entire contents is placed between the primary receptacle(s) and the secondary packaging so that, during carriage, any release or leak of a liquid substance will not reach the outer packaging and will not compromise the integrity of the cushioning material;
- (c) When multiple fragile primary receptacles are placed in a single secondary packaging, they are either individually wrapped or separated to prevent contact between them.
- **NOTE 1:** An element of professional judgement is required to determine if a substance is exempt under this paragraph. That judgement should be based on the known medical history, symptoms and individual circumstances of the source, human or animal, and endemic local conditions. Examples of specimens which may be carried under this paragraph include blood or urine tests to monitor cholesterol levels, blood glucose levels, hormone levels, or prostate specific antibodies (PSA); those required to monitor organ function such as heart, liver or kidney function for humans or animals with non-infectious diseases, or for therapeutic drug monitoring; those conducted for insurance or employment purposes and intended to determine the presence of drugs or alcohol; pregnancy tests; biopsies to detect cancer; and antibody detection in humans or animals in the absence of any concern for infection (e.g. evaluation of vaccine induced immunity, diagnosis of autoimmune disease, etc.).
- **NOTE 2**: For air transport, packagings for specimens exempted under this paragraph shall meet the conditions in (a) to (c).

2.2.62.1.5.9 Except for:

- (a) Medical waste (UN No. 3291);
- (b) Medical devices or equipment contaminated with or containing infectious substances in Category A (UN No. 2814 or UN No. 2900); and
- (c) Medical devices or equipment contaminated with or containing other dangerous goods that meet the definition of another class, medical devices or equipment potentially contaminated with or containing infectious substances which are being carried for disinfection, cleaning, sterilization, repair, or equipment evaluation are not subject to provisions of ADN other than those of this paragraph if packed in packagings designed and constructed in such a way that, under normal conditions of carriage, they cannot break, be punctured or leak their contents. Packagings shall be designed to meet the construction requirements listed in 6.1.4 or 6.6.4 of ADR.

These packagings shall meet the general packing requirements of 4.1.1.1 and 4.1.1.2 of ADR and be capable of retaining the medical devices and equipment when dropped from a height of 1.2m.

The packagings shall be marked "USED MEDICAL DEVICE" or "USED MEDICAL EQUIPMENT". When using overpacks, these shall be marked in the same way, except when the inscription remains visible.

2.2.62.1.6- (*Reserved*)

2.2.62.1.8

2.2.62.1.9 *Biological products*

For the purposes of ADN, biological products are divided into the following groups:

- (a) those which are manufactured and packaged in accordance with the requirements of appropriate national authorities and carried for the purposes of final packaging or distribution, and use for personal health care by medical professionals or individuals. Substances in this group are not subject to the provisions of ADN;
- (b) those which do not fall under paragraph (a) and are known or reasonably believed to contain infectious substances and which meet the criteria for inclusion in Category A or Category B. Substances in this group shall be assigned to UN No. 2814, UN No. 2900 or UN No. 3373, as appropriate.

NOTE: Some licensed biological products may present a biohazard only in certain parts of the world. In that case, competent authorities may require these biological products to be in compliance with local requirements for infectious substances or may impose other restrictions.

2.2.62.1.10 *Genetically modified micro-organisms and organisms*

Genetically modified micro-organisms not meeting the definition of infectious substance shall be classified according to section 2.2.9.

- 2.2.62.1.11 *Medical or clinical wastes*
- 2.2.62.1.11.1 Medical or clinical wastes containing Category A infectious substances shall be assigned to UN No. 2814 or UN No. 2900 as appropriate. Medical or clinical wastes containing infectious substances in Category B shall be assigned to UN No. 3291.

NOTE: Medical or clinical wastes assigned to number 18 01 03 (Wastes from human or animal health care and/or related research – wastes from natal care, diagnosis, treatment or prevention of disease in humans – wastes whose collection and disposal is subject to special requirement in order to prevent infection) or 18 02 02 (Wastes from human or animal health care and/or related research – wastes from research, diagnosis, treatment or prevention of disease involving animals – wastes whose collection and disposal is subject to special requirements in order to prevent infection) according to the list of wastes annexed to the Commission Decision 2000/532/EC⁵ as amended, shall be classified according to the

Commission Decision 2000/532/EC of 3 May 2000 replacing Decision 94/3/EC establishing a list of wastes pursuant to Article 1(a) of Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste (replaced by Directive 2006/12/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 114 of 27 April 2006, page 9)) and Council Decision 94/904/EC establishing a list of

provisions set out in this paragraph, based on the medical or veterinary diagnosis concerning the patient or the animal.

2.2.62.1.11.2 Medical or clinical wastes which are reasonably believed to have a low probability of containing infectious substances shall be assigned to UN No. 3291. For the assignment, international, regional or national waste catalogues may be taken into account.

NOTE 1: The proper shipping name for UN No. 3291 is "CLINICAL WASTE, UNSPECIFIED, N.O.S." or "(BIO) MEDICAL WASTE, N.O.S". or "REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE, N.O.S.".

- NOTE 2: Notwithstanding the classification criteria set out above, medical or clinical wastes assigned to number 18 01 04 (Wastes from human or animal health care and/or related research wastes from natal care, diagnosis, treatment or prevention of disease in humans wastes whose collection and disposal is not subject to special requirements in order to prevent infection) or 18 02 03 (Wastes from human or animal health care and/or related research wastes from research, diagnosis, treatment or prevention of disease involving animals wastes whose collection and disposal is not subject to special requirements in order to prevent infection) according to the list of wastes annexed to the Commission Decision 2000/532/EC⁵ as amended, are not subject to the provisions of ADN.
- 2.2.62.1.11.3 Decontaminated medical or clinical wastes which previously contained infectious substances are not subject to the provisions of ADN unless they meet the criteria for inclusion in another class.
- 2.2.62.1.11.4 Medical or clinical wastes assigned to UN No. 3291 are assigned to packing group II.
- 2.2.62.1.12 Infected animals
- 2.2.62.1.12.1 Unless an infectious substance cannot be consigned by any other means, live animals shall not be used to consign such a substance. A live animal which has been intentionally infected and is known or suspected to contain an infectious substance shall only be carried under terms and conditions approved by the competent authority⁶.
- 2.2.62.1.12.2 Animal material affected by pathogens of Category A or by pathogens which would be assigned to Category A in cultures only, shall be assigned to UN 2814 or UN 2900 as appropriate. Animal material affected by pathogens of Category B, other than those which would be assigned to Category A if they were in cultures, shall be assigned to UN 3373.

2.2.62.2 Substances not accepted for carriage

Live vertebrate or invertebrate animals shall not be used to carry an infectious agent unless the agent cannot be carried by other means or unless this carriage has been approved by the competent authority (see 2.2.62.1.12.1).

hazardous waste pursuant to Article 1(4) of Council Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 226 of 6 September 2000, page 3).

Such regulations are contained in, e.g. Directive 91/628/EEC (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 340 of 11 December 1991, p. 17) and in the Recommendations of the Council of Europe (Ministerial Committee) on the carriage of certain animal species.

2.2.62.3 List of collective entries

Effects on humans	I1	2814	INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING HUMANS
Effects on animals only	I 2	2900	INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING ANIMALS only
Clinical waste	13	3291 3291 3291	CLINICAL WASTE, UNSPECIFIED, N.O.S. or (BIO)MEDICAL WASTE, N.O.S. or REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE, N.O.S.
Biological substances	I 4	3373	BIOLOGICAL SUBSTANCE, CATEGORY B

2.2.7 Class 7 Radioactive material

2.2.7.1 Definitions

2.2.7.1.1 *Radioactive material* means any material containing radionuclides where both the activity concentration and the total activity in the consignment exceed the values specified in 2.2.7.2.2.1 to 2.2.7.2.2.6.

2.2.7.1.2 *Contamination*

Contamination means the presence of a radioactive substance on a surface in quantities in excess of 0.4 Bq/cm² for beta and gamma emitters and low toxicity alpha emitters, or 0.04 Bq/cm² for all other alpha emitters.

Non-fixed contamination means contamination that can be removed from a surface during routine conditions of carriage.

Fixed contamination means contamination other than non-fixed contamination.

2.2.7.1.3 Definitions of specific terms

 A_1 and A_2

 A_I means the activity value of special form radioactive material which is listed in the Table in 2.2.7.2.2.1 or derived in 2.2.7.2.2.2 and is used to determine the activity limits for the requirements of ADN.

 A_2 means the activity value of radioactive material, other than special form radioactive material, which is listed in the Table in 2.2.7.2.2.1 or derived in 2.2.7.2.2.2 and is used to determine the activity limits for the requirements of ADN.

Fissile nuclides means uranium-233, uranium-235, plutonium-239 and plutonium-241. Fissile material means a material containing any of the fissile nuclides. Excluded from the definition of fissile material are the following:

- (a) Natural uranium or depleted uranium which is unirradiated;
- (b) Natural uranium or depleted uranium which has been irradiated in thermal reactors only;
- (c) Material with fissile nuclides less than a total of 0.25 g;
- (d) Any combination of (a), (b) and/or (c).

These exclusions are only valid if there is no other material with fissile nuclides in the package or in the consignment if shipped unpackaged.

Low dispersible radioactive material means either a solid radioactive material or a solid radioactive material in a sealed capsule, that has limited dispersibility and is not in powder form.

Low specific activity (LSA) material means radioactive material which by its nature has a limited specific activity, or radioactive material for which limits of estimated average specific activity apply. External shielding materials surrounding the LSA material shall not be considered in determining the estimated average specific activity.

Low toxicity alpha emitters are: natural uranium; depleted uranium; natural thorium; uranium-235 or uranium-238; thorium-232; thorium-228 and thorium-230 when contained in ores or physical and chemical concentrates; or alpha emitters with a half-life of less than 10 days.

Specific activity of a radionuclide means the activity per unit mass of that nuclide. The specific activity of a material shall mean the activity per unit mass of the material in which the radionuclides are essentially uniformly distributed.

Special form radioactive material means either:

- (a) An indispersible solid radioactive material; or
- (b) A sealed capsule containing radioactive material.

Surface contaminated object (SCO) means a solid object which is not itself radioactive but which has radioactive material distributed on its surface.

Unirradiated thorium means thorium containing not more than 10^{-7} g of uranium-233 per gram of thorium-232.

Unirradiated uranium means uranium containing not more than 2×10^3 Bq of plutonium per gram of uranium-235, not more than 9×10^6 Bq of fission products per gram of uranium-235 and not more than 5×10^{-3} g of uranium-236 per gram of uranium-235.

Uranium - natural, depleted, enriched means the following:

Natural uranium means uranium (which may be chemically separated) containing the naturally occurring distribution of uranium isotopes (approximately 99.28% uranium-238, and 0.72% uranium-235 by mass).

Depleted uranium means uranium containing a lesser mass percentage of uranium-235 than in natural uranium.

Enriched uranium means uranium containing a greater mass percentage of uranium-235 than 0.72%.

In all cases, a very small mass percentage of uranium-234 is present.

2.2.7.2 Classification

2.2.7.2.1 *General provisions*

2.2.7.2.1.1 Radioactive material shall be assigned to one of the UN numbers specified in Table 2.2.7.2.1.1, in accordance with 2.2.7.2.4 and 2.2.7.2.5, taking into account the material characteristics determined in 2.2.7.2.3.

Table 2.2.7.2.1.1 Assignment of UN numbers

UN Nos.	Proper shipping name and description ^a
Excepted page	ckages
(1.7.1.5)	
UN 2908	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE - EMPTY PACKAGING
UN 2909	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE – ARTICLES
	MANUFACTURED FROM NATURAL URANIUM or DEPLETED URANIUM or
	NATURAL THORIUM
UN 2910	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE - LIMITED QUANTITY OF
	MATERIAL
UN 2911	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE - INSTRUMENTS or
	ARTICLES
UN 3507	URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED
	PACKAGE less than 0.1 kg per package, non-fissile or fissile-excepted b, c
Low specific	activity radioactive material
(2.2.7.2.3.1)	
UN 2912	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY (LSA-I), non-fissile or
	fissile-excepted b
UN 3321	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY
	(LSA-II), non fissile or fissile-excepted b
UN 3322	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY
	(LSA-III), non fissile or fissile-excepted ^b
UN 3324	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY
	(LSA-II), FISSILE
UN 3325	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY
	(LSA-III), FISSILE
Surface conta	aminated objects
(2.2.7.2.3.2)	
UN 2913	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, SURFACE CONTAMINATED OBJECTS (SCO-I or
	SCO-II), non-fissile or fissile-excepted ^b
UN 3326	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, SURFACE CONTAMINATED OBJECTS (SCO-I or
	SCO-II), FISSILE
Type A pack	ages
(2.2.7.2.4.4)	
UN 2915	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE A PACKAGE, non-special form, non-fissile or
	fissile-excepted ^b
UN 3327	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE A PACKAGE, FISSILE, non-special form
UN 3332	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE A PACKAGE, SPECIAL FORM, non fissile or
	fissile-excepted ^b
UN 3333	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE A PACKAGE, SPECIAL FORM, FISSILE
Type B(U) pa	ackages
(2.2.7.2.4.6)	.
UN 2916	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE B(U) PACKAGE, non-fissile or fissile-excepted b
UN 3328	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE B(U) PACKAGE, FISSILE
Type B(M) p	ackages
(2.2.7.2.4.6)	
UN 2917	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE B(M) PACKAGE, non-fissile or fissile-excepted b
UN 3329	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE B(M) PACKAGE, FISSILE
Type C pack	ages
(2.2.7.2.4.6)	DADIOACTIVE MATERIAL TYPE CRACKAGE 6 3 6 3 6 3
UN 3323	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE C PACKAGE, non fissile or fissile-excepted b
UN 3330	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE C PACKAGE, FISSILE

a	
Special arrai	ngement
(2.2.7.2.5)	
UN 2919	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TRANSPORTED UNDER SPECIAL
	ARRANGEMENT, non-fissile or fissile-excepted b
UN 3331	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TRANSPORTED UNDER SPECIAL
	ARRANGEMENT, FISSILE
Uranium hex	xafluoride
(2.2.7.2.4.5)	
UN 2977	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, FISSILE
UN 2978	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, non-fissile or fissile-
	excepted ^b
UN 3507	URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED
	PACKAGE less than 0.1 kg per package, non-fissile or fissile-excepted b, c

PACKAGE less than 0.1 kg per package, non-fissile or fissile-excepted b, c

The proper shipping name is found in the column "proper shipping name and description" and is restricted to that part shown in capital letters. In the cases of UN Nos. 2909, 2911, 2913 and 3326, where alternative proper shipping names are separated by the word "or" only the relevant proper shipping name shall be used.

b The term "fissile-excepted" refers only to material excepted under 2.2.7.2.3.5.

c For UN No. 3507, see also special provision 369 in Chapter 3.3.

2.2.7.2.2 Determination of radionuclide values

- 2.2.7.2.2.1 The following basic values for individual radionuclides are given in Table 2.2.7.2.2.1:
 - A_1 and A_2 in TBq; (a)
 - (b) Activity concentration limits for exempt material in Bq/g; and
 - Activity limits for exempt consignments in Bq. (c)

Table 2.2.7.2.2.1: Basic radionuclides values for individual radionuclides

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_I	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt consignment
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	(Bq)
Actinium (89)				
Ac-225 (a)	8 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻³	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^4
Ac-227 (a)	9 × 10 ⁻¹	9 × 10 ⁻⁵	1 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3
Ac-228	6 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Silver (47)				
Ag-105	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Ag-108m (a)	7 × 10 ⁻¹	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^1 (b)	$1 \times 10^6 (b)$
Ag-110m (a)	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^{6}
Ag-111	2×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^{6}
Aluminium (13)				
Al-26	1 × 10 ⁻¹	1 × 10 ⁻¹	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^5
Americium (95)				
Am-241	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{0}	1×10^4
Am-242m (a)	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁻³	$1 \times 10^{0} (b)$	$1 \times 10^4 (b)$
Am-243 (a)	5 × 10 ⁰	1×10^{-3}	$1 \times 10^0 (b)$	$1\times10^3\mathrm{(b)}$
Argon (18)				
Ar-37	4×10^{1}	4×10^{1}	1×10^6	1×10^8
Ar-39	4×10^{1}	2×10^{1}	1×10^7	1×10^4
Ar-41	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^{9}
Arsenic (33)				
As-72	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
As-73	4×10^{1}	4×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^7
As-74	1×10^{0}	9 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
As-76	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^5
As-77	2×10^{1}	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^{6}
Astatine (85)				
At-211 (a)	2×10^{1}	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^7
Gold (79)				
Au-193	7×10^0	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_1	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
Au-194	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Au-195	1×10^1	6×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Au-198	1×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Au-199	1×10^{1}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Barium (56)				
Ba-131 (a)	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Ba-133	3×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Ba-133m	2×10^1	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Ba-140 (a)	5 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1} (b)	$1 \times 10^5 (b)$
Beryllium (4)				
Be-7	2×10^{1}	2×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Be-10	4×10^{1}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^4	1×10^6
Bismuth (83)				
Bi-205	7 × 10 ⁻¹	7×10^{-1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Bi-206	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Bi-207	7 × 10 ⁻¹	7×10^{-1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Bi-210	1×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Bi-210m (a)	6 × 10 ⁻¹	2 × 10 ⁻²	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Bi-212 (a)	7 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^1 (b)	$1 \times 10^5 (b)$
Berkelium (97)				
Bk-247	8×10^{0}	8 × 10 ⁻⁴	1×10^{0}	1×10^4
Bk-249 (a)	4×10^{1}	3×10^{-1}	1×10^3	1×10^6
Bromine (35)				
Br-76	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Br-77	3×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Br-82	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4×10^{-1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Carbon (6)				
C-11	1×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
C-14	4×10^{1}	3×10^{0}	1×10^4	1×10^7
Calcium (20)				
Ca-41	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^5	1×10^7

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_1	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
Ca-45	4 × 10 ¹	1×10^{0}	1×10^4	1×10^7
Ca-47 (a)	3×10^{0}	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Cadmium (48)				
Cd-109	3 × 10 ¹	2×10^{0}	1×10^4	1 × 10 ⁶
Cd-113m	4×10^{1}	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Cd-115 (a)	3×10^{0}	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^{6}
Cd-115m	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1 × 10 ⁶
Cerium (58)				
Ce-139	7×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
Ce-141	2×10^{1}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁷
Ce-143	9 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^{6}
Ce-144 (a)	2 × 10 ⁻¹	2 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2 (b)	1×10^{5} (b)
Californium (98)				
Cf-248	4 × 10 ¹	6 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
Cf-249	3×10^{0}	8 × 10 ⁻⁴	1×10^{0}	1×10^3
Cf-250	2 × 10 ¹	2 × 10 ⁻³	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^4
Cf-251	7×10^{0}	7×10^{-4}	1×10^{0}	1×10^3
Cf-252	1 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁴
Cf-253 (a)	4 × 10 ¹	4 × 10 ⁻²	1×10^2	1×10^5
Cf-254	1 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{-3}	1×10^{0}	1×10^3
Chlorine (17)				
Cl-36	1 × 10 ¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^4	1 × 10 ⁶
C1-38	2 × 10 ⁻¹	2 × 10 ⁻¹	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^5
Curium (96)				
Cm-240	4 × 10 ¹	2 × 10 ⁻²	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁵
Cm-241	2×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
Cm-242	4 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁻²	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁵
Cm-243	9 × 10 ⁰	1 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{0}	1 × 10 ⁴
Cm-244	2×10^{1}	2 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁴
Cm-245	9 × 10 ⁰	9 × 10 ⁻⁴	1×10^{0}	1×10^3
Cm-246	9 × 10 ⁰	9 × 10 ⁻⁴	1×10^{0}	1×10^3

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_I	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
Cm-247 (a)	3×10^{0}	1×10^{-3}	1×10^{0}	1×10^4
Cm-248	2×10^{-2}	3×10^{-4}	1×10^{0}	1×10^3
Cobalt (27)				
Co-55	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Co-56	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Co-57	1×10^{1}	1×10^1	1×10^2	1×10^6
Co-58	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Co-58m	4×10^{1}	4×10^1	1×10^4	1×10^7
Co-60	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Chromium (24)				
Cr-51	3×10^{1}	3×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Caesium (55)				
Cs-129	4×10^{0}	4×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^5
Cs-131	3×10^{1}	3×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^6
Cs-132	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Cs-134	7×10^{-1}	7×10^{-1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
Cs-134m	4×10^1	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^5
Cs-135	4×10^1	1×10^{0}	1×10^4	1×10^7
Cs-136	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Cs-137 (a)	2×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1} (b)	$1 \times 10^4 (b)$
Copper (29)				
Cu-64	6×10^0	1×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Cu-67	1×10^1	7×10^{-1}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Dysprosium (66)				
Dy-159	2×10^1	2×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Dy-165	9 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Dy-166 (a)	9 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Erbium (68)				
Er-169	4×10^1	1×10^{0}	1×10^4	1×10^7
Er-171	8 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Europium (63)				

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_I	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
Eu-147	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Eu-148	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Eu-149	2×10^1	2×10^1	1×10^2	1×10^7
Eu-150 (short lived)	2×10^{0}	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Eu-150 (long lived)	7 × 10 ⁻¹	7×10^{-1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Eu-152	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Eu-152m	8 × 10 ⁻¹	8 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Eu-154	9 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Eu-155	2×10^1	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Eu-156	7 × 10 ⁻¹	7×10^{-1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Fluorine (9)				
F-18	1×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Iron (26)				
Fe-52 (a)	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Fe-55	4×10^1	4×10^1	1×10^4	1×10^6
Fe-59	9 × 10 ⁻¹	9 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Fe-60 (a)	4×10^1	2×10^{-1}	1×10^2	1×10^5
Gallium (31)				
Ga-67	7×10^0	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Ga-68	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Ga-72	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Gadolinium (64)				
Gd-146 (a)	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Gd-148	2×10^1	2×10^{-3}	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
Gd-153	1×10^1	9×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Gd-159	3×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Germanium (32)				
Ge-68 (a)	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Ge-71	4×10^1	4×10^{1}	1×10^4	1 × 10 ⁸
Ge-77	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Hafnium (72)				

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_1	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
Hf-172 (a)	6 × 10 ⁻¹	6×10^{-1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Hf-175	3×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Hf-181	2×10^{0}	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Hf-182	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^2	1×10^6
Mercury (80)				
Hg-194 (a)	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Hg-195m (a)	3×10^{0}	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Hg-197	2×10^{1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Hg-197m	1×10^{1}	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
Hg-203	5 × 10 ⁰	1×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^5
Holmium (67)				
Ho-166	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1 × 10 ⁵
Ho-166m	6 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^{6}
Iodine (53)				
I-123	6×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
I-124	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}
I-125	2×10^{1}	3×10^{0}	1×10^3	1 × 10 ⁶
I-126	2×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
I-129	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10 ²	1×10^5
I-131	3×10^{0}	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^{6}
I-132	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
I-133	7 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^{6}
I-134	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
I-135 (a)	6 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}
Indium (49)				
In-111	3×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
In-113m	4×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
In-114m (a)	1×10^{1}	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
In-115m	7×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
Iridium (77)				
Ir-189 (a)	1×10^1	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^2	1×10^7

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_{I}	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
Ir-190	7×10^{-1}	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Ir-192	1×10^{0} (c)	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
Ir-194	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^5
Potassium (19)				
K-40	9 × 10 ⁻¹	9 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
K-42	2 × 10 ⁻¹	2 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
K-43	7 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Krypton (36)				
Kr-79	4×10^{0}	2 x 10 ⁰	1 x 10 ³	1 x 10 ⁵
Kr-81	4×10^{1}	4 × 10 ¹	1×10^4	1×10^7
Kr-85	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^5	1 × 10 ⁴
Kr-85m	8 × 10 ⁰	3×10^{0}	1×10^3	1×10^{10}
Kr-87	2 × 10 ⁻¹	2 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁹
Lanthanum (57)				
La-137	3×10^{1}	6×10^{0}	1×10^3	1×10^7
La-140	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Lutetium (71)				
Lu-172	6 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Lu-173	8×10^{0}	8×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Lu-174	9 × 10 ⁰	9×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Lu-174m	2×10^{1}	1×10^1	1×10^2	1×10^7
Lu-177	3 × 10 ¹	7×10^{-1}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Magnesium (12)				
Mg-28 (a)	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Manganese (25)				
Mn-52	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁵
Mn-53	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^4	1 × 10 ⁹
Mn-54	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁶
Mn-56	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁵
Molybdenum (42)				
Mo-93	4×10^{1}	2×10^{1}	1×10^3	1 × 10 ⁸

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_1	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
Mo-99 (a)	1×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Nitrogen (7)				
N-13	9 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^9
Sodium (11)				
Na-22	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Na-24	2 × 10 ⁻¹	2 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Niobium (41)				
Nb-93m	4×10^{1}	3×10^{1}	1×10^4	1×10^7
Nb-94	7×10^{-1}	7×10^{-1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Nb-95	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Nb-97	9 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Neodymium (60)				
Nd-147	6×10^0	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Nd-149	6 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Nickel (28)				
Ni-59	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^4	1×10^8
Ni-63	4×10^{1}	3×10^{1}	1×10^5	1×10^8
Ni-65	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Neptunium (93)				
Np-235	4×10^{1}	4×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Np-236 (short-lived)	2×10^1	2×10^{0}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Np-236 (long-lived)	9×10^0	2×10^{-2}	1×10^2	1×10^5
Np-237	2×10^1	2×10^{-3}	$1 \times 10^0 (b)$	$1 \times 10^3 (b)$
Np-239	7×10^0	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^7
Osmium (76)				
Os-185	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^1	1×10^6
Os-191	1×10^1	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Os-191m	4×10^1	3×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Os-193	2×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Os-194 (a)	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^5
Phosphorus (15)				

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_1	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
P-32	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^5
P-33	4×10^1	1×10^{0}	1×10^5	1×10^{8}
Protactinium (91)				
Pa-230 (a)	2×10^{0}	7×10^{-2}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Pa-231	4×10^{0}	4 × 10 ⁻⁴	1×10^{0}	1×10^3
Pa-233	5 × 10 ⁰	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^7
Lead (82)				
Pb-201	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Pb-202	4×10^{1}	2×10^{1}	1×10^3	1 × 10 ⁶
Pb-203	4×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Pb-205	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^4	1×10^7
Pb-210 (a)	1×10^{0}	5 × 10 ⁻²	$1 \times 10^1 (b)$	$1 \times 10^4 (b)$
Pb-212 (a)	7 × 10 ⁻¹	2 × 10 ⁻¹	$1 \times 10^{1} (b)$	$1 \times 10^5 (b)$
Palladium (46)				
Pd-103 (a)	4×10^1	4×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^8
Pd-107	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^5	1×10^8
Pd-109	2×10^{0}	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Promethium (61)				
Pm-143	3×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^{6}
Pm-144	7 × 10 ⁻¹	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Pm-145	3 × 10 ¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Pm-147	4×10^{1}	2×10^{0}	1×10^4	1×10^7
Pm-148m (a)	8 × 10 ⁻¹	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Pm-149	2×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^{6}
Pm-151	2×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Polonium (84)				
Po-210	4×10^{1}	2 × 10 ⁻²	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁴
Praseodymium (59)				
Pr-142	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁵
Pr-143	3×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^4	1 × 10 ⁶
Platinum (78)				

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_1	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
Pt-188 (a)	1×10^{0}	8 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Pt-191	4×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Pt-193	4×10^{1}	4×10^{1}	1×10^4	1×10^7
Pt-193m	4×10^{1}	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^7
Pt-195m	1×10^1	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Pt-197	2×10^{1}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Pt-197m	1×10^{1}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Plutonium (94)				
Pu-236	3 × 10 ¹	3 × 10 ⁻³	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁴
Pu-237	2×10^{1}	2×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Pu-238	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{0}	1×10^4
Pu-239	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^{-3}	1×10^{0}	1 × 10 ⁴
Pu-240	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{0}	1×10^3
Pu-241 (a)	4 × 10 ¹	6 × 10 ⁻²	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁵
Pu-242	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{0}	1×10^4
Pu-244 (a)	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{0}	1×10^4
Radium (88)				
Ra-223 (a)	4 × 10 ⁻¹	7×10^{-3}	$1 \times 10^{2} (b)$	$1 \times 10^5 (b)$
Ra-224 (a)	4 × 10 ⁻¹	2 × 10 ⁻²	1×10^1 (b)	$1 \times 10^5 (b)$
Ra-225 (a)	2 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁵
Ra-226 (a)	2 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻³	$1 \times 10^{1} (b)$	$1 \times 10^4 (b)$
Ra-228 (a)	6 × 10 ⁻¹	2 × 10 ⁻²	$1 \times 10^{1} (b)$	1×10^5 (b)
Rubidium (37)				
Rb-81	2×10^{0}	8 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}
Rb-83 (a)	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Rb-84	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^{6}
Rb-86	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^5
Rb-87	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^4	1×10^7
Rb(nat)	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^4	1×10^7
Rhenium (75)				_
Re-184	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^1	1×10^6

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_I	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
Re-184m	3×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Re-186	2×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Re-187	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^6	1×10^{9}
Re-188	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^5
Re-189 (a)	3×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Re(nat)	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^6	1×10^9
Rhodium (45)				
Rh-99	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Rh-101	4×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Rh-102	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Rh-102m	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
Rh-103m	4×10^{1}	4×10^{1}	1×10^4	1 × 10 ⁸
Rh-105	1 × 10 ¹	8 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^{7}
Radon (86)				
Rn-222 (a)	3 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻³	$1 \times 10^{1} (b)$	$1 \times 10^8 (b)$
Ruthenium (44)				
Ru-97	5 × 10 ⁰	5 × 10 ⁰	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁷
Ru-103 (a)	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^{6}
Ru-105	1×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}
Ru-106 (a)	2 × 10 ⁻¹	2 × 10 ⁻¹	$1 \times 10^{2} (b)$	$1 \times 10^5 (b)$
Sulphur (16)				
S-35	4×10^{1}	3×10^{0}	1×10^5	1 × 10 ⁸
Antimony (51)				
Sb-122	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^4
Sb-124	6 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁶
Sb-125	2×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
Sb-126	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁵
Scandium (21)				
Sc-44	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁵
Sc-46	5 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁶
Sc-47	1×10^{1}	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_I	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt consignment
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	(Bq)
Sc-48	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Selenium (34)				
Se-75	3×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Se-79	4×10^{1}	2×10^{0}	1×10^4	1×10^7
Silicon (14)				
Si-31	6 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Si-32	4×10^{1}	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Samarium (62)				
Sm-145	1×10^{1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Sm-147	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
Sm-151	4×10^1	1×10^{1}	1×10^4	1×10^{8}
Sm-153	9×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Tin (50)				
Sn-113 (a)	4×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Sn-117m	7×10^0	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Sn-119m	4×10^1	3×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Sn-121m (a)	4×10^{1}	9 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^7
Sn-123	8 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Sn-125	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^5
Sn-126 (a)	6 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Strontium (38)				
Sr-82 (a)	2 × 10 ⁻¹	2×10^{-1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Sr-85	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Sr-85m	5×10^{0}	5×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Sr-87m	3×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Sr-89	6 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^{6}
Sr-90 (a)	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	$1 \times 10^{2} (b)$	$1 \times 10^4 (b)$
Sr-91 (a)	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3×10^{-1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
Sr-92 (a)	1×10^{0}	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}
Tritium (1)				
T(H-3)	4×10^{1}	4×10^1	1×10^6	1 × 10 ⁹

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_I	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt consignment
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	(Bq)
Tantalum (73)				
Ta-178 (long-lived)	1×10^{0}	8 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Ta-179	3×10^{1}	3×10^1	1×10^3	1×10^7
Ta-182	9 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
Terbium (65)				
Tb-157	4×10^{1}	4×10^1	1×10^4	1×10^7
Tb-158	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Tb-160	1×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^{6}
Technetium (43)				
Tc-95m (a)	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Tc-96	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1 × 10 ¹	1×10^{6}
Tc-96m (a)	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^7
Tc-97	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^3	1×10^{8}
Tc-97m	4 × 10 ¹	1×10^{0}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Tc-98	8 × 10 ⁻¹	7×10^{-1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Tc-99	4×10^{1}	9 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^4	1×10^7
Tc-99m	1 × 10 ¹	4×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Tellurium (52)				
Te-121	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Te-121m	5 × 10 ⁰	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Te-123m	8×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Te-125m	2×10^{1}	9 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^7
Te-127	2×10^{1}	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^{6}
Te-127m (a)	2×10^{1}	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^7
Te-129	7 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁶
Te-129m (a)	8 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1 × 10 ⁶
Te-131m (a)	7 × 10 ⁻¹	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁶
Te-132 (a)	5 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^7
Thorium (90)				
Th-227	1 × 10 ¹	5 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁴
Th-228 (a)	5 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{-3}	$1 \times 10^{0} (b)$	$1 \times 10^4 (b)$

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_1	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
Th-229	5×10^{0}	5 × 10 ⁻⁴	$1 \times 10^0 (b)$	$1 \times 10^{3} (b)$
Th-230	1×10^1	1×10^{-3}	1×10^{0}	1×10^4
Th-231	4×10^1	2×10^{-2}	1×10^3	1×10^7
Th-232	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
Th-234 (a)	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	$1 \times 10^{3} (b)$	$1 \times 10^5 (b)$
Th(nat)	Unlimited	Unlimited	$1 \times 10^{0} (b)$	$1 \times 10^3 (b)$
Titanium (22)				
Ti-44 (a)	5 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁵
Thallium (81)				
Tl-200	9 × 10 ⁻¹	9 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Tl-201	1×10^{1}	4×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^{6}
T1-202	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Tl-204	1×10^{1}	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^4	1×10^4
Thulium (69)				
Tm-167	7×10^{0}	8 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^{6}
Tm-170	3×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^6
Tm-171	4×10^{1}	4 × 10 ¹	1×10^4	1×10^{8}
Uranium (92)				
U-230 (fast lung absorption) (a)(d)	4×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁻¹	$1 \times 10^{1} (b)$	$1 \times 10^5 (b)$
U-230 (medium lung absorption) (a)(e)	4×10^{1}	4×10^{-3}	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
U-230 (slow lung absorption) (a)(f)	3×10^{1}	3×10^{-3}	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
U-232 (fast lung absorption) (d)	4×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁻²	$1 \times 10^0 (b)$	$1\times10^3\mathrm{(b)}$
U-232 (medium lung absorption) (e)	4×10^{1}	7×10^{-3}	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
U-232 (slow lung absorption) (f)	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
U-233 (fast lung absorption) (d)	4×10^{1}	9 × 10 ⁻²	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
U-233 (medium lung absorption) (e)	4×10^{1}	2 × 10 ⁻²	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁵
U-233 (slow lung absorption) (f)	4 × 10 ¹	6 × 10 ⁻³	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁵
U-234 (fast lung absorption) (d)	4 × 10 ¹	9 × 10 ⁻²	1×10^{1}	1 × 10 ⁴
U-234 (medium lung absorption) (e)	4 × 10 ¹	2 × 10 ⁻²	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁵
U-234 (slow lung absorption) (f)	4 × 10 ¹	6 × 10 ⁻³	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁵
U-235 (all lung absorption types)	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^{1} (b)	$1 \times 10^4 (b)$

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_I	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
(a)(d)(e)(f)				
U-236 (fast lung absorption) (d)	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
U-236 (medium lung absorption) (e)	4×10^{1}	2×10^{-2}	1×10^2	1×10^5
U-236 (slow lung absorption) (f)	4 × 10 ¹	6 × 10 ⁻³	1×10^{1}	1×10^4
U-238 (all lung absorption types) (d)(e)(f)	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^{1} (b)	$1\times10^4\mathrm{(b)}$
U (nat)	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^0 (b)	$1\times10^3\mathrm{(b)}$
U (enriched to 20% or less) (g)	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^{0}	1×10^3
U (dep)	Unlimited	Unlimited	1×10^{0}	1×10^3
Vanadium (23)				
V-48	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^5
V-49	4 × 10 ¹	4×10^{1}	1×10^4	1×10^7
Tungsten (74)				
W-178 (a)	9 × 10 ⁰	5×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
W-181	3×10^{1}	3×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^7
W-185	4×10^{1}	8 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^4	1×10^7
W-187	2×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
W-188 (a)	4 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^5
Xenon (54)				
Xe-122 (a)	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁹
Xe-123	2×10^{0}	7 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1 × 10 ⁹
Xe-127	4×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^3	1×10^5
Xe-131m	4 × 10 ¹	4 × 10 ¹	1×10^4	1 × 10 ⁴
Xe-133	2×10^{1}	1×10^{1}	1×10^3	1×10^4
Xe-135	3×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^3	1×10^{10}
Yttrium (39)				
Y-87 (a)	1×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁶
Y-88	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1 × 10 ¹	1 × 10 ⁶
Y-90	3 × 10 ⁻¹	3 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1 × 10 ⁵
Y-91	6 × 10 ⁻¹	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1 × 10 ⁶
Y-91m	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6

Radionuclide (atomic number)	A_1	A_2	Activity concentration limit for exempt	Activity limit for an exempt
	(TBq)	(TBq)	material (Bq/g)	consignment (Bq)
Y-92	2×10^{-1}	2×10^{-1}	1×10^2	1×10^5
Y-93	3×10^{-1}	3×10^{-1}	1×10^2	1×10^5
Ytterbium (70)				
Yb-169	4×10^{0}	1×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^7
Yb-175	3×10^{1}	9 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3	1×10^7
Zinc (30)				
Zn-65	2×10^{0}	2×10^{0}	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Zn-69	3×10^{0}	6×10^{-1}	1×10^4	1×10^6
Zn-69m (a)	3×10^{0}	6 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^2	1×10^6
Zirconium (40)				
Zr-88	3×10^{0}	3×10^{0}	1×10^2	1×10^6
Zr-93	Unlimited	Unlimited	$1 \times 10^{3} (b)$	1×10^{7} (b)
Zr-95 (a)	2×10^{0}	8 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1}	1×10^6
Zr-97 (a)	4 × 10 ⁻¹	4 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^{1} (b)	1×10^{5} (b)

(a) A_1 and/or A_2 values for these parent radionuclides include contributions from their progeny with half-lives less than 10 days, as listed in the following:

Mg-28	Al-28
Ar-42	K-42
Ca-47	Sc-47
Ti-44	Sc-44
Fe-52	Mn-52m
Fe-60	Co-60m
Zn-69m	Zn-69
Ge-68	Ga-68
Rb-83	Kr-83m
Sr-82	Rb-82
Sr-90	Y-90
Sr-91	Y-91m
Sr-92	Y-92
Y-87	Sr-87m
Zr-95	Nb-95m
Zr-97	Nb-97m, Nb-97
Mo-99	Tc-99m
Tc-95m	Tc-95
Tc-96m	Tc-96
Ru-103	Rh-103m
Ru-106	Rh-106
Pd-103	Rh-103m
Ag-108m	Ag-108
Ag-110m	Ag-110

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Cd-115
             In-115m
In-114m
             In-114
Sn-113
             In-113m
             Sn-121
Sn-121m
Sn-126
             Sb-126m
Te-118
             Sb-118
Te-127m
             Te-127
Te-129m
             Te-129
Te-131m
             Te-131
Te-132
             I-132
I-135
             Xe-135m
Xe-122
             I-122
             Ba-137m
Cs-137
Ba-131
             Cs-131
Ba-140
             La-140
Ce-144
             Pr-144m, Pr-144
Pm-148m
             Pm-148
Gd-146
             Eu-146
             Ho-166
Dy-166
Hf-172
             Lu-172
             Ta-178
W-178
             Re-188
W-188
             Os-189m
Re-189
Os-194
             Ir-194
Ir-189
             Os-189m
             Ir-188
Pt-188
             Au-194
Hg-194
Hg-195m
             Hg-195
Pb-210
             Bi-210
Pb-212
             Bi-212, Tl-208, Po-212
Bi-210m
             T1-206
Bi-212
             Tl-208, Po-212
At-211
             Po-211
             Po-218, Pb-214, At-218, Bi-214, Po-214
Rn-222
Ra-223
             Rn-219, Po-215, Pb-211, Bi-211, Po-211, Tl-207
Ra-224
             Rn-220, Po-216, Pb-212, Bi-212, Tl-208, Po-212
Ra-225
             Ac-225, Fr-221, At-217, Bi-213, Tl-209, Po-213, Pb-209
Ra-226
             Rn-222, Po-218, Pb-214, At-218, Bi-214, Po-214
Ra-228
             Ac-228
Ac-225
             Fr-221, At-217, Bi-213, Tl-209, Po-213, Pb-209
Ac-227
             Fr-223
             Ra-224, Rn-220, Po-216, Pb-212, Bi-212, Tl-208, Po-212
Th-228
Th-234
             Pa-234m, Pa-234
             Ac-226, Th-226, Fr-222, Ra-222, Rn-218, Po-214
Pa-230
             Th-226, Ra-222, Rn-218, Po-214
U-230
             Th-231
U-235
Pu-241
             U-237
Pu-244
             U-240, Np-240m
Am-242m
             Am-242, Np-238
Am-243
             Np-239
Cm-247
             Pu-243
             Am-245
Bk-249
Cf-253
             Cm-249
```

(b) Parent nuclides and their progeny included in secular equilibrium are listed in the following:

```
Y-90
Sr-90
Zr-93
           Nb-93m
Zr-97
           Nb-97
Ru-106
           Rh-106
Ag-108m
           Ag-108
Cs-137
           Ba-137m
Ce-144
           Pr-144
Ba-140
           La-140
Bi-212
           Tl-208 (0.36), Po-212 (0.64)
Pb-210
           Bi-210, Po-210
Pb-212
           Bi-212, Tl-208 (0.36), Po-212 (0.64)
Rn-222
           Po-218, Pb-214, Bi-214, Po-214
           Rn-219, Po-215, Pb-211, Bi-211, Tl-207
Ra-223
Ra-224
           Rn-220, Po-216, Pb-212, Bi-212, Tl-208 (0.36), Po-212 (0.64)
Ra-226
           Rn-222, Po-218, Pb-214, Bi-214, Po-214, Pb-210, Bi-210, Po-210
Ra-228
           Ac-228
Th-228
           Ra-224, Rn-220, Po-216, Pb212, Bi-212, Tl208 (0.36), Po-212 (0.64)
Th-229
           Ra-225, Ac-225, Fr-221, At-217, Bi-213, Po-213, Pb-209
Th-nat
           Ra-228, Ac-228, Th-228, Ra-224, Rn-220, Po-216, Pb-212, Bi-212,
           1208(0.36), Po-212 (0.64)
Th-234
           Pa-234m
U-230
           Th-226, Ra-222, Rn-218, Po-214
U-232
           Th-228, Ra-224, Rn-220, Po-216, Pb-212, Bi-212, Tl-208 (0.36), Po-212
           (0.64)
U-235
           Th-231
U-238
           Th-234, Pa-234m
U-nat
           Th-234, Pa-234m, U-234, Th-230, Ra-226, Rn-222, Po-218, Pb-214,
           Bi-214, Po-214, Pb-210, Bi-210, Po-210
           Np-237
                       Pa-233
Am-242m
           Am-242
Am-243
           Np-239
```

- (c) The quantity may be determined from a measurement of the rate of decay or a measurement of the radiation level at a prescribed distance from the source.
- (d) These values apply only to compounds of uranium that take the chemical form of UF_6 , UO_2F_2 and $UO_2(NO_3)_2$ in both normal and accident conditions of carriage.
- (e) These values apply only to compounds of uranium that take the chemical form of UO₃, UF₄, UCl₄ and hexavalent compounds in both normal and accident conditions of carriage.
- (f) These values apply to all compounds of uranium other than those specified in (d) and (e) above.
- (g) These values apply to unirradiated uranium only.

2.2.7.2.2.2 For individual radionuclides:

(a) Which are not listed in Table 2.2.7.2.2.1 the determination of the basic radionuclide values referred to in 2.2.7.2.2.1 shall require multilateral approval. For these radionuclides, activity concentration limits for exempt material and activity limits for exempt consignments shall be calculated in accordance with the principles

established in the International Basic Safety Standards for Protection against Ionizing Radiation and for the Safety of Radiation Sources, Safety Series No.115, IAEA, Vienna (1996). It is permissible to use an A₂ value calculated using a dose coefficient for the appropriate lung absorption type as recommended by the International Commission on Radiological Protection, if the chemical forms of each radionuclide under both normal and accident conditions of carriage are taken into consideration. Alternatively, the radionuclide values in Table 2.2.7.2.2.2 may be used without obtaining competent authority approval;

(b) In instruments or articles in which the radioactive material is enclosed or is included as a component part of the instrument or other manufactured article and which meet 2.2.7.2.4.1.3 (c), alternative basic radionuclide values to those in Table 2.2.7.2.2.1 for the activity limit for an exempt consignment are permitted and shall require multilateral approval. Such alternative activity limits for an exempt consignment shall be calculated in accordance with the principles set out in the International Basic Safety Standards for Protection against Ionizing Radiation and for the Safety of Radiation Sources, Safety Series No.115, IAEA, Vienna (1996).

Table 2.2.7.2.2.2: Basic radionuclide values for unknown radionuclides or mixtures

Radioactive contents	A ₁ (TBq)	A ₂ (TBq)	Activity concentration limit for exempt material (Bq/g)	Activity limit for exempt consignments (Bq)
Only beta or gamma emitting nuclides are known to be present	0.1	0.02	1×10^1	1×10^4
Alpha emitting nuclides but no neutron emitters are known to be present	0.2	9 × 10 ⁻⁵	1×10^{-1}	1×10^3
Neutron emitting nuclides are known to be present or no relevant data are available	0.001	9 × 10 ⁻⁵	1 × 10 ⁻¹	1×10^3

- 2.2.7.2.2.3 In the calculations of A₁ and A₂ for a radionuclide not in Table 2.2.7.2.2.1, a single radioactive decay chain in which the radionuclides are present in their naturally occurring proportions, and in which no daughter nuclide has a half-life either longer than 10 days or longer than that of the parent nuclide, shall be considered as a single radionuclide; and the activity to be taken into account and the A₁ or A₂ value to be applied shall be those corresponding to the parent nuclide of that chain. In the case of radioactive decay chains in which any daughter nuclide has a half-life either longer than 10 days or greater than that of the parent nuclide, the parent and such daughter nuclides shall be considered as mixtures of different nuclides.
- 2.2.7.2.2.4 For mixtures of radionuclides, the basic radionuclide values referred to in 2.2.7.2.2.1 may be determined as follows:

$$X_{m} = \frac{1}{\sum_{i} \frac{f(i)}{X(i)}}$$

where,

f(i) is the fraction of activity or activity concentration of radionuclide i in the mixture;

- X(i) is the appropriate value of A_1 or A_2 , or the activity concentration limit for exempt material or the activity limit for an exempt consignment as appropriate for the radionuclide i; and
- X_m is the derived value of A_1 or A_2 , or the activity concentration limit for exempt material or the activity limit for an exempt consignment in the case of a mixture.
- 2.2.7.2.2.5 When the identity of each radionuclide is known but the individual activities of some of the radionuclides are not known, the radionuclides may be grouped and the lowest radionuclide value, as appropriate, for the radionuclides in each group may be used in applying the formulas in 2.2.7.2.2.4 and 2.2.7.2.4.4. Groups may be based on the total alpha activity and the total beta/gamma activity when these are known, using the lowest radionuclide values for the alpha emitters or beta/gamma emitters, respectively.
- 2.2.7.2.2.6 For individual radionuclides or for mixtures of radionuclides for which relevant data are not available, the values shown in Table 2.2.7.2.2.2 shall be used.
- 2.2.7.2.3 Determination of other material characteristics
- 2.2.7.2.3.1 Low specific activity (LSA) material
- 2.2.7.2.3.1.1 (*Reserved*)
- 2.2.7.2.3.1.2 LSA material shall be in one of three groups:
 - (a) LSA-I
 - (i) uranium and thorium ores and concentrates of such ores, and other ores containing naturally occurring radionuclides;
 - (ii) natural uranium, depleted uranium, natural thorium or their compounds or mixtures, that are unirradiated and in solid or liquid form;
 - (iii) radioactive material for which the A₂ value is unlimited. Fissile material may be included only if excepted under 2.2.7.2.3.5;
 - (iv) other radioactive material in which the activity is distributed throughout and the estimated average specific activity does not exceed 30 times the values for activity concentration specified in 2.2.7.2.2.1 to 2.2.7.2.2.6. Fissile material may be included only if excepted under 2.2.7.2.3.5;
 - (b) LSA-II
 - (i) water with tritium concentration up to 0.8 TBq/l;
 - (ii) other material in which the activity is distributed throughout and the estimated average specific activity does not exceed 10^{-4} A₂/g for solids and gases, and 10^{-5} A₂/g for liquids;
 - (c) LSA-III Solids (e.g. consolidated wastes, activated materials), excluding powders that meet the requirements of 2.2.7.2.3.1.3, in which:
 - (i) the radioactive material is distributed throughout a solid or a collection of solid objects, or is essentially uniformly distributed in a solid compact binding agent (such as concrete, bitumen and ceramic);

- (ii) the radioactive material is relatively insoluble, or it is intrinsically contained in a relatively insoluble matrix, so that, even under loss of packaging, the loss of radioactive material per package by leaching when placed in water for seven days would not exceed 0.1 A₂; and
- (iii) the estimated average specific activity of the solid, excluding any shielding material, does not exceed $2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}_2/\text{g}$.
- 2.2.7.2.3.1.3 LSA-III material shall be a solid of such a nature that if the entire contents of a package were subjected to the test specified in 2.2.7.2.3.1.4 the activity in the water would not exceed $0.1 A_2$.
- 2.2.7.2.3.1.4 LSA-III material shall be tested as follows:

A solid material sample representing the entire contents of the package shall be immersed for 7 days in water at ambient temperature. The volume of water to be used in the test shall be sufficient to ensure that at the end of the 7 day test period the free volume of the unabsorbed and unreacted water remaining shall be at least 10% of the volume of the solid test sample itself. The water shall have an initial pH of 6-8 and a maximum conductivity of 1 mS/m at 20 °C. The total activity of the free volume of water shall be measured following the 7 day immersion of the test sample.

- 2.2.7.2.3.1.5 Demonstration of compliance with the performance standards in 2.2.7.2.3.1.4 shall be in accordance with 6.4.12.1 and 6.4.12.2 of ADR.
- 2.2.7.2.3.2 Surface contaminated object (SCO)

SCO is classified in one of two groups:

- (a) SCO-I: A solid object on which:
 - (i) the non-fixed contamination on the accessible surface averaged over 300 cm² (or the area of the surface if less than 300 cm²) does not exceed 4 Bq/cm² for beta and gamma emitters and low toxicity alpha emitters, or 0.4 Bq/cm² for all other alpha emitters; and
 - (ii) the fixed contamination on the accessible surface averaged over 300 cm² (or the area of the surface if less than 300 cm²) does not exceed 4×10^4 Bq/cm² for beta and gamma emitters and low toxicity alpha emitters, or 4×10^3 Bq/cm² for all other alpha emitters; and
 - (iii) the non-fixed contamination plus the fixed contamination on the inaccessible surface averaged over 300 cm² (or the area of the surface if less than 300 cm²) does not exceed 4×10^4 Bq/cm² for beta and gamma emitters and low toxicity alpha emitters, or 4×10^3 Bq/cm² for all other alpha emitters;
- (b) SCO-II: A solid object on which either the fixed or non-fixed contamination on the surface exceeds the applicable limits specified for SCO-I in (a) above and on which:
 - (i) the non-fixed contamination on the accessible surface averaged over 300 cm² (or the area of the surface if less than 300 cm²) does not exceed 400 Bq/cm² for beta and gamma emitters and low toxicity alpha emitters, or 40 Bq/cm² for all other alpha emitters; and
 - (ii) the fixed contamination on the accessible surface, averaged over 300 cm^2 (or the area of the surface if less than 300 cm^2) does not exceed $8 \times 10^5 \text{ Bg/cm}^2$ for

- beta and gamma emitters and low toxicity alpha emitters, or 8×10^4 Bq/cm² for all other alpha emitters; and
- (iii) the non-fixed contamination plus the fixed contamination on the inaccessible surface averaged over 300 cm² (or the area of the surface if less than 300 cm²) does not exceed 8×10^5 Bq/cm² for beta and gamma emitters and low toxicity alpha emitters, or 8×10^4 Bq/cm² for all other alpha emitters.
- 2.2.7.2.3.3 Special form radioactive material
- 2.2.7.2.3.3.1 Special form radioactive material shall have at least one dimension not less than 5 mm. When a sealed capsule constitutes part of the special form radioactive material, the capsule shall be so manufactured that it can be opened only by destroying it. The design for special form radioactive material requires unilateral approval.
- 2.2.7.2.3.3.2 Special form radioactive material shall be of such a nature or shall be so designed that if it is subjected to the tests specified in 2.2.7.2.3.3.4 to 2.2.7.2.3.3.8, it shall meet the following requirements:
 - (a) It would not break or shatter under the impact, percussion and bending tests 2.2.7.2.3.3.5 (a), (b), (c), 2.2.7.2.3.3.6 (a) as applicable;
 - (b) It would not melt or disperse in the applicable heat test 2.2.7.2.3.3.5 (d) or 2.2.7.2.3.3.6 (b) as applicable; and
 - (c) The activity in the water from the leaching tests specified in 2.2.7.2.3.3.7 and 2.2.7.2.3.3.8 would not exceed 2 kBq; or alternatively for sealed sources, the leakage rate for the volumetric leakage assessment test specified in ISO 9978:1992 "Radiation Protection Sealed Radioactive Sources Leakage Test Methods", would not exceed the applicable acceptance threshold acceptable to the competent authority.
- 2.2.7.2.3.3.3 Demonstration of compliance with the performance standards in 2.2.7.2.3.3.2 shall be in accordance with 6.4.12.1 and 6.4.12.2 of ADR.
- 2.2.7.2.3.3.4 Specimens that comprise or simulate special form radioactive material shall be subjected to the impact test, the percussion test, the bending test, and the heat test specified in 2.2.7.2.3.3.5 or alternative tests as authorized in 2.2.7.2.3.3.6. A different specimen may be used for each of the tests. Following each test, a leaching assessment or volumetric leakage test shall be performed on the specimen by a method no less sensitive than the methods given in 2.2.7.2.3.3.7 for indispersible solid material or 2.2.7.2.3.3.8 for encapsulated material.
- 2.2.7.2.3.3.5 The relevant test methods are:
 - (a) Impact test: The specimen shall drop onto the target from a height of 9 m. The target shall be as defined in 6.4.14 of ADR;
 - (b) Percussion test: The specimen shall be placed on a sheet of lead which is supported by a smooth solid surface and struck by the flat face of a mild steel bar so as to cause an impact equivalent to that resulting from a free drop of 1.4 kg through 1 m. The lower part of the bar shall be 25 mm in diameter with the edges rounded off to a radius of (3.0 ± 0.3) mm. The lead, of hardness number 3.5 to 4.5 on the Vickers scale and not more than 25 mm thick, shall cover an area greater than that covered by the specimen. A fresh surface of lead shall be used for each impact. The bar shall strike the specimen so as to cause maximum damage;

- (c) Bending test: The test shall apply only to long, slender sources with both a minimum length of 10 cm and a length to minimum width ratio of not less than 10. The specimen shall be rigidly clamped in a horizontal position so that one half of its length protrudes from the face of the clamp. The orientation of the specimen shall be such that the specimen will suffer maximum damage when its free end is struck by the flat face of a steel bar. The bar shall strike the specimen so as to cause an impact equivalent to that resulting from a free vertical drop of 1.4 kg through 1 m. The lower part of the bar shall be 25 mm in diameter with the edges rounded off to a radius of (3.0 ± 0.3) mm;
- (d) Heat test: The specimen shall be heated in air to a temperature of 800 °C and held at that temperature for a period of 10 minutes and shall then be allowed to cool.
- 2.2.7.2.3.3.6 Specimens that comprise or simulate radioactive material enclosed in a sealed capsule may be excepted from:
 - (a) The tests prescribed in 2.2.7.2.3.3.5 (a) and (b) provided that the specimens are alternatively subjected to the impact test prescribed in ISO 2919:2012: "Radiation Protection Sealed Radioactive Sources General requirements and classification":
 - (i) The Class 4 impact test if the mass of the special form radioactive material is equal to or less than 200 g;
 - (ii) The Class 5 impact test if the mass of the special form radioactive material is more than 200 g but less than 500 g;
 - (b) The test prescribed in 2.2.7.2.3.3.5 (d) provided they are alternatively subjected to the Class 6 temperature test specified in ISO 2919:2012 "Radiation protection Sealed radioactive sources General requirements and classification".
- 2.2.7.2.3.3.7 For specimens which comprise or simulate indispersible solid material, a leaching assessment shall be performed as follows:
 - (a) The specimen shall be immersed for 7 days in water at ambient temperature. The volume of water to be used in the test shall be sufficient to ensure that at the end of the 7 day test period the free volume of the unabsorbed and unreacted water remaining shall be at least 10% of the volume of the solid test sample itself. The water shall have an initial pH of 6-8 and a maximum conductivity of 1 mS/m at 20 °C;
 - (b) The water with specimen shall then be heated to a temperature of (50 ± 5) °C and maintained at this temperature for 4 hours;
 - (c) The activity of the water shall then be determined;
 - (d) The specimen shall then be kept for at least 7 days in still air at not less than 30 °C and relative humidity not less than 90%;
 - (e) The specimen shall then be immersed in water of the same specification as in (a) above and the water with the specimen heated to (50 ± 5) °C and maintained at this temperature for 4 hours;
 - (f) The activity of the water shall then be determined.
- 2.2.7.2.3.3.8 For specimens which comprise or simulate radioactive material enclosed in a sealed capsule, either a leaching assessment or a volumetric leakage assessment shall be performed as follows:

- (a) The leaching assessment shall consist of the following steps:
 - (i) the specimen shall be immersed in water at ambient temperature. The water shall have an initial pH of 6-8 with a maximum conductivity of 1 mS/m at 20 °C;
 - (ii) the water and specimen shall be heated to a temperature of (50 ± 5) °C and maintained at this temperature for 4 hours;
 - (iii) the activity of the water shall then be determined;
 - (iv) the specimen shall then be kept for at least 7 days in still air at not less than 30°C and relative humidity of not less than 90%;
 - (v) the process in (i), (ii) and (iii) shall be repeated;
- (b) The alternative volumetric leakage assessment shall comprise any of the tests prescribed in ISO 9978:1992 "Radiation Protection Sealed radioactive sources Leakage test methods", provided that they are acceptable to the competent authority.

2.2.7.2.3.4 Low dispersible radioactive material

- 2.2.7.2.3.4.1 The design for low dispersible radioactive material shall require multilateral approval. Low dispersible radioactive material shall be such that the total amount of this radioactive material in a package, taking into account the provisions of 6.4.8.14 of ADR, shall meet the following requirements:
 - (a) The radiation level at 3 m from the unshielded radioactive material does not exceed 10 mSv/h;
 - (b) If subjected to the tests specified in 6.4.20.3 and 6.4.20.4 of ADR, the airborne release in gaseous and particulate forms of up to $100~\mu m$ aerodynamic equivalent diameter would not exceed $100~A_2$. A separate specimen may be used for each test; and
 - (c) If subjected to the test specified in 2.2.7.2.3.1.4 the activity in the water would not exceed 100 A₂. In the application of this test, the damaging effects of the tests specified in (b) above shall be taken into account.

2.2.7.2.3.4.2 Low dispersible <u>radioactive</u> material shall be tested as follows:

A specimen that comprises or simulates low dispersible radioactive material shall be subjected to the enhanced thermal test specified in 6.4.20.3 of ADR and the impact test specified in 6.4.20.4 of ADR. A different specimen may be used for each of the tests. Following each test, the specimen shall be subjected to the leach test specified in 2.2.7.2.3.1.4. After each test it shall be determined if the applicable requirements of 2.2.7.2.3.4.1 have been met.

2.2.7.2.3.4.3 Demonstration of compliance with the performance standards in 2.2.7.2.3.4.1 and 2.2.7.2.3.4.2 shall be in accordance with 6.4.12.1 and 6.4.12.2 of ADR.

2.2.7.2.3.5 Fissile material

Fissile material and packages containing fissile material shall be classified under the relevant entry as "FISSILE" in accordance with Table 2.2.7.2.1.1 unless excepted by one of the

provisions of sub-paragraphs (a) to (f) below and carried subject to the requirements of 7.1.4.14.7.4.3. All provisions apply only to material in packages that meets the requirements of 6.4.7.2 of ADR unless unpackaged material is specifically allowed in the provision.

- (a) Uranium enriched in uranium-235 to a maximum of 1% by mass, and with a total plutonium and uranium-233 content not exceeding 1% of the mass of uranium-235, provided that the fissile nuclides are distributed essentially homogeneously throughout the material. In addition, if uranium-235 is present in metallic, oxide or carbide forms, it shall not form a lattice arrangement;
- (b) Liquid solutions of uranyl nitrate enriched in uranium-235 to a maximum of 2% by mass, with a total plutonium and uranium-233 content not exceeding 0.002% of the mass of uranium, and with a minimum nitrogen to uranium atomic ratio (N/U) of 2;
- (c) Uranium with a maximum uranium enrichment of 5% by mass uranium-235 provided:
 - (i) There is no more than 3.5 g of uranium-235 per package;
 - (ii) The total plutonium and uranium-233 content does not exceed 1% of the mass of uranium-235 per package;
 - (iii) Carriage of the package is subject to the consignment limit provided in 7.1.4.14.7.4.3 (c);
- (d) Fissile nuclides with a total mass not greater than 2.0 g per package provided the package is carried subject to the consignment limit provided in 7.1.4.14.7.4.3 (d);
- (e) Fissile nuclides with a total mass not greater than 45 g either packaged or unpackaged subject to limits provided in 7.1.4.14.7.4.3 (e);
- (f) A fissile material that meets the requirements of 7.1.4.14.7.4.3 (b), 2.2.7.2.3.6 and 5.1.5.2.1.
- 2.2.7.2.3.6 A fissile material excepted from classification as "FISSILE" under 2.2.7.2.3.5 (f) shall be subcritical without the need for accumulation control under the following conditions:
 - (a) The conditions of 6.4.11.1 (a) of ADR;
 - (b) The conditions consistent with the assessment provisions stated in 6.4.11.12 (b) and 6.4.11.13 (b) of ADR for packages.
- 2.2.7.2.4 Classification of packages or unpacked material

The quantity of radioactive material in a package shall not exceed the relevant limits for the package type as specified below.

- 2.2.7.2.4.1 Classification as excepted package
- 2.2.7.2.4.1.1 A package may be classified as an excepted package if it meets one of the following conditions:
 - (a) It is an empty package having contained radioactive material;
 - (b) It contains instruments or articles not exceeding the activity limits specified in columns (2) and (3) of Table 2.2.7.2.4.1.2;
 - (c) It contains articles manufactured of natural uranium, depleted uranium or natural thorium;
 - (d) It contains radioactive material not exceeding the activity limits specified in column (4) of Table 2.2.7.2.4.1.2; or
 - (e) It contains less than 0.1 kg of uranium hexafluoride not exceeding the activity limits specified in column (4) of Table 2.2.7.2.4.1.2.
- 2.2.7.2.4.1.2 A package containing radioactive material may be classified as an excepted package provided that the radiation level at any point on its external surface does not exceed 5 μ Sv/h.

Table 2.2.7.2.4.1.2: Activity limits for excepted packages

Physical state of	Instrument	Materials			
contents	Item limits ^a	Package limits ^a	Package limits ^a		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
Solids					
special form	$10^{-2} A_1$	A_1	$10^{-3} A_1$		
other form	$10^{-2} A_2$	A_2	$10^{-3} A_2$		
Liquids	$10^{-3} A_2$	$10^{-1} A_2$	$10^{-4} A_2$		
Gases					
Tritium	$2 \times 10^{-2} \text{ A}_2$	$2 \times 10^{-1} A_2$	$2 \times 10^{-2} A_2$		
special form	$10^{-3} A_1$	$2 \times 10^{-1} \text{ A}_2$ 10^{-2} A_1	$10^{-3} A_1$		
other forms	$10^{-3} A_2$	$10^{-2} A_2$	$10^{-3} A_2$		

For mixtures of radionuclides, see 2.2.7.2.2.4 to 2.2.7.2.2.6.

- 2.2.7.2.4.1.3 Radioactive material which is enclosed in or is included as a component part of an instrument or other manufactured article may be classified under UN No. 2911 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE INSTRUMENTS or ARTICLES provided that:
 - (a) The radiation level at 10 cm from any point on the external surface of any unpackaged instrument or article is not greater than 0.1 mSv/h;
 - (b) Each instrument or manufactured article bears the marking "RADIOACTIVE" on its external surface except for the following:
 - (i) radioluminescent time-pieces or devices;
 - (ii) consumer products that have either received regulatory approval in accordance with 1.7.1.4 (e) or do not individually exceed the activity limit for an exempt consignment in Table 2.2.7.2.2.1 (column 5), provided such products are transported in a package that bears the marking "RADIOACTIVE" on its

- internal surface in such a manner that a warning of the presence of radioactive material is visible on opening the package; and
- (iii) other instruments or articles too small to bear the marking "RADIOACTIVE", provided that they are transported in a package that bears the marking "RADIOACTIVE" on its internal surface in such a manner that a warning of the presence of radioactive material is visible on opening the package;
- (c) The active material is completely enclosed by non-active components (a device performing the sole function of containing radioactive material shall not be considered to be an instrument or manufactured article); and
- (d) The limits specified in columns 2 and 3 of Table 2.2.7.2.4.1.2 are met for each individual item and each package, respectively.
- 2.2.7.2.4.1.4 Radioactive material in forms other than as specified in 2.2.7.2.4.1.3 and with an activity not exceeding the limits specified in column 4 of Table 2.2.7.2.4.1.2, may be classified under UN No. 2910 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE LIMITED QUANTITY OF MATERIAL provided that:
 - (a) The package retains its radioactive contents under routine conditions of carriage; and
 - (b) The package bears the marking "RADIOACTIVE" on either:
 - (i) An internal surface in such a manner that a warning of the presence of radioactive material is visible on opening the package; or
 - (ii) The outside of the package, where it is impractical to mark an internal surface.
- 2.2.7.2.4.1.5 Uranium hexafluoride not exceeding the limits specified in Column 4 of Table 2.2.7.2.4.1.2 may be classified under UN 3507 URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE, less than 0.1 kg per package, non-fissile or fissile-excepted provided that:
 - (a) The mass of uranium hexafluoride in the package is less than 0.1 kg;
 - (b) The conditions of 2.2.7.2.4.5.1 and 2.2.7.2.4.1.4 (a) and (b) are met.
- 2.2.7.2.4.1.6 Articles manufactured of natural uranium, depleted uranium or natural thorium and articles in which the sole radioactive material is unirradiated natural uranium, unirradiated depleted uranium or unirradiated natural thorium may be classified under UN No. 2909 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE ARTICLES MANUFACTURED FROM NATURAL URANIUM or DEPLETED URANIUM or NATURAL THORIUM, provided that the outer surface of the uranium or thorium is enclosed in an inactive sheath made of metal or some other substantial material.
- 2.2.7.2.4.1.7 An empty packaging which had previously contained radioactive material may be classified under UN No. 2908 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE EMPTY PACKAGING, provided that:

- (a) It is in a well-maintained condition and securely closed;
- (b) The outer surface of any uranium or thorium in its structure is covered with an inactive sheath made of metal or some other substantial material;
- (c) The level of internal non-fixed contamination, when averaged over any 300 cm², does not exceed:
 - (i) 400 Bq/cm² for beta and gamma emitters and low toxicity alpha emitters; and
 - (ii) 40 Bq/cm² for all other alpha emitters; and
- (d) Any labels which may have been displayed on it in conformity with 5.2.2.1.11.1 are no longer visible.

2.2.7.2.4.2 Classification as Low specific activity (LSA) material

Radioactive material may only be classified as LSA material if the definition of LSA in 2.2.7.1.3 and the conditions of 2.2.7.2.3.1, 4.1.9.2 and 7.5.11 CV33 (2) of ADR are met.

2.2.7.2.4.3 Classification as Surface contaminated object (SCO)

Radioactive material may be classified as SCO if the definition of SCO in 2.2.7.1.3 and the conditions of 2.2.7.2.3.2, 4.1.9.2 and 7.5.11 CV33 (2) of ADR are met.

2.2.7.2.4.4 Classification as Type A package

Packages containing radioactive material may be classified as Type A packages provided that the following conditions are met:

Type A packages shall not contain activities greater than either of the following:

- (a) For special form radioactive material A_1 ;
- (b) For all other radioactive material A_2 .

For mixtures of radionuclides whose identities and respective activities are known, the following condition shall apply to the radioactive contents of a Type A package:

$$\Sigma_i \frac{B(i)}{A_1(i)} + \Sigma_j \frac{C(j)}{A_2(j)} \le 1$$

where B(i) is the activity of radionuclide i as special form radioactive material;

- $A_1(i)$ is the A_1 value for radionuclide i;
- C (j) is the activity of radionuclide j as other than special form radioactive material;
- A_2 (j) is the A_2 value for radionuclide j.

- 2.2.7.2.4.5 Classification of uranium hexafluoride
- 2.2.7.2.4.5.1 Uranium hexafluoride shall only be assigned to:
 - (a) UN No. 2977, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, FISSILE;
 - (b) UN No. 2978, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, non-fissile or fissile-excepted; or
 - (c) UN No. 3507, URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE less than 0.1 kg per package, non-fissile or fissile-excepted.
- 2.2.7.2.4.5.2 The contents of a package containing uranium hexafluoride shall comply with the following requirements:
 - (a) For UN Nos. 2977 and 2978, the mass of uranium hexafluoride shall not be different from that allowed for the package design, and for UN No. 3507, the mass of uranium hexafluoride shall be less than 0.1 kg;
 - (b) The mass of uranium hexafluoride shall not be greater than a value that would lead to an ullage smaller than 5% at the maximum temperature of the package as specified for the plant systems where the package shall be used; and
 - (c) The uranium hexafluoride shall be in solid form and the internal pressure shall not be above atmospheric pressure when presented for carriage.
- 2.2.7.2.4.6 Classification as Type B(U), Type B(M) or Type C packages
- 2.2.7.2.4.6.1 Packages not otherwise classified in 2.2.7.2.4 (2.2.7.2.4.1 to 2.2.7.2.4.5) shall be classified in accordance with the competent authority certificate of approval for the package issued by the country of origin of design.
- 2.2.7.2.4.6.2 The contents of a Type B(U), Type B(M) or Type C package shall be as specified in the certificate of approval.
- 2.2.7.2.5 *Special arrangements*

Radioactive material shall be classified as transported under special arrangement when it is intended to be carried in accordance with 1.7.4.

2.2.8 Class 8 Corrosive substances

2.2.8.1 *Criteria*

CF

CS

CW

CO

CT

CO2 Solid;

CT1 Liquid; CT2 Solid; CT3 Articles;

- 2.2.8.1.1 The heading of Class 8 covers substances and articles containing substances of this class which by chemical action attack epithelial tissue of skin or mucous membranes with which they are in contact, or which in the event of leakage are capable of damaging or destroying other goods, or means of transport. The heading of this class also covers other substances which form a corrosive liquid only in the presence of water, or which produce corrosive vapour or mist in the presence of natural moisture of the air.
- 2.2.8.1.2 Substances and articles of Class 8 are subdivided as follows:
 - C1-C11 Corrosive substances without subsidiary risk and articles containing such substances:

```
C1-C4
            Acid substances:
            C1
                  Inorganic, liquid;
            C2
                  Inorganic, solid;
            C3
                  Organic, liquid;
            C4
                  Organic, solid;
C5-C8
            Basic substances:
            C5
                  Inorganic, liquid;
            C6
                  Inorganic, solid;
                  Organic, liquid;
            C7
            C8
                  Organic, solid;
C9-C10
            Other corrosive substances:
            C9
                  Liquid;
            C10 Solid;
C11
            Articles.
Corrosive substances, flammable:
CF1 Liquid;
CF2 Solid;
Corrosive substances, self-heating:
CS1 Liquid;
CS2 Solid;
Corrosive substances which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases:
CW1 Liquid;
CW2 Solid;
Corrosive substances, oxidizing:
CO1 Liquid;
```

Corrosive substances, toxic and articles containing such substances:

CFT Corrosive substances, flammable, liquid, toxic;

COT Corrosive substances, oxidizing, toxic.

Classification and assignment of packing groups

2.2.8.1.3 Substances of Class 8 shall be classified in three packing groups according to the degree of danger they present for carriage, as follows:

Packing group I: highly corrosive substances

Packing group II: corrosive substances

Packing group III: slightly corrosive substances.

- 2.2.8.1.4 Substances and articles classified in Class 8 are listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2. Allocation of substances to packing groups I, II and III has been made on the basis of experience taking into account such additional factors as inhalation risk (see 2.2.8.1.5) and reactivity with water (including the formation of dangerous decomposition products).
- 2.2.8.1.5 A substance or preparation meeting the criteria of Class 8 having an inhalation toxicity of dusts and mists (LC_{50}) in the range of packing group I, but toxicity through oral ingestion or dermal contact only in the range of packing group III or less, shall be allocated to Class 8.
- 2.2.8.1.6 Substances, including mixtures, not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 can be assigned to the relevant entry of sub-section 2.2.8.3, and to the relevant packing group on the basis of the length of time of contact necessary to produce full thickness destruction of human skin in accordance with the criteria of (a) to (c) below.

Liquids, and solids which may become liquid during carriage, which are judged not to cause full thickness destruction of human skin shall still be considered for their potential to cause corrosion to certain metal surfaces. In assigning the packing group, account shall be taken of human experience in instances of accidental exposure. In the absence of human experience, the grouping shall be based on data obtained from experiments in accordance with OECD Test Guideline 404⁷ or 435⁸. A substance which is determined not to be corrosive in accordance with OECD Test Guideline 430⁹ or 431¹⁰ may be considered not to be corrosive to skin for the purposes of ADN without further testing.

(a) Packing group I is assigned to substances that cause full thickness destruction of intact skin tissue within an observation period up to 60 minutes starting after the exposure time of 3 minutes or less.

OECD Guideline for the testing of chemicals No. 404 "Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion" 2002.

OECD Guideline for the testing of chemicals No. 435 "In Vitro Membrane Barrier Test Method for Skin Corrosion" 2006.

OECD Guideline for the testing of chemicals No. 430 "In Vitro Skin Corrosion: Transcutaneous Electrical Resistance Test (TER)" 2004.

OECD Guideline for the testing of chemicals No. 431 "In Vitro Skin Corrosion: Human Skin Model Test" 2004.

- (b) Packing group II is assigned to substances that cause full thickness destruction of intact skin tissue within an observation period up to 14 days starting after the exposure time of more than 3 minutes but not more than 60 minutes.
- (c) Packing group III is assigned to substances that:
 - cause full thickness destruction of intact skin tissue within an observation period up to 14 days starting after the exposure time of more than 60 minutes but not more than 4 hours; or
 - are judged not to cause full thickness destruction of intact skin tissue, but which exhibit a corrosion rate on either steel or aluminium surfaces exceeding 6.25 mm a year at a test temperature of 55 °C when tested on both materials. For the purposes of testing steel, type S235JR+CR (1.0037 resp. St 37-2), S275J2G3+CR (1.0144 resp. St 44-3), ISO 3574, Unified Numbering System (UNS) G10200 or SAE 1020, and for testing aluminium, non-clad, types 7075-T6 or AZ5GU-T6 shall be used. An acceptable test is prescribed in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Section 37.

NOTE: Where an initial test on either steel or aluminium indicates the substance being tested is corrosive the follow up test on the other metal is not required.

Table 2.2.8.1.6 Table summarizing the criteria in 2.2.8.1.6

Packing Group	Exposure Time	Observation Period	Effect
I	≤ 3 min	≤ 60 min	Full thickness destruction of intact
			skin
II	$> 3 \min \le 1 \text{ h}$	≤ 14 d	Full thickness destruction of intact
			skin
III	$> 1 \text{ h} \le 4 \text{ h}$	≤ 14 d	Full thickness destruction of intact
			skin
III	-		Corrosion rate on either steel or
			aluminium surfaces exceeding
			6.25 mm a year at a test temperature
			of 55 °C when tested on both
			materials

2.2.8.1.7 If substances of Class 8, as a result of admixtures, come into categories of risk different from those to which the substances mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 belong, these mixtures or solutions shall be assigned to the entries to which they belong, on the basis of their actual degree of danger.

NOTE: For the classification of solutions and mixtures (such as preparations and wastes), see also 2.1.3.

2.2.8.1.8 On the basis of the criteria set out in paragraph 2.2.8.1.6, it may also be determined whether the nature of a solution or mixture mentioned by name or containing a substance mentioned by name is such that the solution or mixture is not subject to the provisions for this class.

2.2.8.1.9 Substances, solutions and mixtures, which

- do not meet the criteria of Directives 67/548/EEC³ or 1999/45/EC⁴ as amended and therefore are not classified as corrosive according to these directives, as amended; and
- do not exhibit a corrosive effect on steel or aluminium,

may be considered as substances not belonging to Class 8.

NOTE: UN No. 1910 calcium oxide and UN No. 2812 sodium aluminate, listed in the UN Model Regulations, are not subject to the provisions of ADN.

2.2.8.2 Substances not accepted for carriage

2.2.8.2.1 The chemically unstable substances of Class 8 shall not be accepted for carriage unless the necessary steps have been taken to prevent their dangerous decomposition or polymerization during carriage. To this end it shall in particular be ensured that receptacles and tanks do not contain any substance liable to promote these reactions.

2.2.8.2.2 The following substances shall not be accepted for carriage:

- UN No. 1798 NITROHYDROCHLORIC ACID;
- chemically unstable mixtures of spent sulphuric acid;
- chemically unstable mixtures of nitrating acid or mixtures of residual sulphuric and nitric acids, not denitrated;
- perchloric acid aqueous solution with more than 72 % pure acid, by mass, or mixtures of perchloric acid with any liquid other than water.

.

Council Directive 67/548/EEC of 27 June 1967 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 196 of 16.08.1967, page 1).

Directive 1999/45/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 May 1999 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 200 of 30 July 1999, pages 1 to 68).

2.2.8.3 List of collective entries

Corrosive substances without subsidiary risk and articles containing such substances

			liquid	C1	
					2837 BISULPHATES, AQUEOUS SOLUTION
C1-C4		·	4		3264 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
283 ALKYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with more than 3% free sulphuric acid of 286 ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with more than 3% free sulphuric acid of 286 ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with more than 5% free sulphuric acid of 287 ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, LIQUID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid of 2987 CHILOROSILANES, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 3145 ALKYLPHENOIS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₃ -homologues) 3265 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. 3145 ALKYLPHENOIS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₃ -homologues) 3265 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. 3145 ALKYLPHENOIS, LIQUID, SOLID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid of 2853 ALKYLSILPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid of 2854 ALKYLPHENOIS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₃ -homologues) 3265 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. 3267 ALKYLPHENOIS, SOLID, N.O.S. 2010 With not more than 5% free sulphuric acid of 2854 ALKYLPHENOIS, SOLID, N.O.S. 2010 With not more than 5% free sulphuric acid of 2854 ALKYLPHENOIS, SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. 2017 ARKINES, SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 2017 ARKINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE,		inorganic			
Acid				C2	
Acid			solid		
				_	
2586	Acid				
2987 CHLOROSILANES, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 3265 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues) 3265 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues) 2885 ALKYLSULPHONE, S.D.LID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues) 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2885 ARYLSULPHONE (ACIDS, SOLID) with No.S.	C1-C4		liquid	C3	
Particles Part					
Solid C4 2430 ALKYLPHENOLS, SOLID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues) 2430 ALKYLPHENOLS, SOLID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues) 2585 ALKYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2585 ALKYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2585 ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2586 2561 CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. 2797 BATTERY FLUID, ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. 2797 BATTERY FLUID, ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. 2797 BATTERY FLUID, ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. 2798 2735 POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 2735 POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 2735 POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 23267 CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. 2329 POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 2329 POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 2329 POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 2320 POLYAM					
Solid C4 2430 ALKYLPHENOLS, SOLID, N.O.S. (including C2-C12 homologues)					
Solid C4 2585 ALKYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid or 2585 ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid 3261 CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.		organic			
					2430 ALKYLPHENOLS, SOLID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues)
			12-3	C4	
Inorganic Solid C6 Solid C6 Solid C7 Solid C8 Solid C8 Solid C8 Solid C8 Solid C8 Solid C9 C9 Solid C9			sona	_ C4	5201 CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
Inorganic Solid C6 Solid C6 Solid C7 Solid C8 Solid C8 Solid C8 Solid C8 Solid C8 Solid C9 C9 Solid C9			liquid	_ _{C5}	1710 CALISTIC ALVALLLIQUID NO S
Basic C5-C8 Iiquid C7 2735 AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 2735 POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 3267 CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. Solid C8 3262 CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. or 2735 POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 3267 CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. Solid C8 3263 CORROSIVE SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 3259 POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 3259 POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. Solid C8 3263 CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. Iiquid C9 1903 DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 2801 DYE, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 2801 DYE, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 2801 DYE, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 3066 PAINT (including paint, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and lacquer base or 3066 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound) 1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. 1774 SURNING CORROSIVE With corrosive liquid 2028 BOMBS, SMOKE, NON-EXPLOSIVE with corrosive liquid, without initiating device 2794 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ALIALL, electric storage 2800 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ALIALL, electric storage 347T FUEL CELL CARTIBIGES CONTAINING POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLID, electric storage 347T FUEL CELL CARTIBIGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 347T FUEL CELL CARTIBIGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTIBIGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTIBIGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTIBIGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTIBIGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTIBIGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL			liquiu	CS	
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C5-C8		inorganic			
C5-C8 organic liquid C7 2735 AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 2735 POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 3267 CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. 3259 AMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S., or 3259 POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 3263 CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.			solid	C6	3262 CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
Corposite Corp	Basic				
Solid C8 3259 AMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S., or 3259 POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 3259 POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	C5-C8	1	liquid	C7	
Solid C8 3259 AMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S., or 3253 POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 3263 CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.		organia			
Solid C8 3259 POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.		organic	-		5207 CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
Solid C8 3259 POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.					3259 AMINES SOLID CORROSIVE N.O.S. or
C9					
C9-C10 Corrosive substances			solid	_C8	
C9-C10 Solid a C10 C11					
Other corrosive substances C9-C10 2801 DYÉ ÎNTÊRMÉDIATE, LIQÜID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 3066 PAINT (including paint, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and lacquer base or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound) 1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. 3147 DYE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 3147 DYE INTERMEDIATE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 3244 SOLIDS CONTAINING CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. 1759 CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S. 1774 FIRE EXTINGUISHER CHARGES, corrosive liquid 2028 BOMBS, SMOKE, NON-EXPLOSIVE with corrosive liquid, without initiating device 2794 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, electric storage 2795 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ALKALI, electric storage 2795 BATTERIES, WET, NON-SPILLABLE, electric storage 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 5477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH E			liquid	C9	
3066 PAINT (including paint, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and lacquer base or 3066 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound) 1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.					
Articles 3066 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)	Other corrosive	substances			
1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. 3147 DYE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 3147 DYE INTERMEDIATE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 3244 SOLIDS CONTAINING CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. 1759 CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S. 1774 FIRE EXTINGUISHER CHARGES, corrosive liquid 2028 BOMBS, SMOKE, NON-EXPLOSIVE with corrosive liquid, without initiating device 2794 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, electric storage 2795 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ALKALI, electric storage 3028 BATTERIES, WET, NON-SPILLABLE, electric storage 3028 BATTERIES, DRY, CONTAINING POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLID, electric storage 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive s	C9-C10				or
Articles 3147 DYE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or 3147 DYE INTERMEDIATE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 3244 SOLIDS CONTAINING CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. 1759 CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S. 1774 FIRE EXTINGUISHER CHARGES, corrosive liquid 2028 BOMBS, SMOKE, NON-EXPLOSIVE with corrosive liquid, without initiating device 2794 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, electric storage 2795 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ALKALI, electric storage BATTERIES, WET, NON-SPILLABLE, electric storage 3028 BATTERIES, WET, NON-SPILLABLE, electric storage 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL					
solid a C10 Solid a C10 Top					1700 Columbia Digolo, 11,010.
solid a C10 Solid a C10 Top					3147 DVE SOLID CORROSIVE NOS or
Articles C10 1759 CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S.					
Articles C11 1774 FIRE EXTINGUISHER CHARGES, corrosive liquid 2028 BOMBS, SMOKE, NON-EXPLOSIVE with corrosive liquid, without initiating device 2794 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, electric storage 2795 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ALKALI, electric storage 2800 BATTERIES, WET, NON-SPILLABLE, electric storage 3028 BATTERIES, DRY, CONTAINING POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLID, electric storage 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or					3244 SOLIDS CONTAINING CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Articles C11 Time Fire Extinguisher Charges			solid a	C10	1759 CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S.
2028 BOMBS, SMOKE, NON-EXPLOSIVE with corrosive liquid, without initiating device 2794 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, electric storage 2795 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ALKALI, electric storage 2800 BATTERIES, WET, NON-SPILLABLE, electric storage 3028 BATTERIES, DRY, CONTAINING POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLID, electric storage 3028 BATTERIES, DRY, CONTAINING POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLID, electric storage 3028 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing corrosiv substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosiv					
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Articles C11 2795 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ALKALI, electric storage 2800 BATTERIES, WET, NON-SPILLABLE, electric storage 3028 BATTERIES, DRY, CONTAINING POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLID, electric storage 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or					2028 BOMBS, SMOKE, NON-EXPLOSIVE with corrosive liquid, without initiating device
Articles C11 2800 BATTERIES, WET, NON-SPILLABLE, electric storage 3028 BATTERIES, DRY, CONTAINING POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLID, electric storage 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or					
Articles Output Batteries, Dry, Containing Potassium Hydroxide Solid, electric storage 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances, or					
3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT, containing corrosiv substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosiv	Articles			_ C11	3028 BATTERIES, DRY, CONTAINING POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLID, electric storage
substances, or 3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosiv					3477 FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES containing corrosive substances, or
3477 FUEL CÉLL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosiv					
(cont'd on next page)	(cont'd on nevt	nage)			

Mixtures of solids which are not subject to the provisions of ADN and of corrosive liquids may be carried under UN No. 3244 without being subject to the classification criteria of Class 8, provided there is no free liquid visible at the time the substance is loaded or at the time the packaging or cargo transport unit is closed. Each packaging shall correspond to a design type which has passed the leakproofness test for Packing group II level.

Corrosive substances with subsidiary risk(s) and articles containing such substances

1	F		
(cont'd)	liquid	CF1	3470 PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE (including paint, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish,
()			polish, liquid filler and lacquer base) or
			3470 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE (including paint thinning or
			reducing compound) 2734 AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. or
			2734 AMINES, EIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. 01 2734 POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
_			2986 CHLOROSILANES, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
Flammable b			2920 CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
CF			, and the second
	solid	CF2	2921 CORROSIVE SOLID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
		_	, , ,
	liquid	001	3301 CORROSIVE LIQUID, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.
G 161	nquiu	CS1	5501 COMMONTE ENQUID, GEEF TEXTIFICO, INC. S.
Self-heating CS			
CS	aalid	CE2	3095 CORROSIVE SOLID. SELF-HEATING. N.O.S.
	solid	CS2	3095 CORROSIVE SOLID, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.
			T
	liquid ^b	CW1	3094 CORROSIVE LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.
Water-reactive			
CW			
	solid	CW2	3096 CORROSIVE SOLID, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.
	liquid	CO1	3093 CORROSIVE LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.
Oxidizing	1		
CO			
	solid	CO2	3084 CORROSIVE SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.
	,, ,, c	_	3471 HYDROGENDIFLUORIDES SOLUTION, N.O.S.
Toxic ^d	liquid ^c	CT1	2922 CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
TOXIC			
CT			
		CITIO	2022 CORROCKE GOLID TOVIC NO.G
	solid ^e	CT2	2923 CORROSIVE SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.
	articles	CT3	3506 MERCURY CONTAINED IN MANUFACTURED ARTICLES
Flammable, liquid, toxic d		CFT	No collective entry with this classification code available; if need be, classification under a collective
		_	entry with a classification code to be determined according to table of precedence of hazards in
			2.1.3.10.
Oxidizing, toxic d, e		COT	No collective entry with this classification code available; if need be, classification under a collective
Oxidizing, toxic		-	entry with a classification code to be determined according to table of precedence of hazards in
			2.1.3.10.

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b Chlorosilanes which, in contact with water or moist air, emit flammable gases, are substances of Class 4.3.

Chloroformates having predominantly toxic properties are substances of Class 6.1.

d Corrosive substances which are highly toxic by inhalation, as defined in 2.2.61.1.4 to 2.2.61.1.9 are substances of Class 6.1.

^e UN No. 2505 AMMONIUM FLUORIDE, UN No. 1812 POTASSIUM FLUORIDE, UN No. 1690 SODIUM FLUORIDE, SOLD, UN No. 2674 SODIUM FLUOROSILICATE, UN No. 2856 FLUOROSILICATES, N.O.S., UN No. 3415 SODIUM FLUORIDE SOLUTION and UN No. 3422 POTASSIUM FLUORIDE SOLUTION are substances of Class 6.1.

2.2.9 Class 9 Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles

2.2.9.1 *Criteria*

- 2.2.9.1.1 The heading of Class 9 covers substances and articles which, during carriage, present a danger not covered by the heading of other classes.
- 2.2.9.1.2 The substances and articles of Class 9 are subdivided as follows:
 - M1 Substances which, on inhalation as fine dust, may endanger health;
 - M2 Substances and apparatus which, in the event of fire, may form dioxins;
 - M3 Substances evolving flammable vapour;
 - M4 Lithium batteries;
 - M5 Life-saving appliances;
 - M6-M8 Environmentally hazardous substances:
 - M6 Pollutant to the aquatic environment, liquid;
 - M7 Pollutant to the aquatic environment, solid;
 - M8 Genetically modified micro-organisms and organisms;
 - M9-M10 Elevated temperature substances:

M9 Liquid;

M10 Solid;

M11 Other substances presenting a danger during carriage, but not meeting the definitions of another class.

Definitions and classification

2.2.9.1.3 Substances and articles classified in Class 9 are listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2. The assignment of substances and articles not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 to the relevant entry of that Table or of sub-section 2.2.9.3 shall be done in accordance with 2.2.9.1.4 to 2.2.9.1.14 below.

Substances which, on inhalation as fine dust, may endanger health

2.2.9.1.4 Substances which, on inhalation as fine dust, may endanger health include asbestos and mixtures containing asbestos.

Substances and apparatus which, in the event of fire, may form dioxins

2.2.9.1.5 Substances and apparatus which, in the event of fire, may form dioxins include polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) and terphenyls (PCTs) and polyhalogenated biphenyls and terphenyls and mixtures containing these substances, as well as apparatus such as transformers, condensers and apparatus containing those substances or mixtures.

NOTE: Mixtures with a PCB or PCT content of not more than 50 mg/kg are not subject to the provisions of ADN.

Substances evolving flammable vapour

2.2.9.1.6 Substances evolving flammable vapour include polymers containing flammable liquids with a flash-point not exceeding 55 °C.

Lithium batteries

- 2.2.9.1.7 Cells and batteries, cells and batteries contained in equipment, or cells and batteries packed with equipment, containing lithium in any form shall be assigned to UN Nos. 3090, 3091, 3480 or 3481 as appropriate. They may be carried under these entries if they meet the following provisions:
 - (a) Each cell or battery is of the type proved to meet the requirements of each test of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part III, sub-section 38.3;

NOTE: Batteries shall be of a design type proved to meet the testing requirements of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, part III, sub-section 38.3, irrespective of whether the cells of which they are composed are of a tested type.

- (b) Each cell and battery incorporates a safety venting device or is designed to preclude a violent rupture under normal conditions of carriage;
- (c) Each cell and battery is equipped with an effective means of preventing external short circuits;
- (d) Each battery containing cells or series of cells connected in parallel is equipped with effective means as necessary to prevent dangerous reverse current flow (e.g., diodes, fuses, etc.);
- (e) Cells and batteries shall be manufactured under a quality management programme that includes:
 - (i) description of the organizational structure and responsibilities of personnel with regard to design and product quality;
 - (ii) The relevant inspection and test, quality control, quality assurance, and process operation instructions that will be used;
 - (iii) Process controls that should include relevant activities to prevent and detect internal short circuit failure during manufacture of cells;
 - (iv) Quality records, such as inspection reports, test data, calibration data and certificates. Test data shall be kept and made available to the competent authority upon request;
 - (v) Management reviews to ensure the effective operation of the quality management programme;
 - (vi) A process for control of documents and their revision;
 - (vii) A means for control of cells or batteries that are not conforming to the type tested as mentioned in (a) above;

- (viii) Training programmes and qualification procedures for relevant personnel; and
- (ix) Procedures to ensure that there is no damage to the final product.

NOTE: In-house quality management programmes may be accepted. Third party certification is not required, but the procedures listed in (i) to (ix) above shall be properly recorded and traceable. A copy of the quality management programme shall be made available to the competent authority upon request.

Lithium batteries are not subject to the provisions of ADN if they meet the requirements of special provision 188 of Chapter 3.3.

NOTE: The entry UN 3171 Battery-powered vehicle or UN 3171 Battery-powered equipment only applies to vehicles powered by wet batteries, sodium batteries, lithium metal batteries or lithium ion batteries and equipment powered by wet batteries or sodium batteries transported with these batteries installed.

For the purpose of this UN number, vehicles are self-propelled apparatus designed to carry one or more persons or goods. Examples of such vehicles are electrically-powered cars, motorcycles, scooters, three- and four-wheeled vehicles or motorcycles, e-bikes, wheel-chairs, lawn tractors, boats and aircraft.

Examples of equipment are lawnmowers, cleaning machines or model boats and model aircraft. Equipment powered by lithium metal batteries or lithium ion batteries shall be consigned under the entries UN 3091 LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or UN 3091 LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT or UN 3481 LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or UN 3481 LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, as appropriate.

Hybrid electric vehicles powered by both an internal combustion engine and wet batteries, sodium batteries, lithium metal batteries or lithium ion batteries, transported with the battery(ies) installed shall be classified under the entries UN 3166 vehicle, flammable gas powered or UN 3166 vehicle, flammable liquid powered, as appropriate. Vehicles which contain a fuel cell shall be classified under the entries UN 3166 vehicle, fuel cell, flammable gas powered or UN 3166 vehicle, fuel cell, flammable liquid powered, as appropriate.

Life-saving appliances

2.2.9.1.8 Life-saving appliances include life-saving appliances and motor vehicle components which meet the descriptions of special provisions 235 or 296 of Chapter 3.3.

Environmentally hazardous substances

2.2.9.1.9 (*Deleted*)

Pollutants to the aquatic environment

2.2.9.1.10

2.2.9.1.10.1 For carriage in packages or in bulk, substances, solutions and mixtures meeting the criteria for Acute 1, Chronic 1 or Chronic 2 in Chapter 2.4 (see also 2.1.3.8) shall be considered to be environmentally hazardous (aquatic environment). Substances which

cannot be assigned to other classes in ADN or to other Class 9 entries and which meet these criteria shall be assigned to UN Nos. 3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S., or 3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S, and to packing group III.

2.2.9.1.10.2 For carriage in tank vessels, the substances, solutions and mixtures referred to in 2.2.9.1.10.1 and those meeting the criteria for Acute 2, Acute 3 or Chronic 3 in Chapter 2.4 shall be considered to be environmentally hazardous.

Substances classified as environmentally hazardous which meet the criteria for Acute or Chronic Category 1 shall be assigned to group 'N1'.

Substances classified as environmentally hazardous which meet the criteria for Chronic Categories 2 or 3 shall be assigned to group 'N2'.

Substances classified as environmentally hazardous which meet the criteria for Acute Categories 2 or 3 shall be assigned to group 'N3'.

Substances which meet the criteria of 2.2.9.1.10.1 shall be assigned to UN Nos. 3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S, or 3077, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S., MOLTEN. Those that meet the additional criteria in this paragraph shall be assigned to identification Nos. 9005, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S, MOLTEN, or 9006, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

2.2.9.1.10.3 Substances or mixtures classified as environmentally hazardous substances (aquatic environment) on the basis of Regulation 1272/2008/EC¹¹

Notwithstanding the provisions of 2.2.9.1.10.1, if data for classification according to the criteria of 2.4.3 and 2.4.4 are not available, a substance or mixture:

(a) Shall be classified as an environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic environment) if it has to be assigned category(ies) Aquatic Acute 1, Aquatic Chronic 1 or Aquatic Chronic 2 according to Regulation 1272/2008/EC¹¹ or, if still relevant according to the said Regulation, risk phrase(s) R50, R50/53 or R51/53 according to the Directives 67/548/EEC³ or 1999/45/EC⁴;

Regulation 1272/2008/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (Official Journal of the European Union No. L 353 of 30 December 2008).

Council Directive 67/548/EEC of 27 June 1967 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 196 of 16 August 1967).

Directive 1999/45/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 May 1999 concerning the approximation of the laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 200 of 30 July 1999).

(b) May be regarded as not being an environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic environment) for carriage in packages or in bulk in the sense of 2.2.9.10.1 if it does not have to be assigned such a risk phrase or category according to the said Directives or Regulation.

2.2.9.1.10.4 (*Reserved*)

2.2.9.1.10.5 For carriage in tank vessels, substances, solutions and mixtures are considered as floating substances, solutions and mixtures (floaters) if they meet the following criteria: ¹²

Water solubility < 0.1%Vapour pressure < 0.3 kPaRelative density $\le 1,000$.

For carriage in tank vessels, substances, solutions and mixtures are considered as substances, solutions and mixtures that sink (sinkers) if they meet the following criteria: ¹²

Water solubility < 0.1% Relative density > 1,000.

Genetically modified micro-organisms or organisms

2.2.9.1.11 Genetically modified micro-organisms (GMMOs) and genetically modified organisms (GMOs) are micro-organisms and organisms in which genetic material has been purposely altered through genetic engineering in a way that does not occur naturally. They are assigned to Class 9 (UN No. 3245) if they do not meet the definition of toxic substances or infectious substances, but are capable of altering animals, plants or microbiological substances in a way not normally the result of natural reproduction.

NOTE 1: GMMOs and GMOs which are infectious are substances of Class 6.2, UN Nos. 2814, 2900 or 3373).

NOTE 2: GMMOs or GMOs are not subject to the provisions of ADN when authorized for use by the competent authorities of the countries of origin, transit and destination. ¹³

NOTE 3: Live animals shall not be used to carry genetically modified micro-organisms classified in Class 9 unless the substance can be carried no other way. Genetically modified live animals shall be carried under terms and conditions of the competent authorities of the countries of origin and destination.

2.2.9.1.12 (*Deleted*)

Elevated temperature substances

2.2.9.1.13 Elevated temperature substances include substances which are carried or handed over for carriage in the liquid state at or above 100 °C and, in the case of those with a flash-point, below their flash-point. They also include solids which are carried or handed over for carriage at or above 240 °C.

¹² The values of relative density, vapour pressure and water solubility to be used according to the GESAMP model are the values at 20°C.

¹³ See in particular Part C of Directive 2001/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on the deliberate release into the environment of genetically modified organisms and repealing Council Directive 90/220/EEC (Official Journal of the European Communities, No. L 106, of 17 April 2001, pp. 8-14), which sets out the authorization procedures for the European Community.

NOTE 1: Elevated temperature substances may be assigned to Class 9 only if they do not meet the criteria of any other class.

NOTE 2: Substances having a flash-point above 60 $^{\circ}$ C which are carried or handed over for carriage within a range of 15 K below the flash-point are substances of Class 3, identification number 9001.

Other substances presenting a danger during carriage but not meeting the definitions of another class.

2.2.9.1.14 The following other miscellaneous substances not meeting the definitions of another class are assigned to Class 9:

Solid ammonia compounds having a flash-point below 60 °C Low hazard dithionites
Highly volatile liquids
Substances emitting noxious fumes
Substances containing allergens
Chemical kits and first aid kits

Electric double layer capacitors (with an energy storage capacity greater than 0.3 Wh).

The following miscellaneous substances not meeting the definition of another class are assigned to Class 9 when they are carried in bulk or in tank vessels:

UN 2071 AMMONIUM NITRATE FERTILIZERS: uniform non-segregating mixtures of nitrogen phosphate or nitrogen potash types or complete fertilizers of nitrogen phosphate potash type, with not more than 70% ammonium nitrate and not more than 0.4% total combustible material, or with not more than 45% ammonium nitrate irrespective of their content of combustible material;

NOTE 1: In determining the ammonium nitrate content, all nitrate ions for which a molecular equivalent of ammonium ions is present in the mixture shall be calculated as ammonium nitrate mass.

NOTE 2: Ammonium nitrate fertilizers of Class 9 are not subject to ADN if:

- the results of the trough test (see Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.2) show that they are not capable of undergoing self-sustaining decomposition; and
- the calculation referred to in NOTE 1 does not give an excess of nitrate greater than 10% by mass, calculated in KNO₃.
- UN 2216 FISH MEAL, STABILIZED (humidity between 5% by mass and 12% by mass with not more than 15% fat by mass); or
- UN 2216 FISH SCRAP, STABILIZED (humidity between 5% by mass and 12% by mass with not more than 15% fat by mass);
- Identification No. 9003 SUBSTANCES HAVING A FLASH-POINT ABOVE 60 °C AND NOT MORE THAN 100 °C which cannot be assigned to another class or another entry of Class 9. If these substances can also be assigned to Identification No. 9005 or Identification No. 9006, then Identification No. 9003 shall take precedence.
- Identification No. 9004, 4,4'-DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE;

- Identification No. 9005, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S, MOLTEN, which cannot be assigned to UN No. 3077;
- Identification No. 9006, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S., which cannot be assigned to UN No. 3082.

NOTE: UN No. 1845 carbon dioxide, solid (dry ice), ¹⁴ UN No. 2071 ammonium nitrate fertilizers, UN No. 2216 fish meal (fish scrap), stabilized, UN No. 2807 magnetized material, UN No. 3166 engine, internal combustion or vehicle, flammable gas powered or 3166 vehicle, flammable liquid powered or 3166 engine, fuel cell, flammable gas powered or 3166 vehicle, fuel cell, flammable liquid powered or 3166 vehicle, fuel cell, flammable gas powered or 3166 vehicle, fuel cell, flammable gas powered or 3171 battery-powered equipment (wet battery) (see also the NOTE at the end of 2.2.9.1.7), UN No. 3334 aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s., UN No. 3335 aviation regulated solid, n.o.s. and UN No. 3363 dangerous goods in machinery or dangerous goods in apparatus, listed in the UN Model Regulations, are not subject to the provisions of ADN.

Assignment of the packing groups

2.2.9.1.15 When indicated in column 4 of Table A of Chapter 3.2, substances and articles of Class 9 are assigned to one of the following packing groups according to their degree of danger:

Packing group II: substances presenting medium danger; Packing group III: substances presenting low danger.

2.2.9.2 Substances and articles not accepted for carriage

The following substances and articles shall not be accepted for carriage:

- Lithium batteries which do not meet the relevant conditions of special provisions 188, 230, 310 or 636 of Chapter 3.3;
- Uncleaned empty containment vessels for apparatus such as transformers, condensers and hydraulic apparatus containing substances assigned to UN Nos. 2315, 3151, 3152 or 3432.

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¹⁴ For UN No. 1845 carbon dioxide, solid (dry ice) used as a coolant, see 5.5.3.

2.2.9.3 List of entries

Substances which, on inhalation as endanger health	fine dust, may	M1	2212 ASBESTOS, AMPHIBOLE (amosite, tremolite, actinolite, anthophyllite, crocidolite) 2590 ASBESTOS, CHRYSOTILE
Substances and apparatus which, in fire, may form dioxins	n the event of	M2	2315 POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS, LIQUID 3432 POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS, SOLID 3151 POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, LIQUID or 3151 POLYHALOGENATED TERPHENYLS, LIQUID 3152 POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, SOLID or 3152 POLYHALOGENATED TERPHENYLS, SOLID
Substances evolving flammable vap	oour	М3	2211 POLYMERIC BEADS, EXPANDABLE, evolving flammable vapour 3314 PLASTICS MOULDING COMPOUND in dough, sheet or extruded rope form evolving flammable vapour
Lithium batteries		M4	3090 LITHIUM BATTERIES (including lithium alloy batteries) 3091 LITHIUM BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT (including lithium alloy batteries) or 3091 LITHIUM BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT (including lithium alloy batteries) 3480 LITHIUM ION BATTERIES (including lithium ion polymer batteries) 3481 LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries) or 3481 LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries)
Life-saving appliances		M5	2990 LIFE-SAVING APPLIANCES, SELF-INFLATING 3072 LIFE-SAVING APPLIANCES NOT SELF-INFLATING containing dangerous goods as equipment 3268 SAFETY DEVICES, electrically initiated
	pollutant to the aquatic environment, liquid	M6	3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. 9005 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S., MOLTEN 9006 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Environmentally hazardous substances	pollutant to the aquatic environment, solid	М7	3077 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(cont'd on next page)	genetically modified micro- organisms and organisms	М8	3245 GENETICALLY MODIFIED MICROORGANISMS or 3245 GENETICALLY MODIFIED ORGANISMS

2.2.9.3 List of entries (cont'd) liquid **M9** 3257 ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S., at or above 100 °C and below its flash-point (including molten metal, molten salts, etc.) Elevated temperature substances 3258 ELEVATED TEMPERATURE SOLID, N.O.S., at or above 240 °C solid No collective entry available. Only substances listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2 are subject to the provisions for Class 9 under this classification code, as follows: 1841 ACETALDEHYDE AMMONIA 1931 ZINC DITHIONITE (ZINC HYDROSULPHITE) 1941 DIBROMODIFLUOROMETHANE Other substances or articles presenting a danger during carriage, but not meeting the definitions of 1990 BENZALDEHYDE another class 2969 CASTOR BEANS, or 2969 CASTOR MEAL, or 2969 CASTOR POMACE, or 2969 CASTOR FLAKE 3316 CHEMICAL KIT, or 3316 FIRST AID KIT 3359 FUMIGATED CARGO TRANSPORT UNIT

0.3Wh)

capacity greater than 0.3Wh)

3499 CAPACITOR, ELECTRIC DOUBLE LAYER (with an energy storage

3509 PACKAGINGS, DISCARDED, EMPTY, UNCLEANED

3508 CAPACITOR, ASYMMETRIC (with an energy storage capacity greater than

CHAPTER 2.3

TEST METHODS

2.3.0 General

Unless otherwise provided for in Chapter 2.2 or in this Chapter, the test methods to be used for the classification of dangerous goods are those described in the Manual of Tests and Criteria.

2.3.1 Exudation test for blasting explosives of Type A

- 2.3.1.1 Blasting explosives of type A (UN No. 0081) shall, if they contain more than 40 % liquid nitric ester, in addition to the testing specified in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, satisfy the following exudation test.
- 2.3.1.2 The apparatus for testing blasting explosive for exudation (figs. 1 to 3) consists of a hollow bronze cylinder. This cylinder, which is closed at one end by a plate of the same metal, has an internal diameter of 15.7 mm and a depth of 40 mm.

It is pierced by 20 holes 0.5 mm in diameter (four sets of five holes) on the circumference. A bronze piston, cylindrically fashioned over a length of 48 mm and having a total length of 52 mm, slides into the vertically placed cylinder.

The piston, whose diameter is 15.6 mm, is loaded with a mass of 2 220 g so that a pressure of 120 kPa (1.20 bar) is exerted on the base of the cylinder.

- 2.3.1.3 A small plug of blasting explosive weighing 5 to 8 g, 30 mm long and 15 mm in diameter, is wrapped in very fine gauze and placed in the cylinder; the piston and its loading mass are then placed on it so that the blasting explosive is subjected to a pressure of 120 kPa (1.20 bar). The time taken for the appearance of the first signs of oily droplets (nitroglycerine) at the outer orifices of the cylinder holes is noted.
- 2.3.1.4 The blasting explosive is considered satisfactory if the time elapsing before the appearance of the liquid exudations is more than five minutes, the test having been carried out at a temperature of 15 °C to 25 °C.

Test of blasting explosive for exudation

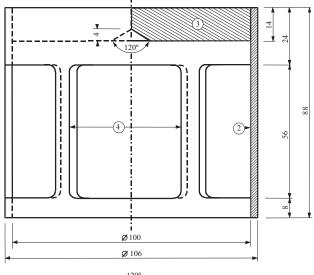


Fig.1: Bell-form charge, mass 2220 g, capable of being suspended from a bronze piston

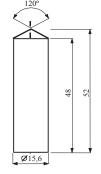


Fig.2: Cylindrical bronze piston, dimensions in mm

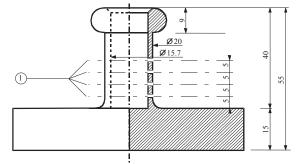


Fig.3: Hollow bronze cylinder, closed at one end; Plan and cut dimensions in mm

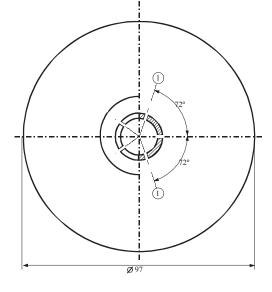


Fig. 1 to 3

- (1) 4 series of 5 holes at 0.5 Ø
- (2) copper
- (3) iron plate with centre cone at the inferior face
- (4) 4 openings, approximately 46x56, set at even intervals on the periphery

2.3.2 Tests relating to nitrated cellulose mixtures of Class 4.1

- 2.3.2.1 Nitrocellulose heated for half an hour at 132 °C shall not give off visible yellowish-brown nitrous fumes (nitrous gases). The ignition temperature shall be above 180 °C. See 2.3.2.3 to 2.3.2.8, 2.3.2.9 (a) and 2.3.2.10 below.
- 2.3.2.2 3 g of plasticized nitrocellulose, heated for one hour at 132 °C, shall not give off visible yellowish-brown nitrous fumes (nitrous gases). The ignition temperature shall be above 170 °C. See 2.3.2.3 to 2.3.2.8, 2.3.2.9 (b) and 2.3.2.10 below.
- 2.3.2.3 The test procedures set out below are to be applied when differences of opinion arise as to the acceptability of substances for carriage by road.
- 2.3.2.4 If other methods or test procedures are used to verify the conditions of stability prescribed above in this section, those methods shall lead to the same findings as could be reached by the methods specified below.
- 2.3.2.5 In carrying out the stability tests by heating described below, the temperature of the oven containing the sample under test shall not deviate by more than 2 °C from the prescribed temperature; the prescribed duration of a 30-minute or 60-minute test shall be observed to within two minutes. The oven shall be such that the required temperature is restored not more than five minutes after insertion of the sample.
- 2.3.2.6 Before undergoing the tests in 2.3.2.9 and 2.3.2.10, the samples shall be dried for not less than 15 hours at the ambient temperature in a vacuum desiccator containing fused and granulated calcium chloride, the sample substance being spread in a thin layer; for this purpose, substances which are neither in powder form nor fibrous shall be ground, or grated, or cut into small pieces. The pressure in the desiccator shall be brought below 6.5 kPa (0.065 bar).
- 2.3.2.7 Before being dried as prescribed in 2.3.2.6 above, substances conforming to 2.3.2.2 shall undergo preliminary drying in a well-ventilated oven, with its temperature set at 70 °C, until the loss of mass per quarter-hour is less than 0.3 % of the original mass.
- 2.3.2.8 Weakly nitrated nitrocellulose conforming to 2.3.2.1 shall first undergo preliminary drying as prescribed in 2.3.2.7 above; drying shall then be completed by keeping the nitrocellulose for at least 15 hours over concentrated sulphuric acid in a desiccator.

2.3.2.9 Test of chemical stability under heat

- (a) Test of the substance listed in paragraph 2.3.2.1 above.
 - (i) In each of two glass test tubes having the following dimensions:

length	350	mm
internal diameter	16	mm
thickness of wall	1.5	mm

is placed 1 g of substance dried over calcium chloride (if necessary the drying shall be carried out after reducing the substance to pieces weighing not more than 0.05 g each).

Both test tubes, completely covered with loose-fitting closures, are then so placed in an oven that at least four-fifths of their length is visible, and are kept at a constant temperature of 132 °C for 30 minutes. It is observed whether nitrous gases in the form of yellowish-brown fumes clearly visible against a white background are given off during this time.

(ii) In the absence of such fumes the substance is deemed to be stable.

- (b) *Test of plasticized nitrocellulose (see 2.3.2.2)*
 - (i) 3 g of plasticized nitrocellulose are placed in glass test tubes, similar to those referred to in (a), which are then placed in an oven kept at a constant temperature of 132 °C.
 - (ii) The test tubes containing the plasticized nitrocellulose are kept in the oven for one hour. During this time no yellowish-brown nitrous fumes (nitrous gases) shall be visible. Observation and appraisal as in (a).

2.3.2.10 *Ignition temperature (see 2.3.2.1 and 2.3.2.2)*

- (a) The ignition temperature is determined by heating 0.2 g of substance enclosed in a glass test tube immersed in a Wood's alloy bath. The test tube is placed in the bath when the latter has reached 100 °C. The temperature of the bath is then progressively increased by 5 °C per minute;
- (b) The test tubes must have the following dimensions:

length 125 mm internal diameter 15 mm thickness of wall 0.5 mm

and shall be immersed to a depth of 20 mm;

- (c) The test shall be repeated three times, the temperature at which ignition of the substance occurs, i.e., slow or rapid combustion, deflagration or detonation, being noted each time;
- (d) The lowest temperature recorded in the three tests is the ignition temperature.

2.3.3 Tests relating to flammable liquids of Classes 3, 6.1 and 8

2.3.3.1 Test for determining flash-point

2.3.3.1 Determination of flash-point

2.3.3.1.1 The following methods for determining the flash-point of flammable liquids may be used:

International standards:

ISO 1516 (Determination of flash/no flash – Closed cup equilibrium method)

ISO 1523 (Determination of flash point – Closed cup equilibrium method)

ISO 2719 (Determination of flash point – Pensky-Martens closed cup method)

ISO 13736 (Determination of flash point – Abel closed-cup method)

ISO 3679 (Determination of flash point – Rapid equilibrium closed cup method)

ISO 3680 (Determination of flash/no flash – Rapid equilibrium closed cup method)

National standards:

American Society for Testing Materials International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700, West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania, USA 19428-2959:

ASTM D3828-07a, Standard Test Methods for Flash Point by Small Scale Closed-Cup Tester

ASTM D56-05, Standard Test Method for Flash Point by Tag Closed-Cup Tester

ASTM D3278-96(2004)e1, Standard Test Methods for Flash Point of Liquids by Small Scale Closed-Cup Apparatus

ASTM D93-08, Standard Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed-Cup Tester

Association française de normalisation, AFNOR, 11, rue de Pressensé, F-93571 La Plaine Saint-Denis Cedex:

French Standard NF M 07 - 019

French Standards NF M 07 - 011 / NF T 30 - 050 / NF T 66 - 009

French Standard NF M 07 - 036

Deutsches Institut für Normung, Burggrafenstr. 6, D-10787 Berlin:

Standard DIN 51755 (flash-points below 65 °C)

State Committee of the Council of Ministers for Standardization, RUS-113813, GSP, Moscow, M-49 Leninsky Prospect, 9:

GOST 12.1.044-84

- 2.3.3.1.2 To determine the flash-point of paints, gums and similar viscous products containing solvents, only apparatus and test methods suitable for determining the flash-point for viscous liquids shall be used, in accordance with the following standards:
 - (a) International Standard ISO 3679:1983;
 - (b) International Standard ISO 3680:1983;
 - (c) International Standard ISO 1523:1983;
 - (d) International Standards EN ISO 13736 and EN ISO 2719, Method B.
- 2.3.3.1.3 The standards listed in 2.3.3.1.1 shall only be used for flash-point ranges which are specified therein. The possibility of chemical reactions between the substance and the sample holder shall be considered when selecting the standard to be used. The apparatus shall, as far as is consistent with safety, be placed in a draught-free position. For safety, a method utilizing a small sample size, around 2 ml, shall be used for organic peroxides and self-reactive substances (also known as "energetic" substances), or for toxic substances.
- 2.3.3.1.4 When the flash-point, determined by a non-equilibrium method is found to be 23 ± 2 °C or 60 ± 2 °C, it shall be confirmed for each temperature range by an equilibrium method.
- 2.3.3.1.5 In the event of a dispute as to the classification of a flammable liquid, the classification proposed by the consignor shall be accepted if a check-test of the flash-point yields a result not differing by more than 2 °C from the limits (23 °C and 60 °C respectively) stated in 2.2.3.1. If the difference is more than 2 °C, a second check-test shall be carried out, and the lowest figure of the flash-points obtained in either check-test shall be adopted.

2.3.3.2 Determination of initial boiling point

The following methods for determining the initial boiling point of flammable liquids may be used:

International standards:

ISO 3924 (Petroleum products – Determination of boiling range distribution – Gas chromatography method)

ISO 4626 (Volatile organic liquids – Determination of boiling range of organic solvents used as raw materials)

ISO 3405 (Petroleum products – Determination of distillation characteristics at atmospheric pressure)

National standards:

American Society for Testing Materials International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700, West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania, USA 19428-2959:

ASTM D86-07a, Standard Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products at Atmospheric Pressure

ASTM D1078-05, Standard Test Method for Distillation Range of Volatile Organic Liquids

Further acceptable methods:

Method A.2 as described in Part A of the Annex to Commission Regulation (EC) No $440/2008^1$.

2.3.3.3 Test for determining peroxide content

To determine the peroxide content of a liquid, the procedure is as follows:

A quantity p (about 5 g, weighed to the nearest 0.01 g) of the liquid to be titrated is placed in an Erlenmeyer flask; 20 cm^3 of acetic anhydride and about 1 g of powdered solid potassium iodide are added; the flask is shaken and, after 10 minutes, heated for 3 minutes to about 60 °C. When it has been left to cool for 5 minutes, 25 cm^3 of water are added. After this, it is left standing for half an hour, then the liberated iodine is titrated with a decinormal solution of sodium thiosulphate, no indicator being added; complete discoloration indicates the end of the reaction. If n is the number of cm³ of thiosulphate solution required, the percentage of peroxide (calculated as H_2O_2) present in the sample is obtained by the formula:

$$\frac{17n}{100p}$$

2.3.4 Test for determining fluidity

To determine the fluidity of liquid, viscous or pasty substances and mixtures, the following test method shall be used.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 440/2008 of 30 May 2008 laying down test methods pursuant to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (Official Journal of the European Union, No. L 142 of 31.05.2008, p.1-739 and No. L 143 of 03.06.2008, p.55).

2.3.4.1 Test apparatus

Commercial penetrometer conforming to ISO 2137:1985, with a guide rod of 47.5 g \pm 0.05 g; sieve disc of duralumin with conical bores and a mass of 102.5 g \pm 0.05 g (see Figure 1); penetration vessel with an inside diameter of 72 mm to 80 mm for reception of the sample.

2.3.4.2 *Test procedure*

The sample is poured into the penetration vessel not less than half an hour before the measurement. The vessel is then hermetically closed and left standing until the measurement. The sample in the hermetically closed penetration vessel is heated to 35 °C \pm 0.5 °C and is placed on the penetrometer table immediately prior to measurement (not more than two minutes). The point S of the sieve disc is then brought into contact with the surface of the liquid and the rate of penetration is measured.

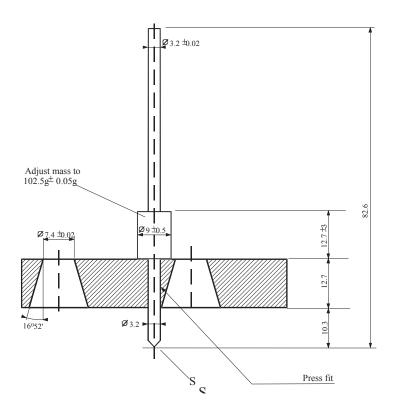
2.3.4.3 Evaluation of test results

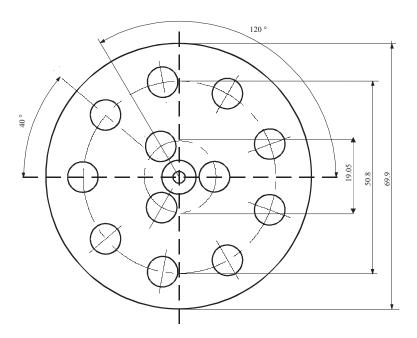
A substance is pasty if, after the centre S has been brought into contact with the surface of the sample, the penetration indicated by the dial gauge:

- (a) after a loading time of 5 s \pm 0.1 s, is less than 15.0 mm \pm 0.3 mm; or
- (b) after a loading time of 5 s \pm 0.1 s, is greater than 15.0 mm \pm 0.3 mm, but the additional penetration after another 55 s \pm 0.5 s is less than 5.0 mm \pm 0.5 mm.

NOTE: In the case of samples having a flow point, it is often impossible to produce a steady level surface in the penetration vessel and, hence, to establish satisfactory initial measuring conditions for the contact of the point S. Furthermore, with some samples, the impact of the sieve disc can cause an elastic deformation of the surface and, in the first few seconds, simulate a deeper penetration. In all these cases, it may be appropriate to make the evaluation in paragraph (b) above.

Figure 1 – Penetrometer





Tolerances not specified are \pm 0.1 mm.

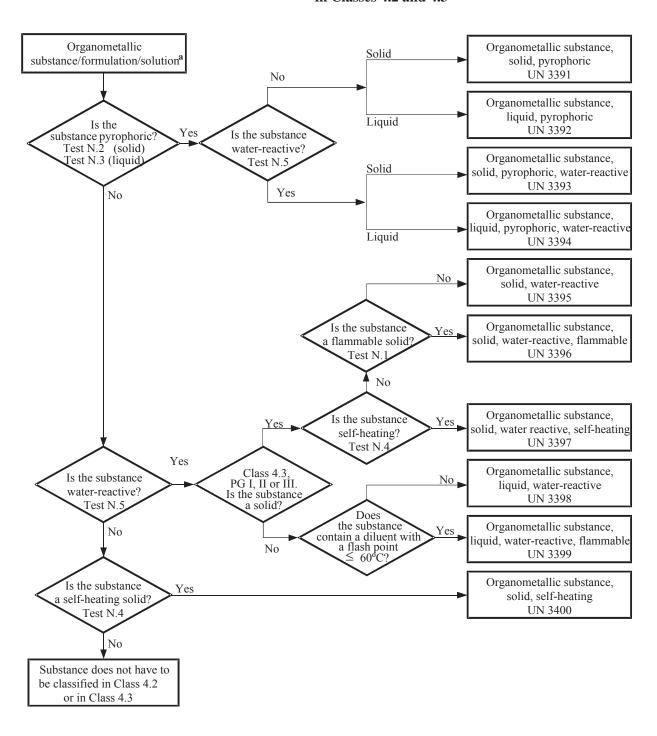
2.3.5 Classification of organometallic substances in Classes 4.2 and 4.3

Depending on their properties as determined in accordance with tests N.1 to N.5 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, section 33, organometallic substances may be classified in Classes 4.2 or 4.3, as appropriate, in accordance with the flowchart scheme given in Figure 2.3.5.

NOTE 1: Depending on their other properties and on the precedence of hazard table (see 2.1.3.10), organometallic substances may have to be classified in other classes as appropriate.

NOTE 2: Flammable solutions with organometallic compounds in concentrations which are not liable to spontaneous combustion or, in contact with water, do not emit flammable gases in dangerous quantities, are substances of Class 3.

Figure 2.3.5 Flowchart scheme for the classification of organometallic substances in Classes 4.2 and 4.3 ^b



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If applicable and testing is relevant, taking into account reactivity properties, class 6.1 and 8 properties should be considered according to the precedence of hazard table of 2.1.3.10.

Test methods N.1 to N.5 can be found in the Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, Section 33.

CHAPTER 2.4

CRITERIA FOR SUBSTANCES HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT

2.4.1 General definitions

- 2.4.1.1 Environmentally hazardous substances include, inter alia, liquid or solid substances pollutant to the aquatic environment and solutions and mixtures of such substances (such as preparations and wastes). For the purposes of this Chapter, 'substance' means chemical elements and their compounds in the natural state or obtained by any production process, including any additive necessary to preserve the stability of the product and any impurities deriving from the process used, but excluding any solvent which may be separated without affecting the stability of the substance or changing its composition.
- 2.4.1.2 The aquatic environment may be considered in terms of the aquatic organisms that live in the water, and the aquatic ecosystem of which they are part. The basis, therefore, of the identification of hazard is the aquatic toxicity of the substance or mixture, although this may be modified by further information on the degradation and bioaccumulation behaviour.
- 2.4.1.3 While the following classification procedure is intended to apply to all substances and mixtures, it is recognized that in some cases, e.g. metals or poorly soluble inorganic compounds, special guidance will be necessary.²
- 2.4.1.4 The following definitions apply for acronyms or terms used in this section:
 - BCF: Bioconcentration Factor;
 - BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand;
 - COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand;
 - GLP: Good Laboratory Practices;
 - EC_x : the concentration associated with x% response;
 - EC₅₀: the effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response;
 - ErC₅₀: EC₅₀ in terms of reduction of growth;
 - K_{ow}: octanol/water partition coefficient;
 - LC₅₀ (50% lethal concentration): the concentration of a substance in water which causes the death of 50% (one half) in a group of test animals;
 - $L(E)C_{50}$: LC_{50} or EC_{50} ;
 - NOEC (No Observed Effect Concentration): the test concentration immediately below the lowest tested concentration with statistically significant adverse effect.
 The NOEC has no statistically significant adverse effect compared to the control;

¹ This does not address aquatic pollutants for which there may be a need to consider effects beyond the aquatic environment such as the impacts on human health, etc.

² See annex 10 of GHS.

 OECD Test Guidelines: test guidelines published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).

2.4.2 Definitions and data requirements

- 2.4.2.1 The basic elements for classification of environmentally hazardous substances (aquatic environment) are as follows:
 - (a) Acute aquatic toxicity;
 - (b) Chronic aquatic toxicity;
 - (c) Potential for or actual bioaccumulation; and
 - (d) Degradation (biotic or abiotic) for organic chemicals.
- 2.4.2.2 While data from internationally harmonized test methods are preferred, in practice, data from national methods may also be used where they are considered as equivalent. In general, it has been agreed that freshwater and marine species toxicity data can be considered as equivalent data and are preferably to be derived using OECD Test Guidelines or equivalent according to the principles of Good Laboratory Practices (GLP). Where such data are not available, classification should be based on the best available data.
- 2.4.2.3 **Acute aquatic toxicity** means the intrinsic property of a substance to be injurious to an organism in a short-term aquatic exposure to that substance.

Acute (short-term) hazard, for classification purposes, means the hazard of a chemical caused by its acute toxicity to an organism during short-term aquatic exposure to that chemical

Acute aquatic toxicity shall normally be determined using a fish 96-hour LC₅₀ (OECD Test Guideline 203 or equivalent), a crustacea species 48-hour EC₅₀ (OECD Test Guideline 202 or equivalent) and/or an algal species 72- or 96-hour EC₅₀ (OECD Test Guideline 201 or equivalent). These species are considered as surrogate for all aquatic organisms, and data on other species such as Lemna may also be considered if the test methodology is suitable.

2.4.2.4 **Chronic aquatic toxicity** means the intrinsic property of a substance to cause adverse effects to aquatic organisms during aquatic exposures which are determined in relation to the lifecycle of the organism.

Long-term hazard, for classification purposes, means the hazard of a chemical caused by its chronic toxicity following long-term exposure in the aquatic environment.

Chronic toxicity data are less available than acute data and the range of testing procedures less standardized. Data generated according to OECD Test Guidelines 210 (Fish Early Life Stage) or 211 (Daphnia Reproduction) and 201 (Algal Growth Inhibition) can be accepted. Other validated and internationally accepted tests could also be used. The NOECs or other equivalent ECx shall be used.

2.4.2.5 **Bioaccumulation** means net result of uptake, transformation and elimination of a substance in an organism due to all routes of exposure (i.e. air, water, sediment/soil and food).

The **potential for bioaccumulation** shall normally be determined by using the octanol/water partition coefficient, usually reported as a log K_{ow} determined by OECD Test Guideline 107 or 117. While this represents a potential to bioaccumulate, an experimentally determined Bioconcentration Factor (BCF) provides a better measure and should be used in preference when available. A BCF should be determined according to OECD Test Guideline 305.

2.4.2.6 **Degradation** means the decomposition of organic molecules to smaller molecules and eventually to carbon dioxide, water and salts.

Environmental degradation may be biotic or abiotic (e.g. hydrolysis) and the criteria reflect this fact. Ready biodegradation can most easily be defined using the biodegradability tests (A-F) of OECD Test Guideline 301. A pass level in these tests can be considered as indicative of rapid degradation in most environments. These are freshwater tests and thus the use of the results from OECD Test Guideline 306, which is more suitable for marine environments, has also been included. Where such data are not available, a BOD $_5$ (5 days)/COD ratio \geq 0.5 is considered as indicative of rapid degradation. Abiotic degradation such as hydrolysis, primary degradation, both abiotic and biotic, degradation in non-aquatic media and proven rapid degradation in the environment may all be considered in defining rapid degradability.³

Substances shall be considered rapidly degradable in the environment if the following criteria are met:

- (a) In 28-day ready biodegradation studies, the following levels of degradation are achieved:
 - (i) Tests based on dissolved organic carbon: 70%;
 - (ii) Tests based on oxygen depletion or carbon dioxide generation: 60% of theoretical maxima;

These levels of biodegradation shall be achieved within 10 days of the start of degradation, which point is taken as the time when 10% of the substance has been degraded, unless the substance is identified as a complex, multi-component substance with structurally similar constituents. In this case, and where there is sufficient justification, the 10-day window condition may be waived and the pass level applied at 28 days⁴; or

- (b) In those cases where only BOD and COD data are available, when the ratio of BOD_5/COD is ≥ 0.5 ; or
- (c) If other convincing scientific evidence is available to demonstrate that the substance or mixture can be degraded (biotically and/or abiotically) in the aquatic environment to a level above 70% within a 28-day period.

2.4.3 Substance classification categories and criteria

NOTE: Chronic Category 4 of Chapter 4.1 of GHS is reproduced in this section for information, although it is not relevant in the context of ADN.

- 2.4.3.1 The following substances shall be considered to be environmentally hazardous (aquatic environment):
 - (a) For carriage in packages, substances which meet the criteria for Acute 1, Chronic 1 or Chronic 2, according to table 2.4.3.1 below; and
 - (b) For carriage in tank vessels, substances which meet the criteria for Acute 1, Acute 2 or Acute 3, or Chronic 1, Chronic 2 or Chronic 3, according to table 2.4.3.1 below.

³ Special guidance on data interpretation is provided in Chapter 4.1 and Annex 9 to GHS.

⁴ See Chapter 4.1 and Annex 9, paragraph A9.4.2.2.3 of the GHS.

 $\textbf{Table 2.4.3.1: Categories for substances hazardous to the aquatic environment} \ (\textit{see Note 1})$

	A 4 (1 44)	
(a)	Acute (short-term) aquatic hazard	
	<u>Category Acute 1:</u> (<i>Note 2</i>) 96 hr LC ₅₀ (for fish)	≤ 1 mg/l and/or
	48 hr EC ₅₀ (for crustacea)	$\leq 1 \text{ mg/1 and/or}$ $\leq 1 \text{ mg/1 and/or}$
	72 or 96 hr ErC ₅₀ (for algae or other aquatic plants)	$\leq 1 \text{ mg/1 and/or}$ $\leq 1 \text{ mg/1 (see Note 3)}$
	Category Acute 2:	
	96 hr LC ₅₀ (for fish)	> 1 but ≤ 10 mg/l and/or
	48 hr EC ₅₀ (for crustacea)	>1 but ≤ 10 mg/l and/or
	72 or 96 hr ErC ₅₀ (for algae or other aquatic plants)	>1 but ≤ 10 mg/l (see Note 3)
	Category Acute 3:	
	96 hr LC ₅₀ (for fish)	$>$ 10 but \leq 100 mg/l and/or
	48 hr EC ₅₀ (for crustacea)	$>$ 10 but \leq 100 mg/l and/or
	72 or 96 hr ErC ₅₀ (for algae or other aquatic plants)	$>$ 10 but \leq 100 mg/l (see Note 3)
(b)	Long-term aquatic hazard (see also figure 2.4.3.1)	
	(i) Non-rapidly degradable substances (see Note 4) for whavailable	nich there are adequate chronic toxicity data
	Category Chronic 1: (see Note 2)	
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for fish)	≤ 0.1 mg/l and/or
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for crustacea)	$\leq 0.1 \text{ mg/l and/or}$
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for algae or other aquatic plants)	$\leq 0.1 \text{ mg/l}$
	Category Chronic 2:	
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for fish)	≤ 1 mg/l and/or
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for crustacea)	≤ 1 mg/l and/or
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for algae or other aquatic plants)	$\leq 1 \text{ mg/l}$
	(ii) Rapidly degradable substances for which there are ade	quate chronic toxicity data available
	Category Chronic 1: (see Note 2)	
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for fish)	\leq 0.01 mg/l and/or
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for crustacea)	\leq 0.01 mg/l and/or
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for algae or other aquatic plants)	$\leq 0.01 \text{ mg/l}$
	Category Chronic 2:	
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for fish)	$\leq 0.1 \text{ mg/l and/or}$
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for crustacea)	$\leq 0.1 \text{ mg/l and/or}$
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for algae or other aquatic plants)	$\leq 0.1 \text{ mg/l}$
	Category Chronic 3:	
	Chronic NOEC or EC_x (for fish)	≤ 1 mg/l and/or
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for crustacea)	≤ 1 mg/l and/or
	Chronic NOEC or EC _x (for algae or other aquatic plants)	≤ 1 mg/l
		- -

(iii) Substances for which adequate chronic toxicity data are not available

Category Chronic 1: (see Note 2)

96 hr LC₅₀ (for fish) ≤ 1 mg/l and/or 48 hr EC₅₀ (for crustacea) ≤ 1 mg/l and/or 72 or 96 hr ErC₅₀ (for algae or other aquatic plants) ≤ 1 mg/l (see Note 3)

and the substance is not rapidly degradable and/or the experimentally determined BCF is \geq 500 (or, if absent, the log $K_{ow} \geq 4$) (see Notes 4 and 5).

Category Chronic 2:

96 hr LC₅₀ (for fish) > 1 but ≤ 10 mg/l and/or = 10 hr EC₅₀ (for crustacea) = 10 hr ErC₅₀ (for algae or other aquatic plants) = 10 hr = 10

and the substance is not rapidly degradable and/or the experimentally determined BCF is \geq 500 (or, if absent, the log $K_{ow} \geq 4$) (see Notes 4 and 5).

Category Chronic 3:

96 hr LC₅₀ (for fish) > 10 but ≤ 100 mg/l and/or = 100 hr EC₅₀ (for crustacea) = 10 but = 100 mg/l and/or = 100 hr ErC₅₀ (for algae or other aquatic plants) = 10 but = 100 mg/l (see Note 3)

and the substance is not rapidly degradable and/or the experimentally determined BCF is \geq 500 (or, if absent, the log $K_{ow} \geq 4$) (see Notes 4 and 5).

(c) "Safety net" classification

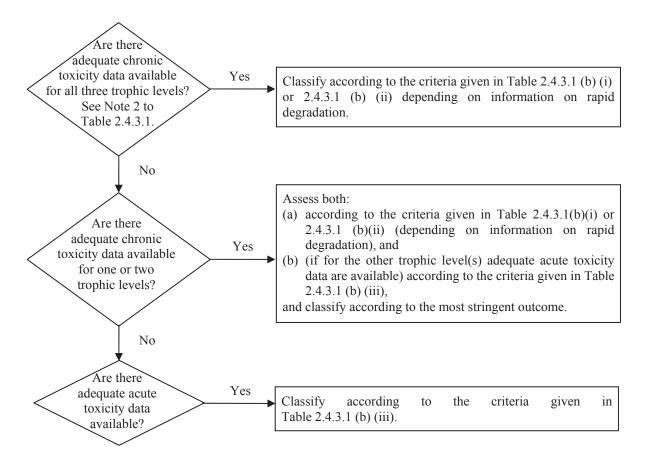
Category Chronic 4:

Poorly soluble substances for which no acute toxicity is recorded at levels up to the water solubility, and which are not rapidly degradable and have a log $K_{ow} \ge 4$, indicating a potential to bioaccumulate, will be classified in this category unless other scientific evidence exists showing classification to be unnecessary. Such evidence would include an experimentally determined BCF < 500, or a chronic toxicity NOECs > 1 mg/l, or evidence of rapid degradation in the environment.

Substances which come under Category Chronic 4 alone are not considered to be environmentally hazardous in the sense of ADN.

- **NOTE 1:** The organisms, fish, crustacea and algae are tested as surrogate species covering a range of trophic levels and taxa, and the test methods are highly standardized. Data on other organisms may also be considered, however, provided they represent equivalent species and test endpoints.
- **NOTE 2:** When classifying substances as Acute 1 and/or Chronic 1 it is necessary at the same time to indicate an appropriate M factor (see 2.4.4.6.4) to apply the summation method.
- **NOTE 3:** Where the algal toxicity ErC_{50} (= EC_{50} (growth rate)) falls more than 100 times below the next most sensitive species and results in a classification based solely on this effect, consideration shall be given to whether this toxicity is representative of the toxicity to aquatic plants. Where it can be shown that this is not the case, professional judgement shall be used in deciding if classification shall be applied. Classification shall be based on the ErC_{50} . In circumstances where the basis of the EC_{50} is not specified and no ErC_{50} is recorded, classification shall be based on the lowest EC_{50} available.
- **NOTE 4:** Lack of rapid degradability is based on either a lack of ready biodegradability or other evidence of lack of rapid degradation. When no useful data on degradability are available, either experimentally determined or estimated data, the substance shall be regarded as not rapidly degradable.
- **NOTE 5:** Potential to bioaccumulate, based on an experimentally derived BCF \geq 500 or, if absent, a log $K_{ow} \geq 4$ provided log K_{ow} is an appropriate descriptor for the bioaccumulation potential of the substance. Measured log K_{ow} values take precedence over estimated values and measured BCF values take precedence over log K_{ow} values.

Figure 2.4.3.1: Categories for substances long-term hazardous to the aquatic environment



2.4.3.2 The classification scheme in Table 2.4.3.2 below summarizes the classification criteria for substances.

Table 2.4.3.2: Classification scheme for substances hazardous to the aquatic environment

	Clas	sification categories	
Acute hazard		Long-term hazard (Note 2	2)
(<i>Note 1</i>)	Adequate chronic to	xicity data available	Adequate chronic toxicity
	Non-rapidly degradable substances (Note 3)	Rapidly degradable substances (Note 3)	data not available (Note 1)
Category: Acute 1	Category: Chronic 1	Category: Chronic 1	Category: Chronic 1
$L(E)C_{50} \le 1.00$	NOEC or $EC_x \le 0.1$	NOEC or $EC_x \le 0.01$	$L(E)C_{50} \le 1.00$ and lack of rapid degradability and/or BCF ≥ 500 or, if absent log $K_{ow} \ge 4$
Category: Acute 2	Category: Chronic 2	Category: Chronic 2	Category: Chronic 2
$1.00 < L(E)C_{50} \le 10.0$	$0.1 < \text{NOEC or EC}_x \le 1$	0.01 < NOEC or $\text{EC}_{x} \le 0.1$	$1.00 < L(E)C_{50} \le 10.0$ and lack of rapid degradability and/or BCF ≥ 500 or, if absent log $K_{ow} \ge 4$
Category: Acute 3		Category: Chronic 3	Category: Chronic 3
$10.0 < L(E)C_{50} \le 100$		$0.1 < \text{NOEC or EC}_{x} \le 1$	$10.0 < L(E)C_{50} \le 100$ and lack of rapid degradability and/or BCF ≥ 500 or, if absent log $K_{ow} \ge 4$
		Category: Chronic 4 (Note	4)
		Example: (Note 5)	
l	No acute toxicity and lack of	f rapid degradability and BCF unless NOECs > 1 mg/l	$F \ge 500$ or, if absent log $K_{ow} \ge 4$,

NOTE 1: Acute toxicity band based on $L(E)C_{50}$ values in mg/l for fish, crustacea and/or algae or other aquatic plants (or Quantitative Structure Activity Relationships (QSAR) estimation if no experimental data⁵).

NOTE 2: Substances are classified in the various chronic categories unless there are adequate chronic toxicity data available for all three trophic levels above the water solubility or above 1 mg/l. ("Adequate" means that the data sufficiently cover the endpoint of concern. Generally this would mean measured test data, but in order to avoid unnecessary testing it can on a case by case basis also be estimated data, e.g. (Q)SAR, or for obvious cases expert judgement).

NOTE 3:Chronic toxicity band based on NOEC or equivalent EC_x values in mg/l for fish or crustacea or other recognized measures for chronic toxicity.

NOTE 4: The system also introduces a "safety net" classification (referred to as category Chronic 4) for use when the data available do not allow classification under the formal criteria but there are nevertheless some grounds for concern.

NOTE 5: For poorly soluble substances for which no acute toxicity has been demonstrated at the solubility limit, and are both not rapidly degraded and have a potential to bioaccumulate, this category should apply unless it can be demonstrated that the substance does not require classification for aquatic long-term hazards.

⁵ Special guidance is provided in Chapter 4.1, paragraph 4.1.2.13 and Annex 9, Section A9.6 of the GHS.

2.4.4 Classification categories and criteria for mixtures

NOTE: Chronic Category 4 of Chapter 4.1 of GHS is reproduced in this section for information, although it is not relevant in the context of ADN.

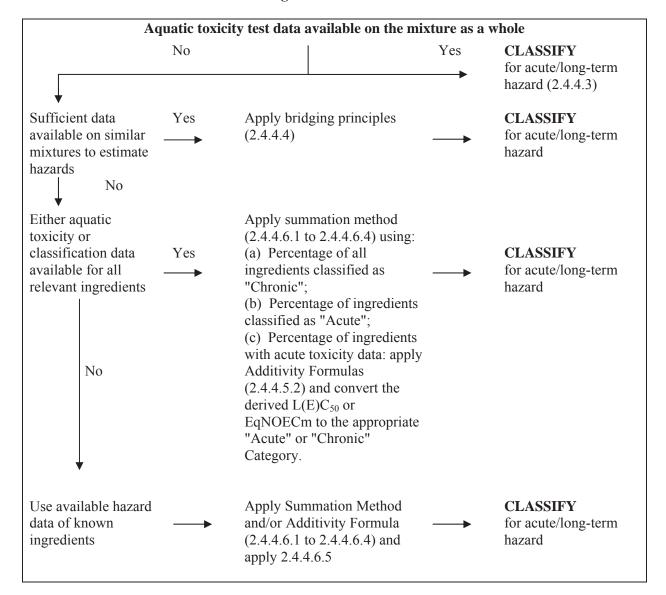
2.4.4.1 The classification system for mixtures covers all classification categories which are used for substances, meaning categories Acute 1 to 3 and Chronic 1 to 4. In order to make use of all available data for purposes of classifying the aquatic environmental hazards of the mixture, the following assumption has been made and is applied where appropriate.

The "relevant ingredients" of a mixture are those which are present in a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% (by mass) for ingredients classified as Acute and/or Chronic 1 and equal to or greater than 1% for other ingredients, unless there is a presumption (e.g. in the case of highly toxic ingredients) that an ingredient present at less than 0.1% can still be relevant for classifying the mixture for aquatic environmental hazards.

- 2.4.4.2 The approach for classification of aquatic environmental hazards is tiered and is dependent upon the type of information available for the mixture itself and for its ingredients. Elements of the tiered approach include:
 - (a) Classification based on tested mixtures;
 - (b) Classification based on bridging principles;
 - (c) Use of 'summation of classified ingredients' and/or an 'additivity formula'.

Figure 2.4.4.2 outlines the process to be followed.

Figure 2.4.4.2: Tiered approach to classification of mixtures for acute and long-term environmental hazards



2.4.4.3 Classification of mixtures when toxicity data are available for the complete mixture

- 2.4.4.3.1 When the mixture as a whole has been tested to determine its aquatic toxicity, this information shall be used for classifying the mixture according to the criteria that have been agreed for substances. The classification is normally based on the data for fish, crustacea and algae/plants (2.4.2.3 and 2.4.2.4). When adequate acute or chronic data for the mixture as a whole are lacking, "bridging principles" or "summation method" shall be applied (see 2.4.4.4 and 2.4.4.5).
- 2.4.4.3.2 The long-term hazard classification of mixtures requires additional information on degradability and in certain cases bioaccumulation. There are no degradability and bioaccumulation data for mixtures as a whole. Degradability and bioaccumulation tests for mixtures are not used as they are usually difficult to interpret, and such tests may be meaningful only for single substances.

2.4.4.3.3 Classification for categories Acute 1, 2 and 3

(a) When there are adequate acute toxicity test data (LC₅₀ or EC₅₀) available for the mixture as a whole showing L(E)C₅₀ \leq 100 mg/l:

Classify the mixture as Acute 1, 2 or 3 in accordance with Table 2.4.3.1 (a);

(b) When there are acute toxicity test data (LC₅₀(s) or EC₅₀(s) available for the mixture as a whole showing L(E)C₅₀(s) > 100 mg/l, or above the water solubility:

No need to classify for acute hazard under ADN.

2.4.4.3.4 Classification for categories Chronic 1, 2 and 3

- (a) When there are adequate chronic toxicity data (EC_x or NOEC) available for the mixture as a whole showing EC_x or NOEC of the tested mixture $\leq 1 \text{mg/l}$:
 - (i) classify the mixture as Chronic 1, 2 or 3 in accordance with Table 2.4.3.1 (b) (ii) (rapidly degradable) if the available information allows the conclusion that all relevant ingredients of the mixture are rapidly degradable;
 - (ii) classify the mixture as Chronic 1, 2 or 3 in all other cases in accordance with Table 2.4.3.1 (b) (i) (non-rapidly degradable);
- (b) When there are adequate chronic toxicity data (EC_x or NOEC) available for the mixture as a whole showing EC_x(s) or NOEC(s) of the tested mixture > 1 mg/l or above the water solubility:

No need to classify for long-term hazard under ADN.

2.4.4.3.5 Classification for category Chronic 4

If there are nevertheless reasons for concern:

Classify the mixture as Chronic 4 (safety net classification) in accordance with Table 2.4.3.1 (c).

2.4.4.4 Classification of mixtures when toxicity data are not available for the complete mixture: bridging principles

2.4.4.4.1 Where the mixture itself has not been tested to determine its aquatic environmental hazard, but there are sufficient data on the individual ingredients and similar tested mixtures to adequately characterize the hazards of the mixture, these data shall be used in accordance with the following agreed bridging rules. This ensures that the classification process uses the available data to the greatest extent possible in characterizing the hazards of the mixture without the necessity for additional testing in animals.

2.4.4.4.2 *Dilution*

Where a new mixture is formed by diluting a tested mixture or a substance with a diluent which has an equivalent or lower aquatic hazard classification than the least toxic original ingredient and which is not expected to affect the aquatic hazards of other ingredients, then the resulting mixture shall be classified as equivalent to the original tested mixture or substance. Alternatively, the method explained in 2.4.4.5 may be applied.

2.4.4.4.3 *Batching*

The aquatic hazard classification of a tested production batch of a mixture can be assumed to be substantially equivalent to that of another untested production batch of the same commercial product when produced by or under the control of the same manufacturer, unless there is reason to believe there is significant variation such that the aquatic hazard classification of the untested batch has changed. If the latter occurs, new classification is necessary.

2.4.4.4.4 Concentration of mixtures which are classified with the most severe classification categories (Chronic 1 and Acute 1)

If a tested mixture is classified as Chronic 1 and/or Acute 1, and the ingredients of the mixture which are classified as Chronic 1 and/or Acute 1 are further concentrated, the more concentrated untested mixture shall be classified with the same classification category as the original tested mixture without additional testing.

2.4.4.4.5 *Interpolation within one toxicity category*

For three mixtures (A, B and C) with identical ingredients, where mixtures A and B have been tested and are in the same toxicity category, and where untested mixture C has the same toxicologically active ingredients as mixtures A and B but has concentrations of toxicologically active ingredients intermediate to the concentrations in mixtures A and B, then mixture C is assumed to be in the same category as A and B.

2.4.4.4.6 *Substantially similar mixtures*

Given the following:

- (a) Two mixtures:
 - (i) A + B;
 - (ii) C + B;
- (b) The concentration of ingredient B is essentially the same in both mixtures;
- (c) The concentration of ingredient A in mixture (i) equals that of ingredient C in mixture (ii);
- (d) Data on aquatic hazards for A and C are available and are substantially equivalent, i.e. they are in the same hazard category and are not expected to affect the aquatic toxicity of B.

If mixture (i) or (ii) is already classified based on test data, then the other mixture can be assigned the same hazard category.

- 2.4.4.5 Classification of mixtures when toxicity data are available for all ingredients or only for some ingredients of the mixture
- 2.4.4.5.1 The classification of a mixture is based on summation of the concentrations of its classified ingredients. The percentage of ingredients classified as 'Acute' or 'Chronic' will feed straight into the summation method. Details of the summation method are described in 2.4.4.6.1 to 2.4.4.6.4.

- 2.4.4.5.2 Mixtures may be made of a combination of both ingredients that are classified (as Acute 1 to 3 and/or Chronic 1 to 4) and those for which adequate toxicity test data are available. When adequate toxicity data are available for more than one ingredient in the mixture, the combined toxicity of those ingredients shall be calculated using the following additivity formulas (a) or (b), depending on the nature of the toxicity data:
 - (a) Based on acute aquatic toxicity:

$$\frac{\sum C_{i}}{L(E)C_{50m}} = \sum_{n} \frac{C_{i}}{L(E)C_{50i}}$$

where:

C_i = concentration of ingredient i (mass percentage);

 $L(E)C_{50i} = LC_{50}$ or EC_{50} for ingredient i (mg/l);

n = number of ingredients, and i is running from 1 to n;

 $L(E)C_{50m} = L(E)C_{50}$ of the part of the mixture with test data;

The calculated toxicity shall be used to assign that portion of the mixture an acute hazard category which is then subsequently used in applying the summation method;

(b) Based on chronic aquatic toxicity:

$$\frac{\sum \text{Ci} + \sum \text{Cj}}{\text{EqNOEC m}} = \sum_{n} \frac{\text{Ci}}{\text{NOECi}} + \sum_{n} \frac{\text{Cj}}{0.1 \times \text{NOECj}}$$

where:

C_i = concentration of ingredient i (mass percentage) covering the rapidly degradable ingredients;

C_j = concentration of ingredient j (mass percentage) covering the non-rapidly degradable ingredients;

NOEC_i = NOEC (or other recognized measures for chronic toxicity) for ingredient i covering the rapidly degradable ingredients, in mg/l;

NOEC_j = NOEC (or other recognized measures for chronic toxicity) for ingredient j covering the non-rapidly degradable ingredients, in mg/l;

n = number of ingredients, and i and j are running from 1 to n:

EqNOEC_m= equivalent NOEC of the part of the mixture with test data;

The equivalent toxicity thus reflects the fact that non-rapidly degrading substances are classified one hazard category level more "severe" than rapidly degrading substances.

The calculated equivalent toxicity shall be used to assign that portion of the mixture a long-term hazard category, in accordance with the criteria for rapidly degradable substances (Table 2.4.3.1 (b) (ii)), which is then subsequently used in applying the summation method.

- 2.4.4.5.3 When applying the additivity formula for part of the mixture, it is preferable to calculate the toxicity of this part of the mixture using for each ingredient toxicity values that relate to the same taxonomic group (i.e. fish, crustea or algae) and then to use the highest toxicity (lowest value) obtained (i.e. use the most sensitive of the three groups). However, when toxicity data for each ingredient are not available in the same taxonomic group, the toxicity value of each ingredient shall be selected in the same manner that toxicity values are selected for the classification of substances, i.e. the highest toxicity (from the most sensitive test organism) is used. The calculated acute and chronic toxicity may then be used to classify this part of the mixture as Acute 1, 2 or 3 and/or Chronic 1, 2, or 3 using the same criteria described for substances.
- 2.4.4.5.4 If a mixture is classified in more than one way, the method yielding the more conservative result shall be used.

2.4.4.6 Summation method

2.4.4.6.1 *Classification procedures*

In general, a more severe classification for mixtures overrides a less severe classification, e.g. a classification with Chronic 1 overrides a classification with Chronic 2. As a consequence, the classification procedure is already completed if the result of the classification is Chronic 1. A more severe classification than Chronic 1 is not possible; therefore, it is not necessary to pursue the classification procedure further.

- 2.4.4.6.2 Classification for categories Acute 1, 2 and 3
- 2.4.4.6.2.1 First, all ingredients classified as Acute 1 are considered. If the sum of the concentrations (in %) of these ingredients is \geq 25%, the whole mixture is classified as Acute 1. If the result of the calculation is a classification of the mixture as Acute 1, the classification process is completed.
- 2.4.4.6.2.2 In cases where the mixture is not classified as Acute 1, classification of the mixture as Acute 2 shall be considered. A mixture is classified as Acute 2 if 10 times the sum of all ingredients classified as Acute 1 plus the sum of all ingredients classified as Acute 2 is $\geq 25\%$. If the result of the calculation is classification of the mixture as Acute 2, the classification process is completed.
- 2.4.4.6.2.3 In cases where the mixture is not classified either as Acute 1 or Acute 2, classification of the mixture as Acute 3 shall be considered. A mixture is classified as Acute 3 if 100 times the sum of all ingredients classified as Acute 1 plus 10 times the sum of all ingredients classified as Acute 2 plus the sum of all ingredients classified as Acute 3 is \geq 25%.
- 2.4.4.6.2.4 The classification of mixtures for acute hazards based on this summation of the concentrations of classified ingredients is summarized in Table 2.4.4.6.2.4.

Table 2.4.4.6.2.4: Classification of a mixture for acute hazards based on summation of the concentrations of classified ingredients

Sum of the concentrations (in %) of ingredients classified as:	Mixture classified as:
Acute $1 \times M^a \ge 25\%$	Acute 1
$(M \times 10 \text{ x Acute } 1) + \text{Acute } 2 \ge 25\%$	Acute 2
$(M \times 100 \times Acute 1) + (10 \times Acute 2) + Acute 3 \ge 25\%$	Acute 3

^a For explanation of the M factor, see 2.4.4.6.4.

- 2.4.4.6.3 Classification for categories Chronic 1, 2, 3 and 4
- 2.4.4.6.3.1 First, all ingredients classified as Chronic 1 are considered. If the sum of the concentrations (in %) of these ingredients is \geq 25%, the mixture shall be classified as Chronic 1. If the result of the calculation is a classification of the mixture as Chronic 1, the classification procedure is completed.
- 2.4.4.6.3.2 In cases where the mixture is not classified as Chronic 1, classification of the mixture as Chronic 2 shall be considered. A mixture is classified as Chronic 2 if 10 times the sum of the concentrations (in %) of all ingredients classified as Chronic 1 plus the sum of the concentrations (in %) of all ingredients classified as Chronic 2 is \geq 25%. If the result of the calculation is classification of the mixture as Chronic 2, the classification process is completed.
- 2.4.4.6.3.3 In cases where the mixture is not classified either as Chronic 1 or Chronic 2, classification of the mixture as Chronic 3 shall be considered. A mixture is classified as Chronic 3 if 100 times the sum of all ingredients classified as Chronic 1 plus 10 times the sum of all ingredients classified as Chronic 2 plus the sum of all ingredients classified as Chronic 3 is $\geq 25\%$.
- 2.4.4.6.3.4 If the mixture is still not classified in Category Chronic 1, 2 or 3, classification of the mixture as Chronic 4 need not be considered for the purposes of ADN. A mixture is classified as Chronic 4 if the sum of the percentages of ingredients classified as Chronic 1, 2, 3 and 4 is $\geq 25\%$.
- 2.4.4.6.3.5 The classification of mixtures for long-term hazards based on this summation of the concentrations of classified ingredients is summarized in Table 2.4.4.6.3.5 below.

Table 2.4.4.6.3.5: Classification of a mixture for long-term hazards based on summation of the concentrations of classified ingredients

Sum of the concentrations (in %) of ingredients classified as:	Mixture classified as:
Chronic $1 \times M^a \ge 25\%$	Chronic 1
$(M \times 10 \times Chronic 1) + Chronic 2 \ge 25\%$	Chronic 2
$(M \times 100 \times Chronic 1) + (10 \times Chronic 2) + Chronic 3 \ge 25\%$	Chronic 3
Chronic 1 + Chronic 2 + Chronic 3 + Chronic 4 ≥ 25 %	Chronic 4

^a For explanation of the M factor, see 2.4.4.6.4.

2.4.4.6.4 *Mixtures with highly toxic ingredients*

Acute 1 or Chronic 1 ingredients with acute toxicities well below 1 mg/l and/or chronic toxicities well below 0.1 mg/l (if non-rapidly degradable) and 0.01 mg/l (if rapidly degradable) may influence the toxicity of the mixture and shall be given increased weight in applying the summation method. When a mixture contains ingredients classified as Acute or Chronic 1, the tiered approach described in 2.4.4.6.2 and 2.4.4.6.3 shall be applied using a weighted sum by multiplying the concentrations of Acute 1 and Chronic 1 ingredients by a factor, instead of merely adding up the percentages. This means that the concentration of "Acute 1" in the left column of Table 2.4.4.6.2.4 and the concentration of "Chronic 1" in the left column of Table 2.4.4.6.3.4 are multiplied by the appropriate multiplying factor. The multiplying factors to be applied to these ingredients are defined using the toxicity value, as summarized in Table 2.4.4.6.4 below. Therefore, in order to classify a mixture containing Acute/Chronic 1 ingredients, the classifier needs to be informed of the value of the M factor in order to apply the summation method. Alternatively, the additivity formula (see 2.4.4.5.2) may be used when toxicity data are available for all highly toxic ingredients in the mixture

and there is convincing evidence that all other ingredients, including those for which specific acute and/or chronic toxicity data are not available, are of low or no toxicity and do not significantly contribute to the environmental hazard of the mixture.

Table 2.4.4.6.4 Multiplying factors for highly toxic ingredients of mixtures

Acute toxicity	M factor	Chronic toxicity	M fa	ctor
L(E)C ₅₀ value		NOEC value	NRD ^a ingredients	RD ^b ingredients
$0.1 < L(E)C_{50} \le 1$	1	$0.01 < \text{NOEC} \le 0.1$	1	_
$0.01 < L(E)C_{50} \le 0.1$	10	$0.001 < \text{NOEC} \le 0.01$	10	1
$0.001 < L(E)C_{50} \le 0.01$	100	$0.0001 < \text{NOEC} \le 0.001$	100	10
$0.0001 < L(E)C_{50} \le 0.001$	1 000	$0.00001 < \text{NOEC} \le 0.0001$	1 000	100
$0.00001 < L(E)C_{50} \le 0.0001$	10 000	$0.000001 < \text{NOEC} \le 0.00001$	10 000	1 000
(continue in factor 10 into	ervals)	(continue in fac	ctor 10 intervals)	

^a Non-rapidly degradable.

2.4.4.6.5 *Classification of mixtures with ingredients without any useable information*

In the event that no useable information on acute and/or chronic aquatic toxicity is available for one or more relevant ingredients, it is concluded that the mixture cannot be attributed (a) definitive hazard category(ies). In this situation, the mixture shall be classified based on the known ingredients only, with the additional statement that: "×% of the mixture consists of (a) ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment".

^b Rapidly degradable.

PART 3

Dangerous goods list, special provisions and exemptions related to limited and excepted quantities

CHAPTER 3.1

GENERAL

3.1.1 Introduction

In addition to the provisions referred to or given in the tables of this Part, the general requirements of each Part, Chapter and/or Section are to be observed. These general requirements are not given in the tables. When a general requirement is contradictory to a special provision, the special provision prevails.

3.1.2 Proper shipping name

NOTE: For proper shipping names used for the carriage of samples, see 2.1.4.1.

- The proper shipping name is that portion of the entry most accurately describing the goods in Table A or Table C in Chapter 3.2, which is shown in upper case characters (plus any numbers, Greek letters, "sec", "tert", and the letters "m", "n", "o", "p", which form an integral part of the name). Particulars concerning the vapour pressure (vp) and the boiling point (bp) in column (2) of Table C in chapter 3.2 are part of the proper shipping name. An alternative proper shipping name may be shown in brackets following the main proper shipping name. In Table A, it is shown in upper case characters (e.g., ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)). In Table C, it is shown in lower case characters (e.g. ACETONITRILE (methyl cyanide)). Portions of an entry appearing in lower case need not be considered as part of the proper shipping name unless otherwise stated above.
- 3.1.2.2 When conjunctions such as "and" or "or" are in lower case or when segments of the name are punctuated by commas, the entire name of the entry need not necessarily be shown in the transport document or package markings. This is the case particularly when a combination of several distinct entries are listed under a single UN Number. Examples illustrating the selection of the proper shipping name for such entries are:
 - (a) UN 1057 LIGHTERS or LIGHTER REFILLS The proper shipping name is the most appropriate of the following possible combinations:

LIGHTERS LIGHTER REFILLS;

(b) UN 2793 FERROUS METAL BORINGS, SHAVINGS, TURNINGS or CUTTINGS in a form liable to self-heating. The proper shipping name is the most appropriate of the following combinations:

FERROUS METAL BORINGS

FERROUS METAL SHAVINGS

FERROUS METAL TURNINGS

FERROUS METAL CUTTINGS.

3.1.2.3 Proper shipping names may be used in the singular or plural as appropriate. In addition, when qualifying words are used as part of the proper shipping name, their sequence on documentation or package markings is optional. For instance, "DIMETHYLAMINE AQUEOUS SOLUTION" may alternatively be shown "AQUEOUS SOLUTION OF DIMETHYLAMINE". Commercial or military names for goods of Class 1 which contain the proper shipping name supplemented by additional descriptive text may be used.

- 3.1.2.4 Many substances have an entry for both the liquid and solid state (see definitions for liquid and solid in 1.2.1), or for the solid and solution. These are allocated separate UN numbers which are not necessarily adjacent to each other¹.
- 3.1.2.5 Unless it is already included in capital letters in the name indicated in Table A or Table C in Chapter 3.2, the qualifying word "MOLTEN" shall be added as part of the proper shipping name when a substance, which is a solid in accordance with the definition in 1.2.1, is offered for carriage in the molten state (e.g. ALKYLPHENOL, SOLID, N.O.S., MOLTEN).
- 3.1.2.6 Except for self-reactive substances and organic peroxides and unless it is already included in capital letters in the name indicated in Column (2) of Table A of Chapter 3.2, the word "STABILIZED" shall be added as part of the proper shipping name of a substance which without stabilization would be forbidden from carriage in accordance with paragraphs 2.2.X.2 due to it being liable to dangerously react under conditions normally encountered in carriage (e.g.: "TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S., STABILIZED").

When temperature control is used to stabilize such substances to prevent the development of any dangerous excess pressure, then:

- (a) For liquids: (see 3.1.2.6 of ADR);
- (b) For gases: the conditions of carriage shall be approved by the competent authority.
- 3.1.2.7 Hydrates may be carried under the proper shipping name for the anhydrous substance.
- 3.1.2.8 Generic or "not otherwise specified" (N.O.S.) names
- 3.1.2.8.1 Generic and "not otherwise specified" proper shipping names that are assigned to special provision 274 or 318 in Column (6) of Table A in Chapter 3.2 or remark 27 in column (20) of Table C in Chapter 3.2 shall be supplemented with the technical name of the goods unless a national law or international convention prohibits its disclosure if it is a controlled substance. For explosive substances and articles of Class 1, the dangerous goods description may be supplemented by additional descriptive text to indicate commercial or military names. Technical names shall be entered in brackets immediately following the proper shipping name. An appropriate modifier, such as "contains" or "containing" or other qualifying words such as "mixture", "solution", etc. and the percentage of the technical constituent may also be used. For example: "UN 1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS XYLENE AND BENZENE), 3, II".
- 3.1.2.8.1.1 The technical name shall be a recognized chemical name or biological name, or other name currently used in scientific and technical handbooks, journals and texts. Trade names shall not be used for this purpose. In the case of pesticides, only ISO common name(s), other name(s) in the World Health Organization (WHO) Recommended Classification of Pesticides by Hazard and Guidelines to Classification, or the name(s) of the active substance(s) may be used.
- 3.1.2.8.1.2 When a mixture of dangerous goods is described by one of the "N.O.S." or "generic" entries to which special provision 274 has been allocated in Column (6) of Table A in Chapter 3.2, or remark 27 has been allocated in column (20) of Table C in Chapter 3.2, not more than the two constituents which most predominantly contribute to the hazard or hazards of a mixture need to be shown, excluding controlled substances when their disclosure is prohibited by

Details are provided in the alphabetical index (Table B of Chapter 3.2), e.g.:

NITROXYLENES, LIQUID 6.1 1665

NITROXYLENES, SOLID 6.1 3447

national law or international convention. If a package containing a mixture is labelled with any subsidiary risk label, one of the two technical names shown in parentheses shall be the name of the constituent which compels the use of the subsidiary risk label.

NOTE: see 5.4.1.2.2.

3.1.2.8.1.3 Examples illustrating the selection of the proper shipping name supplemented with the technical name of goods for such N.O.S. entries are:

UN 2902 PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (drazoxolon);

UN 3394 ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-REACTIVE (trimethylgallium).

3.1.2.8.1.4 Examples illustrating how the proper shipping name is supplemented in the indication of the vapour pressure or the boiling-point for N.O.S entries for carriage in tank vessels are:

UN 1268 PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. 110 kPa < pv50 ≤ 150 kpa;

UN 1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ACETONE with more than 10% BENZENE), pv $50 \le 110$ kPa, 85° C < bp $\le 115^{\circ}$ C.

3.1.3 Solutions or mixtures

NOTE: Where a substance is specifically mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2, it shall be identified in carriage by the proper shipping name in Column (2) of Table A of Chapter 3.2. Such substances may contain technical impurities (for example those deriving from the production process) or additives for stability or other purposes that do not affect its classification. However, a substance mentioned by name containing technical impurities or additives for stability or other purposes affecting its classification shall be considered a solution or mixture (see 2.1.3.3).

- 3.1.3.1 A solution or mixture is not subject to ADN if the characteristics, properties, form or physical state of the solution or mixture are such that it does not meet the criteria, including human experience criteria, for inclusion in any class.
- 3.1.3.2 A solution or mixture meeting the classification criteria of ADN composed of a single predominant substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 and one or more substances not subject to ADN and/or traces of one or more substances mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2, shall be assigned the UN number and proper shipping name of the predominant substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 unless:
 - (a) The solution or mixture is mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2;
 - (b) The name and description of the substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 specifically indicate that they apply only to the pure substance;
 - (c) The class, classification code, packing group, or physical state of the solution or mixture is different from that of the substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2; or
 - (d) The hazard characteristics and properties of the solution or mixture necessitate emergency response measures that are different from those required for the substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2. Qualifying words such as "SOLUTION" or "MIXTURE", as appropriate, shall be added as part of the proper shipping name, for example, "ACETONE SOLUTION". In

addition, the concentration of the mixture or solution may also be indicated after the basic description of the mixture or solution, for example, "ACETONE 75% SOLUTION".

3.1.3.3 A solution or mixture meeting the classification criteria of ADN that is not mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 and that is composed of two or more dangerous goods shall be assigned to an entry that has the proper shipping name, description, class, classification code and packing group that most precisely describe the solution or mixture.

CHAPTER 3.2

DANGEROUS GOODS LIST

3.2.1 Table A: List of dangerous goods in numerical order

Explanations concerning Table A:

As a rule, each row of Table A deals with the substance(s) or article(s) covered by a specific UN number or an identification number. However, when substances or articles belonging to the same UN number have different chemical properties, physical properties and/or carriage conditions, several consecutive rows may be used for that UN number or identification number.

Each column of Table A is dedicated to a specific subject as indicated in the explanatory notes below. The intersection of columns and rows (cell) contains information concerning the subject treated in that column, for the substance(s) or article(s) of that row:

- The first four cells identify the substance(s) or article(s) belonging to that row (additional information in that respect may be given by the special provisions referred to in Column (6));
- The following cells give the applicable special provisions, either in the form of complete information or in coded form. The codes cross-refer to detailed information that is to be found in the numbers indicated in the explanatory notes below. An empty cell means either that there is no special provision and that only the general requirements apply, or that the carriage restriction indicated in the explanatory notes is in force. When used in this table, an alphanumeric code starting with the letters "SP" designates a special provision of Chapter 3.3.

The applicable general requirements are not referred to in the corresponding cells.

Explanatory notes for each column:

Column (1) "UN number/identification number".

Contains the UN number or the identification number:

- of the dangerous substance or article if the substance or article has been assigned its own specific UN number or identification number, or
- of the generic or n.o.s. entry to which the dangerous substances or articles not mentioned by name shall be assigned in accordance with the criteria ("decision trees") of Part 2.

Column (2) "Name and description"

Contains, in upper case characters, the name of the substance or article, if the substance or article has been assigned its own specific UN number or identification number, or of the generic or n.o.s. entry to which it has been assigned in accordance with the criteria ("decision trees") of Part 2. This name shall be used as the proper shipping name or, when applicable, as part of the proper shipping name (see 3.1.2 for further details on the proper shipping name).

A descriptive text in lower case characters is added after the proper shipping name to clarify the scope of the entry if the classification and/or carriage conditions of the substance or article may be different under certain conditions.

Column (3a) "Class"

Contains the number of the Class, whose heading covers the dangerous substance or article. This Class number is assigned in accordance with the procedures and criteria of Part 2.

Column (3b) "Classification code"

Contains the classification code of the dangerous substance or article.

- For dangerous substances or articles of Class 1, the code consists of a division number and compatibility group letter, which are assigned in accordance with the procedures and criteria of 2.2.1.1.4.
- For dangerous substances or articles of Class 2, the code consists of a number and one or more letters representing the hazardous property group, which are explained in 2.2.2.1.2 and 2.2.2.1.3.
- For dangerous substances or articles of Classes 3, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 5.1, 5.2, 6.1, 6.2, 8 and 9, the codes are explained in 2.2.x.1.2.
- Dangerous substances or articles of Class 7 do not have a classification code.

Column (4) "Packing group"

Contains the packing group number(s) (I, II or III) assigned to the dangerous substance. These packing group numbers are assigned on the basis of the procedures and criteria of Part 2. Certain articles and substances are not assigned to packing groups.

Column (5) "Labels"

Contains the model number of the labels/placards (see 5.2.2.2 and 5.3.1.1.7) that have to be affixed to packages, containers, tank-containers, portable tanks, MEGCs, vehicles and wagons. However:

For substances or articles of Class 7, 7X means label model No. 7A, 7B or 7C as appropriate according to the category (see 5.1.5.3.4 and 5.2.2.1.11.1) or placard No. 7D (see 5.3.1.1.3 and 5.3.1.1.7.2).

The general provisions on labelling/placarding (e.g. number of labels, their location) are to be found in 5.2.2.1 for packages, and in 5.3.1, for containers, tank-containers, MEGCs, portable tanks, vehicles and wagons.

x = the Class number of the dangerous substance or article, without dividing point if applicable.

NOTE: Special provisions, indicated in Column (6), may change the above labelling provisions.

Column (6) "Special provisions"

Contains the numeric codes of special provisions that have to be met. These provisions concern a wide array of subjects, mainly connected with the contents of Columns (1) to (5) (e.g. carriage prohibitions, exemptions from certain requirements, explanations concerning the classification of certain forms of the dangerous goods concerned and additional labelling or marking provisions), and are listed in Chapter 3.3 in numerical order. If Column (6) is empty, no special provisions apply to the contents of Columns (1) to (5) for the dangerous goods concerned. Special provisions specific to inland navigation begin at 800.

Column (7a) "Limited Quantities"

Provides the maximum quantity per inner packaging or article for carrying dangerous goods as limited quantities in accordance with Chapter 3.4.

Column (7b) "Excepted Quantities"

Contains an alphanumeric code with the following meaning:

- "E0" signifies that no exemption from the provisions of ADN exists for the dangerous goods packed in excepted quantities;
- All the other alphanumerical codes starting with the letter "E" signify that the provisions of ADN are not applicable if the conditions indicated in Chapter 3.5 are fulfilled.

Column (8) "Carriage permitted"

This column contains the alphabetic codes concerning the permitted form of carriage in inland navigation vessels.

If column (8) is empty, the substance or article may only be carried in packages.

If column (8) contains code "B", carriage is permitted in packages or in bulk (see 7.1.1.11).

If column (8) contains code "T", carriage is permitted in packages and in tank vessels. In the event of carriage in tank vessels, the requirements of Table C are applicable (see 7.2.1.21).

Column (9) "Equipment required"

This column contains the alphanumeric codes for the equipment required for the carriage of the dangerous substance or article (see 8.1.5).

Column (10) "Ventilation"

This column contains the alphanumeric codes of the special requirements concerning ventilation applicable to carriage with the following meaning:

alphanumeric codes starting with the letters "VE" mean that special additional conditions are applicable to carriage. These can be found in 7.1.6.12 and establish special requirements.

Column (11) "Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage"

This column contains the alphanumeric codes of the special requirements applicable to carriage with the following meaning:

- alphanumeric codes starting with the letters "CO", "ST" and "RA" mean that special additional conditions are applicable to carriage in bulk. These can be found in 7.1.6.11 and establish special requirements.
- alphanumeric codes starting with the letters "LO" mean that special additional conditions are applicable prior to loading. These can be found in 7.1.6.13 and establish special requirements.
- alphanumeric codes starting with the letters "HA" mean that special additional conditions are applicable to the handling and stowage of the cargo. These can be found in 7.1.6.14 and establish special requirements.
- alphanumeric codes starting with the letters "IN" mean that special additional conditions are applicable to the inspection of holds during carriage. These can be found in 7.1.6.16 and establish special requirements.

Column (12) "Number of blue cones/lights"

This column contains the number of cones/lights which should constitute the marking of the vessel during the carriage of this dangerous substance or article (see 7.1.5).

Column (13) "Additional requirements/Remarks"

This column contains additional requirements or observations concerning the carriage of this dangerous substance or article.

Remarks	3.2.1	(13)																			
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	3	33	3	ю	3	ю	0	0	3	3	3	3	33	3			3	3	3
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA03			HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03
Provisi loading		•	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001			L001	L001	L001
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)															red	TED			
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP	ЬР	PP	ЬР	PP	PP	PP	ЬР	PP	PP	PP	dd	PP	PP	CARRIAGE PROHIBITED	CARRIAGE PROHIBITED	ЬР	dd	PP
Carriage	3.2.1	(8)															CARRL	CARRL			
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0			E0	E0	E0
Limited an quan	3.4	(7a)	0	0	0	0	0	0	5 kg	5 kg	0	0	0	0	0	0			0	0	0
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)							364	364					802	802					
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1.4	1.4	1	1+8	1	1+8	1+6.1+8	1+6.1+8			1	1	1
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)																			
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	1.1D	1.1F	1.1E	1.2F	1.2G	1.3G	1.4S	1.4S	1.2G	1.2G	1.3G	1.3G	1.2G	1.3G	1.2K	1.3K	1.1D	1.1D	1.1B
Class	2.2	(3a)	1	1	1	-	1	1	П	-	1	1	1	1	П	1	1	1	1	1	1
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	AMMONIUM PICRATE dry or wetted with less than 10% water, by mass	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS with bursting charge	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS with bursting charge	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS with bursting charge	AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY with or without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY with or without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, INERT PROJECTILE or CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, BLANK or CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS, BLANK or CARTRIDGES FOR TOOLS, BLANK	AMMUNITION, SMOKE with or without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	AMMUNITION, SMOKE with or without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge, containing corrosive substances	AMMUNITION, SMOKE with or without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	AMMUNITION, SMOKE with or without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge, containing corrosive substances	AMMUNITION, TEAR-PRODUCING with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	AMMUNITION, TEAR-PRODUCING with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	AMMUNITION, TOXIC with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	AMMUNITION, TOXIC with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	BLACK POWDER (GUNPOWDER), granular or as a meal	BLACK POWDER (GUNPOWDER), COMPRESSED or BLACK POWDER (GUNPOWDER), IN PELLETS	DETONATORS, NON-ELECTRIC for blasting
UN No. or ID No.		(1)	0004	0000	9000	0007	6000	0010	0012	0014	0015	0015	0016	0016	0018	0019	0020	0021	0027	0028	0029

Remarks	3.2.1	(300)																	
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	e) (e)	ю	m	ю	е	8	33	ю	ю	0	ε	8	3	3	0	8	ε	8
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03	HA01, HA02, HA03
Provis Ioading		L001	LO01	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	L001	ГО01	TO01	L001	L001	L001	L001
Venti- lation	7.1.6																		
Equipment	8.1.5	PP	Ы	dd	ЬЬ	ЬЬ	ЬЬ	ЬЬ	dd	ЬЬ	ЬЬ	М	PP	dd	dd	ЬЬ	dd	М	PP
Carriage permitted	3.2.1	9																	
d excepted tities	3.5.1.2	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5 kg	0	0	0
Special provis- ions	3.3															364			
Labels	5.2.2	1	1	1	П	1	1	1	1	1	1.4	1	1	1	1	1.4	1	1	1
Packing group	2.1.1.3																		
Classi- fication Code	2.2 (3b)	1.1B	1.1F	1.1D	1.2D	1.1F	1.1D	1.2G	1.1D	1.1D	1.4S	1.1D	1.1G	1.3G	1.3G	1.4S	1.1D	1.1D	1.1D
Class	2.2	-	-	-	-	Т	1	-	П	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	1	-	П
Name and description	3.1.2	DETONATORS, ELECTRIC for blasting	BOMBS with bursting charge	BOMBS with bursting charge	BOMBS with bursting charge	BOMBS, PHOTO-FLASH		BOMBS, PHOTO-FLASH	BOOSTERS without detonator	BURSTERS, explosive	PRIMERS, CAP TYPE	CHARGES, DEMOLITION	CARTRIDGES, FLASH		CARTRIDGES, SIGNAL	CASES, CARTRIDGE, EMPTY, WITH PRIMER	CHARGES, DEPTH	CHARGES, SHAPED without detonator	CHARGES, SUPPLEMENTARY, EXPLOSIVE
UN No. or ID No.	Θ	0030	0033	0034	0035	0037	0038	0039	0042	0043	0044	0048	0049	0020	0054	0055	0026	0029	0900

1.00 1.00	3.4 3.5.1.2 3.2.1 8.1.5 7.1.6 (7a) (7b) (8) (10) (10) (7a) (7b) (8) (10) (10) (7a) (7b) (8) (10) (10) (7a) (7b) (10) (10) (10) (7a) E0 PP PP PP (7a) E0 PP <	3.4 3.5.12 3.2.1 8.1.5 7.1.6 (7a) (7b) (8) (10) (10) 0 E0 FP (10) (10) 0 E0 FP LO01 0 E0 FP FP 0 E0 FP LO01 0 E0 FP FP 0 E0 FP FP 0 FP FP	3.5.1.2 3.2.1 8.1.5 7.1.6
3.5.1.2 3.2.1 8.1.5 (7b) (8) (9) (7b) (8) (9) (7b) (8) (9) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (8) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	3.5.1.2 3.2.1 8.1.5 (7b) (8) (9) (7b) (8) (9) (7b) (8) (9) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (8) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10)	3.4 3.5.1.2 3.2.1 8.1.5 (7a) (7b) (8) (9) (7a) (7b) (8) (9) (0) E0 PP PP (0	3.4 3.5.1.2 3.2.1 8.1.5 (7a) (7b) (8) (9) (7a) (7b) (8) (9) (7a) (7b) (8) (9) (7a) (7b) (8) (9) (7a) (8) (8) (9) (8) (8) (9) (9) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (9) (1) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (5) (4) (5) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (8)
E0 E	E0 E	0 E0	0
	 	9 9 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	266 266 266 802 802 803 804 617 617 617 617
266 266 266 802 802 802 617 617 617 617	266 266 802 802 803 804 617 617 617 617	26 26 80 80 80 61 61 61 61	
1 266 1 1 266 1 1+6.1 802 1 1 616 617 1 1 617 1			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 1.1B 1 1.1D 1 1.1D 1 1.1D 1 1.1D 1 1.1D 1 1.1D			
	in of alcohol and water, by mass OL DINITRATE, DESENSITIZED I non-volatile, water-insoluble Ity or wetted with less than 15% ITS, alkali metals, dry or wetted with ITS, alkali metals, dry or wetted with ING, TYPE A ING, TYPE B ING, TYPE B ING, TYPE B ING, TYPE D		
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1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1.1D 1	1 1.1D 1
		1 1.1D 1	1 1.1D 1
		1 1.1D 1.1D 1.1D 1.1D 1.1D 1.1D 1.1D 1.	1 1.1D 1 1.1D 1 1.3G 1 1.3G 1 1.3G
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1 1.1D	1	STING, TYPE C 1 1.1D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	STING, TYPE C 1 1.1D STING, TYPE D 1 1.1D E 1 1.3G 1 1.3G
	1 I.ID	STING, TYPE D 1 1.1D 1 E 1.3G 1	E 1 1.1D

														Number	
Z,	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provis Ioadin	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
	(2)	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)		(11)	(12)	(13)
FRACTURING DEVIC detonator, for oil wells	ES,	1	1.1D		1		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	
FUSE, NON-DETONATING	NATING	-	1.3G		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
ORD (FUSE), DI	CORD (FUSE), DETONATING, metal clad	-	1.2D		1		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
USE, IGNITER, 1	FUSE, IGNITER, tubular, metal clad	-	1.4G		1.4		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	1	
CORD (FUSE), D	CORD (FUSE), DETONATING, MILD EFFECT, metal clad	-	1.4D		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01,	_	
FUSE, SAFETY		-	1.4S		1.4		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
FUZES, DETONATING	ATIING	-	1.1B		1		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю	
FUZES, DETONATING	ATING	-	1.2B		1		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	т	
RENADES, PR	GRENADES, PRACTICE, hand or rifle	-	1.4S		1.4		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
GUANYLNITR HYDRAZINE, V mass	GUANYLNITROSAMINO-GUANYLIDENE HYDRAZINE, WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass	-	1.1A		1	266	0	E0		ЬЬ		T001	HA01, HA02, HA03	т го	
TETRAZENE) mixture of alc	GUANYLNITROSAMINO-GUANYLTETRAZENE (TETRAZENE), WETTED with not less than 30% water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass	-	1.1A		1	266	0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю	
HEXOLITE (HEXO) 15% water, by mass	HEXOLITE (HEXOTOL), dry or wetted with less than 15% water, by mass	-	U.ID		1		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю	
IGNITERS		-	1.1G		1		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю	
JET PERFORATI without detonator	JET PERFORATING GUNS, CHARGED, oil well, without detonator	-	1.1D		1		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю	
EAD AZIDE, '	LEAD AZIDE, WETTED with not less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass	-	1.1A		1	266	0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	
LEAD STYPHNATE (LEAD TRINITRORESORCINATE), 20% water, or mixture of alcol	LEAD STYPHNATE (LEAD TRINITRORESORCINATE), WETTED with not less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass	-	1.1A		1	266	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	8	
LIGHTERS, FUSE)E	-	1.4S		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
DEFLAGRATING METAL SA NITRODERIVATIVES, N.O.S.	DEFLAGRATING METAL SALTS OF AROMATIC NITRODERIVATIVES, N.O.S.	-	1.3C		1	274	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
MANNITOL HEXANITRA WETTED with not less that alcohol and water, by mass	MANNITOL HEXANITRATE (NITROMANNITE), WETTED with not less than 40% water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass	1	1.1D		1	266	0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	

Name and description 3.1.2 3.1.2 3.1.2 (3a) TRINITROPHENYLMETHYL-NITRAMINE (TETRYL) TRINITROPHENYLMETHYL-NITRAMINE (TETRYL) TRINITROPHENYLMETHYL-NITRAMINE (TETRYL) TRINITROPHENYLMETHYLON TRINITROBENZENE, dry or wetted with less than 1 30% water, by mass TRINITROBENZENE, dry or wetted with less than 1 30% water, by mass TRINITROPHENETOLE TR	UN No.														Number		
TRINTINGORESCING, GOT overted with less than 1 11D	or B No.		Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited an quan	d excepted tities	Carriage	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisi Ioading	ons concerning , unloading and :arriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks	
REMIRONALISE (TRY), de or everted which see than 1 1.10	1	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	П
RENTROHED MANUAL METATION 1 11D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Œ	\neg	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(3)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	8	(6)	(10)		(11)	(12)	(13)	T
PRINTEROMENCIAL ENGINE (LYAT), dry or wested with less than 30% water, by mass LiD L	0208			OI:I		П		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю		
TRACTERS FOR AMMUNITION	0209			1.1D		1		0	E0		Ы		L001	HA01, HA02,	ю		
TRINTROBENZER, d. g. or wetred with less than \$0% 1.1D	0212		-	1.3G		1		0	E0		ЬР		LO01	HA03 HA01,	С		Τ
RINITROBENZENCE dry or wented with less than 30% 1 1.1D	21.0	-		-		-		c	Ç.		ä		50	HA03	,		T
TRINITROMENTRIALE TRINITROMENTRY CALCOTER AMERICAL TRINITROMENTRY CALCOTER AMERITAL SAW WITH PARTIES TRINITROMENTRY CALCOTER SAW WITH PARTIES CALCOTER SAW WITH PARTIES TRINITROMENTRY CALCOTER SAW WITH PARTIES CALCOTE	0213			U.I.		-		0	E0		ЬЬ		LO01	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю		
Name	0214			1.1D		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3		
TRINITROM-MCRESOL.	0215		1	1.1D		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3		
TRINITROPHENETOLE	0216			1.1D		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3		
TRINITROPHENETOLE	0217		1	1.1D		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3		
TRINTRORESORCINOL (STYPHNIC ACID), dry or wetted with less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and water with less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and water with less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and water with less than 20% water, or wetted with less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass MARHEADS, TORPEDO with bursting charge	0218			1.1D		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	Е		
UREA NITRATE, dry or wetted with less than 20% water, by mass 1 1.1D 1 1 1.1D 1.1D 1 1.1D 1 1.1D 1.1D </td <td>0219</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>1.1D</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>E0</td> <td></td> <td>PP</td> <td></td> <td>L001</td> <td>HA01, HA02, HA03</td> <td>3</td> <td></td> <td></td>	0219		1	1.1D		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3		
WARHEADS, TORPEDO with bursting charge 1 1.1D 1 1.1D 1 1.1D 1 1.1D PP PP LO01 AMMONIUM NITRATE 1 1.1D 1 1.1D 1 1.6.1 802 0 E0 PP LO01 BARIUM AZIDE, dry or wetted with less than 50% water, by mass 1 1.1B 1 1.6.1 802 0 E0 PP LO01 BOOSTERS WITH DETONATOR 1 1.1B 1 1.1B 1 1.1B 1 LO01 PP LO01 CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE-TETRANITRAMINE with not less than 15% water, by mass 1 1.1D 1 2.66 0 E0 PP LO01 Sest than 15% water, by mass 1 1.3C 1 1 1.3C 1 0 E0 PP PP LO01	0220		-	1.1D		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3		
AMMONIUM NITRATE 1 1.1D 1 370 0 E0 PP LO01 BARUM AZIDE, dry or wetted with less than 50% water, by mass 1 1.1A 1+6.1 802 0 E0 PP LO01 BOOSTERS WITH DETONATOR 1 1.1B 1 0 E0 PP LO01 CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE-TETRANITRAMINE (HMX; OCTOGEN), WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass 1 1.1D 1 266 0 E0 PP LO01 SSD HAMK; OCTOGEN), WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass 1 1.3C 1 1.3C 1 1.3C PP LO01	0221		-	1.1D		П		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	е		
BARIUM AZIDE, dry or wetted with less than 50% water, 1 1.1A 1+6.1 802 0 E0 PP LO01 by mass BOOSTERS WITH DETONATOR 1 1.1B 1 0 E0 PP LO01 CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE-TETRANITRAMINE water, by mass 1 1.1D 1 1.1D 1 266 0 E0 PP LO01 Water, by mass water, by mass 1 1.3C 1 1.3C 1 1.3C PP LO01	0222			1.1D		1	370	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	С		
BOOSTERS WITH DETONATOR 1 1.1B 1 1.1B 1 1.1D PP LO01 CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE-TETRANITRAMINE 1 1.1D 1 266 0 E0 PP LO01 Water, by mass Water, by mass 1 1.3C 1 1.3C PP LO01 Best than 15% water, by mass 1 1.3C 1 0 E0 PP LO01	0224	BARIUM AZIDE, dry or wetted with less than 50% water, by mass	1	1.1A		1+6.1	802	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ε		
CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE-TETRANITRAMINE 1 1.1D 1 266 0 E0 PP LO01 (HMX: OCTOGEN), WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass NETTED with not less than 15% 1 1.3C 1 0 E0 PP LO01 less than 15% water, by mass 1 1.3C 1 0 E0 PP LO01	0225		1	1.1B		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3		
SODIUM DINITRO-o-CRESOLATE, dry or wetted with 1 1.3C 1 0 E0 PP LO01 less than 15% water, by mass	0226		1	1.1D		1	266	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3		
	0234	SODIUM DINITRO-o-CRESOLATE, dry or wetted with less than 15% water, by mass	-	1.3C		-		0	E0		Ы		L001	HA01, HA03	ε		

Name and description Class 3.1.2 2.2	Ü	Classi-			Special					_				
2.2			Packing group	Labels	provis-	Limited an quan	Limited and excepted quantities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provis Ioadin	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
	+	2.1.1	.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(3a)			4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)		(11)	(12)	(13)
SODIUM PICRAMATE, dry or wetted with less than 20% 1 water, by mass	<u>.</u>	1.3C		1		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	С	
ZIRCONIUM PICRAMATE, dry or wetted with less than 1 20% water, by mass	1.	1.3C		1		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	С	
CHARGES, SHAPED, FLEXIBLE, LINEAR 1	1.	1.4D		1.4		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	-	
ROCKETS, LINE-THROWING	-	1.2G		1		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	8	
ROCKETS, LINE-THROWING	1.	1.3G		1		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	ю	
EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE E	1-	1.1D		-	617	0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	m	
CHARGES, PROPELLING, FOR CANNON 1		1.3C		1		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	ю	
AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY, WHITE PHOSPHORUS with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	1.	1.2H		-		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	m	
AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY, WHITE PHOSPHORUS with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	1.	1.3Н		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	ю	
AMMUNITION, SMOKE, WHITE PHOSPHORUS with 1 burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	1.	1.2H		1		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	С	
AMMUNITION, SMOKE, WHITE PHOSPHORUS with 1 burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	1.	1.3H		1		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY, liquid or gel, with 1 burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	1	1.3J		1		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
CONTRIVANCES, WATER-ACTIVATED with burster, 1 expelling charge or propelling charge	.I	1.2L		1	274	0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
CONTRIVANCES, WATER-ACTIVATED with burster, 1 expelling charge or propelling charge	-T	1.3L		1	274	0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
ROCKET MOTORS WITH HYPERGOLIC LIQUIDS with or without expelling charge		1.3L		-		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	к	
AMMUNITION, ILLUMINATING with or without 1 buster, expelling charge or propelling charge	1.	1.3G		-		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	8	
DETONATORS, ELECTRIC for blasting 1		1.4B		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	-	
-1	<u>-</u>	1.4B		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	1	
OCTOLITE (OCTOL), dry or wetted with less than 15% ander, by mass	1.	1.1D		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ε	
DETONATORS, NON-ELECTRIC for blasting 1	1.	1.4B		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	1	
BOOSTERS WITH DETONATOR		1.2B		1		0	E0		dd		T001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	

3.1.2 2.2 2.2 (2)	(4)	(5) (5) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1.4	(6)				required	lation	O C	carriage	lights	Remarks
		5 +1	0	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		0	E0	0	PP	(OT)	L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	(CT)
		1 1 1.		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	к	
		1. 1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	co.	
		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	κ	
				0	E0		ЬР		TO01	HA01, HA03	-1	
				0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	ε	
AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY with or without burster, 1 1.4G expelling charge or propelling charge		1.4		0	E0		ЬЬ		TO01	HA01, HA03	-	
AMMUNITION, TEAR-PRODUCING with burster, 1 1.4G expelling charge or propelling charge		1.4+6.1+8	802	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03		
AMMUNITION, SMOKE with or without burster, 1 1.4G expelling charge or propelling charge		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		TO01	HA01, HA03	-1	
AMMUNITION, SMOKE with or without burster, 1 1.4G expelling charge or propelling charge, containing corrosive substances		1.4 +8		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03		
1 1.36		П		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	ε	
TRACERS FOR AMMUNITION 1 1.4G		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		TO01	HA01, HA03	-	
CARTRIDGES, SIGNAL 1.4G		1.4		0	E0		dd		LO01	HA01, HA03	1	
1 1.26		1		0	E0		Ы		LO01	HA01, HA03	3	
1 1.26		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
1 1.36		1		0	E0		Ы		LO01	HA01, HA03	3	
1 1.3G		1		0	E0		Ы		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
1 1.46		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	-	
GRENADES, PRACTICE, hand or nifle 1.3G		1		0	E0		Ы		LO01	HA01, HA03	3	
PRIMERS, TUBULAR 1.3G		1		0	E0		ЬР		T001	HA01, HA03	3	
PRIMERS, TUBULAR 1.4G		1.4		0	E0		РР		L001	HA01, HA03	-1	
CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS with bursting charge 1 1.2E		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	3	

N N															
or or			Classi-	Packing		Special	Limited and excented	dexcented	Carriago	Fanipment	Venti-	Provisi	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
E No.	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quantities	ities	permitted	required	lation	loading	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(T)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(9)	(10)		(11)	(12)	(13)
0322	ROCKET MOTORS WITH HYPERGOLIC LIQUIDS with or without expelling charge	1	1.2L		1		0	E0		Ы		L001	HA01, HA03	г	
0323	CARTRIDGES, POWER DEVICE	1	1.4S		1.4	347	0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
0324	PROJECTILES with bursting charge	1	1.2F		-		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	
0325	IGNITERS		1.4G		1.4		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01,		
0326	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, BLANK	1	1.1C		-		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	
0327	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, BLANK or CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS, BLANK	1	1.3C		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
0328	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, INERT PROJECTILE	1	1.2C		-		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
0329	TORPEDOES with bursting charge	1	1.1E		_		0	E0		ЪР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю	
0330	TORPEDOES with bursting charge	П	1.1F		-		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю	
0331	EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE B (AGENT, BLASTING, TYPE B)	1	1.5D		1.5	617	0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
0332	EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE E (AGENT, BLASTING, TYPE E)	1	U5.1		1.5	617	0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	8	
0333	FIREWORKS	1	1.1G		П	645	0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	
0334	FIREWORKS	1	1.2G		-	645	0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	8	
0335		1	1.3G		1	645	0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
0336		1	1.4G		1.4	645 651	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	1	
0337	FIREWORKS	1	1.4S		1.4	645	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
0338	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, BLANK or CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS, BLANK	1	1.4C		1.4		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	1	
0339	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, INERT PROJECTILE or CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS	П	1.4C		1.4		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	-	
0340	NITROCELLULOSE, dry or wetted with less than 25% water (or alcohol), by mass	1	1.1D		1		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	
0341	NITROCELLULOSE, unmodified or plasticized with less than 18% plasticizing substance, by mass	1	1.1D		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	
0342	NITROCELLULOSE, WETTED with not less than 25% alcohol, by mass	1	1.3C		1	105	0	E0		PP		LO01	HA01, HA03	3	

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or or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted quantities	l excepted ities	Carriage	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provis loadin	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	Number of blue cones/	Remarks
				•		ions	•			•			carriage	lights	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(I)	т	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(2)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	8	(6)	(10)		(11)	(12)	(13)
0364		1	1.2B		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	8	
0365	DETONATORS FOR AMMUNITION	1	1.4B		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02,		
													HA03		
0366	DETONATORS FOR AMMUNITION	-	1.4S		1.4	347	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
0367	FUZES, DETONATING	1	1.4S		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
0368	FUZES, IGNITING	1	1.45		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
0369	WARHEADS, ROCKET with bursting charge	-	1.1F		-		0	E0		Ы		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	κ	
0370	WARHEADS, ROCKET with burster or expelling charge	-	1.4D		1.4		0	E0		Ы		L001	HA01, HA03	1	
0371	WARHEADS, ROCKET with burster or expelling charge	-	1.4F		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03		
0372	GRENADES, PRACTICE, hand or rifle	1	1.2G		-		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	С	
0373	SIGNAL DEVICES, HAND	1	1.4S		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
0374	SOUNDING DEVICES, EXPLOSIVE	1	1.1D		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	8	
0375		1	1.2D				0	E0		PP		T001	HA01, HA03	ж	
0376	PRIMERS, TUBULAR	1	1.4S		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
0377		1	1.1B		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	
0378		1	1.4B		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	1	
6280		1	1.4C		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	П	
0380	ARTICLES, PYROPHORIC	1	1.2L		-1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	8	
0381		1	1.2C		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
0382	COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S.	-	1.2B		П	178 274	0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	κ	
0383	COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S.	-	1.4B		1.4	178 274	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03		

	П																	
Remarks	3.2.1	(13)																
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	0	3	e	m	E	С	co	m	3	3	3	3	ю	3	ю	3
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)	LO01 HA01, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA03	LO01 HA01, HA02, HA03
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)																
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	ЪР	PP	PP	Ы	ЬЬ	М	ЬР	ЬЬ	ЬР	PP	PP	Ы	ЬР	PP	ЪР	PP
Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)																
d excepted atties	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	В	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4	(7a)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	178 274							266								
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	1.4	1	Т	_	Т	Т	-	-	1	1	1	1		1		1
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)																
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	1.4S	1.1D	1.1D	U.ID	U.ID	1.1D	1.1D	LID	1.1D	1.1D	1.1D	1.2J	1.3J	1.13	1.2J	1.13
Class	2.2	(3a)	1	1	-	-	П	-	-	1	1	1	1		-	1		
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S.	5-NITROBENZOTRIAZOL	TRINITROBENZENESULPHONIC ACID	TRINITROFLUORENONE	TRINITROTOLUENE (TNT) AND TRINITROBENZENE MIXTURE or TRINITROTOLUENE (TNT) AND HEXANITROSTILBENE MIXTURE	TRINITROTOLUENE (TNT) MIXTURE CONTAINING TRINITROBENZENE AND HEXANITROSTILBENE	TRITONAL	CYCLOTRIMETHYLENE-TRINITRAMINE (CYCLONITE; HEXOGEN; RDX) AND CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE-TETRANITRAMINE (HMX; OCTOGEN) MIXTURE, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass or DESENSITIZED with not less than 10% phlegmatiser by mass	HEXANITROSTILBENE	HEXOTONAL	TRINITRORESORCINOL (STYPHINIC ACID), WETTED with not less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass	ROCKET MOTORS, LIQUID FUELLED	ROCKET MOTORS, LIQUID FUELLED	ROCKETS, LIQUID FUELLED with bursting charge	ROCKETS, LIQUID FUELLED with bursting charge	BOMBS WITH FLAMMABLE LIQUID with bursting charge
UN No. or ID No.		(1)	0384	5880	0386	0387	0388	0389	0390	0391	0392	0393	0394	\$680	9680	<i>L</i> 6E0	0398	0399

No. Note and deciding Class Cl	N NO														;	
MARIE AND PARTIES AND PARTIE	or ID No.		Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group		Special provis- ions	Limited and quant	d excepted ities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisic Ioading,	ons concerning unloading and arriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
MONTENDER NATIONAL STATEMENT MONTENDE NATIONAL STATEMENT					,		;		, ,			1			1	
PACKES, MERCH, PACKANA, MELLING, PACKES, MERCH, PACKANA, MELLING, PACKES, MERCH, PACKES, MERCH,	Θ	3.1.2	(3a)	2.2 (3h)	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.L.6	C.I.7	3.2.1
HANSEN STATEMENT, & CONTRIBUCION, ON CONTRIBUCIONS FOR WERNELD FOR ANY CONTRIBUCIONS FOR WERNELD FOR ANY CONTRIBUCIONS FOR WERNELD FOR W	0400	BOMBS WITH FLAMMABLE LIQUID with bursting	1	1.21		1	6	0	E0	6	PP	(22)	L001	HA01,	8	
Particular Par	0401	DIPICRYL SULPHIDE, dry or wetted with less than 10% water, by mass	-	1.1D		1		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02,	8	
AMMONINA PRECEDIAGRATE 1 1.10 1 1.20 1 1.20 1.20														HA03		
FAMES, AURISA, CREMA, 1 1.46	0402	AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE	-	1.1D		1	152	0	E0		Ы		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	m	
HARES ARRALL 1 1-55	0403		_	1.4G		1.4		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	_	
CARTENDES, SIGNAL. 1 1-85 14 0 ED PP LOI HAOI. DINITROSOBLEZINE 1 1-3C 1-4 0 ED PP LOI HAOI. TETRAZOLI-ACETIC ACID 1 1-4C 1-4 0 ED PP LOI HAOI. FUZIS, DETOANTING with protective features 1 1-1D 1-4 0 ED PP PP LOII HAOI. FUZIS, DETOANTING with protective features 1 1-1D 1-4 0 ED PP PP LOII HAOI. FUZIS, DETOANTING with protective features 1 1-4D 1-4 0 ED PP PP LOII HAOI. FUZIS, DETOANTING with protective features 1 1-4D 1-4 0 ED PP PP LOII HAOI. FUZIS, DETOANTING with protective features 1 1-1D 1-4 1-4 0 ED PP PP LOII HAOI. FUZIS, DETOAATING	0404		-	1.4S		1.4		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
DINTEGORDENCINE 1 1,2C	0405		-	1.4S		1.4		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
FERRAZOL - ACETIC ACID ACE	0406		-	1.3C		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
FUZES. DETONATING with ponective features 1 LID 1 LID 1 LID PP LODI HAD1. HAD2. HAD2. HAD3. HAD3. <td>0407</td> <td>TETRAZOL-1-ACETIC ACID</td> <td>П</td> <td>1.4C</td> <td></td> <td>1.4</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>E0</td> <td></td> <td>ЬЬ</td> <td></td> <td>L001</td> <td>HA01, HA03</td> <td></td> <td></td>	0407	TETRAZOL-1-ACETIC ACID	П	1.4C		1.4		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03		
FUZES, DETONATING with potective features 1 1.2D 1 1.2D 1.4D 1.4 0 E0 FP LODI HA01. PEXTARENTHER TETERANITRATE 1.4D 1.4 0 E0 E0 FP LODI HA01. PENTARENTHER TETERANITRATE 1.1D 1.1D 1.4 0 E0 FP LODI HA01. OPENTARENTHER TETERANITRATE 1.1D 1.1D 1.4 0 E0 FP LODI HA01. CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, BILANK 1 1.2C 1 0 E0 FP PP LODI HA01. CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, BLANK 1 1.2C 1 0 E0 FP LODI HA01. CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, BLANK 1 1.2C 1 0 E0 FP LODI HA01. CHARGES, PROPELLING, FOR CANNON 1 1.2C 1 0 E0 FP LODI HA01. CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, INERT PROJECTILE 1.3C <t< td=""><td>0408</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>1.1D</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>0</td><td>E0</td><td></td><td>dd</td><td></td><td>L001</td><td>HA01, HA02, HA03</td><td>es.</td><td></td></t<>	0408		-	1.1D		-		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	es.	
FUZES. DETONATING with prosective features 1 1.4D 1.4 0 ED PP LODI HA01, HA02, HA	0409	1	-	1.2D		-		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	ю	
PENTARRY THRUTE TETRANITRATE PANTAL AND TRANITRATE PENTARRY THRUTE TETRANITRATE PENTARRY THRUTE TETRANIC PENTA	0410		1	1.4D		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	-	
CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, BILANK 1 1.46 1.4 0 E0 E0 PP LO0I HA01. HA02. HA02. HA02. HA02. HA02. HA02. HA02. HA02. HA03.	0411	PENTAERYTHRITE TETRANITRATE (PENTAERYTHRITOL TETRANITRATE; PETN) with not less than 7% wax, by mass	-	1.1D		-	131	0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	т	
CHARGES, PROPELLING, FOR CANNON 1 1.2C 1 1.2C 1 0 E0 PP LO01 HA01, HA01	0412	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS with bursting charge	П	1.4E		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	-	
CHARGES, PROPELLING, FOR CANNON 1 1.2C 1 1.2C 1 1.2C 1 0 E0 PP PP LO01 HA01. HA01. PA03. CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, INERT PROJECTILE 1 1.3C 1 0 E0 PP PP LO01 HA01. HA03. PA04. HA03.	0413	1	-	1.2C		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
CHARGES, PROPELLING 1 1.2C 1 1.2C 1 0 ED PP LO01 HA01, HA02, SMALL ARMS LOS 1 1.3C 1 1.1G 1.1G <th< td=""><td>0414</td><td>CHARGES, PROPELLING, FOR CANNON</td><td></td><td>1.2C</td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>0</td><td>E0</td><td></td><td>Ы</td><td></td><td>L001</td><td>HA01, HA03</td><td>ю</td><td></td></th<>	0414	CHARGES, PROPELLING, FOR CANNON		1.2C		1		0	E0		Ы		L001	HA01, HA03	ю	
CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, INERT PROJECTILLE 1 1.3C 1 1.3C 1 1.1G 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td>0415</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.2C</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>E0</td> <td></td> <td>ЬР</td> <td></td> <td>L001</td> <td>HA01, HA03</td> <td>ю</td> <td></td>	0415			1.2C		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	ю	
FLARES, SURFACE 1 1.1G 1	0417	CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS, INERT PROJECTILE or CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS	1	1.3C		1		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
FLARES, SURFACE 1 1.2G 1 0 EO FO PP LO01 HA01, HA01, HA01, HA01, HA01, HA01, HA02 FLARES, AERIAL 1 1.1G 1 1.2G 1 0 EO FO PP LO01 HA01, HA01, HA01, HA01, HA02, HA03 PROJECTILES, inert with tracer 1 1.3G 1 0 EO FO PP LO01 HA01, HA01, HA03	0418	FLARES, SURFACE	-	1.1G				0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	т	
FLARES, AERIAL 1 1.1G 1 0 E0 FP PP LO01 HA01, HA01, HA02, HA02, HA02, HA03 FLARES, AERIAL 1 1.2G 1 0 E0 FP PP LO01 HA01, HA01, HA03,	0419		1	1.2G		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
FLARES, AERIAL 1 1.3G 1 1 1.3G 1	0420			1.1G		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	
PROJECTILES, inert with tracer 1 1.3G 1 0 E0 F0 PP LO01 HA01, HA01, HA01, HA03	0421		1	1.2G		1		0	E0		ЬР			HA01, HA03	3	
	0424		1	1.3G		1		0	E0		ЬЬ			HA01, HA03	3	

Classi-
group
2.1.1.3
(4)

			Packing		•	Limited and excepted	d excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	DISTANT	Provisions concerning	on ma		
Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quantities	tities	permitted	required	lation	loading,	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks	
3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	1 1
(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	ŀ	(11)	(12)	(13)	- 1
IBUSTIBLE, EMPTY, WITHOUT PRIMER	-	1.3C		_		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	ю		
5-MERCAPTOTETRAZOL-1-ACETIC ACID		1.4C		1.4		0	E0		PP		TO01	HA01, HA03	1		
TORPEDOES, LIQUID FUELLED with or without bursting charge	-	1.13		-		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	6		1
TORPEDOES, LIQUID FUELLED with inert head	_	1.33		-		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	ю		1
TORPEDOES with bursting charge	-	1.1D		-		0	E0		ЬЬ		LO01	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю		1
GRENADES, PRACTICE, hand or rifle	_	1.4G		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03			ı
ROCKETS, LINE-THROWING	_	1.4G		1.4		0	E0		PP		TO01	HA01, HA03	-		ı
	-	1.4S		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	0		
DETONATORS, NON-ELECTRIC for blasting	_	1.4S		1.4	347	0	E0		PP		T001	HA01, HA03	0		ı
DETONATORS, ELECTRIC for blasting	_	1.4S		1.4	347	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	0		ı
CHARGES, BURSTING, PLASTICS BONDED	-	1.1D				0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3		1
CHARGES, BURSTING, PLASTICS BONDED	_	1.2D		-		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	т		1
CHARGES, BURSTING, PLASTICS BONDED	_	1.4D		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03			ı
CHARGES, BURSTING, PLASTICS BONDED	_	1.4S		1.4	347	0	E0		PP		T001	HA01, HA03	0		ı
COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S.	_	1.1B		1	178 274	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3		
ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	-	1.1C		1	178 274	0	E0		PP		TO01	HA01, HA02, HA03	8		
ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	_	1.1D		1	178 274	0	E0		ЬР		TO01	HA01, HA02, HA03	8		
ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	-	1.1E			178 274	0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	m		ı
ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	-	1.1F		-1	178 274	0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю		I
ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	1	1.2C		1	178 274	0	E0		ЬР		TO01	HA01, HA03	3		
ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	1	1.2D		1	178 274	0	E0		dd		T001	HA01, HA03	8		

UN No.]		Number		
	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisi	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	
_	(2)	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)		(11)	(12)	(13)	
	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	1	1.2E		1	178 274	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	3		
	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	1	1.2F		1	178 274	0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02,	3		
_ `	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	-	1.3C		1	178	0	E0		PP		L001	HA03	к		
7	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.		1.4E		1.4	178	0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01,			
7	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	-	1.4F		1.4	178 274	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	1		
0,1	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	-	1.1A			178 274	0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	κ		
	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	-	1.1C			178 274	0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю		
01	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	_	1.1D		1	178 274	0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	m		
01	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	_	1.1G		1	178 274	0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	m		
01	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	_	1.3C			178 274	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	ю		
0,1	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	-	1.3G			178 274	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	33		
0,1	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	П	1.4C		1.4	178 274	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03			
01	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	1	1.4D		1.4	178 274	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	1		
0,1	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	П	1.4S		1.4	178 274	0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	0		
5	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, VERY INSENSITIVE (SUBSTANCES, EVI), N.O.S.	П	1.5D		1.5	178 274	0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	3		
)	CYCLOTRIMETHYLENE-TRINITRAMINE (CYCLONITE; HEXOGEN; RDX), DESENSITIZED	1	1.1D		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3		
0	CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE-TETRANITRAMINE (HMX; OCTOGEN), DESENSITIZED	-	1.1D		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	m		
0,1	SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	П	1.4G		1.4	178 274	0	E0		PP		LO01	HA01, HA03	П		
') √	ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, EXTREMELY INSENSITIVE (ARTICLES, EEI)	1	1.6N		1.6		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	3		
	SIGNALS, SMOKE	1	1.3G		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	3		
	AMMUNITION, PRACTICE	1	1.3G		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	3		

IN No.															
or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisi Ioading	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)		(11)	(12)	(13)
0489	DINITROGLYCOLURIL (DINGU)	_	1.1D		П		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	С	
0490	NITROTRIAZOLONE (NTO)	_	1.1D		П		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	С	
0491		-	1.4C		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	-	
0492	SIGNALS, RAIL WAY TRACK, EXPLOSIVE	1	1.3G		1		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	ю	
0493	SIGNALS, RAIL WAY TRACK, EXPLOSIVE	1	1.4G		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	-	
0494		1	1.4D		1.4		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	1	
0495		1	1.3C		1	224	0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
0496	OCTONAL	1	1.1D		1		0	Е0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	
0497	PROPELLANT, LIQUID	-	1.1C		1	224	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	ю	
0498		1	1.1C		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	3	
0499		1	1.3C		1		0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
0200		1	1.4S		1.4	347	0	E0		dd		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
0501		1	1.4C		1.4		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	1	
0502		1	1.2C		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	3	
0503		1	1.4G		1.4	235 289	0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	1	
0504		1	1.1D		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA02, HA03	8	
0505		1	1.4G		1.4		0	E0		ЬЬ		L001	HA01, HA03	1	
0506		1	1.4S		1.4		0	E0		ЬР		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
0507		1	1.4S		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	0	
0508		-	1.3C		1		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	Э.	
0500	POWDER, SMOKELESS	1	1.4C		1.4		0	E0		PP		L001	HA01, HA03	_	
1001	ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED	2	4F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01			-1	

IN No														
or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication	Packing	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted	l excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	Number of blue cones/	Remarks
				group		ions	quantities	S	permitted	required	lation	carriage	lights	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1002	AIR, COMPRESSED	7	14		2.2	655	120 ml	E1		ЪЪ			0	
1003	AIR, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2	30		2.2+5.1		0	E0		PP			0	
1005	AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS	2	2TC		2.3+8	23	0	E0	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1006	ARGON, COMPRESSED	2	1A		2.2	653	120 ml	El		ЬР			0	
1008	BORON TRIFLUORIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8	373	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1009	BROMOTRIFLUOROMETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 1381)	2	2A		2.2	799	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
1010	BUTADIENES, STABILIZED or BUTADIENES AND HYDROCARBON MIXTURE, STABILIZED, having a vapour pressure at 70 °C not exceeding 1.1 MPa (11 bar) and a density at 50 °C not lower than 0.525 kg/l	6	2F		2.1	662	0	E0	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
1011	BUTANE	2	2F		2.1	657 660 662	0	E0	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
1012	BUTYLENES MIXTURE or 1-BUTYLENE or CIS-2-BUTYLENE or TRANS-2-BUTYLENE	2	2F		2.1	799	0	E0	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
1013	CARBON DIOXIDE	2	2A		2.2	584 653 662	120 ml	E1		ЬР			0	
1016	CARBON MONOXIDE, COMPRESSED	2	1TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1017	CHLORINE	2	2TOC		2.3+5.1+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1018	CHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 22)	2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	El		ЬР			0	
1020	CHLOROPENTAFLUORO-ETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 115)	2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	EI	T	dd			0	
1021	1-CHLORO-1,2,2,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 124)	2	2A		2.2	799	120 ml	E1		dd			0	
1022	CHLOROTRIFLUOROMETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 13)	2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
1023	COAL GAS, COMPRESSED	7	TT.		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
1026	CYANOGEN	2	2TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1027	CYCLOPROPANE	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1028	DICHLORODIFLUORO-METHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 12)	2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	El		dd			0	
1029	DICHLOROFLUORO-METHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 21)	2	2A		2.2	799	120 ml	E1		dd			0	
1030	1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 152a)	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		П	
1032	DIMETHYLAMINE, ANHYDROUS	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01			
1033	DIMETHYL ETHER	2 0	2F		2.1	662	0	E0	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		_ -	
1035	ETHANE	2	2F	_	2.1	299	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	_	_	

L													N. L.		_
	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	
	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	-
ETHYI	ETHYLAMINE	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		-		- 1
ETHYI	ETHYL CHLORIDE	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		-
ETHYI	ETHYLENE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2	3F		2.1		0	E0	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1		- 1
ETHYI	ETHYL METHYL ETHER	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
ЕТНҮ	ETHYLENE OXIDE	2	2TF		2.3+2.1	342	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7		
ETHY	ETHYLENE OXIDE WITH NITROGEN up to a total pressure of 1 MPa (10 bar) at 50 °C	2	2TF		2.3+2.1	342	0	E0	T	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7		I
ETHY MIXT	ETHYLENE OXIDE AND CARBON DIOXIDE MIXTURE with more than 9% but not more than 87% ethylene oxide	7	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		-		ı
FERTILI ammonia	FERTILIZER AMMONIATING SOLUTION with free ammonia	2	4A		2.2			E0		dd			0		1
FIRE I	FIRE EXTINGUISHERS with compressed or liquefied gas	2	6A		2.2	225 594	120 ml	E0		dd			0		ı
FLUO	FLUORINE, COMPRESSED	2	1TOC		2.3+5.1+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		ı
неги	HELIUM, COMPRESSED	2	1A		2.2	653	120 ml	El		dd			0		ı
HYDR	HYDROGEN BROMIDE, ANHYDROUS	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
HYDR	HYDROGEN, COMPRESSED	2	1F		2.1	660	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01				ı
HYDR	HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
HYDR than 35	HYDROGEN CYANIDE, STABILIZED containing less than 3% water	6.1	TF1	П	6.1+3	603 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		ı
HYDR	HYDROGEN FLUORIDE, ANHYDROUS	∞	CT1	I	8+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7		1
HYDR	HYDROGEN SULPHIDE	2	2TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
ISOBU	ISOBUTYLENE	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
KRYP	KRYPTON, COMPRESSED	2	1A		2.2	662	120 ml	E1		ЬР			0		ı
LIGHT gas	LIGHTERS or LIGHTER REFILLS containing flammable gas	2	6F		2.1	201 654 658	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		-		
LIQUE nitroge	LIQUEFIED GASES, non-flammable, charged with nitrogen, carbon dioxide or air	2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	EI		dd			0		ı
METH STABI	METHYLACETYLENE AND PROPADIENE MIXTURE, STABILIZED such as mixture P1 or mixture P2	2	2F		2.1	581	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
METE	METHYLAMINE, ANHYDROUS	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A			1		
METE	METHYL BROMIDE with not more than 2% chloropicrin	2	2T		2.3	23	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
METH	METHYL CHLORIDE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 40)	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
METF	METHYL MERCAPTAN	7	2TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		1
NEON	NEON, COMPRESSED	2	1A		2.2	299	120 ml	E1		PP			0		

or or			Classi-	Packing		Special	Limited and excented	l excented	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
E 180	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quantities	ities	permitted	required	lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	\neg	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1066	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED	2	1A		2.2	653	120 ml	EI		Ы			0	
1067	DINITROGEN TETROXIDE (NITROGEN DIOXIDE)	2	2TOC		2.3+5.1+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1069	NITROSYL CHLORIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1070		2	20		2.2+5.1	584	0	E0		ЬЬ			0	
1071	OIL GAS, COMPRESSED	2	1TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
1072	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED	2	10		2.2+5.1	355 655 662	0	E0		ЬЬ			0	
1073		2	30		2.2+5.1		0	E0		PP			0	
1075	PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED	2	2F		2.1	274 583 639 660 662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1076	PHOSGENE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1077	П	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1078		2	2A		2.2	274 582 662	120 ml	EI		PP			0	
1079	SULPHUR DIOXIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1080	SULPHUR HEXAFLUORIDE	2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
1081	TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE, STABILIZED	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1082		2	2TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1083		2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1086	VINYL BROMIDE, STABILIZED VINYL CHI ORIDE, STABILIZED	7 2	2F		2.1	799	0 0	0H 0H	Т	PP. EX. A	VE01		-	
1087		2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1088	П	3	F1	П	3		1 F	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1080	ACETAL DEHYDE	m n	E E	I II	m n		0	E0	1 1	PP, EX, A PP FX △	VE01			
1091	ACETONE OILS	. 6	FI	п			1 L	E2	•	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1092		6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0	Т	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1093		3	FT1	П	3+6.1	802	0	E0	Т	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1098	ALLYL ALCOHOL	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0	Т	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1099	ALLYL BROMIDE	3	FT1	I	3+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1100	ALLYL CHLORIDE	3	FT1	I	3+6.1	802	0	E0	T	PP, EP, EX,	VE01,		2	
1104	AMYL ACETATES	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	

													Number		_
	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited an quan	Limited and excepted quantities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	-
	(2)	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
PENTANOLS		3	FI	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
PENTANOLS		3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	El	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
AMYLAMINE		33	FC	П	3+8		1 L	E2	T	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1		
AMYLAMINE		8	FC	Ш	3+8		5 L	EI		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0		
AMYL CHLORIDE	:IDE	3	FI	п	3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
1-PENTENE (n-AMYLENE)	-AMYLENE)	3	F1	Ι	3		0	E3	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
AMYL FORMATES	TES	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
1-AMYL MET	n-AMYL METHYL KETONE	m	FI	Н	3		5 L	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
AMYL MERCAPTAN	APTAN	m	E i	п	e (1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
AMYL NITRATE	TE	m	E i	III F	80		5 L	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0,		
AMYL NITRITE	I.E	.n c	I 5	= =	<i>x c</i>		1 L	EZ E3	F	PP, EX, A	VE01				
BLITANOLS		0 6	1 6	11 11	o 8		1 L	E2	1 L	PF, EA, A	VE01				
BUTANOLS		n m	E	ı II	. c		5 L	EI	T	PP. EX. A	VE01		0		
BUTYL ACETATES	TATES	3	FI	П	3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1		1
BUTYL ACETATES	TATES	3	FI	Ш	3		5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
n-BUTYLAMINE	NE	ю	FC	п	3+8		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		П		
1-BROMOBUTANE	FANE	33	F1	Π	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		-		1
CHLOROBUTANES	ANES	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
n-BUTYL FORMATE	MATE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
BUTYRALDEHYDE	HYDE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
CAMPHOR OIL	L	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		_
CARBON DISULPHIDE	ULPHIDE	т	FT1	П	3+6.1	802	0	E0	T	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
ADHESIVES of	ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid	33	FI	I	3		500 ml	E3		PP, EX, A	VE01		-1		1
ADHESIVES c	ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	8	F1	п	3	640C	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		ı
ADHESIVES corressure at 50 °0	ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	8	F1	п	3	640D	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
ADHESIVES of	ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid	3	FI	Ш	3	640E	5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		_
ADHESIVES opint below 23 vapour pressu	ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid (having a flashpoint below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	8	FI	Ш	3		5 L	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		1
ADHESIVES opint below 23 vapour pressu	ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid (having a flashpoint below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	3	FI	Ш	3		5 L	BI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		1
CHLOROBENZENE	NZENE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
ETHYLENE (ETHYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0	Т	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
OAL TARD	COAL TAR DISTILLATES, FLAMMABLE	8	FI	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		_		
OAL TAR D	COAL TAR DISTILLATES, FLAMMABLE	8	H	H	3		5 L	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01	<u> </u>	0		_
OATING SC oatings used f	COATING SOLUTION (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as solide under coating drum or barrel liming)	m	E	н	m		500 ml	E3		PP, EX, A	VE01		-		
and and	Coding, diam of cance mins/					Ī			Ī			-			7

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or D No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted lities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	Number of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
									_				0	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
<u>(1</u>		(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1139	COATING SOLUTION (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle under coating, drum or barrel lining) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	w	딘	п	т	640C	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		П	
1139	COATING SOLUTION (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle under coating, drum or barrel lining) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	c.	FI	п	т	640D	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		П	
1139	COATING SOLUTION (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle under coating, drum or barrel lining)	ю	FI	Ħ	6	640E	5 L	П		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1139	COATING SOLUTION (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle under coating, drum or barrel lining) (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C)	ю	FI	Ħ	ю		5 L	BI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1139	COATING SOLUTION (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle under coating, drum or barrel lining) (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	т	FI	Ħ	ю		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VEOI		0	
1143	CROTONALDEHYDE or CROTONALDEHYDE, STABILIZED	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	324 354	0	E0	Т	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1144	CROTONYLENE	3	F1	_	3		0	E3		PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
1145	CYCLOHEXANE	ε,	FI	П	8		1.F	E2	H	PP, EX, A	VE01			
1146	CYCLOPENTANE DECAHYDRONA PHTHAI ENE	r "	I	пШ	2 %	İ	1 L	E7	1	PP, EX, A PP FX △	VE01			
1148	DIACETONE ALCOHOL	c c	FI	П	n (n		7 F	EZ		PP. EX. A	VE01		1	
1148	DIACETONE ALCOHOL	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1149	DIBUTYL ETHERS	3	F	Ш	ю с		5 L	E1	E	PP, EX, A	VE01		0 -	
1152	DICHLOROPENTANES	3 0	FI	пП	n m		5 L	E1	4	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1153	ETHYLENE GLYCOL DIETHYL ETHER	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1153	ETHYLENE GLYCOL DIETHYL ETHER	3	F1	Ш	3		2 T	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1154	DIETHYLAMINE	3	FC	п	3+8		1 L	E2	Н	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		П	
1155	DIETHYL ETHER (ETHYL ETHER)	3	F1	I	3		0	E3	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1156	DIETHYL KETONE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1157	DIISOBUTYL KETONE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1158	DIISOPROPYLAMINE	8	FC	II	3+8		1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
1159	П	3	F1	II	3		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1160	DIMETHYLAMINE AQUEOUS SOLUTION	С	FC	ш	3+8		1 L	E2	H	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		Т	
1161	DIMETHYL CARBONATE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	

											ſ			
ON No. Or ED No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication	Packing	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted	1 excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	Remarks
		Cidas	Code	group	rances	ions	quantities	iities	permitted	required	lation	carriage	lights	Welliann
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)		(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1162	DIMETHYLDICHLOROSILANE	8	FC	п	3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
1163	DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE, UNSYMMETRICAL	6.1	TFC	I	6.1+3+8	354 802	0	E0	Т	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1164	DIMETHYL SULPHIDE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1165	DIOXANE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1166		3	Fl	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1167	T	3	FI	I	3		0	E3	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1169	EXTRACTS, AROMATIC, LIQUID (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	ю	FI	п	т	601 640C	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1169	EXTRACTS, AROMATIC, LIQUID (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	8	F1	П	S	601 640D	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1169		3	F1	Ш	ю	601 640E	2 T	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1169		m	Ħ	Ш	8	601	5 L	B1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1169		3	F1	Ш	3	601	5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1170		3	F1	П	3	144 601	1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1170	ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)	3	F1	Ш	3	144 601	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1171		3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1172		С	F1	Ш	ъ		5 L	E1	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1173	\neg	3	FI	П	3		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1175	ETHYLBENZENE	e c	FI	ш	e .	1	1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		- 1	
1177	Ť	o cr	FI	II II	o «		21	E1	E	PP EX A	VEOL		- 0	
1178		3	FI	П	, w	Ī	1 L	EZ	,	PP, EX, A	VE01			
6/11	П	3	F1	II	3		11	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1180	ETHYL BUTYRATE ETHYL CHLOROACETATE	6.1	H TF1	ШШ	3 6.1+3	802	5 L 100 ml	E E		PP, EX, A PP, EP, EX,	VE01 VE01,		0 2	
	一									TOX, A	VE02			
1182		6.1	TFC	I	6.1+3+8	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1183	ETHYLDICHLOROSILANE	4.3	WFC	I	4.3+3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	1	
1184		e	FT1	П	3+6.1	802	1 L	E2	T	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1185	ETHYLENEIMINE, STABILIZED	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1188	П	3	F1	Ш	3		2 T	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1189		3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1190	ETHYL FORMATE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	

Limited and excepted Carriage Equipment Ventifications concerning Permitted Pe	UN No.	G	Ē	-188										Number	
3.4 3.51.2 8.15 7.16 7.16 7.15 7.0 (7a) (7b) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) 5.1 E1 T PP. EX.A VEDI 0 0 5.1 E1 T PP. EX.A VEDI 1 1 0 B0 PP. EX.A VEDI 1 1 1 1.1 E2 PP. EX.A VEDI 1	Name and description Class fication Packing Labels Code group	fication Packing Labels Code group	Packing Labels group	Labels		Spe pro ioi	cial vis-	Limited an	nd excepted	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
Characteristics Characteri	2.2 2.2 2.1.1.3 5.2.2	2.2 2.1.1.3 5.2.2	2.1.1.3 5.2.2	.3 5.2.2			3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
5L EI T PP. EX.A VEOI 1L E2 T PP. EX.A VEOI 1L E2 T PP. EX.A VEOI 0 B0 PP. EP. EX.A VEOI 1L E2 PP. EX.A VEOI 5L E2 PP. EX.A VEOI 5L E1 T PP. EX.A VEOI 1L E2 T PP. EX.A<	(3a) ((3b) (4)	(4)		(5)	I	9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
5L EI PP. EX.A VEDI 0 BO PP. EP. EX. A VEDI 1L E2 PP. EX.A VEDI 1L E2 PP. EX.A VEDI 5L E2 PP. EX.A VEDI 5L E2 PP. EX.A VEDI 5L E1 TP. EX.A VEDI <tr< td=""><td>OCTYL ALDEHYDES 3 F1 III</td><td>F1 III</td><td>Ш</td><td></td><td>3</td><td>- 1</td><td></td><td>5 L</td><td>El</td><td>Т</td><td>PP, EX, A</td><td>VE01</td><td></td><td>0</td><td></td></tr<>	OCTYL ALDEHYDES 3 F1 III	F1 III	Ш		3	- 1		5 L	El	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1	ETHYL LACTATE 3	F1 III	Ш		3			2 T	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
0 B0 PP, EP, EX, VE01. 1L E2 PP, EX, A VE01 5L E2 PP, EX, A VE01 5L E2 PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 TP, EX, A VE01 6L TP, EX, A VE01 7L PP, EX, A VE01 8L TP, EX,	1193 ETHYL METHYL KETONE (METHYL ETHYL 3 F1 II 3 KETONE)	F1 II	п		ю			1 L	E2	H	PP, EX, A	VE01			
11	1194 ETHYL NITRITE SOLUTION 3 FT! I 3+6.1	FT1 I	I	I 3+6.1	3+6.1		802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX. A	VE01, VE02		2	
5L E2 PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 T PP, EP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 T PP, EP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 T	1195 ETHYL PROPIONATE 3 FI II 3		F1 II 3	П 3	3			1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
5L E2 PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 PP, EX, A VE01 PP, EX, A 5L E1 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 PP, EX, A	ETHYLTRICHLOROSILANE 3	FC II	П		3+8	1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 T PP, EX, A VE01 100 ml E4 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 PP, EX, A 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 PP, EX, A 5L E1 PP,	1197 EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID (vapour pressure 3 F1 II 3 at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	F1 II	П		3	1	601 640C	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
5L EI PP, EX, A VE01 5L EI PP, EX, A VE01 5L EI T PP, EX, A VE01 6 T PP, EX, A VE01 7 EI PP, EX, A VE01 8L EI PP, EX, A VE01 8L EI PP, EX, A VE01 8L EI PP, EX, A VE01 800 ml E3 T PP, EX, A VE01	1197 EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID (vapour pressure 3 F1 II 3 at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	F1 II	П		8		601 640D	2 T	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
5L EI PP, EX, A VE01 5L EI T PP, EX, A VE01 5L EI T PP, EX, A VE01 1LD E2 PP, EX, A VE01 5L EI T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L EI PP, EX, A VE01 PP, EX, A 5L EI PP, EX, A VE01 PP, EX, A 5D PP, EX, A VE01 PP, EX, A VE01	1197 EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID 3 FI III 3	F1 III	Ш		83		601 640E	5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
5L EI PP. EX. A VE01 5L EI T PP. EP. EX. A VE01 100 ml E4 T PP. EP. EX. A VE01 5L E1 T PP. EX. A VE01 1L E2 T PP. EX. A VE01 1L E0 PP. EX. A VE01 5L E1 PP. EX. A VE01 1L E2 T PP. EX. A VE01 5L E1 PP. EX. A VE01 5L E1 PP. EX. A VE01	1197 EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 22.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	F1 III	H		8		601	5 L	B1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
5L Ell T PP, EP, EX, A VE01 100 ml E4 T PP, EP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01	1197 EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 22.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	FI	Ħ		8		601	5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
100 ml	1198 FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE 3 FC III 3+8	FC III	Ш		3+8			2 T	EI	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1L E2 PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 6L T PP, EX, A VE01 7 PP, EX, A VE01 8L PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A 1L E2 T PP, EX, A 1L E2 T PP, EX, A 200 ml E3 PP, EX, A VE01	1199 FURALDEHYDES 6.1 TF1 II 6.1+3	TF1 II	П		6.1+3		802	100 ml	E4	Т	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
5L EI PP. EX. A VE01 5L EI T PP. EX. A VE01 5L EI T PP. EX. A VE01 5L EI T PP. EX. A VE01 1L E2 T PP. EX. A VE01 1L E2 T PP. EX. A VE01 5L E1 PP. EX. A VE01 5L E2 T PP. EX. A VE01 5L E2 T PP. EX. A VE01 5L E3 T PP. EX. A VE01 500 ml E3 T PP. EX. A VE01	FUSEL OIL 3	F1 II	П		3			1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
5L EI T PP, EX, A VE01 5L EI T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E0 PP, EX, A VE01 1L E0 PP, EX, A VE01 5L T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 PP, EX, A 5L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 PP, EX, A 500 ml E3 PP, EX, A VE01 PP, EX, A	1201 FUSEL OIL 3 F1 III 3	F1 III	Ш		3			2 T	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
5 L E I T PP, EX, A VE01 5 L E I T PP, EX, A VE01 1 L E Z T PP, EX, A VE01 1 L E Z T PP, EX, A VE01 5 L E I PP, EX, A VE01 5 L E Z T PP, EX, A VE01 1 L E Z T PP, EX, A VE01 5 L E Z T PP, EX, A VE01 5 S00 ml E 3 PP, EX, A VE01	1202 GAS OIL or DIESEL FUEL or HEATING OIL, LIGHT 3 F1 III 3 (flash-point not more than 60 °C)	F1 III	III		3		363 640K	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
5L El T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E0 PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 S00 ml E3 PP, EX, A VE01	1202 DIESEL FUEL complying with standard EN 590:2004 or 3 F1 III 3 GAS OIL or HEATING OIL, LIGHT with a flash-point as specified in EN 590:2009 + A1:2010	3 F1 III	Ш		3		363 640L	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E0 PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 500 ml E3 PP, EX, A VE01	1202 GAS OIL or DIESEL FUEL or HEATING OIL, LIGHT 3 F1 III 3 (flash-point more than 60 °C and not more than 100 °C)	H H	Ш		3		363 640M	5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 500 ml E3 PP, EX, A VE01	1203 MOTOR SPIRIT or GASOLINE or PETROL 3 F1 II 3	II	П		ю		243 363 534	1 F	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		Г	
1L E2 T PP. EX. A VE01 5L E1 PP. EX. A VE01 1L E2 T PP. EX. A VE01 500 ml E3 PP. EX. A VE01	1204 NITROGLYCERIN SOLUTION IN ALCOHOL with not 3 D II 3	D II	П		3	l	601	1 L	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
5 L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 1 L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 500 ml E3 PP, EX, A VE01	1206 HEPTANES 3 FI II 3	F1 II	П		3			1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1L E2 T PP, EX, A VE01 500 ml E3 PP, EX, A VE01	HEXALDEHYDE 3 FI III	F1 III	III		3	_		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
500 ml E3 PP, EX, A VE01	HEXANES 3 FI II	F1 II	П		3	\dashv		11	E2	П	PP, EX, A	VE01			
	12.10 PKIN ING INK, Hammable or PKIN ING INK RELATED MATERIAL (including printing ink thinning or reducing compound), flammable	<u> </u>	-		n		367	300 ml	E3		PP, EX, A	VE01		-	

TALL														
Or Or	.0.		Classi-			Special						Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
D No.	o. Name and description	Class	fication	Packing group	Labels	provis-	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)		(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1210	PRINTING INK, flammable or PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL (including printing ink thinning or reducing compound), flammable (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	8	FI	п	3	163 367 640C	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1210	PRINTING INK, flammable or PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL (including printing ink thinning or reducing compound), flammable (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	8	FI	П	ю	163 367 640D	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01			
1210	PRINTING INK, flammable or PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL (including printing ink thinning or reducing compound), flammable	ε	Ħ	Ħ	8	163 367 640E	5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1210	PRINTING INK, flammable or PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL (including printing ink thinning or reducing compound), flammable (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	ю	FI	Ħ	٣	367	5 L	BI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1210	PRINTING INK, flammable or PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL (including printing ink thinning or reducing compound), flammable (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	ю	FI	Ħ	б	367	5 L	BI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1212	ISOBUTANOL (ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL)	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1213		3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1214	1 ISOBUTYLAMINE	т	FC	п	3+8		1 L	E2	Ŀ	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1216		3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1218	S ISOPRENE, STABILIZED	т С	H		m c	103	0 1	E3	L	PP, EX, A	VE01			
1220	1	n m	E	ПП	0 60	100	1 L	E2	L	PP, EX, A	VE01		1 1	
1221	I ISOPROPYLAMINE	3	FC	I	3+8		0	E0	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01			
1222	2 ISOPROPYL NITRATE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1223		ж	F1	Ш	3	363	5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1224		3	F1	П	3	274 640C	1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01			
1224	KETONES, LIQUID, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	т	E	п	ю	274 640D	1 L	E2	Г	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1224	П	3	F1	Ш	3	274	5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1228		ю	FT1	П	3+6.1	274 802	1 L	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1228	MERCAPTANS, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S. or MERCAPTAN MIXTURE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3	FT1	Ш	3+6.1	274	5 L	E1		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		0	
1229	MESITYL OXIDE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	

UN No.													Number	
Or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	l excepted ities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
		,		,				,	,	,	1			
ξ	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(T)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(c)	(9)	(/a)	(Jp)	(8)	(9)	(IO)	(11)	(12)	(I3)
1263	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning and reducing compound) (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	m	<u> </u>	∄	m	163 367 650	7	<u> </u>		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1263	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning and reducing compound) (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	E.	E	Ш	m	163 367 650	5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1264	PARALDEHYDE	3	F1	III	3		2 T	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1265	PENTANES, liquid	3	F1	I	3		0	E3	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1265	PENTANES, liquid	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1266	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS with flammable solvents (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	ю	E	п	ю	163 640C	2 T	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
1266	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS with flammable solvents (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	ю	FI	П	С	163 640D	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1266	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS with flammable solvents	3	F1	Ħ	3	163 640E	5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1266	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS with flammable solvents (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	3	FI	H	င	163	2 T	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1266	PERFUMERY PRODUCTS with flammable solvents (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	κ	됴	Ħ	ю	163	5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1267	PETROLEUM CRUDE OIL	3	FI	I	3	357	500 ml	E3	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1267	PETROLEUM CRUDE OIL (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	3	FI	п	3	357 640C	1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1267	PETROLEUM CRUDE OIL (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	8	딤	п	8	357 640D	1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		-1	
1267	PETROLEUM CRUDE OIL	3	FI	Ш	3	357	5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S.	ю	FI	I	С	363	500 ml	E3	H	PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	6	E	ш	8	363 640C	1 F	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01			
1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	т	E	п	е	363 640D	1 L	E2	H	PP, EX, A	VE01			
1268	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. or PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S.	ж	FI	Ш	co	363	5 L	EI	L	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1272	PINE OIL	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	

UN No.			Classi-									:	Number	
D No.	Name and description	Class	fication	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited an quan	Limited and excepted quantities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Frovisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1274	n-PROPANOL (PROPYL ALCOHOL, NORMAL)	3	H	П	3		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1274	n-PROPANOL (PROPYL ALCOHOL, NORMAL)	03	Œ	Ħ	m		5 L	EI	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1275	PROPIONALDEHYDE	0	Œ	П	m		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		_	
1276	n-PROPYL ACETATE	3	FI	п	8		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1277	PROPYLAMINE	m	FC	=	3+8		1 L	EZ	H	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		_	
1278	1-CHLOROPROPANE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E0	Τ	PP, EX, A	VE01		-1	
1279	1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	3	FI	П	3		1 L	E2	Τ	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1280	PROPYLENE OXIDE	3	F1	I	3		0	E3	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1281	PROPYL FORMATES	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1282	PYRIDINE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1286	ROSIN OIL (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	т	FI	п	8	640C	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		_	
1286	ROSIN OIL (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than	3	F1	П	3	640D	2 T	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
	110 kPa)													
1286	ROSIN OIL	3	FI	Ш	3	640E	5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1286	ROSIN OIL (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	8	Fl	Ш	3		5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1286	ROSIN OIL (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1287	RUBBER SOLUTION (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	3	F1	П	3	640C	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1287	RUBBER SOLUTION (vapour pressure at 50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ not more than 110 kPa)	3	F1	П	3	640D	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1287	RUBBER SOLUTION	3	F1	Ш	3	640E	2 T	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1287	RUBBER SOLUTION (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	3	FI	Ш	3		2 T	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1287	RUBBER SOLUTION (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1288	SHALE OIL	3	F1	II	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	_	1	
1288	SHALE OIL	3	F1	III	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1289	SODIUM METHYLATE SOLUTION in alcohol	С	FC	п	3+8		1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		_	
1289	SODIUM METHYLATE SOLUTION in alcohol	8	FC	Ш	3+8		2 T	El	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1292	TETRAETHYL SILICATE	3	F1	III	3		2 T	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1293	TINCTURES, MEDICINAL	3	F1	Ш	3	601	1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1293	TINCTURES, MEDICINAL	m (E i	≡ :	ю (109	5 L	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1294	TOLUENE	ε .	I	ш	m !		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01			
1295	TRICHLOROSILANE	4.3	WFC	I	4.3+3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	1	
1296	TRIETHYLAMINE	3	FC	П	3+8		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1297	TRIMETHYLAMINE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, not more than 50% trimethylamine, by mass	3	FC	I	3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	

		ŀ	-			ľ		-	-				-	
UN No.			Classi-			Special	I imited and accounted				Y.	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
E No.	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quantities		Carriage	required	venti- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
ξ	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
1297	TRIMETHYLAMINE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, not more	3	FC	P II	3+8	(0)	1 L	(70) E2	(6)	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01	(II)	1	(CI)
1297	than 50% trimethylamine, by mass TRIMETHYLAMINE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, not more	8	FC	Ш	3+8		2 T	El		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1298	TRIMETHYLCHLOROSILANE	3	FC	П	3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-1	
1299	TURPENTINE	ж	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1300	TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1300	TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE	e (FI	Ш	3		5 L	EI	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1302	VINIL ACEIAIE, SIABILIZED VINYL ETHER. STABILIZED	0 (1)	I E	ıı L	o (c)		1 F	E3 E3	I	PP. EX. A	VE01			
1303	VINYLIDENE CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	3	FI	П	3		0	E3		PP, EX, A	VE01		_	
1304	VINYL ISOBUTYL ETHER, STABILIZED	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1305	VINYLTRICHLOROSILANE, STABILIZED	ж	FC	п	3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1306	WOOD PRESERVATIVES, LIQUID (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	3	F1	п	ъ	640C	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
1306	WOOD PRESERVATIVES, LIQUID (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	3	FI	п	ε	640D	2 T	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01			
1306	WOOD PRESERVATIVES, LIQUID	3	FI	Ш	3	640E	5 L	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1306	WOOD PRESERVATIVES, LIQUID (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	3	Fi	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1306	WOOD PRESERVATIVES, LIQUID (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	8	E	Ш	С		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1307	XYLENES	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1307	XYLENES	3	FI	Ш	3		5 L	E1	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1308	ZIRCONIUM SUSPENDED IN A FLAMMABLE LIQUID	3	F1	Ι	3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
1308	ZIRCONIUM SUSPENDED IN A FLAMMABLE LIQUID (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	3	FI	П	3	640C	1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1308	ZIRCONIUM SUSPENDED IN A FLAMMABLE LIQUID (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	3	Ħ	П	3	640D	1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1308	ZIRCONIUM SUSPENDED IN A FLAMMABLE LIQUID	3	F1	Ш	3		2 T	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1309	ALUMINIUM POWDER, COATED	4.1	F3	II	4.1		1 kg	E2		PP			- 0	
1310	AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than	4.1	C O	I	4.1		0 0	E0		PP			0 -	
	10% water, by mass													
1312	BORNEOL	4.1	E	Ш	4.1		5 kg	EI		PP			0	
1313	CALCIUM RESINATE	4.1	£ 5		4.1		5 kg	El		PP			0	
1318	CORALT RESINATE, PRECIPITATED	4.1	F3 E3		4.1	T	5 kg	EI		PP			0	
1320	DINITROPHENOL, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass	4.1	DT	Ι	4.1+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP			2	

Remarks	3.2.1	(13)																													
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	2	П	-	0	-	0	1	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	0	1	-	0	-	1	1	1	-	-	0	-	2	-	0	-	
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)													CO01					HA08											
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)								NO										VE01											
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP	ЬР	PP	PP	ЬР	PP	ЬР	SUBJECT TO ADN	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP, EX, A	PP	ЬР	PP	PP	PP	ЬР	PP, EP	PP	PP	PP	
Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)								NOT S					В														В		
l excepted ities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E0	E0	E2	El	E2	EI	E2		E1	E1	E0	EI	E1	E0	E0	E1	E2	E2	E2	E2	E0	E2	E1	E0	E0	E0	E1	E2	
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4	(7a)	0	0	1 kg	5 kg	1 kg	5 kg	1 kg		5 kg	5 kg	5 kg	5 kg	1 kg 5 kg	0	0	5 kg	1 kg	500 g	1 kg	1 kg	0	1 kg	5 kg	0	0	0	5 kg	1 kg	
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	802		249		274	274	286				293		501				602	602	602	602			32		802		242	586	
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	4.1+6.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1		4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.3+4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1+6.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	I	I	п	Ш	ш	Ш	П		Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш	пШ	Ι	Ι	Ш	п	п	П	п	I	п	Ш	I	Ι	ı	Ш	п	
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	DT	D	F3	FI	Ī	FI	F3	F1	F1	F3	F1	E	된	D	D	F3	F3	WF2	F3	F3	D	FI	F3	D	DT	D	F3	F3	
Class	2.2	(3a)	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.3	1.4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	DINITROPHENOLATES, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass	DINITRORESORCINOL, WETTED with not less than 15% water. by mass	FERROCERIUM	FILMS, NITROCELL ULOSE BASE, gelatin coated,	except scrap FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	HAFNIUM POWDER, WETTED with not less than 25% water	Hay, Straw or Bhusa	HEXAMETHYLENETETRAMINE	MANGANESE RESINATE	MATCHES, 'STRIKE ANYWHERE'	METALDEHYDE	CEKIUM, stabs, mgots or rods NAPHTHALENE, CRUDE or NAPHTHALENE, REFINED	NITROGUANIDINE (PICRITE), WETTED with not less than 20% water, by mass	NITROSTARCH, WEITED with not less than 20% water, by mass	PHOSPHORUS, AMORPHOUS	PHOSPHORUS HEPTASULPHIDE, free from yellow and white phosphorus	PHOSPHORUS PENTASULPHIDE, free from yellow and white phosphorus	PHOSPHORUS SESQUISULPHIDE, free from yellow and white phosphorus	PHOSPHORUS TRISUL PHIDE, free from yellow and white phosphorus	TRINITROPHENOL (PICRIC ACID), WETTED with not lose than 30%, water by mass	RUBBER SCRAP or RUBBER SHODDY, powdered or eranulated	SILICON POWDER, AMORPHOUS	SILVER PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass	SODIUM DINITRO-o-CRESOLATE, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass	SODIUM PICRAMATE, WETTED with not less than 20% water, by mass	SULPHUR	TITANIUM POWDER, WETTED with not less than 25% water	
UN No. or ID No.		(1)	1321	1322	1323	1324	1325	1325	1326	1327	1328	1330	1331	1332	1333	1336	1337	1338	1339	1340	1341	1343	1344	1345	1346	1347	1348	1349	1350	1352	

No.	50												ply only	vithout																	
Name and electription Class Frequency Freq		Remark	3.2.1	(13)										IN01 and IN02 appropriately ap	carried in bulk or v	0															
Classification Clas	Numbor	of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	1	1	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	
Charle		Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)						HA08				IN01,																	
Classical Name and description		Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)						VE01, VE02									N						VE02	VE02					
Classication Name and description Classication Name and description Classication State Code Group Classication Classicati		Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	dd	ЬР	ЬР	ЬР	ЬР	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP	PP	PP	dd		PP	PP	PP	UBJECT TO AI	dd	PP	dd	ЬР	ЬР	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	ЬЬ	ЬР	dd	
Classing		Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)										В		В	В		NOT S	В		В		В							
Classing		l excepted ities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E0	E0	E0	E0	E2	E0	E0	E0	E1	E0		E0	E0	E2		E0	E2	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E2	E0	E2	
Classi		Limited and quant	3.4	(7a)	0	0	0	0	1 kg	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Name and description Class Grade Grade		Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)				227	586	802		803	646								300	592	274		802	503	503	504	274		
Name and description Class Gode		Labels	5.2.2	(5)	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.3+6.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2		4.2	4.2	4.2		4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2+6.1	4.2+6.1	4.2+6.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	
San		Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	I	I	I	I	П	П	П	Ш	Ш	Ш		Ш	Ш	П		Ш	II	Ш	П	Ш	I	Ι	I	П	I	П	
Name and description 3.1.2 (2) TRINITROBENZENE, WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass TRINITROBENZOIC ACID, WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass TRINITROTOLUENE (TNT), WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass TRINITRATE, WETTED with not less than 20% water, by mass TRINITRATE, WETTED with not less than 25% water CALCIUM PHOSPHIDE CARBON, animal or vegetable origin CARBON, animal or vegetable burnt, wet or damp FIBRES or FABRICS, ANIMAL Or VEGETABLE or SYNTHETIC, N.O.S. with oil FIGHES, animal or fibres, vegetable burnt, wet or damp FIBRES or FABRICS, ANIMAL Or VEGETABLE or SYNTHETIC, N.O.S. with oil FIGHES, animal or fibres, vegetable burnt, wet or damp FIBRES or FABRICS, WHITE or YELLOW, UNDER WATER PHOSPHORUS, WHITE or YELLOW, DRY PHOSPHORUS, WHITE or YELLOW, DRY PHOSPHORUS, WHITE or YELLOW, DRY PROTASSIUM SULPHIDE, ANHYDROUS or POTASSIUM SULPHIDE with less than 30% water of erystallization ALOY, N.O.S. ALOY, N.O.S.		Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	Q	D	D	D	F3	WT2	S2	S2	S2	S2		S2	S2	S2	S2	S2	S2	S4	S4	S2	ST3	ST3	ST4	S4	S4	S4	
		Class	2.2	(3a)	4.1		4.1	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2		4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	
0N No. 0 or			3.1.2	(2)	TRINITROBENZENE, WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass	TRINITROBENZOIC ACID, WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass	TRINITROTOLUENE (TNT), WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass	UREA NITRATE, WETTED with not less than 20% water, by mass	ZIRCONIUM POWDER, WETTED with not less than 25% water	CALCIUM PHOSPHIDE	CARBON, animal or vegetable origin	CARBON, animal or vegetable origin	CARBON, ACTIVATED	COPRA		COTTON WASTE, OILY	COTTON, WET	p-NITROSODIMETHYLANILINE	Fibres, animal or fibres, vegetable burnt, wet or damp	FIBRES or FABRICS, ANIMAL or VEGETABLE or SYNTHETIC, N.O.S. with oil	FISH MEAL (FISH SCRAP), UNSTABILIZED	IRON OXIDE, SPENT or IRON SPONGE, SPENT obtained from coal gas purification	METAL CATALYST, WETTED with a visible excess of liquid	PAPER, UNSATURATED OIL TREATED, incompletely dried (including carbon paner)	PENTABORANE	PHOSPHORUS, WHITE or YELLOW, UNDER WATER OF IN SOLUTION	PHOSPHORUS, WHITE or YELLOW, DRY	POTASSIUM SULPHIDE, ANHYDROUS or POTASSIUM SULPHIDE with less than 30% water of crystallization	PYROPHORIC METAL, N.O.S. or PYROPHORIC ALLOY, N.O.S.	SODIUM DITHIONITE (SODIUM HYDROSULPHITE)	_
	UN No.	or ID No.		(1)	1354	1355	1356	1357	1358	1360	1361	1361	1362	1363		1364	1365	1369	1372	1373	1374	1376	1378	1379	1380	1381	1381	1382	1383	1384	

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or or		5	Classi- fication	Packing		Special	Limited an	Limited and excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	concernin	_	
	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	uenb	quantities	permitted	required	lation	loading, un carı	r, unloading an carriage	rd cones/	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7 b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(1)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1386	SEED CAKE with more than 1.5% oil and not more than 11% moisture	4.2	S2	Ш	4.2	800	0	E0	В	PP			IN01,	1, 0	INO1 and INO2 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
1387	Wool waste, wet	4.2	S2		·				NOT S	NOT SUBJECT TO ADN	DN				
1389	ALKALI METAL AMALGAM, LIQUID	4.3	W1	I	4.3	182	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1390		4.3	W2	П	4.3	182 505	500g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1391	ALKALI METAL DISPERSION or ALKALINE EARTH METAL DISPERSION	4.3	W1	I	4.3	182 183 506	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	-	
1392	ALKALINE EARTH METAL AMALGAM, LIQUID	4.3	W1	I	4.3	183	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1393	ALKALINE EARTH METAL ALLOY, N.O.S.	4.3	W2	П	4.3	183 506	500g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1394		4.3	W2	П	4.3		500 g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1395	ALUMINIUM FERROSILICON POWDER	4.3	WT2	П	4.3+6.1	802	500 g	E2		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02	/H	HA08	2	
1396	ALUMINIUM POWDER, UNCOATED	4.3	W2	П	4.3		500 g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1396		4.3	W2	Ш	4.3		1 kg	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1397		4.3	WT2	I	4.3+6.1	507 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02	/H	HA08	2	
1398	ALUMINIUM SILICON POWDER, UNCOATED	£.	W2	Ħ	4.3	37	1 kg	П	В	PP, EX, A	VE01,	TO03 H7	HA07, IN01,	1, 0	VE03, LO03, HA07, IN01 and IN03 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
1400	BARIUM	4.3	W2	П	4.3		200s	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1401		4.3	W2	П	4.3		g 005	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1402		4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1402	CALCIUM CARBIDE	4.3	W2	П	4.3	0	500 g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1403		4.3	W2	Ħ	4.3	38	l kg	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01	H	HA08	0	
1404	П	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1405		4.3	W2	П	4.3		500 g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1405		4.3	W2	Ξ -	4.3		l kg	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01	TH.	HA08	0	
1407	EERROSH ICON with 30% or more but less than 90%	t. 4	v.T.W	Т	4.3	30	υ 1 kα	1 E	2	PP FP FY	VE01	I 003 HA	HA07 INO		VE03 1 O03 HA07 1N01
0011		,	71 k	II.	4.3+0.1	801	20 4 -	ī	q	TOX, A	VE01, VE02, VE03		HA08 IN02, IN03		VEDS, LCOS, IRAO, and Work when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
1409		4.3	W2	I	4.3	274 508	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1409	METAL HYDRIDES, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.	4.3	W2	П	4.3	274 508	g 005	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1410	ıı	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	
1411	LITHIUM ALUMINIUM HYDRIDE, ETHEREAL	4.3	WF1	I	4.3+3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	1	
1413	- 1	4.3	W2	Ι	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	/H	HA08	0	

Name and description 3.1.2		Classi-												
Name and description 3.1.2			;		Special	;	•			;	Provisio	Provisions concerning	of blue	
3.1.2	Class	fication	Packing group	Labels	provis- ions	Limited an quan	Limited and excepted quantities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	loading, c	loading, unloading and carriage		Remarks
(2)	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(=)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)		(11)	(12)	(13)
LITHIUM HYDRIDE	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
LITHIUM SILICON	4.3	W2	П	4.3		$500\mathrm{g}$	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
MAGNESIUM POWDER or MAGNESIUM ALLOYS POWDER	4.3	WS	I	4.3+4.2		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
MAGNESIUM POWDER or MAGNESIUM ALLOYS POWDER	4.3	WS	П	4.3+4.2		0	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
MAGNESIUM POWDER or MAGNESIUM ALLOYS POWDER	4.3	WS	Ш	4.3+4.2		0	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
MAGNESIUM ALUMINIUM PHOSPHIDE	4.3	WT2	I	4.3+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		HA08	2	
POTASSIUM METAL ALLOYS, LIQUID	4.3	W1	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
ALKALI METAL ALLOY, LIQUID, N.O.S.	4.3	W1	I	4.3	182	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
POTASSIUM SODIUM ALLOYS, LIQUID	4.3	W1	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
SODIUM BOROHYDRIDE	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
SODIUM HYDRIDE	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
SODIUM METHYLATE	4.2	SC4	П	4.2+8		0	E2		PP, EP				0	
SODIUM PHOSPHIDE	4.3	WT2	I	4.3+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		HA08	2	
STANNIC PHOSPHIDES	4.3	WT2	ı	4.3+6.1	805	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		HA08	2	
ZINC ASHES	4.3	W2	Ш	4.3		1 kg	E1	В	PP, EX, A	VE01,	LO03		0 ,	VE03, LO03, HA07, IN01
										VE03		HA08 IN03		and IN03 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
ZINC POWDER or ZINC DUST	4.3	WS	I	4.3+4.2		0	E0		PP. EX. A	VE01		HA08	0	
ER or ZINC DUST	4.3	WS	П	4.3+4.2		0	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
ZINC POWDER or ZINC DUST	4.3	WS	Ш	4.3+4.2		0	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
ZIRCONIUM HYDRIDE	4.1	F3	П	4.1		1 kg	E2		PP				1	
ALUMINIUM NITRATE	5.1	02	Ш	5.1		5 kg	E1	В	PP		C002, L004		0	CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
AMMONIUM DICHROMATE	5.1	02	II	5.1		1 kg	E2		ЬЬ				0	
AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE	5.1	02	П	5.1	152	1 kg	E2		PP				0	
AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE	5.1	02	Ш	5.1		5 kg	E1		PP				0	
BARIUM CHLORATE, SOLID	5.1	OT2	П	5.1+6.1	802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP				2	
BARIUM NITRATE	5.1	OT2	П	5.1+6.1	802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP				2	
BARIUM PERCHLORATE, SOLID	5.1	OT2	П	5.1+6.1	802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP				2	
BARIUM PERMANGANATE	5.1	OT2	П	5.1+6.1	802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP				2	
BARIUM PEROXIDE	5.1	OT2	П	5.1+6.1	802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP				2	
BROMATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	5.1	05	П	5.1	274 350	1 kg	E2		PP				0	
CAESIUM NITRATE	5.1	07	Ħ	5.1		5 kg	EI	В	PP		CO02, LO04		0	CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is
														carried in bulk or without packaging

UN No. Or ID No.			_					_						_
		-	Classi- fication	Packing		Special	Limited an	Limited and excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	_	
	Name and description	Class			Labels	provis- ions	dnan	quantities	permitted	required	lation	loading, unloading and carriage	l cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(I)	(2)	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1452		5.1	02	П	5.1		1 kg	E2		PP			0	
1453	-1	5.1	02	П	5.1		1 kg	E2		PP				
1454	CALCIUM NITRATE	5.1	05	Ħ	5.1	208	5 kg	EI	В	PP		C002, L004	0	CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without
1.455	CAI CILIM BEBCHI OB ATE		8	Ш	5 1		1 100	F2		dd			_	packaging
1456	1	5.1	03	п	5.1		1 kg	E2		dd			0	
1457		5.1	07	п	5.1		1 kg	EZ		PP			0	
1458	CHLORATE AND BORATE MIXTURE	5.1	02	П	5.1		1 kg	E2		PP			0	
1458	CHLORATE AND BORATE MIXTURE	5.1	02	Ш	5.1		5 kg	El		PP			0	
1459	CHLORATE AND MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE MIXTURE, SOLID	5.1	02	П	5.1		1 kg	E2		ЬР			0	
1459	CHLORATE AND MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE MIXTURE, SOLID	5.1	02	Ш	5.1		5 kg	ЕІ		ЬР			0	
1461	CHLORATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	5.1	02	П	5.1	274 351	1 kg	E2		ЬР			0	
1462	CHLORITES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	5.1	02	П	5.1	274 352 509	1 kg	E2		PP			0	
1463		5.1	OTC	II	5.1+6.1+8	510	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			2	
1465	DIDYMIUM NITRATE	5.1	02	Ш	5.1		5 kg	EI	Я	PP		CO02,		CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
1466	FERRIC NITRATE	5.1	07	Ħ	5.1		5 kg	E1	В	PP		C002, L004	0	CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
1467	GUANIDINE NITRATE	5.1	02	Ħ	5.1		5 kg	El	В	PP		C002, L004	0	CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
1469	LEAD NITRATE	5.1	OT2	П	5.1+6.1	802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			2	
1470	LEAD PERCHLORATE, SOLID	5.1	OT2	II	5.1+6.1	802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			2	
1471	LITHIUM HYPOCHLORITE, DRY 01 LITHIUM HYPOCHLORITE MIXTURE	5.1	05	Ħ	5.1		1 kg	E2		PP			0	
1471	LITHIUM HYPOCHLORITE, DRY 01 LITHIUM HYPOCHLORITE MIXTURE	5.1	02	Ш	5.1		5 kg	El		PP			0	
1472		5.1	02	II	5.1		1 kg	E2		PP			0	
1473	\neg	5.1	02	П	5.1		1 kg	E2		PP				
1474	MAGNESIUM NITRATE	5.1	05	H	5.1	332	5 kg	EI	В	PP		CO02, LO04	0	CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is
													1	carried in bulk or without packaging
1475	\neg	5.1	07	П	5.1		1 kg	E2		PP	Ī		0	
1476	-	5.1	07	П	5.1		1 kg	E2		PP	Ţ		0	
1477	NITRATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	5.1	05	П	5.1	511	1 kg	E2		PP			0	

			y only out					T							y only	no l										y only out	only ,	ont							y only out
Remarks	3.2.1	(13)	COO2 and LOO4 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging												CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is	packaging										CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging	CO02 and LO04 apply only	when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging							CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)	C002,												C002, L004											C002,	C002,	.004							C002, L004
Venti-	7.1.6	(10)	1												0 1											0 1	0	1							0 1
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	ЬЬ	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	ΥΥ	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP		Ы	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP PP	РР	PP		PP, EP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	ЬЬ
Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)	В												В											В	В								В
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	EI	E0	E2	El	E2	EI	F2	E1	E2	E1	E2	E2	EI		E2	E2	E2	E2	E0	EI	E2	E2	EZ E2	EI	EI		E1	E2	E2	E0	El	E2	E1
Limited an quan	3.4	(7a)	5 kg	0	1 kg	5 kg	1 kg	5 kg	I Kg	5 kg	1 kg	5 kg	1 kg	1 kg	5 kg		1 kg	1 kg	1 kg	1 kg	0	5 kg	1 kg	l kg	1 kg 1 kg	5 kg	5 kg		5 kg	1 kg	1 kg	0	5 kg	1 kg	5 kg
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	511	274	274	274		717	274 353	274 353							209												802						
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1		5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	1.6	5.1	5.1		5.1+6.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	Ш	I	п	Ш	П	III	П	Ш	П	Ш	П	П	Ħ		п	П	П	П	I	Ш	П	П	пп	Ш	Ш		III	П	П	I	Ш	П	Ħ
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	002	02	02	02	05	05	70	02	02	02	02	02	05		05	02	02	02	07	05	05	05	07	00	02		OT2	02	02	02	02	02	05
Class	2.2	(3a)	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1		5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1		5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	NITRATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S.	OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S.	OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S.	PERCHLORATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	PERCHLORATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	PEKMANGANA IES, INOKGANIC, N.O.S.	PERMANGANATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	PEROXIDES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	PEROXIDES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	POTASSIUM BROMATE		POTASSIUM NITRATE		POTASSIUM NITRATE AND SODIUM NITRITE MIXTURE	POTASSIUM NITRITE	POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE	POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE	POTASSIUM PEROXIDE	POTASSIUM PERSULPHATE	SILVER NITRATE	SODIUM BROMATE	SODIUM CHLORA LE SODIUM CHLORITE	SODIUM NITRATE	SODIUM NITRATE AND POTASSIUM NITRATE	MIXTURE	SODIUM NITRITE	SODIUM PERCHLORATE	SODIUM PERMANGANATE	SODIUM PEROXIDE	SODIUM PERSULPHATE	STRONTIUM CHLORATE	STRONTIUM NITRATE
UN No. or ID No.		(1)	1477	1479	1479	1479	1481	1481	1482	1482	1483	1483	1484	1485	1486		1487	1488	1489	1490	1491	1492	1493	1494	1495	1498	1499		1500	1502	1503	1504	1505	1506	1507

N.No.													Nh	
or D No.		Ę	Classi- fication	Packing	1	Special	Limited and excepted		Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	of blue	-
	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quantities		permitted	required	lation	Ioading, unioading and carriage	cones/ lights	Kemarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(Jp)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1557	ARSENIC COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S., inorganic, including: Arsenates, n.o.s.; Arsenites, n.o.s.; and Arsenic sulphides, n.o.s.	6.1	T5	Ι	6.1	43 274 802	0	E5		PP, EP			71	
1557		6.1	T5	П	6.1	43 274 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1557		6.1	T5	Ħ	6.1	43 274 802	5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0	
1558	П	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1559		6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1560		6.1	T4	I	6.1	805	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1561		6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
7961	ARSENICAL DUSI	6.1	CI F	П	6.1	208	200g	4 2		PP, EP			7 0	
1364		0.1	CI	=	0.1	513 587 802	8 nnc	4		PP, EP			7	
1564		6.1	T5	Ш	6.1	177 274 513 587 802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
1565	BARIUM CYANIDE	6.1	T5	I	6.1	802	0	ES		PP, EP			2	
1566		6.1	T5	П	6.1	274 514 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1566		6.1	T5	Ħ	6.1	274 514 802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
1567	\neg	6.1	TF3	П	6.1+4.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1569		6.1	TF1	п	6.1+3	805	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1570		6.1	T2	I	6.1	43 802	0	E5		PP, EP			2	
1571	BARIUM AZIDE, WETTED with not less than 50% water, by mass	4.1	DT	I	4.1+6.1	568 802	0	E0		PP, EP			2	
1572	CACODYLIC ACID	6.1	TS	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1573	CALCIUM ARSENATE CALCIUM ARSENITE MIXTIRE SOI ID	6.1	T5	пп	6.1	802	500 g 500 g	E4 E4		PP, EP PP, EP			2 2	
1575	CALCIUM CYANIDE	6.1	T5	I	6.1	802	0	ES		PP, EP			2	
1577	CHLORODINITROBENZENES, LIQUID	6.1	II	п	6.1	279	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1578		6.1	T2	П	6.1	279 802	500 g	E4	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1579	4-CHLORO-o-TOLUIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE, SOLID	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	El		PP, EP			0	

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ON NO.			Classi-	Packing		Special	Limited and excepted	1 excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
E So.	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quantities	ifties	permitted	required	lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1580	CHLOROPICRIN	6.1	T1	I	6.1	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A			2	
1581	CHLOROPICRIN AND METHYL BROMIDE MIXTURE with more than 2% chloropicin	2	2T		2.3		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
1582	CHLOROPICRIN AND METHYL CHLORIDE MIXTURE	2	2T		2.3		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1583	CHLOROPICRIN MIXTURE, N.O.S.	6.1	T1	I	6.1	274 315 515 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1583	CHLOROPICRIN MIXTURE, N.O.S.	6.1	TI	П	6.1	274 515 802	100 ml	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
1583		6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	274 515 802	5 L	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
1585	COPPER ACETOARSENITE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1586	COPPER ARSENITE	6.1	TS	П	6.1	802	500 g	Z 2		PP, EP			2 0	
/801	COPPER CTANIDE	0.1	CI	П	0.1	802	g ooc	44		PP, EP			7	
1588	CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	TS	I	6.1	47 274 802	0	E5		PP, EP			5	
1588	CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	П	6.1	47 274 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1588	CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	Ш	6.1	47 274 802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
6851	CYANOGEN CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1590		6.1	T1	П	6.1	279 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1651	o-DICHLOROBENZENE	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	279 802	2 T	E1	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
1593	DICHLOROMETHANE	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	516 802	2 T	El	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A			0	
1594	DIETHYL SULPHATE	6.1	T1	П	6.1	805	100 ml	E4	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A			2	
5651	DIMETHYL SULPHATE	6.1	TC1	I	6.1+8	354 802	0	E0	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1596	DINITROANILINES	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1597		6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A			2	
1597	DINITROBENZENES, LIQUID	6.1	TI	Ħ	6.1	805	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
1598	DINITRO-o-CRESOL	6.1	T2	ш	6.1	43 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1599	DINITROPHENOL SOLUTION	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, A			2	
1599	DINITROPHENOL SOLUTION	6.1	1.1.	I	6.1	802	2 F	El	1	PP, EP, A		1	0	

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UN No. Or D No.	. Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted quantities		Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	Number of blue cones/	Remarks
				i b		ions						carriage	lights	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
<u>(I)</u>	\neg	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)		(11)	(12)	(13)
1600	DINITROTOLUENES, MOLTEN	6.1	TI	п	6.1	805	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1601	DISINFECTANT, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	I	6.1	274 802	0	E5		PP, EP			7	
1601	DISINFECTANT, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	п	6.1	274	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1601	DISINFECTANT, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	II	6.1	274	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
1602	DYE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. or DYE INTERMEDIATE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T1	I	6.1	274	0	E5		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1602	DYE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. or DYE INTERMEDIATE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T1	П	6.1	274 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
1602		6.1	T1	Ħ	6.1	274 802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
1603	ETHYL BROMOACETATE	6.1	TF1	п	6.1+3	802	100 ml	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1604	ETHYLENEDIAMINE	∞	CF1	П	8+3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1605		6.1	T1	I	6.1	354 802	0	E0	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1606		6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1607		6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1608	$\neg \Gamma$	6.1	T5	п	6.1	802	500 g	五:		PP, EP			2	
1611	HEXAETHYL TETRAPHOSPHATE	6.1	Ξ	=	6.1	802	100 m	F4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
1612	HEXAETHYL TETRAPHOSPHATE AND COMPRESSED GAS MIXTURE	2	1T		2.3		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1613		6.1	TF1	Ι	6.1+3	48	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01,		5	
1614		6.1	TF1	П	6.1+3	603 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01,		2	
1616	LEAD ACETATE	6.1	TS	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
1617		6.1	TS	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2 0	
1620	LEAD CYANIDE	6.1	TS	= =	6.1	802	300g 500g	Z Z		PP. EP			2 2	
1621		6.1	T5	п	6.1	43	800g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1622	MAGNESIUM ARSENATE	6.1	T5	II	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1623	MERCURIC ARSENATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1624	MERCURIC CHLORIDE MERCURIC NITRATE	6.1	T.5	= =	6.1	802	500 g	Z Z		РР, ЕР рр гр			2 0	
1626		6.1	TS	-	6.1	802	0	E5		PP, EP			2 2	
1627		6.1	T5	II	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1629	П	6.1	T5	II	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1630	MERCURY AMMONIUM CHLORIDE MERCIIRY RENZOATE	6.1	T5		6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2 0	
1634		6.1	TS	: 11	6.1	802	500g	A		PP, EP			2 2	
1636	MERCURY CYANIDE	6.1	T5	II	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	

													Number		
	Name and description	Class	Code Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	
	(2)	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
MERCURY GLUCONATE	LUCONATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
MERCURY IODIDE	DIDE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	$500\mathrm{g}$	E4		PP, EP			2		_
MERCURY NUCLEATE	JCLEATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	g 003	E4		PP, EP			2		
MERCURY OLEATE	LEATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	g 008	E4		PP, EP			2		
MERCURY OXIDE	KIDE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
MERCURY OX	MERCURY OXYCYANIDE, DESENSITIZED	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	$500\mathrm{g}$	E4		PP, EP			2		
MERCURY PC	MERCURY POTASSIUM IODIDE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
MERCURY SALICYLATE	ALICYLATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
MERCURY SULPHATE	JLPHATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	$500\mathrm{g}$	E4		PP, EP			2		-
MERCURY TI	MERCURY THIOCYANATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	$500\mathrm{g}$	E4		PP, EP			2		
METHYL BROMID) MIXTIIBE I IOIIID	METHYL BROMIDE AND ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE MIXTHIBE I IOIIID	6.1	Ţ	П	6.1	354	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
ACETONITRII E	TI.	3	H	Ш	,,	700	11.	F2	E	PP FX A	VE01		-		_
MOTOR FUE	MOTOR FUEL ANTI-KNOCK MIXTURE	6.1	T3	I	6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		1
reta-NAPHTE	beta-NAPHTHYLAMINE, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	8 00S	F4		PP. EP			2		
NAPHTHYLTHIOUREA	HIOUREA	6.1	172	П	6.1	43	g 005	E4		PP, EP			2		
NAPHTHYLLIBEA	REA	6.1	13	П	6.1	802	500 α	F4		рр Бр			c		_
NICKEI CYANIDE	NIDE	6.1	7. Y	11	6.1	200	500 g	1 2		DD ED			4 C		_
NICOTINE	NIDE	6.1	CI E	11	6.1	200	300g	1 2		DD ED TOY A	VE02		4 C		_
AICOI IINE		1.0	1	=	0.1	700	11001	\$		rr, br, 10A, A	4 E02		۷		
NICOTINE CO PREPARATIC	NICOTINE COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S. or NICOTINE PREPARATION, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	Ι	6.1	43 274 802	0	E5		PP, EP			2		
NICOTINE CO PREPARATIC	NICOTINE COMPOUND, SOLLD, N.O.S. or NICOTINE PREPARATION, SOLLD, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	п	6.1	43 274 802	g 005	E4		PP, EP			2		
NICOTINE CO PREPARATIC	NICOTINE COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S. or NICOTINE PREPARATION, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	43 274 802	5 kg	B1		PP, EP			0		1
VICOTINE HY	NICOTINE HYDROCHLORIDE, LIQUID or SOLUTION	6.1	T1	II	6.1	43 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
VICOTINE HY	NICOTINE HYDROCHLORIDE, LIQUID or SOLUTION	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	43 802	2 T	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0		
NICOTINE SALICYLATE	ALICYLATE	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
VICOTINE SU	NICOTINE SULPHATE, SOLUTION	6.1	TI	п	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7		
NICOTINE SI	NICOTINE SULPHATE, SOLUTION	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0		
NICOTINE TARTRATE	ARTRATE	6.1	T2	II	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
NITRIC OXII	NITRIC OXIDE, COMPRESSED	2	1TOC		2.3+5.1+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
NITROANILI	NITROANILINES (o-, m-, p-)	6.1	T2	п	6.1	279 802	g 005	E4		PP, EP			2		
NITROBENZENE	ENE	6.1	T1	II	6.1	279 802	100 ml	E4	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
NITROPHEN	NITROPHENOLS (o-, m-, p-)	6.1	T2	Ħ	6.1	279 802	5 kg	EI	Т	PP, EP			0		
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UN No. or ID No.	Name and description	S. C.	Classi- fication	Packing	slede I	Special provis-	Limited and excepted	1 excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	Remarks
		CHASS	Code	group	range and a	ions	quantities	tities	permitted	required	lation	carriage	lights	NCHIAI KS
(1)	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	33	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
1664	NITROTOL UENES, LIQUID	6.1	(30)	P II	6.1	802	100 ml	(70) E4	(9)	PP, EP, TOX, A	ľ	(11)	2	(CT)
1665	NITROXYLENES, LIQUID	6.1	T1	п	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1669	PENTACHLOROETHANE	6.1	T1	п	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1670	PERCHLOROMETHYL MERCAPTAN	6.1	T1	П	6.1	354	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1671	PHENOL, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	279	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1672	PHENYL CARBYL AMINE CHLORIDE	6.1	T1	I	6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1673	PHENYLENEDIAMINES (0-, m-, p-)	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	279	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
1674	PHENYLMERCURIC ACETATE	6.1	Т3	п	6.1	43	500 g	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1677	POTASSIUM ARSENATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1678	POTASSIUM ARSENITE	6.1	T5	п	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1679	POTASSIUM CUPROCYANIDE	6.1	TS	= -	6.1	802	500g	H H		PP, EP			2 0	
1683	SILVER ARSENITE	0.1	TS	Ī	0.1	802	5000	Z 72		PP FP			2 2	
1684	SILVER CYANIDE	6.1	TS	п	6.1	802	500g	招		PP, EP			2	
1685	SODIUM ARSENATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1686	SODIUM ARSENITE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	6.1	T4	II	6.1	43	100 ml	E4		PP, EP			2	
1686	SODIUM ARSENITE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	6.1	T4	Ш	6.1	43	5 L	E1		PP, EP			0	
1687	SODIUM AZIDE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1688	SODIUM CACODYLATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1689	SODIUM CYANIDE, SOLID	6.1	T5	Ι	6.1	802	0	ES		PP, EP			2	
1690	SODIUM FLUORIDE, SOLID	6.1	TS	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	EI	В	PP, EP			0	
1691	STROUTION ARSENTE STRYCHNINE OF STRYCHNINE SALTS	6.1	51	II -	6.1	802	300g	7 E		PP, EP			7 C	
1693	TEAR GAS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	ΤΙ	I	6.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1693	TEAR GAS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	II	П	6.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1694	BROMOBENZYL CYANIDES, LIQUID	6.1	ΙΙ	I	6.1	138	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1695	CHLOROACETONE, STABILIZED	6.1	TFC	I	6.1+3+8	354	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1697	CHLOROACETOPHENONE, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	ļ		2	
1698	DIPHENYLAMINE CHLOROARSINE	6.1	T3	I	6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1699	DIPHENYLCHLOROARSINE, LIQUID	6.1	T3	I	6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1700	TEAR GAS CANDLES	6.1	TF3		6.1+4.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP			2	
1701	XYLYL BROMIDE, LIQUID	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	

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or or			Classi-	Doolring		Special	I imited and executed	Lowcomfod	Committee	T. Constitution of	Vonti	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
E No.	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quantities	u excepted	permitted	required	venur- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1702	1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROET	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A			2	
1704	TETRAETHYL DITHIOPYROPHOSPHATE	6.1	T1	п	6.1	43	100 ml	E4		PP, EP			2	
1707	THALLIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	п	6.1	43 274 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			7	
1708	TOLUIDINES, LIQUID	6.1	T1	П	6.1	279	100 ml	E4	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1709	2,4-TOLUYLENEDIAMINE, SOLID	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
1710		6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	EI	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
1711	XYLIDINES, LIQUID	6.1	T1	п	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1712		6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1713	T	6.1	T5	Ι	6.1	802	0	E5		PP, EP			2	
1714	ZINC PHOSPHIDE	4.3	WT2	н	4.3+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02	HA08	2	
1715	ACETIC ANHYDRIDE	8	CF1	П	8+3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1716	ACETYL BROMIDE	8	C3	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
1717	ACETYL CHLORIDE	3	FC	П	3+8		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1718	BUTYL ACID PHOSPHATE	∞	C3	Ш	8		5 L	EI	T	PP, EP			0	
1719	П	∞	C2	П	8	274	1 L	E2	T	PP, EP			0	
1719	ヿ	∞	CS	Ш	∞	274	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EP			0	
1722		6.1	TFC	I	6.1+3+8	805	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1723	ALLYL IODIDE	3	FC	П	3+8		1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1724	ALL YLTRICHLOROSILANE, STABILIZED	8	CF1	п	8+3		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1725		8	C2	II	8	588	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
1726	ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS AMMONITM HYDROGENDIFI LIORIDE SOLID	∞ ∝	3 2	==	∞ «	588	1 kg	E2 E2		PP, EP			0 0	
1728		×	3 3	п	∞		0	E 0E		PP, EP			0	
1729		8	C4	П	8		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
1730		8	Cl	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
1731	ANTIMONY PENTACHLORIDE SOLUTION ANTIMONY DENTACHI ODIDE SOLUTION	∞ ∘	<u></u>	П	« »	\dagger	1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
1732	1	· ×	CTI	П	8+6.1	802	11.	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2 2	
1733	ANTIMONY TRICHLORIDE	8	22	П	~	Ī	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
1736	П	8	C3	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
1737	BENZYL BROMIDE	6.1	TC1	п	6.1+8	802	0	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
1738	BENZYL CHLORIDE	6.1	TCI	п	6.1+8	802	0	E4	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1739	BENZYL CHLOROFORMATE	∞	60	I	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0	

UN No.			Classi-	;		Special	:	,	-		;	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
E No.	Name and description	Class	Code	Packing group	Labels	provis- ions	Limited and exc quantities	Limited and excepted quantities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	venti- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1740	HYDROGENDIFLUORIDES, SOLID, N.O.S.	8	C2	П	8	517	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
1740	HYDROGENDIFL UORIDES, SOLID, N.O.S.	∞	C	Ш	∞	517	5 kg	El		PP, EP			0	
1741	BORON TRICHLORIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
1742	BORON TRIFLUORIDE ACETIC ACID COMPLEX, LIOUID	∞	C3	П	∞		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP			0	
1743	BORON TRIFLUORIDE PROPIONIC ACID COMPLEX, LIQUID	∞	C3	П	∞		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
1744	BROMINE or BROMINE SOLUTION	∞	CT1	I	8+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1745	BROMINE PENTAFLUORIDE	5.1	OTC	I	5.1+6.1+8	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1746	BROMINE TRIFLUORIDE	5.1	OTC	I	5.1+6.1+8	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
1747	BUTYLTRICHLOROSILANE	∞	CF1	П	8+3		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		Т	
1748	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, DRY or CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE MIXTURE, DRY with more than 39% available chlorine (8.8% available oxygen)	5.1	00	П	5.1	314	1 kg	E2		PP			0	
1748	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, DRY or CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE MIXTURE, DRY with more than 39% available chlorine (8.8% available oxygen)	5.1	00	II	5.1	316	5 kg	EI		PP			0	
1749	CHLORINE TRIFLUORIDE	2	2TOC		2.3+5.1+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1750	CHLOROACETIC ACID SOLUTION	6.1	TCI	П	6.1+8	802	100 ml	E4	I	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1751	CHLOROACETIC ACID, SOLID	6.1	TC2	П	6.1+8	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1752	CHLOROACETYL CHLORIDE	6.1	TC1	I	6.1+8	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1753	CHLOROPHENYLTRICHLOROSILANE	8	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
1754	CHLOROSULPHONIC ACID (with or without sulphur trioxide)	∞	Cl	I	∞		0	EO		PP, EP			0	
1755	CHROMIC ACID SOLUTION	8	Cl	П	8	518	1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
1755	CHROMIC ACID SOLUTION	∞ 0	ت ا	Ш	∞ (518	5 L	EI		PP, EP			0	
1757	CHROMIC FLUORIDE, SOLID CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION	× ×	C C	пП	× ×		ı kg 1 L	EZ EZ		PP, EP			0	
1757	CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION	8	C1	Ш	8		5 L	E1		PP, EP			0	
1758	CHROMIUM OXYCHLORIDE	8	CI	I	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
1759	CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S.	∞ (C10	I	∞ (274	0 ;	E0		PP, EP			0	
1759	CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S.	× ×	C10	II III	× ×	274	l kg 5 kg	E2		PP, EP			0 0	
1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.	· ∞	ව	-	0 00	274	0	EO	T	PP, EP			0	
1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.	8	63	П	8	274	1 L	E2	T	PP, EP			0	
1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.	8	ව	III	8	274	5 L	El	T	PP, EP			0	
1761	CUPRIETHYLENEDIAMINE SOLUTION	∞ 0	CTI	П	8+6.1	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, A			2	
1762	CYCLOHEXENYLTRICHLOROSILANE	× ×	3	П	8+6.1	802	0 0	E1 E0		PP, EP, A			0	
1763	CYCLOHEXYLTRICHLOROSILANE	∞	C3	П	~		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
1764	DICHLOROACETIC ACID	∞ 0	S S	П	∞ ∘	1	1.L	E2	T	PP, EP			0	
0/1	DICHLOROACETYL CHLORIDE	×	3	=	×		1 F	E7		PP, EP			0	

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or or			Classi-	Packing		Special	Limited and excented		Carriage	Equipment	Venti.	Provisions concerning	Number of blue		
D NO.	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis-	quantities		permitted	required	lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	_
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1766	DICHLOROPHENYLTRICHLOROSILANE	8	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0		
1767	DIETHYLDICHLOROSILANE	∞	CF1	п	8+3		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1		
1768	DIFLUOROPHOSPHORIC ACID, ANHYDROUS	∞	CI	П	~		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0		1
1769	DIPHENYLDICHLOROSILANE	8	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0		1
1770	DIPHENYLMETHYL BROMIDE	8	C10	П	8		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0		1
1771	DODECYLTRICHLOROSILANE	8	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0		1
1773	FERRIC CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS	8	C2	Ш	8	290	5 kg	El		PP, EP			0		ı
1774	FIRE EXTINGUISHER CHARGES, corrosive liquid	8	C11	П	8		1 L	E0		PP, EP			0		
1775	FLUOROBORIC ACID	8	Cl	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0		
1776	FLUOROPHOSPHORIC ACID, ANHYDROUS	8	C1	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0		
1777	FLUOROSULPHONIC ACID	8	C1	I	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0		1
1778	FLUOROSILICIC ACID	8	C1	П	8		1 L	E2	T	PP, EP			0		7
1779	FORMIC ACID with more than 85% acid by mass	∞	CFI	п	8+3		1 L	E2	H	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-		
1780	FUMARYL CHLORIDE	~	C3	п	~		1 L	E2	Τ	PP, EP			0		т-
1781	HEXADECYLTRICHLOROSILANE	~	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0		Г
1782	HEXAFLUOROPHOSPHORIC ACID	8	CI	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0		_
1783	HEXAMETHYLENEDIAMINE SOLUTION	8	C7	П	8		1 L	E2	T	PP, EP			0		
1783	HEXAMETHYLENEDIAMINE SOLUTION	8	C2	Ш	8		5 L	E1	T	PP, EP			0		
1784	HEXYLTRICHLOROSILANE	8	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0		
1786	HYDROFLUORIC ACID AND SULPHURIC ACID	∞	CTI	I	8+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7		
1787	HYDRIODIC ACID	8	CI	П	8	l	1 L	E2		PP, EP			0		1
1787	HYDRIODIC ACID	8	CI	Ш	8		5 L	E1		PP, EP			0		ı
1788	HYDROBROMIC ACID	8	Cl	П	8	519	1 L	E2		PP, EP			0		_
1788	HYDROBROMIC ACID	8	Cl	Ш	8	519	2 L	E1		PP, EP			0		
1789	HYDROCHLORIC ACID	8	Cl	П	8	520	1 L	E2	T	PP, EP			0		
1789	HYDROCHLORIC ACID	8	CI	Ш	8	520	5 L	E1	T	PP, EP			0		
1790	HYDROFLUORIC ACID with more than 85% hydrofluoric acid	∞	CTI	I	8+6.1	640I 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
1790	HYDROFLUORIC ACID with more than 60% but not more than 85% hydrofluoric acid	8	CT1	I	8+6.1	640J 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
1790	HYDROFLUORIC ACID with not more than 60% hydrofluoric acid	∞	CT1	П	8+6.1	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
1791	HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION	8	63	II	8	521	1 L	E2		PP, EP			0		
1791	HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION	8	60	Ш	8	521	5 L	E1		PP, EP			0		-1
1792	IODINE MONOCHLORIDE, SOLID	8	CZ	П	8		1 kg	E0		PP, EP			0		-
1793	ISOPROPYL ACID PHOSPHATE	∞ (ප ⁸	E :	∞ (100	5 L	EI		PP, EP			0		-
1794	LEAD SULPHATE with more than 3% free acid	«	2 3	П	∞ .	591	l kg	E2		PP, EP			0		
1796	NITRATING ACID MIXTURE with more than 50% nitric acid	∞	CO1	ı	8+5.1		0	E0		PP, EP			0		
1796	NITRATING ACID MIXTURE with not more than 50%	8	Cl	П	8		1 L	E0		PP, EP			0		
1798	NITROHYDROCHLORIC ACID	∞	COT						CARRL	CARRIAGE PROHIBITED	TED				_
1799	NONYLTRICHLOROSILANE	8	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0		
1800	OCTADECYLTRICHLOROSILANE	8	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0		- 1
1801	OCTYLTRICHLOROSILANE	8	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0		- 1
1802	PERCHLORIC ACID with not more than 50% acid, by	∞	CO1	п	8+5.1	522	1 L	E0		PP, EP			0		
	шаээ			1			1								7

UN No.													Numbor	
or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	l excepted ities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7 p)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1803	PHENOLSULPHONIC ACID, LIQUID	8	C3	П	8		11	E2		PP, EP			0	
1804	PHENYL'IRICHLOROSILANE	» o	3 5	= E	∞ 0		0	9 5	E	PP, EP			0	
1805	PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION PHOSPHORIS PENTACHI ORIDE	× ×	3 5	шш	× ×		2 L	E1	-	PP, EP			0 0	
1807	PHOSPHORUS PENTOXIDE	0 00	3 2	= =	0 00		1 kg	E2		PP. EP			0	
1808	PHOSPHORUS TRIBROMIDE	~	C	п	0 00		1 L	E0		PP, EP			0	
1809	PHOSPHORUS TRICHLORIDE	6.1	TC3	I	6.1+8	354	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1810	PHOSPHORUS OXYCHLORIDE	6.1	TC3	Ι	6.1+8	354	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1811	POTASSIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE, SOLID	~	CT2	П	8+6.1	802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			2	
1812	POTASSIUM FLUORIDE, SOLID	6.1	T5	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1	В	PP, EP			0	
1813	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLID	8	9)	Π	8		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
1814	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	∞ (S :	П	∞ (1.F	E2	<u> </u>	PP, EP			0	
1814	POTASSIOM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION PROPIONYL CHLORIDE	× ~	S E	ш	3+8		5 L 1 L	E1 E2	=	PP, EP PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0 1	
1816	PROPYLTRICHLOROSILANE	∞	CF1	П	8+3		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1817	PYROSHII PHURYL CHLORIDE	~	D	F	000		1	F2		рр кр			C	
1818	SILICON TETRACHLORIDE	0 00	5 5		000		0	EO		PP. EP			0	
1819	SODIUM ALUMINATE SOLUTION	~	CS	п	∞		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
1819	SODIUM ALUMINATE SOLUTION	8	C2	Ш	8		5 L	El		PP, EP			0	
1823	SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLID	8	9)	П	8		1 kg	E2	T	PP, EP			0	
1824	SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	∞ ∘	50 50	П	∞ 0		1.L	E2	E E	PP, EP			0	
1825	SODIUM MONOXIDE	0 00	3 %	п	0 00		J kg	EZ	-	PP. EP			0	
1826	NITRATING ACID MIXTURE, SPENT, with more than 50% nitric acid	∞	CO1	Ι	8+5.1	113	0	E0		PP, EP			0	
1826	NITRATING ACID MIXTURE, SPENT, with not more than 50% nitric acid	∞	CI	П	8	113	1 L	E0		PP, EP			0	
1827	STANNIC CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS	8	Cl	II	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
1828	SULPHUR CHLORIDES	∞	: :	. ,	∞ 0	000	0	E0		PP, EP			0	
1829	SULPHUR IRIOXIDE, STABILIZED STIT PHITRIC ACID with more than \$1% oxid	x x	3 5	- 1	× ×	623	0 1.1	E E	E	PP, EP			0 0	
1831	SULPHURIC ACID, FUMING	∞	CTI	:	8+6.1	802	0	90		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1832	SULPHURIC ACID, SPENT	8	Cl	II	8	113	1 L	E0	T	PP, EP			0	
1833	SULPHUROUS ACID	8	Cl	II	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
1834	SULPHURYL CHLORIDE	6.1	TC3	I	6.1+8	354	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
1835	TETRAMETHYL AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLUTION	∞	7.7	п	∞		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
1835	TETRAMETHYL AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	∞	C3	Ħ	∞		5 L	El		PP, EP			0	
1836	THIONYL CHLORIDE	8	Cl	I	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
1837	THIOPHOSPHORYL CHLORIDE TITANIUM TETRACHLORIDE	8	CI	п	8 6.1+8	354	1 L 0	E0 E0		PP, EP PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0 2	
000	CARD I DIMENDI O NO AMBUROLO	(į	:	c			ţ		44			(
1839	TRICHLOROACETIC ACID	∞	2	П	∞		l kg	E2	_	PP, EP			0	

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0r			Classi-	Packing		Special	Limited and excepted	d excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quantities	itties	permitted	required	lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1840	ZINC CHLORIDE SOLUTION	∞	Cl	Ш	∞		5 L	E1		PP, EP			0	
1841	\neg	6	M11	Ш	6		5 kg	E1		PP			0	
1843	\neg	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	召	1	PP, EP			2	
1845		6	M11	•			•	NOT SUBJ	ECT TO AI	NOT SUBJECT TO ADN - when used as a coolant, see 5.5.3	as a coolant	, see 5.5.3	٠	
1846	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	6.1	TI	п	6.1	805	100 ml	E4	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
1847	POTASSIUM SULPHIDE, HYDRATED with not less than 30% water of crystallization	∞	9.2	п	∞	523	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
1848	PROPIONIC ACID with not less than 10% and less than 90% acid by mass	∞	သ	Ħ	∞		5 L	BI	T	PP, EP			0	
1849	SODIUM SULPHIDE, HYDRATED with not less than 30% water	∞	92	п	∞	523	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
1851	MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T1	П	6.1	221 601 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1851	MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	221 601 802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
1854		4.2	S4	I	4.2		0	E0		PP			0	
1855	CALCIUM, PYROPHORIC of CALCIUM ALLOYS, PYROPHORIC	4.2	S4	I	4.2		0	E0		dd			0	
1856	Rags, oily	4.2	S2						NOT	NOT SUBJECT TO ADN	DN			
1857		4.2	S2						NOT !	NOT SUBJECT TO ADN	DN			
1858		2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	El		PP			0	
1859	SILICON TETRAFLUORIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0	_	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1860	VINYL FLUORIDE, STABILIZED	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1862	ETHYL CROTONATE	т С	FI	ш	ες (000	1 L	E2	E	PP, EX, A	VE01			
1863	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE	ς (I	-	χ (303	300 mi	E3	- 1	PP, EX, A	VEUI		٦,	
1863	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	ε,	Ŧ	П	m	363 640C	1 L	E2	1	PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
1863	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE (vapour pressure at 50 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ not more than 110 kPa)	3	Fl	П	3	363 640D	1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1863	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE	3	F1	Ш	3	363	5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1865	n-PROPYL NITRATE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1866	\neg	3	Fl	I	3		500 ml	E3		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1866		8	Fl	П	3	640C	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1866	RESIN SOLUTION, flammable (vapour pressure at 50 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ not more than 110 kPa)	т	FI	п	ю	640D	5 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		_	
1866	RESIN SOLUTION, flammable	3	F1	III	3	640E	2 T	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1866	RESIN SOLUTION, flammable (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa	3	FI	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1866	RESIN SOLUTION, flammable (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour presence at 50 °C not more than 110 Pba)	3	F1	Ш	3		2 T	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1868		4.1	FT2	П	4.1+6.1	802	1 kg	E0		PP, EP			2	

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UN No. Or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication	Packing	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted	d excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	Number of blue cones/	Remarks
				group		ions	quantines	Silli	permitted	redmred	lation	carriage	lights	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	\neg	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
1869	MAGNESIUM or MAGNESIUM ALLOYS with more than 50% magnesium in pellets, tumings or ribbons	4.1	E	=	4.1	29	5 kg	EI		PP			0	
1870	POTASSIUM BOROHYDRIDE	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
1871		4.1	E3	П	4.1		1 kg	E2		PP			1	
1872		5.1	OT2	III	5.1+6.1	802	5 kg	El		PP, EP			0	
1873	PERCHLORIC ACID with more than 50% but not more than 72% acid, by mass	5.1	0C1	I	5.1+8	09	0	E0		PP, EP			0	
1884		6.1	T5	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0	
1885		6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
1886	BENZYLIDENE CHLORIDE	6.1	TI	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1887	BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
1888	CHLOROFORM	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	El	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
1889	CYANOGEN BROMIDE	6.1	TC2	I	6.1+8	802	0	E0		PP, EP			2	
1891	ETHYL BROMIDE	6.1	T1	П	6.1	805	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1892	ETHYLDICHLOROARSINE	6.1	T3	I	6.1	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1894	PHENYLMERCURIC HYDROXIDE	6.1	T3	П	6.1	803	500 g	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1895	PHENYLMERCURIC NITRATE	6.1	T3	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
1897	TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
1898	ACETYL IODIDE	∞	C3	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
1902		∞	C3	Ш	8		5 L	El		PP, EP			0	
1903		∞ 0	60	I	∞ ∘	274	0	E0		PP, EP			0	
1903	DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	× ×	ව ව	П	× ×	2.74	1 L 5 L	E2 E1		PP, EP			0 0	
1905		∞	C2	-	∞ ∞		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
1906	mi	8	C1	П	8		1 L	E0		PP, EP			0	
1907	SODA LIME with more than 4% sodium hydroxide	∞ ∘	9) S	Ш	∞ ∘	62	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
1908	Т	0 ∞	00	III	∞ ∞	521	5 L	E		PP. EP			0	
1910		∞	92						NOT S	NOT SUBJECT TO ADN	DN	-		
1911	DIBORANE	2	2TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
1912	METHYL CHLORIDE AND METHYLENE CHLORIDE MIXTURE	2	2F		2.1	228 662	0	E0	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01			
1913	NEON, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2	3A		2.2	593	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
1914		3	E i	Ш	3		5 L	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1915	CYCLOHEXANONE	κ ;	E	III	8	000	5 L	EI	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1916		6.1	THI	П	6.1+3	802	100 ml	F4		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
1917		m	Ξi	П	e (1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1918	ISOPROPYLBENZENE METHVI ACP VI ATE STABILIZED	m n	E 6	III =	m n		5 L	EI 61	1 1	PP, EX, A	VE01		0 -	
1717		9	1.1	п	0		1 1	77	1	rr, EA, A	V EUI		7	

														Number	
Z	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited an quan	Limited and excepted quantities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage		of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6		7.1.5	3.2.1
	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)		(12)	(13)
NONANES		3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01			0	
PROPYLENEIMINE, STABILIZED	E, STABILIZED	e	FT1	П	3+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02			2	
PYRROLIDINE		3	FC	П	3+8		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01			1	
CALCIUM DITHIONITE (CALCIUM HYDROSULPHITE)	NITE (CALCIUM	4.2	S4	П	4.2		0	E2		dd				0	
METHYL MAGNES	METHYL MAGNESIUM BROMIDE IN ETHYL ETHER	4.3	WF1	I	4.3+3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	~	-	
POTASSIUM DITHI HYDROSULPHITE)	POTASSIUM DITHIONITE (POTASSIUM HYDROSULPHITE)	4.2	S4	П	4.2		0	E2		dd				0	
ZINC DITHIONITE	ZINC DITHIONITE (ZINC HYDROSULPHITE)	6	M11	III	6		5 kg	E1		ЬЬ				0	
ZIRCONIUM SCRAP	ď	4.2	S4	III	4.2	524 592	0	E0		ЬЬ				0	
CYANIDE SOLUTION, N.O.S.	ON, N.O.S.	6.1	T4	I	6.1	274 525 802	0	ES		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			2	
CYANIDE SOLUTION, N.O.S.	ON, N.O.S.	6.1	T4	П	6.1	274 525 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			2	
CYANIDE SOLUTION, N.O.S.	ON, N.O.S.	6.1	T4	III	6.1	274 525 802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			0	
BROMOACETIC ACID, SOLUTION	CID, SOLUTION	8	C3	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP				0	
BROMOACETIC ACID SOLUTION	CID SOLUTION	8	C3	Ш	∞		5 L	E1		PP, EP				0	
PHOSPHORUS OXYBROMIDE	YBROMIDE	∞	C2	П	8		1 kg	E0		PP, EP				0	
THIOGLYCOLIC ACID	CID	∞ 0	ප <u>ද</u>	П	∞ (1 L	E2		PP, EP				0	
DIBROMODIFL UORO-METHANE	RO-METHANE	6	M11	III	6	,	5 L	EI	,	PP		+			
AMMONIUM NITR combustible substanc calculated as carbon, substance	AMMONIUM NITRATE with not more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substance	5.1	05	Ħ	5.1	306 611	S kg	E	g	dd		ST01, HA09 CO02, LO04	2	0	CO02 and HA09 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
MATCHES, SAFET	MATCHES, SAFETY (book, card or strike on box)	4.1	F1	Ш	4.1	293	5 kg	E1		PP				0	
MATCHES, WAX 'VESTA'	VESTA'	4.1	F1	Ш	4.1	293	5 kg	E1		PP				0	
AEROSOLS, asphyxiant	kiant	2	5A		2.2	190 327 344 625	1 L	E0		PP	VE04			0	
AEROSOLS, corrosive	sive	2	5C		2.2+8	190 327 344 625	1 L	E0		PP, EP	VE04			0	
AEROSOLS, corrosive, oxidizing	sive, oxidizing	2	5CO		2.2+5.1+8	190 327 344 625	1 L	E0		PP, EP	VE04			0	
AEROSOLS, flammable	nable	2	SF		2.1	327 344 344	1 L	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01, VE04			1	
						3							1		

Remarks	3.2.1	(13)																
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	-	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	2	1	2	0	1	0
Provisions concerning Ioading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)																
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)	VE01,	VE04	VE02, VE04	VE02, VE04	VE01, VE02, VE04	VE01,	VE02, VE04	VE02, VE04			VE01, VE02	VE01	VE02		VE01	
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP, EX, A	PP	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP	dd	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP	PP, EX, A	PP
Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)																
ed and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	El	El	E0	Е0	E0	E1	E0	EI
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4	(7a)	1 L	1 L	120 ml	120 ml	120 ml	120 ml	120 ml	120 ml	120 ml	120 ml	0	0	0	120 ml	0	120 ml
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	190 327 344 625	190 327 344 625	190 327 344 625	190 327 344 625	190 327 344 625	190 327 344 625	190 327 344 625	190 327 344 625	593	662	274	274 660 662	274	274 655 662	662	799
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	2.1+8	2.2+5.1	2.2+6.1	2.2+6.1+8	2.1+6.1	2.1+6.1+8	2.2+5.1+6.1	2.2+5.1+6.1	2.2	2.2	2.3+2.1	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)																
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	5FC	50	ST	STC	STF	STFC	STO	STOC	3A	2A	1TF	1F	TI	1A	1F	2A
Class	2.2	(3a)	7	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Name and description	3.1.2	\neg	AEROSOLS, flammable, corrosive	AEROSOLS, oxidizing		AEROSOLS, toxic, corrosive	AEROSOLS, toxic, flammable	AEROSOLS, toxic, flammable, corrosive	AEROSOLS, toxic, oxidizing		ARGON, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	ETHYLENE OXIDE AND CARBON DIOXIDE MIXTURE with not more than 9% ethylene oxide	COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.			DEUTERIUM, COMPRESSED	1,2-DICHLORO-1,1,2,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 114)
UN No. or ID No.		<u>(1</u>)	1950	1950	1950	1950	1950	1950	1950	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958

0 E0 PP, EX, A VE01 1
E0
0 E0 PP, EX, A
0 6
-
662
2 3F
R 1132a) ETHANE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID 2

	T	T	T									<u> </u>														
Remarks		3.2.1	(CI)																							
Number of blue cones/ lights	,	7.1.5	(12) ĵ	7	2	0	-	-	0	2	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	2	2	0	1	-	П	0	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	1	7.1.6	(II)																							
Venti- lation	,	7.1.6	(10)	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01,	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01,	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01		VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01
Equipment		8.1.5	(9)	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX. A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A
Carriage permitted		3.2.1	(8)	Η	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т					T	Т	Т		Т	T	T	Т	T	П	T	T	T
d excepted tities	,	3.5.1.2	(d/)	E0	E2	EI	E2	E2	E1	E0	E2	E1	E3	E2	E2	E1	E1	E0	E0	E2	EI	E3	E2	E2	B1	E1
Limited and excepted quantities		3.4	(/a)	0	1 L	5 L	1 L	1 L	5 L	0	1 L	5 L	0	1 L	1 L	2 T	5 L	0	0	1 L	5 L	0	1 L	1 L	5 L	5 L
Special provis- ions	,	33	(Q)	274 802	274 802	274 802	274 601 640C	274 601 640D	274 601	274 802	274 802	274 802	274	274 640C	274 640D	274		802	274 802	274 802	274 802	274	274 601 640C	274 601 640D	274 601 640E	274 601
Labels		5.2.2	(c)	3+6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	8	8	3	3+6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	3	3	3	3	6	3+6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	3	ю	8	8	3
Packing group		2.1.1.3	(4)	-	П	Ш	П	п	Ш	I	п	Ш	I	П	II	Ш	Ш	I	I	П	Ш	I	п	п	H	Ш
Classi- fication Code		2.2	(30)	FI	FT1	FT1	F1	F1	F1	FT1	FT1	FT1	F1	F1	F1	F1	M11	FT1	FT1	FT1	FT1	F1	FI	FI	FI	F1
Class		2.2	(3a)	m	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	6	3	3	3	3	3	8	3	3	3
Name and description		3.1.2	(7)	ALCOHOLS, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	ALCOHOLS, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	ALCOHOLS, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	ALCOHOLS, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	ALCOHOLS, N.O.S.	ALDEHYDES, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	ALDEHYDES, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	ALDEHYDES, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	ALDEHYDES, N.O.S.	ALDEHYDES, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	ALDEHYDES, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	ALDEHYDES, N.O.S.	BENZALDEHYDE	CHLOROPRENE, STABILIZED	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ more than 110 kPa)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ not more than 110 kPa)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)
UN No. or ID No.		ŧ	\neg	1986	1986	1986	1987	1987	1987	1988	1988	1988	1989	1989	1989		1990		1992	1992	1992	П	1993	1993	1993	1993

Remarks	3.2.1																					
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	0	2			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6																	HA08	HA08	HA08	HA08	
Venti- lation	7.1.6	VE01	VE01, VE02	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01										VE01	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	
Equipment required	8.1.5	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	ЬР	PP	PP	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP
Carriage permitted	3.2.1	T				Т																Т
l excepted ities	3.5.1.2 (7b)	E1	E0	E2	E2	E1	EI	E1	El	E1	E0	E2	E0	E0	E2	El	E1	E0	E0	E0	E0	E2
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4	2 T	0	5 L	5 L	2 T	5 L	5 L	5 kg	5 kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 L
Special provis- ions	3.3	274 601	354 802	640C	640D	640E			502		526 592		274 528	524 540	524 540	524 540	524 592		802	803	802	
Labels	5.2.2	() m	6.1+3	ю	т	3	ю	ε	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.3+6.1	4.3+6.1	4.3+6.1	5.1+8
Packing group	2.1.1.3		I	П	П	Ш	II	II	Ш	Ш	Ш	П	Ш	I	п	Ш	III	I	I	I	I	п
Classi- fication Code	2.2 (3b)	FI	TF1	F1	FI	F1	F1	FI	F1	F3	S2	S4	S2	S4	S4	S4	S4	W2	WT2	WT2	WT2	0C1
Class	2.2 (3a)	3	6.1	ε	ε	33	т	т	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.3	5.1
Name and description	3.1.2	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 1 10 kPa)	IRON PENTACARBONYL	TARS, L1QUID, including road oils, and cutback bitumens (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	TARS, L1QUID, including road oils, and cutback bitumens (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	TARS, LIQUID, including road asphalt and oils, bitumen and cut backs	TARS, LIQUID, including road oils, and cutback bitumens (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	TARS, LIQUID, including road oils, and cutback bitumens (having a flash-point below 23 °C and viscous according to 2.2.3.1.4) (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	CELLULOID in block, rods, rolls, sheets, tubes, etc., except scrap	COBALT NAPHTHENATES, POWDER	CELLULOID, SCRAP	MAGNESIUM DIAMIDE	PLASTICS, NITROCELLULOSE-BASED, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.	ZIRCONIUM POWDER, DRY	ZIRCONIUM POWDER, DRY	ZIRCONIUM POWDER, DRY	ZIRCONIUM, DRY, finished sheets, strip or coiled wire	MAGNESIUM HYDRIDE	MAGNESIUM PHOSPHIDE	POTASSIUM PHOSPHIDE	STRONTIUM PHOSPHIDE	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not less than 20% but not more than 60% hydrogen peroxide (stabilized as necessary)
UN No. or ID No.	Ξ	1993	1994	1999	1999	1999	1999	1999	2000	2001	2002	2004	2006	2008	2008	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014

	Remarks	3.2.1	(13)																						
	Re																								
Number		7.1.5	(12)	6	0	2	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	-1	0	0		-	- 0	2 0 1	2 2 0
	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)																						
	Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)	VE02	VE02			VE01, VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02				VE02		VE01	VE01				VE01	VE01	VE01	VE02
	Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP,EP	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	dd	ЬР		PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A PP PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EX, A PP PP, EP, TOX, A PP, EP, TOX, A
	Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)									T	Т	Т	T										
	Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(7 b)	E4	E1	E4	E0	0 3	E0	E0	E1	E0	E2	E2	E0	E2	0Э	E0	EI	E0	î	E0	E0	E0 E0	BO BO BO
	Limited an quan	3.4	(7a)	500 g	5 kg	500 g	0	0	0	1 L	2 F	0	1 L	1 L	0	1 kg	0	0	120 ml	1 L	1 F		1 L	1 L 120 ml	1L 120 ml
	Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	43 274 802	43 274 802	43 802		802	530 802	530 802	530 802				802		662	662	662	191 303 344	191	303 344	303 344 191 303 344	303 344 191 303 344 303 344	303 303 304 303 303 303 303 303 304 303 303
	Labels	5.2.2	(5)	6.1	6.1	6.1	∞	8+3+6.1	8+6.1	8+6.1	8+6.1	8+5.1	8+5.1	∞	8+5.1+6.1	8	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1		2.2+5.1	2.2+5.1	2.2+5.1
	Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	п	II	п	п	I	1	п	Ш	ı	п	п	н	II									
	Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3p)	T3	T3	TS	C11	CFT	CT1	CT1	CT1	CO1	100	CI	COT	92	1F	2F	2A	5A	5F		50	50 5T	50 ST STC
	Class	2.2	(3a)	6.1	6.1	6.1	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	« «	∞	∞	∞	8	2	2	2	2	2		7	2 2	0 0 0
	Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	PHENYLMERCURIC COMPOUND, N.O.S.	PHENYLMERCURIC COMPOUND, N.O.S.	SODIUM ARSENITE, SOLID	BOMBS, SMOKE, NON-EXPLOSIVE with corrosive liquid, without initiating device	HYDRAZINE, ANHYDROUS	HYDRAZINE AQUEOUS SOLUTION, with more than 37% hydrazine by mass	HYDRAZINE AQUEOUS SOLUTION, with more than 37% hydrazine by mass	HYDRAZINE AQUEOUS SOLUTION, with more than 37% hydrazine by mass	NITRIC ACID, other than red fuming, with more than 70% nitric acid	NITRIC ACID, other than red fuming, with at least 65%, but not more than 70% nitric acid	NITRIC ACID, other than red fuming, with less than 65% nitric acid	NITRIC ACID, RED FUMING	POTASSIUM MONOXIDE	HYDROGEN AND METHANE MIXTURE, COMPRESSED	1,1,1-TRIFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 143a)	XENON	RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS (GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refillable	RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS (GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refillable		RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS (GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refiliable	RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS (GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refillable RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS (GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refillable	RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS (GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refillable RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS (GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refillable RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS (GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refillable
UN No.	Or ID No.	ŝ	(1)	2026	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2030	2030	2031	2031	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2037		2037	2037	2037

		1		1	ı				_	1	1	_		1	_		, ,	-	1		1			1	ı	1
Remarks	3.2.1																									CO02, LO04 and HA09 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	2	2	2	2	1	1	0	- C	0	0	1	-	0	0	1	0	-	1	0 1	1		1	1	0	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6																									CO02, HA09 ST01, LO04
Venti- lation	7.1.6	VE01,	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01		VE01	VE01	VE01	
Equipment required	8.1.5	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP. EX. A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A		PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	ЬР
Carriage	3.2.1	9					T	T	. I	- [-	,	T	Т		T	Т	T	T	Т	T						В
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	E0	E0	E0	E4	E0	E2	EI	E7	i E	EI	E2	E2	E1	E1	E0	E1	E2	E2	E1 E2	E0		E0	E0	E0	E1
Limited a	3.4	120 ml	120 ml	120 ml	100 ml	0	1 L	5 T	1 L	2 T	5 T	1 L	1 F	2 T	2 T	0	2 T	1 L	1 F	3 T	0		1 L	1L	5 L	5 kg
Special provis- ions	3.3	303 344	303 344	303 344	802	662															198	531	198 531 640C	198 531 640D	198 531	186 306 307
Labels	5.2.2	2.3+2.1+8	2.3+5.1	2.3+5.1+8	6.1	2.1	Е	ε,	es (1	n co	3	3	8+3	3	3	8+3	3	3	co (m m	3 6		ε	m	ε	5.1
Packing group	2.1.1.3	Đ			п		П	Ш	II II		Ħ	П	п	Ш	Ш	П	III	П	П	III	-		П	п	II	Ħ
Classi- fication Code	2.2	STFC	5TO	5TOC	T1	2F	F1	F1	F1	FI	F1	F1	CF1	F1	F1	CF1	F1	F1	FI	FI F1	D		Q	Q	D	00
Class	2.2	2	2	2	6.1	2	3	3	n 11	o m	3	3	∞	3	3	∞	3	3	m e	n n	3		3	33	к	5.1
Name and description	3.1.2	RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS (GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refillable	RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS (GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refillable	RECEPTACLES, SMALL, CONTAINING GAS (GAS CARTRIDGES) without a release device, non-refillable	DINITROTOLUENES, LIQUID	2,2-DIMETHYLPROPANE	ISOBUTYRALDEHYDE (ISOBUTYL ALDEHYDE)	CYMENES	DICHLOROPROPENES	DICYCLOPENT ADJENE	DIETHYLBENZENE	DIISOBUTYLENE, ISOMERIC COMPOUNDS	2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL	DIPENTENE	METHYL ISOBUTYL CARBINOL	MORPHOLINE	STYRENE MONOMER, STABILIZED	TETRAHYDROFURAN	TRIPROPYLENE	TRIPROPYLENE VALERALDEHYDE	NITROCELLULOSE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE with	not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass, and not more than 55% nitrocellulose	NITROCELLULOSE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass, and not more than 55% nitrocellulose (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa).	NITROCELLLUCOSE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass, and not more than 55% nitrocellulose (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	NITROCELLULOSE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass, and not more than 55% nitrocellulose	AMMONIUM NITRATE BASED FERTILIZER
UN No. or ID No.	Ξ	2037	2037	2037	2038	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2057	2059		2059	2059	2059	2067

ON No. Or U No.		5	Classi- fication	Packing	olode I	Special	Limited and excepted	1 excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisio	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	Domonico
	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quantities	itties	permitted	required	lation	Ioading,	g, unioading and carriage	cones/ lights	Kemarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7 b)	(8)	(6)	(10)		(11)	(12)	(13)
2071	Ammonium nitrate based fertilizers, uniform mixtures of the nitrogen/phosphate, nitrogen/potash or nitrogen/phosphate, potash type, containing not more than 70% ammonium nitrate and not more than 0,4% total combustible/organic material calculated as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium nitrate and unrestricted combustible material	6	M11			193			В	dd		CO02, 3	HA09	0	Dangerous only in bulk or without packaging. CO02, STO2 and HAO9 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
2073	AMMONIA SOLUTION, relative density less than 0.880 at 15 °C in water, with more than 35% but not more than 50% ammonia	2	4A		2.2	532	120 ml	E0		ЬР				0	
2074	ACRYLAMIDE, SOLID	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	EI	Τ	PP, EP				0	
2075	CHLORAL, ANHYDROUS, STABILIZED	6.1	T1	п	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			2	
2076	CRESOLS, LIQUID	6.1	TCI	П	6.1+8	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			2	
2077	alpha-NAPHTHYLAMINE	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP	Ш			0	
2078	TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE	6.1	Ī	п	6.1	279 802	100 ml	E4	*L	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			7	* only for 2,4 TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE
2079	DIETHYLENETRIAMINE	∞	C7	П	~		1 T	E2	T	PP, EP				0	
2186	HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2	3TC						CARRI	CARRIAGE PROHIBITED	TED	-			
2187	CARBON DIOXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2	3A		2.2		120 ml	EI	Τ	ЬР				0	
2188	ARSINE	2	2TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02			2	
2189	DICHLOROSILANE	2	2TFC		2.3+2.1+8		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02			2	
2190	OXYGEN DIFLUORIDE, COMPRESSED	2	1TOC		2.3+5.1+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			2	
2191	SULPHURYL FLUORIDE	2	2T		2.3		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			2	
2192	GERMANE	2	2TF		2.3+2.1	632	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02			2	
2193	HEXAFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 116)	7	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	E1		dd				0	
2194	SELENIUM HEXAFLUORIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			2	
2195	TELLURIUM HEXAFLUORIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			2	
2196	TUNGSTEN HEXAFLUORIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			2	
2197	HYDROGEN IODIDE, ANHYDROUS	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			2	
2198	PHOSPHORUS PENTAFLUORIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02			2	
2199	PHOSPHINE	2	2TF		2.3+2.1	632	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02			2	
2200	PROPADIENE, STABILIZED	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01			1	
2201	NITROUS OXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2	30	1	2.2+5.1	1	0	E0		ЬЬ				0	

or or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted quantities		Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	Number of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
												Smin	em Sur	
ŝ	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2202	HYDROGEN SELENIDE, ANHYDROUS	2	ZIF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2203	SILANE	2	2F		2.1	632	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2204	CARBONYL SULPHIDE	2	2TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2205	ADIPONITRILE	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2206	ISOCYANATES, TOXIC, N.O.S. or ISOCYANATE SOLUTION, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	II	П	6.1	274 551 802	100 ml	E4	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
2206	ISOCYANATES, TOXIC, N.O.S. or ISOCYANATE SOLUTION, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T1	H	6.1	274 551 802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2208	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE MIXTURE, DRY with more than 10% but not more than 39% available chlorine	5.1	02	Ш	5.1	314	5 kg	E1		ЬР			0	
2209	FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION with not less than 25% formaldehyde	∞	63	III	8	533	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EP			0	
2210	MANEB or MANEB PREPARATION with not less than 60% maneb	4.2	MS	Ш	4.2+4.3	273	0	EI	В	PP, EX, A	VE01,	IN03, IN03	0	VEO3, INO1 and INO3 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
2211	POLYMERIC BEADS, EXPANDABLE, evolving flammable vapour	6	M3	Ш	none	207	5 kg	E1	В	PP, EX, EP, A	VE01,	INOI	0	VE03 and IN01 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
2212	ASBESTOS, AMPHIBOLE (amostie, tremolite, actinolite, anthophyllite, crocidolite)	6	MI	П	6	168 274 542 802	1 kg	E0		PP			0	
2213	PARAFORMALDEHYDE	4.1	F1	III	4.1		5 kg	E1		PP			0	
2214	PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE with more than 0.05% of maleic anhydride	∞	C4	Ħ	«	169	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2215	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE, MOLTEN	8	C3	Ш	8		0	E0	T	PP, EP			0	
2215	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	8	C4	Ш	8		5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0	
2216	FISH MEAL, STABILISED or FISH SCRAP, STABILISED	6	M11						В	PP			0	
2217	SEED CAKE with not more than 1.5% oil and not more than 11% moisture	4.2	S2	Ш	4.2	142 800	0	E0	В	PP		INOI	0	INO1 applies only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
2218	ACRYLIC ACID, STABILIZED	∞	CF1	II	8+3		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2219	ALLYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2222	ANISOLE	3	FI	Ш	3	8	5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
1 777		0.1	11	П	0.1	200	100 1111	<u> </u>		rr, Er, 10A, A	V EU2		7	
2225	BENZENESULPHONYL CHLORIDE	∞	C3	Ħ	∞		5 L	EI		PP, EP			0	

or or			Classi-	-		Special	1	777			,	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
ID No.	Name and description	Class	Code	Facking	Labels	provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	a excepted tities	Carriage	Equipment required	venti- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2226	BENZOTRICHLORIDE	8	60	П	∞		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
2227	n-BUTYL METHACRYLATE, STABILIZED	3	FI	Ш	3		5 L	E1	Т	PP, EX, A			0	
2232	2-CHLOROETHANAL	6.1	T1	I	6.1	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
2233	CHLOROANISIDINES	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2234	CHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDES	3	F1	III	3		2 T	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2235	CHLOROBENZYL CHLORIDES, LIQUID	6.1	T1	III	6.1	802	2 T	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2236	3-CHLORO-4-METHYLPHENYL ISOCYANATE,	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2237	CHLORONITROANILINES	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP. EP			0	
2238	CHLOROTOLUENES	3	F1	H	3		5 L	EI	Τ	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2239	CHLOROTOLUIDINES, SOLID	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2240	CHROMOSULPHURIC ACID	8	C1	I	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
2241	CYCLOHEPTANE	6	F1	п	т с		1.F	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01			
7577	CYCLOHERIENE	ۍ ر	I	1 1	~ ·		11.	E2		PP, EX, A	VEOI		- 0	
2243	CYCLOHEAYL ACEIAIE	5 (I	≣ F	m (3.	EI		PP, EX, A	VEOI		0 0	
2244	CYCLOPENI ANOL	n "	I H		n m		3 T	EI EI		PP, EA, A pp FX ∆	VE01		0 0	
2246	CYCLOPENTENE		FI FI		, cc		11.	F2		PP FX A	VE01		-	
2247	n-DECANE	3	FI	H	· m		5 L	EI	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2248	DI-n-BUTYLAMINE	~	CF1	П	8+3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
0770	PICHI OBODINETIVI ETHER SYAMETRICAT	6.1	101						CADDI	CAPPIACE PROTIBLE	434			
6477	\neg	0.1	T	П	6.1	000	~ 005	EA	CAKK	AGE FROMIBI	TED		·	
0027	\neg	0.1	1.2	1 1	0.1	200	300 g	4 5		PP, EF	1000		7 .	
2251	BICYCLO[2.2.1]HEF1A-2,5-DIENE, STABILIZED (2,5-NORBORNADIENE, STABILIZED)	m	Ī	=	n		I.L.	F2		PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2252	1,2-DIMETHOXYETHANE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A			1	
2253	N,N-DIMETHYLANILINE	6.1	TI	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
2254	MATCHES, FUSEE	4.1	F1	Ш	4.1	293	5 kg	E0		ЬР			0	
2256	CYCLOHEXENE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2257	POTASSIUM	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0	Ī	PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
2258	1,2-PROPYLENEDIAMINE	∞	CF1	п	8+3		1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		Т	
2259	TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE	8	C7	П	8		1 L	E2	T	PP, EP			0	
2260	TRIPROPYLAMINE	С	FC	Ħ	3+8		5 L	EI		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2261	XYLENOLS, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2262	DIMETHYLCARBAMOYL CHLORIDE	8	C3	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
2263	DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2264	N,N-DIMETHYL-CYCLOHEXYLAMINE	∞	CF1	п	8+3		11	E2	H	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2265	N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE	3	F1	Ш	3		2 T	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2266	DIMETHYL-N-PROPYLAMINE	С	FC	п	3+8		1 L	E2	Ŧ	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2267	DIMETHYL THIOPHOSPHORYL CHLORIDE	6.1	TC1	п	6.1+8	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2269	3,3'-IMINODIPROPYLAMINE	8	C7	II	~		2 T	E1		PP, EP			0	

UN No. Or ID No.	o. Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted lities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	Number of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
													ı	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
Ξ	\neg	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7 b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2270	ETHYLAMINE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not less than 50% but not more than 70% ethylamine	m.	FC	ш	3+8		1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2271		3	F1	Ш	33		5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2272		6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	2 T	El		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2273	2-ETHYLANILINE	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2274	N-ETHYL-N-BENZYLANILINE	6.1	T1	III	6.1	802	5 L	El		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3777	2 ETHYL BITTANION	2	5	Ш	6		5.1	121		DD EV A	VE01		c	
2276		3 6	FC	Ħ	3+8		5 L	E	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2277	ETHYL METHACRYLATE STABILIZED	3	FI.	Ш			11.	F2.		PP. F.X. A	VE01		-	
2278	1	0 00	FI	= =			1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01			
2279	HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	6.1	II	II	6.1	802	5 L	El		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2280	-	8	C8	Ш	8		5 kg	El	T	PP, EP			0	
2281		6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2282	Ħ	3	F1	III	3		5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2283		3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2284	ISOBUTYRONITRILE	ю	FT1	п	3+6.1	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, TOX. A	VE01, VE02		7	
2285	ISOCY ANATOBENZO-TRIFLUORIDES	6.1	TF1	П	6.1+3	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, EX,	VE01,		2	
9800		3	ū	Е			5.1	E1	E	TOX, A	VE02		c	
2287	ISOHEPTENES	0 00	FI		· ~		1 L	E2	4	PP, EX, A	VE01			
2288		3	F1	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		_	
2289	П	8	C7	Ш	8		2 T	E1	T	PP, EP	Ш		0	
2290	ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	2 T	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2291	LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	Ш	6.1	199 274 535 802	5 kg	B1	В	PP, EP, A			0	
2293		3	F1	III	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	Ш		0	
2294	N-METHYLANILINE	6.1	Ţ	Ħ	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2295		6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2296	-	3	F1	II	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2297	т	3	F1	Ħ	m		5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2298		3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A			1	
2299	METHYL DICHLOROACETATE	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	802	2 T	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2300	2-METHYL-5-ETHYLPYRIDINE	6.1	TI	H	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2301		3	F1	II	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2302	5-METHYLHEXAN-2-ONE	3	F1	Ш	33		5 L	El	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	

UN No.													Number	
or No			Classi- fication	Packing		Special	Limited and excepted	excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	of blue	
	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quantities	ities	permitted	required	lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2303	П	3	F1	Ш	3		2 T	El	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2304		4.1	F2	Ш	4.1	536	0	E0		PP			0	
2305		8	2	П	∞		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
2306		6.1	TI	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2307	3-NITRO-4-CHLORO-BENZOTRIFLUORIDE	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2308	NITROSYL SULPHURIC ACID, LIOUID	∞	CI	П	∞		1 T	E2		PP, EP			0	
2309		3	FI	п	3		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01			
2310	PENTANE-2,4-DIONE	ε	FT1	Ħ	3+6.1	802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		0	
2311	PHENETIDINES	6.1	II	Ш	6.1	279	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A			0	
2312	PHENOL, MOLTEN	6.1	II	п	6.1	802	0	E0	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2313		3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2315		6	M2	П	6	305	1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
2316	SODIUM CUPROCYANIDE, SOLID	6.1	T5	I	6.1	802	0	E5		PP, EP			2	
2317		6.1	T4	I	6.1	802	0	E5		PP, EP			2	
2318	-, -	4.2	2 2	п	4.2	504	0	E2		PP			0	
2319	Н	3	FI	Ш	3		5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2320		8	C2	Ш	8		5 L	E1	Т	PP, EP			0	
2321		6.1	ΙΙ	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A			0	
2322	TRICHLOROBUTENE	6.1	TI	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2323	Ħ	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2324	Ì	3	FI	Ш	3		5 L	El	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2325	Ť	ε,	표 년	H	8		5 L	EI	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2327	TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXY LAMINE TRIMETHYLHEXAMETHYLENEDIAMINES	× ×	3 6	≡∣≡	× ×		5L	E E		PP, EP			0 0	
2328		6.1	TI	III	6.1	802	2 T	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2329	TRIMETHYL PHOSPHITE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2330		3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2331	\neg	∞ (23 5	H	∞ ′	Ì	5 kg	EI		PP, EP	1000		0	
2333	ACETALDER TO CAIME ALLYL ACETATE	n m	FTI	П	3+6.1	802	3 L 1 L	E2	T	PP, EP, EX,	VE01,		2 0	
2334	ALLYLAMINE	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354	0	E0		PP, EP, EX,	VE01,		2	
3000	ALL VI ETILVI ETILED	c	ET.1	F	2,61	802	Į	51		TOX, A	VE02			
7333		3	FII	П	3+6.1	708	1 Γ	F2		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
2336	ALLYL FORMATE	3	FT1	I	3+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2337	PHENYL MERCAPTAN	6.1	TF1	П	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX. A	VE01, VE02		2	
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ON NO.			Classi-			Special						Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
D No.	Name and description	Class	fication	Packing group	Labels	provis-	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)		(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2338	BENZOTRIFLUORIDE	3	FI	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2339	2-BROMOBUTANE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2340	2-BROMOETHYL ETHYL ETHER	3	F1	п	С		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2341	1-BROMO-3-METHYLBUTANE	3	F1	Ш	3	l	5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2342	BROMOMETHYLPROPANES	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2343	2-BROMOPENTANE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2344	BROMOPROPANES	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2344	BROMOPROPANES	3	F1	Ш	3		2 T	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2345	3-BROMOPROPYNE	3	F1	П	33		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2346	BUTANEDIONE	m (E i	п	ю (1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		.,	
2347	BUTYL MERCAPTAN	8	E i	=	03		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2348	BUTYL ACRYLATES, STABILIZED	m (H	E F	m	ļ	5 L	EI	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2350	BULYL MEIHYL EIHEK	n (H	II F	n (7 .	EZ	-	PP, EX, A	VEOI		-1 -	
2351	BULIL MIRITES BITTYI MIRITES	0 "	LI LI	пЕ	n n	t	7 I F	E22	Ì	PP, EA, A	VEUI		1 0	
2352	BITTYL VINYI ETHER STABILIZED	· "	I. III	=======================================	, «		1 -	F3		PP FX A	VE01		- c	
2353	BUTYRYL CHLORIDE	· 6	FC	= =	3+8		11	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01			
	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					0	,	i					•	
2354	CHLOROMETHYL ETHYL ETHER	m	FT1	=	3+6.1	802	1 F	E2		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
2356	2-CHLOROPROPANE	3	F1	I	3		0	E3	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2357	CYCLOHEXYLAMINE	8	CF1	П	8+3		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2358	CYCLOOCTATETRAENE	3	F1	П	3		11	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2359		3	FTC	П	3+6.1+8	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX,	VE01,		2	
	\neg									TOX, A	VE02			
2360	DIALLYL ETHER	ю	FT1	п	3+6.1	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
2361	DIISOBUTYLAMINE	3	FC	Ш	3+8		2 T	E1		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2362	1.1-DICHLOROETHANE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2	T	PP. EX. A	VE01		-	
2363	ETHYL MERCAPTAN	3	F1	Ι	3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2364	n-PROPYLBENZENE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2366	DIETHYL CARBONATE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2367	alpha-METHYLVALERALDEHYDE	m (H		m n		11	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		- 0	
2300	alpha-r in Eine	n m	FI		0 %		3 L	E1	E	PP EX A	VEOL		0 -	
2371	ISOPENTENES	3	FI	-	3 60		0	B	,	PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2372	1,2-DI-(DIMETHYLAMINO) ETHANE	3	FI	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2373	DIETHOXYMETHANE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2374	3,3-DIETHOXYPROPENE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2375	DIETHYL SULPHIDE	ĸ	FI	П	33		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2376	2,3-DIHYDROPYRAN	m (FI	п	ю (1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2377	\neg	8	H	П	m (800	1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01			
2378		m	FII	=	3+6.1	802	1 F	E2		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		72	
2379	I,3-DIMETHYLBUTYLAMINE	3	FC	п	3+8		1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2380	2380 DIMETHYLDIETHOXYSILANE	c	FI	п	cc		11	E2		PP. EX. A	VE01		-	
ì	TAXABLE AND	,		1	,	1	1	1		- 1 (0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				

or				-		_			-		_				_
ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	of blue cones/	Remarks	
				4		ions	•		4	•		carriage	lights		
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	П
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	1
2381	DIMETHYL DISULPHIDE	m	FTI	п	3+6.1		1 L	E0	H	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7		
2382	DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE, SYMMETRICAL	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0	Т	PP, EP, EX, TOX. A	VE01, VE02		2		1
2383	DIPROPYLAMINE	3	FC	п	3+8		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-		
2384	DI-n-PROPYL ETHER	ж	F1	п	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		Т
2385	ETHYL ISOBUTYRATE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		l
2386	I-ETHYLPIPERIDINE	33	FC	П	3+8		1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1		
2387	FLUOROBENZENE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		Π
2388	FLUOROTOLUENES	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
2389	FURAN	3	F1	I	3		0	E3		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		П
2390	2-IODOBUTANE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
2391	IODOMETHYLPROPANES	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		-1
2392	IODOPROPANES	3	Fl	H	03		5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		Т
2393	ISOBUTYL FORMATE	3	F1	П	03		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		-		Т
2394	ISOBUTYL PROPIONATE	ε,	FI	E :	e (5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		Т
2395	ISOBUTYRYL CHLORIDE	m	FC	=	% +&		1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-		
2396	METHACR YLALDEHYDE, STABILIZED	3	FT1	П	3+6.1	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX,	VE01,		2		l
7307	3 METHYI BIITAN 2 ONE		1.0	П	6		1.1	E2	E	DD EV A	VE02		-		T
2398	METHYL (ert-BUTYL ETHER	n m	FI	пп	n m		1 L	E2	ı L	PP. EX. A	VE01				Τ
2399	1-METHYLPIPERIDINE	m	FC	П	3+8		1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1		l
0	THE PARTY OF THE P		i	;			,	914					,		Т
2400	METHYL ISOVALERATE	m	Ξį	П	e (1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01				Т
2401	PIPERIDINE	∞	CF1	I	8+3		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1		
2402	PROPANETHIOLS	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
2403	ISOPROPENYL ACETATE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		П
2404	PROPIONITRILE	т	FT1	н	3+6.1	802	11	E0	Т	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7		
2405	ISOPROPYL BUTYRATE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
2406	ISOPROPYL ISOBUTYRATE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
2407	ISOPROPYL CHLOROFORMATE	6.1	TFC	I	6.1+3+8	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
2409	ISOPROPYL PROPIONATE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		П
2410	1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDROPYRIDINE	3	F1	П	33		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		П
2411	BUTYRONITRILE	т	FT1	п	3+6.1	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX,	VE01,		2		
2412	TETD A HANDOTHIODHENE	c	10	ш	2		1.1	123		PD EV A	VE02		-		Т
2412	TETRADEODYI OPTHOTITANATE	, u	I I	1	n (1		21	E1		DD FX A	VE01				Τ
2413	TELKAPROPIL ORTHOITIANALE	n 0	11 13	III	n 0		3 L	EI E3	E	PP, EA, A	VE01		0 -		Т
2414	THIOTHENE TRIMETHYL BORATE	n m	FI	1 11	n m		1 L	EZ E2	ĭ	PP, EX, A	VE01		- L-		Т
2417	CARBONYL FLUORIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A			2		
2418	SULPHUR TETRAFLUORIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP. EP. TOX. A	VE02		2		Т
		-													\neg

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ON NO.			Classi-	;		Special	;				;	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
D No.	Name and description	Class	fication	Packing group	Labels	provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities		Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2419	BROMOTRIFLUOROETHYLENE	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2420	HEXAFLUOROACETONE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2421	NITROGEN TRIOXIDE	2	2TOC						CARRL	CARRIAGE PROHIBITED	TED			
2422	OCTAFLUOROBUT-2-ENE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 1318)	2	2A		2.2	799	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
2424	OCTAFLUOROPROPANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 218)	2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
2426	AMMONIUM NITRATE, LIQUID, hot concentrated solution, in a concentration of more than 80% but not	5.1	01		5.1	252 644	0	E0		PP			0	
2,42.7	POTASSITIM CHLORATE, AOUFOUS SOLUTION	5.1	Ō	ш	1.5		11.	F2.		ЬР			С	
2427	POTASSIUM CHLORATE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	5.1	10	I	5.1		5 L	EI		PP			0	
2428	SODIUM CHLORATE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	5.1	10	П	5.1		1 L	E2		PP			0	
2428	SODIUM CHLORATE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	5.1	01	Ш	5.1		2 T	E1		PP			0	
2429	CALCIUM CHLORATE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	5.1	10 5	п	5.1		1 L	E2		PP			0	
2429	ALKYLPHENOLS, SOLID, N.O.S. (including C2-C ₁₂	8	2 2	I	8		0 0	E0		PP, EP			0	
	homologues)													
2430	ALKYLPHENOLS, SOLID, N.O.S. (including G2-C12 homologues)	∞	2	п	∞		1 kg	E2	Т	PP, EP			0	
2430	ALKYLPHENOLS, SOLID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues)	∞	2	Ш	∞		5 kg	Ē		PP, EP			0	
2431	ANISIDINES	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2432	N,N-DIETHYLANILINE	6.1	II	Ш	6.1	279	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2433	CHLORONITROTOLUENES, LIQUID	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2434	DIBENZYLDICHLOROSILANE	8	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
2435	ETHYLPHENYLDICHLOROSILANE	8	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
2436	THIOACETIC ACID	3	F1	п	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01			
2437	METHYLPHENYLDICHLOROSILANE	∞ ;	C3	II ,	× ,		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
2438	TRIMETHYLACETYL CHLORIDE	6.1	J.H.C	- I	6.1+3+8	802	0	P0 E		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
2439	SCHOOL HIDROGENDIFE CORIDE STANNIC CHIORIDE PENTAHYDRATE	o	25		0 00		1 kg	E2		PP EP			0 0	
2441	TITANIUM TRICHLORIDE, PYROPHORIC or TITANIUM TRICHLORIDE MIXTURE, PYROPHORIC	4.2	SC4	I	4.2+8	537	0	E0		PP, EP			0	
2442	TRICHLOROACETYL CHLORIDE	8	C3	П	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
2443	VANADIUM OXYTRICHLORIDE	8	CI	П	8		1 L	E0		PP, EP			0	
2444	VANADIUM TETRACHLORIDE	∞ ;	CI	ы	∞ ;		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
2446	NITROCRESOLS, SOLID	6.1	T2	Ħ	6.1	805	5 kg	El		PP, EP	\perp		0	
2447	PHOSPHORUS, WHITE, MOLTEN	4.2	ST3	П	4.2+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2448	SULPHUR, MOLTEN	4.1	F3	Ш	4.1	538	0	E0	Т	PP			0	
2451	NITROGEN TRIFLUORIDE FTHYI ACETYI ENF STABII IZED	2 0	20 2F		2.2+5.1	799	0 0	E0		PP PP FX A	VE01		0 -	
40.47	EIRTEACET LEENE, STABILICEE	1	7.7		4.1	700	>	777		11, 50, 0	, TOT	-	1	

													Numbor		
	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited an quan	Limited and excepted quantities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	1 1
	(2)	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(2p)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
THYL FLUOR	ETHYL FLUORIDE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 161)	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01				Т
METHYL FLUC	METHYL FLUORIDE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 41)	7 0	7F		2.1	799	0	E0	CABBI	PP, EX, A	VEUI		_		1
2-CHI OP OPP OPENIE	1E SENE	7 (ZA F1	-			0	F3	CAKKI	CAKKIAGE PKOHIBITED	VEOT		-		T
2 3. DIMETHYI BLITANE	TITANE	, u	1 5	- =	0 6		11	E		DD EX A	VEOI				T
HEXADIENES	COLDINE	o co	E		n m		11	77 E2	T	PP. EX. A	VE01				1
2-METHYL-1-BUTENE	UTENE	c	FI	ı	3		0	E3		PP, EX, A	VE01		_		Τ
2-METHYL-2-BUTENE	UTENE	3	FI	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		-		ı
METHYL PENTADIENE	ADIENE	3	FI	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		П
ALUMINIUM HYDRIDE	YDRIDE	4.3	W2	_	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		- [
BERYLLIUM NITRATE DICHLOROISOCYANU DICHLOROISOCYANU	BERYLLIUM NITRATE DICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, DRY of DICHLOROISOCYANTRIC ACID SALTS	5.1	OI2 02	= =	5.1+6.1	802 135	1 kg 1 kg	E2 E2		РР, ЕР РР			0 2		1
POTASSIUM SUPEROXIDE	PEROXIDE	5.1	05	L	5.1		0	E0		dd			0		Τ
TRICHLOROIS	TRICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, DRY	5.1	02	П	5.1		1 kg	E2		PP			0		I
ZINC BROMATE	п	5.1	02	Ш	5.1		5 kg	E1		ЬЬ			0		l
PHENYLACET	PHENYLACETONITRILE, LIQUID	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0		l
OSMIUM TETROXIDE	OXIDE	6.1	T5	Ι	6.1	802	0	ES		PP, EP			2		l
SODIUM ARSANILATE	NILATE	6.1	T3	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	ΙΞ		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0		
THIOPHOSGENE	NE	6.1	TI	Ι	6.1	279 354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
VANADIUM TRICHLORIDE	RICHLORIDE	∞	C2	Ш	8		5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0		1
METHYL ISOT	METHYL ISOTHIOCYANATE	6.1	TFI	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	0 3	T	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
ISOCYANATE ISOCYANATE N.O.S.	ISOCYANATES, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S. or ISOCYANATE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	т	FT1	п	3+6.1	274 539 802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
ISOCYANATE ISOCYANATE N.O.S.	ISOCYANATES, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S. or ISOCYANATE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3	FT1	Ш	3+6.1	274 802	2 T	EI		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		0		
METHYL ISOCYANATE	YANATE	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	0 3		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
ETHYL ISOCYANATE	ANATE	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
n-PROPYL ISOCYANATE	CYANATE	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
ISOPROPYL ISOCYANATE	OCYANATE	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		1
tert-BUTYL ISOCYANATE	OCYANATE	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7		
n-BUTYL ISOCYANATE	YANATE	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	0 3	T	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
ISOBUTYL ISOCYANATE	OCYANATE	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0	T	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
PHENYL ISOCY ANATE	YANATE	6.1	TF1	П	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0	Т	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
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UN No. or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	Number of blue cones/	Remarks
				i de		ions						carriage	lights	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	\neg	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2488	CYCLOHEXYL ISOCYANATE	6.1	TFI	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0	_	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
2490	DICHLOROISOPROPYL ETHER	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2491	ETHANOLAMINE or ETHANOLAMINE SOLUTION	∞	C7	Ш	∞		2 T	E1	T	PP, EP			0	
2493	HEXAMETHYLENEIMINE	3	FC	П	3+8		11	E2	T	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2495	IODINE PENTAFLUORIDE	5.1	OTC	I	5.1+6.1+8	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2496	PROPIONIC ANHYDRIDE	∞	C3	Ш	8		2 T	E1	T	PP, EP			0	
2498	П	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2501	TRIS-(1-AZIRIDINYL) PHOSPHINE OXIDE SOLUTION	6.1	T1	II	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2501	TRIS-(1-AZIRIDINYL) PHOSPHINE OXIDE SOLUTION	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2502	VALERYL CHLORIDE	∞	CF1	П	8+3		1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2503	ZIRCONIUM TETRACHLORIDE	∞	C2	Ш	~		5 kg	El		PP, EP			0	
2504		6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	2 F	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2505		6.1	T5	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	El	В	PP, EP			0	
2506	AMMONIUM HYDROGEN SULPHATE	∞	C2	П	∞		1 kg	E2	В	PP, EP		C003	0	CO03 applies only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
EGEC		G	6	E	c			Ē		an an				eme or willout buckering
7007	т	× c	77		× 0		o kg	H :		PP, EP			0	
2508	MOLYBDENUM PENTACHLORIDE BOTASSHIM HYDBOGEN SHI BHATE	× ×	23	III	× ×		5 Kg	EI	a	PP, EP		CO03	0	COO3 amilias antre withou
6067		•	7	=	o		20 4 -	72	۹	I., E				this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
2511	Т	×	C3	Ш	∞		5 L	E1		PP, EP			0	
2512	1	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	279 802	5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0	
2513	П	∞ «	C3	II	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP	T C TABLE &		0	
2514	\neg	3	E i	H	m ;		5 L	E		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2515	BROMOFORM	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2516	_	6.1	T2	III	6.1	802	5 kg	E1	_	PP, EP			0	
2517		2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2518	1,5,9-CYCLODODECATRIENE	6.1	T1	Ħ	6.1	802	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2520		3	F1	Ш	3		2 T	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2521		6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354	0	E0	_	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2522	2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2524	ETHYL ORTHOFORMATE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	

TAN MI														
or D No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted quantities	1 excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	Number of blue cones/	Remarks
						ions	,					carriage	lights	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
<u>(T</u>)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2525	ETHYL OXALATE	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2526	FURFURYLAMINE	8	FC	Ш	3+8		5 L	E1		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2527	ISOBUTYL ACRYLATE, STABILIZED	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2528		33	F1	Ш	3		5 L	El	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2529	ISOBUTYRIC ACID	3	FC	Ш	3+8		5 L	E1		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2531	\neg	∞	C3	П	8		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP			0	
2533	METHYL TRICHLOROACETATE	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2534	METHYLCHLOROSILANE	2	2TFC		2.3+2.1+8		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2535	4-METHYLMORPHOLINE (N-METHYLMORPHOLINE)	3	FC	П	3+8		1 L	E2	_	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2536	METHYLTETRAHYDROFURAN	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2538	NITRONAPHTHALENE	4.1	F1	Ш	4.1		5 kg	EI		PP			0	
2541	TERPINOLENE	m ;	FI	Ш	m ;	6	5 L	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2542	TRIBUTYLAMINE	6.1	II.	=	6.1	802	100 m	7		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
2545		4.2	S4	I	4.2	540	0	E0		PP			0	
2545	\neg	4.2	S4	П	4.2	540	0	E2		PP			0	
2545	\neg	4.2	S4 2	III	4.2	540	0	EI		PP			0	
2546	TITANIIM DOWDER, DRI	4.4	5 2	, E	4.2	240	0	E0		PP				
2546	+	2.4	S4	ı E	4.2	540	0 0	E2 ISI		PP			0	
2547	1	5.1	07	I	5.1	2	0	EO		PP			0	
2548	1	2	2TOC		2.3+5.1+8		0	8 8		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2552	HEXAFLUOROACETONE HYDRATE, LIQUID	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2554	METHYLALLYL CHLORIDE	3	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01			
2555	NITROCELLULOSE WITH WATER (not less than 25% water, by mass)	4.1	D	П	4.1	541	0	E0		dd			0	
2556	NITROCELLULOSE WITH ALCOHOL (not less than 25% alcohol, by mass, and not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass)	4.1	Q	п	4.1	541	0	E0		ЬР			0	
2557	NITROCELLULOSE, with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass, MIXTURE WITH or WITHOUT PLASTICIZER, WITH or WITHOUT PIGMENT	4.1	Q	П	4.1	241 541	0	E0		ЬЬ			0	
2558	EPIBROMOHYDRIN	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
2560	2-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2561	3-METHYL-1-BUTENE	6	F1	- 1	8		0 ;	E3	E	PP, EX, A	VE01		- 0	
2564	TRICHLOROACETIC ACID SOLUTION TRICHLOROACETIC ACID SOLUTION	× ×	ວິຣ	III	× ×		1 L 5 L	E1	- L	PP, EP			0	
2565		∞	C7	Ш	8		2 T	E1		PP, EP			0	
2567		6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	

Remarks	3.2.1	(13)																							
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	2	2	0	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	2
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)																							
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)					VE02		VE02																VE01,
Equipment required	8.1.5	(9)	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX,
Carriage	3.2.1	(8)							Т				T							Т					
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E5	E4	E1	E2	E4	E2	E4	E0	E2	E1	El	EI	E E	EI	E2	E2	EI	E1	E4	E5	E4	E1	E4
Limited a qua	3.4	(7a)	0	500 g	5 kg	1 F	100 ml	1 kg	100 ml	0	1 L	5 kg	5 kg	5 L	3 F	2 T	1 kg	1 L	5 kg	5 L	500 g	0	500 g	5 kg	100 ml
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	274 596 802	274 596 802	274 596 802		802	802	802												802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	802
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	6.1	6.1	6.1	8	6.1	5.1+6.1	6.1	8	8	∞	∞	∞ (×	×	∞	∞	∞	∞	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+3
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	Ι	П	Ш	П	П	П	П	П	П	Ш	III	Ш	III	III	П	п	Ш	Ш	П	I	п	Ш	П
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	T5	T5	TS	C3	T1	OT2	T1	Cl	C3	C2	82 C8	CI	J 5	CI	C	C1	C4	C3	T2	T7	T7	T7	TF1
Class	2.2	(3a)	6.1	6.1	6.1	8	6.1	5.1	6.1	8	8	∞	∞	∞	×	∞	∞	∞	∞	∞	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	CADMIUM COMPOUND	CADMIUM COMPOUND		ALKYLSULPHURIC ACIDS	PHENYLHYDRAZINE	THALLIUM CHLORATE	TRICRES YL PHOSPHATE with more than 3% ortho isomer	PHOSPHORUS OXYBROMIDE, MOLTEN	PHENYLACETYL CHLORIDE	PHOSPHORUS TRIOXIDE	PIPERAZINE	ALUMINIUM BROMIDE SOLUTION	ALUMINIUM CHLUKIDE SOLUTION	FERRIC CHLORIDE SOLUTION	ALK YLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID or ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with more than 5% free sulphuric acid	ALKYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, LIQUID or ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, LIQUID with more than 5% free sulphuric acid	ALKYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID or ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid	ALKYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, LIQUID or ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, LIQUID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid	BENZOQUINONE	PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	VINYL CHLOROACETATE
UN No. or ID No.		(1)	2570	2570	2570	2571	2572	2573	2574	2576	2577	2578	2579	2580	1867	2582	2583	2584	2585	2586	2587	2588	2588	2588	2589

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Or Or			Classi-	:		Special					;	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
U No.	Name and description	Class	fication	Packing group	Labels	provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	ities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	\neg	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2590	ASBESTOS, CHRYSOTILE	6	M1	Ħ	6	802	5 kg	EI		PP			0	
2591	XENON, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2	3A		2.2	593	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
2599	CHLOROTRIFLUORO-METHANE AND TRIFLUOROMETHANE AZEOTROPIC MIXTURE with approximately 60% chlorutifluoromethane (REFRIGERANT GAS R 503)	2	2A		2.2	799	120 ml	BI		PP			0	
2601	CYCLOBUTANE	2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		-1	
2602		2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	EI		РР			0	
2603	CYCLOHEPTATRIENE	3	FT1	п	3+6.1	805	1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
2604		8	CF1	I	8+3		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2605	METHOXYMETHYL ISOCYANATE	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2606	METHYL ORTHOSILICATE	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2607	ACROLEIN DIMER, STABILIZED	3	F1	П	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2608	П	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	Ш		0	
2609	TRIALLYL BORATE	6.1	T1	Ħ	6.1	802	5 L	EI	•	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2610	TRIALLYLAMINE	8	FC	Ш	3+8		2 T	EI		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2611	PROPYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN	6.1	TF1	П	6.1+3	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, EX, TOX. A	VE01, VE02		2	
2612	METHYL PROPYL ETHER	33	F1	П	3		1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01			
2614	METHALL YL ALCOHOL	8	F1	Ш	3		5 L	El	1	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2615	ETHYL PROPYL ETHER	m (ΞE	= =	т (1 r	EZ	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		- -	
2616	TRIISOPROPYL BORATE	n m	F1	ı II	0 60		1 L 5 L	E1		PP, EA, A	VE01		1 0	
2617	METHYLCYCLOHEXANOLS, flammable	8	F1	Ш	8		5 L	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2618	VINYLIOLUENES, STABILIZED BENZYLDIMETHYLAMINE	~ »	CF1	шп	8+3		3L 1L	E2	-	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2620	AMYL BUTYRATES	С	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP. EX. A	VE01		0	
2621	ACETYL METHYL CARBINOL	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2622	GLYCIDALDEHYDE	С	FT1	п	3+6.1	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, TOX. A	VE01, VE02		2	
2623	FIRELIGHTERS, SOLID with flammable liquid	4.1	F1	Ш	4.1		5 kg	El		PP			0	
2624	П	4.3	W2	П	4.3		500 g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
2626	CHLORIC ACID, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not more than 10% chloric acid	5.1	10	П	5.1	613	1 L	E0		dd			0	
2627		5.1	07	П	5.1	103 274	1 kg	E2		ЬР			0	
2628	П	6.1	T2	I	6.1	802	0	E5		PP, EP			2	
2629	SODIUM FLUOROACETATE	6.1	T2	-	6.1	802	0	ES		PP, EP			2	

UN No.													Number	
or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted ities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(I)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(2)	9	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2630	SELENATES or SELENITES	6.1	T2	-	6.1	274 802	0	ES		PP, EP			7	
2642		6.1	T2	I	6.1	802	0	ES		PP, EP			2	
2643		6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2644	METHYL IODIDE	6.1	T1	I	6.1	354	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2645	PHENACYI, BROMIDE	6.1	T2.	ш	6.1	802	500 o	F4		PP. RP			2	
2646	1	6.1	TI	1	6.1	354	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2647	MALONONITRILE	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2648	1	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2649	1,3-DICHLOROACETONE	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2650	1,1-DICHLORO-1-NITROETHANE	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2651	4,4'-DIAMINODIPHENYL-METHANE	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1	T	PP, EP			0	
2653	BENZYL IODIDE	6.1	T1	п	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
2655	POTASSIUM FLUOROSILICATE	6.1	T5	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0	
2656		6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2657	SELENIUM DISULPHIDE	6.1	TS	П	6.1	802	500 g	E		PP, EP			2	
2659	SODIUM CHLOROACETATE	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2660	NITROTOL UIDINES (MONO)	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2661	HEXACHLOROACETONE	6.1	TI	Ħ	6.1	802	5 L	Ē		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2664	DIBROMOMETHANE	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	2 T	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2667	BUTYLTOLUENES	6.1	TI	II	6.1	802	5 L	BI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2668	CHLOROACETONITRILE	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	354 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2669	CHLOROCRESOLS, SOLUTION	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E 4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2669	CHLOROCRESOLS, SOLUTION	6.1	T1	III	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2670	CYANURIC CHLORIDE	8	C4	П	8		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
2671		6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2672	AMMONIA SOLUTION, relative density between 0.880 and 0.957 at 15 °C in water, with more than 10% but not more than 35% ammonia	∞	C5	Ш	∞	543	5 L	El	Т	PP, EP			0	
2673	2-AMINO-4-CHLOROPHENOL	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2674	-	6.1	TS	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	El		PP, EP			0	
2676		2	2TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2677	RUBIDIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	∞ ∘	C5	П	∞ 0		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
7/97	RUBIDIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION RUBIDIUM HYDROXIDE	× ×	CS	III II	× ×		3 L 1 ko	E1		PP, EP			0 0	
2679	LITHIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	∞	C5	= =	∞ ∞	П	1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	

No.															
Maintain Proposition Maintain Proposition	UN No. or ID No.		Class				Special	Limited an	id excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	Romarks
Mathematical National Nation			CHES				ions	dnan	ıtities	permitted	required	lation	carriage	lights	Acinalias
Charlem Marpaconine (21) Charlem Marpaconine	1	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
International control	1	(2)	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
CASSIMI MYDROXIDE SQLITTON S	629	LITHIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	8	C2	Ш	8		2 T	E1		PP, EP			0	
CASTRIM MYDROCKURE SALLITION S CC	089	LITHIUM HYDROXIDE	∞	92	П	~		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
CANTINIA PRINCENDIE SALLINON S CC	81	CAESIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	8	C5	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
CASIDITIVA DISCOLUE 8 CFG II 8-8-61 11-8 PP	81	CAESIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	8	C2	Ш	8		2 T	E1		PP, EP			0	
AMMONUMARIUMENT SOLUTION S CTF II S+3-6-1 S12 II PP, PP, PR, A WID PP, PP, A WID PP, A W	82	CAESIUM HYDROXIDE	∞	9) Ce	П	~		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
SADETHYLAMNOROPROPALAMNE	83	AMMONIUM SULPHIDE SOLUTION	∞	CFT	П	8+3+6.1	802	1 L	E2	T	PP, EP, EX,	VE01,		2	
NA-DIETHYLENEDAMINE S GF1 II S+3 IL E2 PP, EP, EX.A VEIL TOTAL	84	3-DIETHYLAMINOPROPYLAMINE	8	FC	Ш	3+8		5 L	E1		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
DECTIONERSTRANDORMANITRITE	85	\neg	∞	CF1	п	8+3		11	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01			
DECYCLOMENYIAAMAONIUM NITRITE	36		∞	CF1	П	8+3		11	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
DICCIOLINATIVAMONIANITRITE			,		1									,	
CACRECOLIAPACAMEN Color	37		4.1	F3	Ħ	4.1	000	5 kg	EI		PP and and			0	
Comparison Com	× ×		6.1	Ξ	=	6.1	807	3 T	E		PP, EP, TOX, A			0	
Name of the part	89	GLYCEROL alpha-MONOCHLOROHYDRIN	6.1	II	Ш	6.1	802	2 T	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A			0	
PHOSPHORUS PENTABROMIDE S C2 II S S C4 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5	0	N,n-BUTYLIMIDAZOLE	6.1	T1	п	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A			2	
BULTHHIEM CONTINUED SOLUTION, NO.S. S	1-1	PHOSPHORUS PENTABROMIDE	∞ ∘	C2	п	∞ ∘		1 kg	E0		PP, EP			0	
TETRAHYDROPHTHAL/C ANHYDRIDES with more 8 C4 III 8 169 5kg E1 PP. EP PP.	3 6	BISULPHITES, AOUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S.	0 ∞	2 2	- 1	0 00	274	5 L	E	T	PP. EP			0	
TRIELLORACACETIC ACID	∞	TETRAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDES with more than 0.05% of maleic anhydride	∞	2	Ш	∞	169	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
PENTOL P	6	TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID	∞	C3	I	~		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
DIMETHYLDIOXANES 3 F1 11 3	5	1-PENTOL	∞	6O	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
BUTYLEREACEANS 3 FI III 3 5L EI T PP.EX.A VE0I COOL DIPROPYL KETONE 3 FI III 41 3 5L EI PP.EX.A VE0I CO CO ACRIDINE ACRIDINE 61 T2 III 41 5kg EI PP PP CO CO ALUMINUM RESINATE 61 T2 III 41 5kg EI PP PP CO CO ALABUTYNEDIOL 61 T2 III 41 802 5kg EI PP PP CO CO CAMPHOR, synthetic 51 OT II 51 61 802 5kg EI PP PP COO2, COO2, CHROMIUM NITRATE 51 OZ II 51 5kg EI B PP COO2, COO2, COO2, COO2, COO2, COO2, COO2, COO2, COO2		DIMETHYLDIOXANES DIMETHYLDIOXANES	m "	F1	п	m		1L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1 0	
DIPROPYL KETONE 3 F1 III 3 5L E1 PP, EX, A VE01 P 0 ACRIDINE ACRIDINE 6.1 T2 III 6.1 72 III 6.1 PP PP PP PP ALUMINIUM RESINATE 4.1 F3 III 4.1 5.2 E1 PP	6	BUTYLBENZENES	9 6	F1	Ħ	, w		5 T	EI	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
ACRIDINE	0	DIPROPYL KETONE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
ZINC RESINATE 4.1 F3 III 4.1 5kg E1 PP PP 0 ALUMINUM RESINATE 6.1 F3 III 4.1 F3 III 4.1 PP	3	ACRIDINE	6.1	T2	III	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
ALUMINIOM RESINATE 4.1 F3 III 4.1 F3 III 6.1 F3 E1 PP	4	ZINC RESINATE	4.1	F3	H	4.1		5 kg	EI		PP			0	
CHROMIUM NITRATE 5.1 1.1 4.1 6.1 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.1 1.1 6.1	2	ALUMINIUM RESINATE 1.4 BITTVNEDIOI	4.1	F3		4.1	CUS	5 kg	H		dd dd dd			0	
BARIUM BRÔMATE 5.1 OT2 II 5.1+6.1 802 1 kg E2 PP, EP C002. 2 CHROMIUM NITRATE 5.1 02 II 5.1 6.1 1 <td>-</td> <td>CAMPHOR. synthetic</td> <td>4.1</td> <td>FI</td> <td></td> <td>4.1</td> <td>700</td> <td>5 kg</td> <td>E</td> <td></td> <td>PP</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td></td>	-	CAMPHOR. synthetic	4.1	FI		4.1	700	5 kg	E		PP			0	
CHROMIUM NITRATE 5.1 0.2 III 5.1 6.1 B PP C002, 0 COPPER CHLORATE 5.1 0.2 II 5.1 1 kg E2 PP C002, 0 LITHIUM NITRATE 5.1 0.2 III 5.1 5 kg E1 B PP C002, 0 MAGNESIUM CHLORATE 5.1 0.2 II 5.1 1 kg E2 PP C002, 0	6	П	5.1	OT2	П	5.1+6.1	802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP				
COPPER CHLORATE 5.1 0.2 II 5.1 0.2 II 5.1 0.2 III 5.1 0.2 III 5.1 0.2 III 5.1 0.2 III 5.1 0.2 <	0		5.1	05	Ħ	5.1		5 kg	EI	В	PP		C002, L004		COO2 and LOO4 apply only when this substance is arried in bulk or without ackaging
LITHIUM NITRATE 5.1 02 III 5.1 F kg E1 B PP C002, 0 1 L004 MAGNESIUM CHLORATE 5.1 02 II 5.1 Ikg E2 PP PP C002, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	12		5.1	02	П	5.1		1 kg	E2		ЬЬ				
MAGNESIUM CHLORATE 5.1 02 II 5.1 1 kg E2 PP 0	52		5.1	07	II	5.1		5 kg	EI	В	PP		C002, L004		2002 and LO04 apply only when this substance is sarried in bulk or without suckaoing
	23		5.1	02	П	5.1		1 kg	E2		PP				words in S

UN No.													Number	
or ID No.	. Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage		Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)		(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2724	MANGANESE NITRATE	5.1	002	Ш	5.1		5 kg	E1	В	PP		CO02, LO04	0	COO2 and LO04 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
2725	NICKEL NITRATE	5.1	002	III	5.1		5 kg	E1	В	PP		CO02, LO04	0	CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
2726	NICKEL NITRITE THATLITM NITRATE	5.1	02 TO2	III	5.1	208	5 kg 500 o	E1 F4		РР РР			0 6	
2728	1	5.1	00	Ш	5.1		5 kg	BI	В	dd		CO02, LO04	0	CO02 and LO04 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
2729	-	6.1	T2	III	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2730		6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	279 802	2 T	E1	Ţ	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2732	NITROBROMOBENZENES, LIQUID	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	802	2 T	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2733	AMINES, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	ю	FC	I	3+8	274 544	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2733	AMINES, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3	FC	П	3+8	274 544	1 L	E2	T	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2733		ю	FC	Ш	3+8	274 544	5 L	E1		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2734		∞	CF1	I	8+3	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		-	
2734		∞	CF1	П	8+3	274	1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01			
2735		8	L)	I	8	274	0	E0	Т	PP, EP			0	
2735		8	CJ	П	8	274	1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP			0	
2735	AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POL'YAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	8	L)	Ш	8	274	2 T	E1	T	PP, EP			0	
2738		6.1	TI	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2739	П	∞	C3	Ш	8		5 L	E1		PP, EP			0	
2740	n-PROPYL CHLOROFORMATE	6.1	TFC	I	6.1+3+8	802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2741		5.1	OT2	П	5.1+6.1	802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			2	
2742	CHLOROFORMATES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	6.1	TFC	П	6.1+3+8	274 561 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01,		2	

		Ι							I												
Remarks	3.2.1	(13)	/>																		
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	2	2	2	2	0	2	-1	7	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	7	7	2	2
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)																			
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01	VE02		VE01	VE02	VE02				VE01, VE02	VE01,		
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP
Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)												Т							
l excepted ities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E0	E4	E4	E4	E1	E4	E0	E4	E2	E1	EI	E4	E5	E4	E1	E0	E2	E5	E4
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4	(7a)	100 ml	100 ml	100 ml	100 ml	2 T	100 ml	0	100 ml	1 L	5 L	5 L	100 ml	0	500 g	5 kg	0	11	0	500 g
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	802	802	802	802	802	802		802			805	802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	6.1+3+8	6.1+3+8	6.1+8	6.1+8	6.1	6.1+8	3	6.1	8	3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	6.1	6.1
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	П	П	П	П	Ш	П	Ι	П	П	Ш	Ħ	П	Ι	п	Ш	Ι	П	I	П
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	TFC	TFC	TC1	TC1	T1	TC1	F1	T1	C3	F1	II	T1	T7	T7	T7	FT2	FT2	T7	T7
Class	2.2	(3a)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	3	6.1	8	3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	к	33	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	n-BUTYL CHLOROFORMATE	CYCLOBUTYL CHLOROFORMATE	CHLOROMETHYL CHLOROFORMATE	PHENYL CHLOROFORMATE	tert-BUTYLCYCLOHEXYL CHLOROFORMATE	2-ETHYLHEXYL CHLOROFORMATE	TETRAMETHYLSILANE		DIETHYLTHIOPHOSPHORYL CHLORIDE	1,2-EPOXY-3-ETHOXYPROPANE	N-ETHYLBENZYLTOLUIDINES, LIQUID	N-ETHYLTOLUIDINES	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC
UN No. Or ID No.		(1)	2743	2744	2745	2746	2747	2748	2749	2750	2751	2752	2753	2754	2757	2757	2757	2758	2758	2759	2759

Remarks	3.2.1	(13)														
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	0	2	2	2	2	0	2	2		61	0 0	0 0	2 0 2	2 0 2 2
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)														
Provisions Ioading, un carr	7.	(1)														
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)		VE01,	VE01,				VE01, VE02	VE01,					VE01,	VE01, VE02 VE01, VE01
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	מט עע	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP PP, EP PP, EP TOX, A	PP, EP PP, EP PP, EP, EX, TOX, A TOX, A TOX, A
Carriage	3.2.1	(8)														
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	EI	Е0	E2	E5	E4	EI	E0	E2	E5	i	4	3 2 13	E1 E1 E2	E2 E3 E1 E3
Limited and exc quantities	3.4	(7a)	5 kg	0	1 L	0	500 g	5 kg	0	1 L	0		2000	500 g	500 g	500 g 5 kg 0
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274	648 802	648 802 61 274 648 802	648 802 61 274 648 802 61 274 648 802 802 802	648 802 61 274 648 802 61 274 648 802 61 274 648 802	648 802 61 274 648 802 61 274 648 802 802 802 802 802 802 803
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	6.1		6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1 6.1 3+6.1 3+6.1
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	Ш	I	П	I	П	II	Ι	П	Ι		н	Ш	H H -	= = =
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3p)	T7	FT2	FT2	LL.	T7	T7	FT2	FT2	T7		T7	TT	T7 T7 T7 T7 F72	T7 T7 FT2 FT2
Class	2.2	(3a)	6.1	3	ε	6.1	6.1	6.1	е	ε	6.1	_	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2		ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC			ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC		1		1 1	1 1 1 1 1
 Or No.		(1)	2759	2760	2760	2761	2761	2761	2762	2762	2763		2763	2763	2763	2763

		П	٦														
	Remarks	3.2.1	(13)														
Number	of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	2	0	2	2	2	2	0	2	2	7	2	0	2	2
	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)														
	Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)			VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02				VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02				VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02
	Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A
	Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)														
	Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E4	E1	E0	E2	E5	E4	B1	E0	EZ	E5	E4	E1	E0	E2
	Limited an quan	3.4	(7a)	500 g	5 kg	0	1 L	0	500 g	5 kg	0	1 L	0	500 g	5 kg	0	1 L
	Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802
	Labels	5.2.2	(5)	6.1	6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1
	Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	п	Ш	I	П	I	п	II	I	П	I	п	II	I	П
Classi-	fication Code	2.2	(3p)	T7	T7	FT2	FT2	T7	T7	T7	FT2	FT2	T7	T7	T7	FT2	FT2
	Class	2.2	(3a)	6.1	6.1	8	8	6.1	6.1	6.1	ε	3	6.1	6.1	6.1	3	3
	Name and description	3.1.2	\neg			THIOCARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	THIOCARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC				MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC			MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C
UN No.	E No.		<u>(T</u>	2771	2771	2772	2772	2775	2775	2775	2776	2776	7772	7772	2777	2778	2778

	1				ı	ı		ı	ı	ı	ı		ı	ı	
Remarks	3.2.1	(13)													
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	2	2	0	2	2	2	2	0	2	2	2	2	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)													
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)				VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02				VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02			
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP
Carriage	3.2.1	(8)													
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E5	E4	E1	E0	E2	E5	E4	E1	E0	E2	ES	E4	E1
Limited ar quar	3.4	(7a)	0	500 g	5 kg	0	1 L	0	500 g	5 kg	0	1 L	0	500 g	5 kg
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	6.1	6.1	6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Packing	2.1.1.3	(4)	I	п	II	I	П	I	Ħ	II	I	п	П	п	Ħ
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	T7	T7	T7	FT2	FT2	T7	T7	T7	FT2	FT2	T7	T7	T7
Class	2.2	(3a)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6	3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6	3	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)		SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC			BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C			ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC
UN No. or ID No.		(1)	2779	2779	2779	2780	2780	2781	2781	2781	2782	2782	2783	2783	2783

UN No. Or UNo.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication	Packing	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted	l excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning loading unloading and	Number of blue	Remarks
		CIES .	Code	group	Canal	ions	quantities	ities	permitted	required	lation	carriage	lights	ACHIGINS
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	П	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2796	SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid or BATTERY FLUID, ACID	∞	CI	п	∞		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP			0	
2797	BATTERY FLUID, ALKALI	∞	C2	П	~		1 L	E2	T	PP, EP			0	
2798		8	C3	П	8		1 L	E0		PP, EP			0	
2799	П	8	C3	П	8		1 L	E0		PP, EP			0	
2800	BATTERIES, WET, NON-SPILLABLE, electric storage	∞	CII		∞	238 295 598	11	E0		PP, EP			0	
2801	DYE, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or DYE INTERMEDIATE, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	∞	60	I	∞	274	0	E0		PP, EP			0	
2801	DYE, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or DYE INTERMEDIATE LIQUID CORROSIVE N.O.S.	∞	60	П	∞	274	1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
2801	DYE, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or DYE INTERMEDIATE, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	∞	60	Ш	∞	274	5 L	EI		PP, EP			0	
2802	COPPER CHLORIDE	8	C2	Ш	8		5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2803	GALLIUM	8	C10	Ш	8		5 kg	E0		PP, EP			0	
2805	LITHIUM HYDRIDE, FUSED SOLID	4.3	W2	П	4.3		500 g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
2806	LITHIUM NITRIDE	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
2807	Magnetized material	6	M11		•		•	١	NOT S	SUBJECT TO ADN	NO	-	٠	
2809	MERCURY	∞	CT1	III	8+6.1	365	5 kg	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2810	TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	II	н	6.1	274 315 614 802	0	E5	H	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2810	TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	II	П	6.1	274 614 802	100 ml	E4	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
2810	TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TI	III	6.1	274 614 802	5 L	EI	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2811		6.1	T2	I	6.1	274 614 802	0	ES		PP, EP			2	
2811		6.1	T2	П	6.1	274 614 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2811	TOXIC SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	274 614 802	5 kg	EI	Т	PP, EP			0	
2812	Sodium aluminate, solid	8	C6						NOT S	NOT SUBJECT TO ADN	NO			
2813	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, N.O.S.	4.3	W2	I	4.3	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
2813	\neg	5.4	W2	II II	6.4	274	500 g	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
2813	WATER-KEACTIVE SOLID, N.O.S. INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING HUMANS	6.2	W.Z	III	6.2	318	1 Kg 0	E1 E0		PP, EX, A PP	VE01	HAU8	0	
2814	INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING HUMANS, in	6.2	11		6.2 +2.2	318	0	E0		PP			0	
2814	INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING HUMANS (animal material only)	6.2	Ξ		6.2	318	0	E0		PP			0	
	· · ·											-		

	Name and description 3.1.2 (2) N-AMINOETHYLPIPERAZINE AMMONIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION AMMONIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION AMYL ACID PHOSPHATE BUTYRIC ACID PHENOL SOLUTION 2-CHLOROPYRIDINE CROTONIC ACID, SOLID ETHYL CHLOROTHIOFORMATE CAPROIC ACID LITHIUM FERROSILICON 1.1.1-TRICHLOROFHANE	Class 1 2.2 2.2 2.3 (3a) (3a) (3a) (3a) (3a) (3a) (3a) (3a	Classina Code Cod	Packing group group (4) [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	Labels 5.2.2 (5) 8 8+6.1 8+6.1 8+6.1 8+6.1	Special provisions	Limited and excepted quantities		Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
	Name and description 3.1.2 (2) INOETHYLPIPERAZINE DNIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION DNIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION DNIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION ACID PHOSPHATE RIC ACID OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION COROPYRIDINE COROPYRIDINE COROPYRIDINE U CHLOROTHIOPORMATE UCHACID UM FERROSILICON FRICHLOROTHIANE		Code (3b) (3b) (3b) (3b) (3b) (3b) (3b) (3b)	group (4) (4) (4) (11.3 11.1		provisions ions	quant		permitted	required	lation	loading, unloading and	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2 (2) INOETHYLPIPERAZINE DNIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION DNIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION DNIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION ACID PHOSPHATE RIC ACID OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION CROPYRDINE CONOPYRDINE L CHLOROTHIOPORMATE UM FERROSILICON FRICHLOROETHANE	(3a) 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	(38) (38) (39) (31) (31) (32) (33) (33) (34) (34) (34) (34) (34) (34	(4) (4) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	8 8 8+6.1 8+6.1 8+6.1 8+6.1	33						carriage		
	INOETHYLPIPERAZINE DINIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION DINIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION DINIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION ACID PHOSPHATE RIC ACID OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION CL SOLUTION CL SOLUTION CL CHLOROTHIOFORMATE CHLOROTHIOFORMATE CHLOROTHIOFORMATE CHLOROTHIOFORMATE CHLOROTHANE	(39) 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	(38) (71) (71) (71) (71) (72) (73) (74) (74) (74) (74) (74) (74) (74) (74		8 8 8+6.1 8+6.1 8+6.1 8+6.1	(7)	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
	INOETHYLPIPERAZINE DINIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION JONIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION JONIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION JONIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION ACID PHOSPHATE RIC ACID OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION COROPYRIDINE CONIC ACID L CHLOROTHIOFORMATE UM FERROSILICON FINITE ON TOTAL ON THANE	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.			8 8+6.1 8+6.1 8+6.1 8+6.1	(Q)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
	ONIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION ONIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION ONIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION ONIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION ACID PHOSPHATE RIC ACID OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION COROPYRIDINE CONIC ACID, SOLID L CHLOROTHIOPORMATE UCHLOROTHIOPORMATE UCH SERVILLON UM FERROSILLCON	8 8 8 8 10 1			8+6.1 8+6.1 8+6.1 8+6.1		5 L	E1	T	PP, EP			0	
	ONIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION ONIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION ONIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION OLOTION OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION CROPYRIDINE CHLOROTHIOFORMATE UM FERROSILICON FIRITHAME	8 8 8 8 8 8 10 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.			8+6.1 8+6.1 8+6.1	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP			2	
	NIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION ONUOM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION ACID PHOSPHATE RIC ACID OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION COROPYRIDINE CONIC ACID, SOLID L CHLOROTHIOFORMATE UM FERROSILICON FIRCHLOROSTHANE	8 8 8 8 9 1.9 1.9 1.0 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	CT C		8+6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP			0	
 	ONIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION ACID PHOSPHATE RIC ACID OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION COROPYRIDINE CONIC ACID, SOLID L CHLOROTHIOFORMATE UM FERROSILICON FIRCHLOROETHANE	8 8 8 8 1.0 1.1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 1.0 9	CT1		8+61	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP			2	
	ACID PHOSPHATE RIC ACID OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION OROPYRIDINE ONIC ACID, SOLID L CHLOROTHIOFORMATE OIC ACID UM FERROSLLICON FRICHLOROETHANE	8 8 8 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.1	CF1 11 12 CF1		1,010	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP			0	
	RIC ACID OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION ONIC ACID, SOLID L CHLOROTHIOFORMATE OIC ACID UM FERROSILICON FRICHLOROETHANE	6.1 6.1 6.1 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	C4 CF1	шшшшш	8		2 T	E1		PP, EP			0	
	OL SOLUTION OL SOLUTION OROPYRIDINE ONIC ACID, SOLID L CHLOROTHIOFORMATE OIC ACID UM FERROSILICON FRICHLOROETHANE	6.1 6.1 6.1 7 8 8 8 8 8 1.0 1.0 6.1 1.0 6.1 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1	T T T CFI	H H H	~		5 L	E1	T	PP, EP	Ш		0	
	OL SOLUTION OROPYRIDINE ONIC ACID, SOLID L CHLOROTHIOFORMATE OIC ACID UM FERROSILICON	6.1 6.1 8 8 8 8 4.3 6.1 6.1	T1 T1 C4 CF1 C73	Ш	6.1	802	100 ml	E4	•	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
	OROPYRIDINE ONIC ACID, SOLID L CHLOROTHIOFORMATE OIC ACID UM FERROSILICON	6.1 8 8 8 8 4.3 6.1	CF1	П	6.1	802	2 T	El		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
	ONIC ACID, SOLID L CHLOROTHIOFORMATE OIC ACID UM FERROSILICON	8 8 8 8 8 6.1	CF1		6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
	L CHLOROTHIOFORMATE OIC ACID UM FERROSILICON FRICHLOROETHANE	8 8 8 4.3 6.1	CF1	Ш	8		5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
	OIC ACID UM FERROSILICON FIRICHLOROETHANE	8 4.3 6.1	C3	П	8+3		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
1	UM FERROSILICON TRICHLOROETHANE	4.3		III	8		5 L	E1	T	PP, EP			0	
2830 LITHIU	TRICHLOROETHANE	6.1	W2	П	4.3		500 g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
	_		TI	Ħ	6.1	802	5 L	BI	T.	PP, EP, TOX, A			0	
1	PHOSPHOROUS ACID	∞	C2	Ш	8		5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
П	SODIUM ALUMINIUM HYDRIDE	4.3	W2	П	4.3		500 g	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
	BISULPHATES, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	8	C1	II	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
7	BISULPHATES, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	∞ (CI	Ш:	∞ (5 L	EI		PP, EP			0	
一	VINYL BUTYRATE, STABILIZED	e ;	E i	11	т,	000	1 L	E2	ľ	PP, EX, A			- 0	
2839 ALDOL	10	6.1	II	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
	BUTYRALDOXIME	3	F1	III	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2841 DI-n-AN	DI-n-AMYLAMINE	m	FT1	Ħ	3+6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
2842 NITROF	NITROETHANE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
	CALCIUM MANGANESE SILICON	4.3	W2	Ш	4.3		1 kg	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
2845 PYROP	PYROPHORIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. PYROPHORIC SOI ID, ORGANIC N.O.S.	4.2	S1		4.2	274	0 0	E0		ЬР			0 0	
	3-CHLOROPROPANOL-1	6.1	ī	·Π	6.1	802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2850 PROPYI	PROPYLENE TETRAMER	33	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
	BORON TRIFLUORIDE DIHYDRATE	∞	C1	П	∞		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
	DIPICRYL SULPHIDE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass	4.1	Q	I	4.1	545	0	E0		ЬР			1	
2853 MAGNI	MAGNESIUM FLUOROSILICATE	6.1	T5	III	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	1
	AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE	6.1	T5	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
-	ZINC FLUOROSILICATE	6.1	T5	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2856 FLUOR	FLUOROSILICATES, N.O.S.	6.1	TS	Ш	6.1	274 802	5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0	
2857 REFRIC	REFRIGERATING MACHINES containing non-flammable, non-toxic gases or ammonia solutions (UN	7	6A		2.2	119	0	E0		ЬР			0	
2672)						\dashv								

									l					
ON NO.	_		Classi-			Special						Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
ID No.	Name and description	Class	fication Code	Packing group	Labels	provis-	Limited and excepted quantities		Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	loading, unloading and	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2858	ZIRCONIUM, DRY, coiled wire, finished metal sheets, strip (thinner than 254 microns but not thinner than 18 microns)	4.1	F3	Ш	4.1	546	5 kg	E1		ЬЬ			0	
2859	П	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2861	m	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2862	VANADIUM PENTOXIDE, non-fused form	6.1	T5	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2863	SODIUM AMMONIUM VANADATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2864		6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2865		8	C2	Ш	8		5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0	
2869		∞	C2	П	∞		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
2869	\neg	∞	C2	Ш	8		5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2870	Ť	4.2	SW	Ι	4.2+4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2870	一	4.2	SW	I	4.2+4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2871	-	6.1	T5	H	6.1	802	5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0	
2872	DIBROMOCHLOROPROPANES	6.1	TI	Ħ	6.1	805	100 ml	74		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
2872	DIBROMOCHLOROPROPANES	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2873	DIBUTYLAMINOETHANOL	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	2 T	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2874	FURFURYL ALCOHOL	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	EI	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2875	HEXACHLOROPHENE	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2876	RESORCINOL	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
2878		4.1	F3	III	4.1		5 kg	E1		ЬР			0	
2879	SELENIUM OXY CHLORIDE	8	CT1	I	8+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2880	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED, or CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED MIXTURE, with not less than 5.5% but not more than 16% water	5.1	07	П	5.1	314	1 kg	E2		PP			0	
2880	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED or CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE HYDRATED MIXTURE, with not less than 5.5% but not more than 16% water	5.1	02	Ш	5.1	314	5 kg	E1		PP			0	
2881	METAL CATALYST, DRY	4.2	S4	I	4.2	274	0	E0		PP			0	
2881	METAL CATALYST, DRY	4.2	S4	П	4.2	274	0	E0		PP			0	
2881	METAL CATALYST, DRY	4.2	S4	Ш	4.2	274	0	E1		PP			0	
2900		6.2	12		6.2	318	0	E0		ЬЬ			0	
2900		6.2	12		6.2 +2.2	318	0	E0		Ы			0	
2900		6.2	12		6.2	318	0	E0		ЬЬ			0	
2901	BROMINE CHLORIDE	2	2TOC		2.3+5.1+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	

ırks	1								/ to not to									
Remarks	3.2.1	(13)							* applies only to phenolates but not to chlorophenolates									
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
cerning ding and e																RA01	RA02	
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)																
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01,	VE01,	VE01, VE02										
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	dd	dd	PP	dd	dd	dd	dd	dd
Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)							$*\mathrm{L}$							Я	В	
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(7 p)	E5	E4	B1	E5	E4	E1	E1	E1	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0
Limited ar quan	3.4	(7a)	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	7 <i>5</i>	7 <i>5</i>	5 kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802			127	290	290	290 368	290	172 317 325	172 317 336	172 317 325
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	8	8	4.1					X.L	X.L	X <i>L</i>
Packing group	2.1.1.3		I	п	Ħ	I	П	Ш	Ш	Ш	П							
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	T6	T6	T6	TF2	TF2	TF2	62	C10	D							
Class	2.2	(3a)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	8	8	4.1	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., flash-point not less than 23 °C	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., flash-point not less than 23 °C	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., flash-point not less than 23 °C			ISOSORBIDE DINITRATE MIXTURE with not less than 60% lactose, mannose, starch or calcium hydrogen phosphate	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE - EMPTY PACKAGING		RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE - LIMITED QUANTITY OF MATERIAL	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE - INSTRUMENTS or ARTICLES	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY (LSA-I), non fissile or fissile-excepted	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, SURFACE CONTAMINATED OBJECTS (SCO-I or SCO-II), non fissile or fissile-excepted	
UN No. Or ID No.		(1)	2902	2902	2902	2903	2903	2903	2904	2905	2907	2908	2909	2910	2911	2912	2913	2915

UN No. or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication	Packing	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted	d excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	Number of blue cones/	Remarks
			Code	dno.is		ions	duan J	Smi	permitted	ралибал	Tarion	carriage	lights	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
Ξ	\neg	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2916		7			ΧŁ	325 337	0	E0		PP			2	
2917	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE B(M) PACKAGE, non fissile or fissile-excepted	7			X7	172 317 325 337	0	E0		dd			2	
2919	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TRANSPORTED UNDER SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT, non fissile or fissile-excepted	7			X7	172 325 317	0	E0	_	dd			2	
2920	CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	∞	CF1	I	8+3	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		П	
2920	CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	∞	CF1	П	8+3	274	1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2921	CORROSIVE SOLID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	8	CF2	I	8+4.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP			1	
2921	CORROSIVE SOLID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	∞ ∞	CF2 CT1	п	8+4.1	274	1 kg 0	E2 E0	T	PP, EP PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		1 2	
2000	SON DIVOT HIM TO IN O.S.	٥	Ē	F	0.61	802	-	Ē	E	A VOT do do			,	
7767	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	×	CII	П	8+6.1	274 802	1 L	E2	I	PP, EP, 10X, A	VE02		7	
2922		∞	CT1	Ħ	8+6.1	274 802	5 L	Ē	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2923		8	CT2	I	8+6.1	274 802	0	E0		ьь, ЕР			2	
2923	CORROSIVE SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	∞	CT2	П	8+6.1	274 802	1 kg	E2		ьь, ЕР			2	
2923	CORROSIVE SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	8	CT2	Ш	8+6.1	274 802	5 kg	E1		ьь, ЕР			0	
2924	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3	FC	I	3+8	274	0	E0	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		П	
2924	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	33	FC	п	3+8	274	1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01			
2924	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3	FC	Ш	3+8	274	5 L	EI	Т	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2925	FLAMMABLE SOLID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.1	FC1	п	4.1+8	274	1 kg	E2		PP, EP				
2925	FLAMMABLE SOLID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.1	FC1	Ш	4.1+8	274	5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0	
2926	FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.1	FT1	п	4.1+6.1	274 802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			7	
2926		4.1	FT1	Ш	4.1+6.1	274 802	5 kg	EI		ьь, ЕР			0	
2927	TOXIC LIQUID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TCI	I	6.1+8	274 315 802	0	E5	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2927		6.1	TCI	П	6.1+8	274 802	100 ml	E4	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2928	TOXIC SOLID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TC2	I	6.1+8	274 802	0	E5		PP, EP			7	

NI NII														
or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted quantities	l excepted ities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	Number of blue cones/	Remarks
				b		ions	•			-		carriage	lights	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
2928	TOXIC SOLID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TC2	п	6.1+8	274 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			7	
2929	TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	274	0	E5	Т	PP, EP, EX,	VE01,		2	
						315				TOX, A	VE02			
2929	TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TF1	П	6.1+3	274 802	100 ml	E4	T	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2930	TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TF3	I	6.1+4.1	274	0	ES		PP, EP			2	
2930	TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TF3	п	6.1+4.1	274	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2931	VANADYL SULPHATE	6.1	T5	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
2933	METHYL 2-CHLOROPROPIONATE	3	F1	III	3		2 T	El		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2934	ISOPROPYL 2-CHLOROPROPIONATE	3	F1	Ш	8		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2935	ETHYL 2-CHLOROPROPIONATE THIOLACTIC ACID	6.1	TI	п	6.1	802	3 L 100 ml	EI EA	1	PP, EX, A PP, EP, TOX, A	VE01		0 2	
2937	alpha-METHYLBENZYL ALCOHOL, LIQUID	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	802	2 T	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2940	9-PHOSPHABICYCLONONANES (CYCLOOCTADIENE PHOSPHINES)	4.2	S2	п	4.2		0	E2		PP			0	
2941	FLUOROANILINES	6.1	TI	Ħ	6.1	802	2 T	El		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2942	2-TRIFLUOROMETHYLANILINE	6.1	TI	III	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2943	TETRAHYDROFURFURYLAMINE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2945	N-METHYLBUTYLAMINE	С	FC	П	3+8		1 L	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2946	2-AMINO-5-DIETHYLAMINOPENTANE	6.1	II	III	6.1	802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
2947	ISOPROPYL CHLOROACETATE	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	El	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
2948	3-TRIFLUOROMETHYLANILINE	6.1	TI	п	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
2949	SODIUM HYDROSULPHIDE, HYDRATED with not less than 25% water of crystallization	∞	9O	п	∞	523	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
2950	MAGNESIUM GRANULES, COATED, particle size not less than 149 microns	4.3	W2	Ħ	4.3		1 kg	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
2956	5-tert-BUTYL-2,4,6-TRINITRO-m-XYLENE (MUSK XYLENE)	4.1	SR1	H	4.1	638	5 kg	E0		PP			0	
2965	BORON TRIFLUORIDE DIMETHYL ETHERATE	4.3	WFC	I	4.3+3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	1	
2966	THIOGLYCOL	6.1	II	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
2967	SULPHAMIC ACID	8	C2	Ш	8		5 kg	El		PP, EP			0	
2968	MANEB, STABILIZED or MANEB PREPARATION, STABILIZED against self-heating	4.3	W2	Ш	4.3	547	1 kg	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
2969	CASTOR BEANS or CASTOR MEAL or CASTOR POMACE or CASTOR FLAKE	6	M11	П	6	141	5 kg	E2	В	ЬР			0	
2977	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, FISSILE	7			7X+7E+8		0	E0		PP, EP			2	

90																						
Remarks		3.2.1	(13)																			
Number of blue cones/ lights		7.1.5	(12)	2	2	0	1		0	1	1	0	0	2	7	0	2	2	0	2	2	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage		7.1.6	(II)							HA08												
Venti- lation		7.1.6	(IO)		VE01, VE02		VE01	VE01		VE01				VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02
Equipment		8.1.5	(9)	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	dd	PP, EP, EX, A	PP, EP, EX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, A	PP	PP	ЬР	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A
Carriage permitted		3.2.1	(8)		I																	
d excepted ities		3.5.1.2	(7b)	E0	E0	E1	E0	E0	E0	E0	E2	EI	E0	E5	E4	EI	ES	E4	EI	ES	E4	E1
Limited and excepted quantities	•	3.4	(7a)	0	0	5 L	0	0	0	0	1 kg	5 kg	0	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L
Special provis- ions		3.3	(9)	317	803	99	548	548	548	549			296 635	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802
Labels		5.2.2	(5)	7X+8	3+6.1	5.1	3+8	8+3	8	4.3+3+8	4.1	4.1	6	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3
Packing group		2.1.1.3	(4)		I	II	П	П	П	I	П	Ш		I	П	Ħ	Ι	п	Ш	I	П	Ш
Classi- fication Code		2.2	(3b)		FT1	01	FC	CF1	C3	WFC	F3	F3	M5	TF2	TF2	TF2	T6	T6	T6	TF2	TF2	TF2
Class		2.2	(3a)	7	ж	5.1	3	∞	8	4.3	4.1	4.1	6	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description		3.1.2	(2)	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, non fissile or fissile-excepted	ETHYLENE OXIDE AND PROPYLENE OXIDE MIXTURE, not more than 30% ethylene oxide	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not less than 8% but less than 20% hydrogen peroxide (stabilized as necessary)	CHLOROSILANES, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	CHLOROSILANES, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	CHLOROSILANES, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	CHLOROSILANES, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	LEAD PHOSPHITE, DIBASIC	LEAD PHOSPHITE, DIBASIC	LIFE-SAVING APPLIANCES, SELF-INFLATING	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C
UN No. Or ID No.		ŝ	(I)	2978	2983	2984	2985	2986	2987	8867	2989	2989	2990	2991	2991	2991	2992	2992	2992	2993	2993	2993

	Π	1	1			1								1	
Remarks	3.2.1	(13)													
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	7	2	0	7	2	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	2
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)													
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01,	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01,	VE02
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A
Carriage	3.2.1	(8)													
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E5	E4	EI	E5	E4	EI	E5	E4	EI	ES	E4	E1	E5
Limited an quan	3.4	(7a)	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1
Packing group	2.1.1.3	4)	I	П	Ш	I	П	Ш	Ι	П	Ш	I	Ш	II	I
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	T6	T6	T6	TF2	TF2	TF2	T6	T6	T6	TF2	TF2	TF2	Т6
Class	2.2	(3a)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	ARSENICAL PESTICIDE,	ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC			ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC			TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
UN No. or ID No.		(1)	2994	2994	2994	2995	2995	2995	2996	2996	2996	2997	2997	2997	2998

Remarks	3.2.1	(13)														
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	71	0	2	2	0	2	7	0	2	2	0	7	7	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)														
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)	VE02	VE02	VE01,	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01,	VE01, VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A
Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)														
d excepted ities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E4	E1	E5	E4	E1	E5	E4	EI	E5	E4	E1	E5	E4	E1
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4	(7a)	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	6.1	6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	П	Ш	I	П	Ш	I	П	Ш	I	П	Ш	I	П	Ш
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	T6	T6	TF2	TF2	TF2	T6	T6	T6	TF2	TF2	TF2	T6	T6	T6
Class	2.2	(3a)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2	Н	TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC		THIOCARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C			THIOCARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC		COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C		COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C			COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
UN No. Or ID No.		(1)	2998	2998	3005	3005	3005	3006	3006	3006	3009	3009	3009	3010	3010	3010

 															
Remarks	3.2.1	,													
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	2	7	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	2	2
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6														
Venti- lation	7.1.6	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01,
Equipment	8.1.5	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A
Carriage permitted	3.2.1														
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2 (7b)	E5	E4	E1	ES	E4	EI	ES	E4	El	ES	E4	EI	ES	E4
Limited and exc quantities	3.4 (7a)	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml
Special provis- ions	3.3	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802
Labels	5.2.2	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3
Packing group	2.1.1.3) I	П	II	Ι	П	H	I	п	II	П	Ш	Ħ	Ι	П
Classi- fication Code	2.2 (3b)	TF2	TF2	TF2	T6	T6	T6	TF2	TF2	TF2	T6	T6	T6	TF2	TF2
Class	2.2 (3a)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2	MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C
UN No. or ID No.	(1)	3011	3011	3011	3012	3012	3012	3013	3013	3013	3014	3014	3014	3015	3015

	Τ															
Remarks	3.2.1	(13)														
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	0	2	2	0	7	7	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	2
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)														
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)	VE01, VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01,	VE01,	VE01,	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01,	VE01,	VE02
Equipment required	8.1.5	(9)	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A
Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)														
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(Jp)	E1	ES	E4	EI	E5	E 4	E	E5	E4	E1	E5	E4	EI	E5
Limited an quan	3.4	(7a)	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	Ш	Ι	п	Ħ	I	П	Ш	I	II	Ш	I	П	Ш	I
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3p)	TF2	T6	T6	T6	TF2	TF2	TF2	T6	T6	T6	TF2	TF2	TF2	T6
Class	2.2	(3a)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C			ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	ORGANOTIN PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C			ORGANOTIN PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC
UN No. or ID No.		(1)	3015	3016	3016	3016	3017	3017	3017	3018	3018	3018	3019	3019	3019	3020

	П															
Remarks	3.2.1	(00)														
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	2	0	7	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	0	2	2	0	2
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6															
Venti- lation	7.1.6	VE02	VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01,	VE01, VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	
Equipment required	8.1.5	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP
Carriage	3.2.1															
l excepted ities	3.5.1.2 (7b)	E4	E1	E0	E2	E2	E0	E0	E2	E5	E4	EI	ES	E4	EI	E5
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4	100 ml	5 L	0	1 L	1 L	0	0	1 F	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0
Special provis- ions	3.3	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802		354 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802
Labels	5.2.2	6.1	6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	3	6.1+3	3+6.1	3+6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Packing group	2.1.1.3	П	Ш	I	П	П	I	I	П	I	П	H	I	П	Ш	I
Classi- fication Code	2.2 (3b)	T6	T6	FT2	FT2	F1	TF1	FT2	FT2	TF2	TF2	TF2	T6	T6	T6	T7
Class	2.2	6.1	6.1	3	3	3	6.1	3	3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2	ORGANOTIN PESTICIDE	ORGANOTIN PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S., flash-point less than 23 °C	PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S., flash-point less than 23 °C	1,2-BUTYLENE OXIDE, STABILIZED	2-METHYL-2-HEPTANETHIOL		COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, HLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC
UN No. or ID No.	Ξ	3020	3020	3021	3021	3022	3023	3024	3024	3025	3025	3025	3026	3026	3026	3027

IN No														
or D No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis-	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted itties	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and	Number of blue cones/	Remarks
		Ī				SHOIL						сагладе	ngnrs	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
3027			T7	П	6.1	61 274 648 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
3027	COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	6.1	T7	Ш	6.1	61 274 648 802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
3028		8	C11		&	295 304 598	2 kg	E0		PP, EP			0	
3048		6.1	T7	I	6.1	153 648 802	0	E0		PP, EP			2	
3054	CYCLOHEXYL MERCAPTAN	3	F1	III	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
3055	2-(2-AMINOETHOXY)ETHANOL	8	C2	III	8		5 L	E1		PP, EP			0	
3056		3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1		PP, EX, A			0	
3057	TRIFLUOROACETYL CHLORIDE	2	2TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3064	NITROGLYCERIN, SOLUTION IN ALCOHOL with more than 1% but not more than 5% nitroglycerin	3	D	П	8	329	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
3065		3	F1	п	3		2 T	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
3065		3	F1	Ш	3	144 145 247	5 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
3066		8	60	П	8	163 367	11	E2		PP, EP			0	
3066	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, vamish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning and reducing compound)	8	63	Ш	8	163 367	5 L	B1		PP, EP			0	
3070		2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
3071		6.1	TF1	П	6.1+3	274 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01,		2	
3072	LIFE-SAVING APPLIANCES NOT SELF-INFLATING containing dangerous goods as equipment	6	M5		6	296 635	0	E0		PP			0	
3073	VINYLPYRIDINES, STABILIZED	6.1	TFC	П	6.1+3+8	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	

	Т	1	T	e: 8										1										
Remarks	331	3.2.1	(13)	* Only in the molten state. ** For carriage in bulk see also 7.1.4.1. ** * Only in the case of transport in bulk.																				
Number of blue cones/ lights	1	C.I./	(12)	0	0	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	71.5	0.1.1	(11)		HA08																			
Venti- lation	7 - 1	0.1.7	(10)		VE01	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02		VE02															
Equipment required	27	0.1.5	(6)	Pp, A***	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP	PP	PP	PP	РР				
Carriage permitted	33.1	3.2.1	(8)	T*		Т		Т																
Limited and excepted quantities	2513	2.1.6.6	(Jp)	E1	E2	E0	E4	E1	E0	E0	E2	E0	E2	EI	E5	E4	E0	E2	E1	E2	E1	E2	E1	E0
Limited a	4,0	t.0	(7a)	5 kg	$500 \mathrm{g}$	0	100 ml	5 L	0	0	1 kg	0	1 kg	5 kg	0	500 g	0	1 kg	5 kg	0	0	1 kg	5 kg	0
Special provis- ions		C.C	(9)	274 335 375 601	550	354 802	274 551 802	274 335 375 601		274	274	274	274	274	274 802	274 802	274 802	274 802	274 802	274	274	552	552	188 230 310 376 377 636
Labels		2.7.5	(5)	6	4.3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6	2.3+5.1	8+5.1	8+5.1	5.1+8	5.1+8	5.1+8	6.1+5.1	6.1+5.1	5.1+6.1	5.1+6.1	5.1+6.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	6
Packing group	2113	C.1.1.2	(4)	II	П	I	п	Ш		I	П	I	П	Ш	н	П	I	П	Ш	П	Ш	П	III	
Classi- fication Code	ç	7:7	(3b)	M7	W2	TF1	TF1	M6	2TO	CO2	CO2	OC2	OC2	OC2	T02	T02	OT2	OT2	OT2	S2	S2	F3	F3	M4
Class	ç	7:7	(3a)	6	4.3	6.1	6.1	6	2	8	8	5.1	5.1	5.1	6.1	6.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	6
Name and description	0	5.1.6	(2)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	CERIUM, turnings or gritty powder	METHACR YLONITRILE, STABILIZED	ISOCYANATES, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. or ISOCYANATE SOLUTION, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	PERCHLORYL FLUORIDE	CORROSIVE SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	CORROSIVE SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	TOXIC SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	TOXIC SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	OXIDIZING SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	OXIDIZING SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	OXIDIZING SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	SELF-HEATING SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	SELF-HEATING SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	METAL POWDER, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	METAL POWDER, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES (including lithium alloy batteries)
UN No. or ID No.			<u>E</u>	3077	3078	3079	3080	3082	3083	3084	3084	3085	3085	3085	3086	3086	3087	3087	3087	3088	3088	3089	3089	3090

1018 3.3 3.4 3.5.1.2 3.2.1 8.1.5 7.1.6 (6) (7a) (7b) (8) (9) (10) (10) (10) (230 230 236 236 236 236 236 236 236 236 236 236
3.4 3.5.1.2 3.2.1 8.1.5 (7a) (7b) (8) (9) (9) (9) (9) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10
(73) (70) (9) (9) (9) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10
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or or ID No.		ξ	Classi- fication	Packing	1	Special	Limited and excepted	1 excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	-
	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quantities	ities	permitted	required	lation	Ioading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Kemarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	П	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7 p)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
3111	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	P2		5.2+1	122 181 274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA01, HA10	8	
3112	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	P2		5.2+1	122 181 274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA01, HA10	ю	
3113	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, LIQUID, TEMPER ATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	P2		5.2	122 274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
3114		5.2	P2		5.2	122 274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
3115		5.2	P2		5.2	122 274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
3116	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID, TEMPER ATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	P2		5.2	122 274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
3117	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, LIQUID, TEMPER ATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	P2		5.2	122 274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
3118	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID, TEMPER ATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	P2		5.2	122 274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
3119	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID, TEMPER ATURE CONTROLLED	5.2	P2		5.2	122 274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
3120	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, SOLID, TEMPER ATHRE CONTROLIED	5.2	P2		5.2	122	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
3121	OXIDIZING SOLID. WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.	5.1	MO			†			CARRI	CARRIAGE PROHIBITED	LED	_		
3122	TOXIC LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	6.1	TOI	I	6.1+5.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
						802								
3122		6.1	TOI	п	6.1+5.1	274 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3123	TOXIC LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.	6.1	TW1	I	6.1+4.3	274 315 802	0	E0	-	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3123		6.1	TW1	п	6.1+4.3	274 802	100 ml	F4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
3124	TOXIC SOLID, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.	6.1	TS	I	6.1+4.2	274 802	0	E2		PP, EP			2	
3124	TOXIC SOLID, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.	6.1	SL	П	6.1+4.2	274 802	0	E4		PP, EP			2	
3125	TOXIC SOLID, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.	6.1	TW2	I	6.1+4.3	274 802	0	ES		PP, EP			2	
3125	TOXIC SOLID, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.	6.1	TW2	П	6.1+4.3	274 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
3126	SELF-HEATING SOLID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	SC2	П	4.2+8	274	0	E2		PP, EP			0	
3126	SELF-HEATING SOLID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	SC2	Ш	4.2+8	274	0	E1		PP, EP			0	
3127	SELF-HEATING SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S	4.2	SO						CARRI	CARRIAGE PROHIBITED	red	-		
3128		4.2	ST2	П	4.2+6.1	274 802	0	E2		PP, EP			2	
3128	SELF-HEATING SOLID, TOXIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	ST2	III	4.2+6.1	274 802	0	E1		PP, EP			0	

													Numbor	
nd de	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited an quan	Limited and excepted quantities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	•	Remarks
3.1.2	2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(2)		(3a)	(3p)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
5	WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	4.3	WCI	I	4.3+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
Ę	WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	4.3	WC1	П	4.3+8	274	500 ml	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
Ę	WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	4.3	WCI	Ш	4.3+8	274	1 L	E1		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
5	WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	4.3	WT1	I	4.3+6.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX. A	VE01,	HA08	2	
Ę	WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	4.3	WT1	П	4.3+6.1	274 802	500 ml	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02	HA08	2	
5	WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	4.3	WT1	Ш	4.3+6.1	274 802	1 L	E1		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02	HA08	0	
Ę	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	4.3	WC2	I	4.3+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
7	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	4.3	WC2	П	4.3+8	274	500 g	E2		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
Ţ	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	4.3	WC2	Ш	4.3+8	274	1 kg	E1		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	4.3	WF2	П	4.3 + 4.1	274	0	E0		PP,EX,A	VE01	HA08	1	
	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	4.3	WF2	П	4.3 + 4.1	274	500 g	E2		PP,EX,A	VE01	HA08	1	
~	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	4.3	WF2	Ш	4.3 + 4.1	274	1 kg	El		PP,EX,A	VE01	HA08	0	
1.3	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	4.3	MO						CARRI	CARRIAGE PROHIBITED	TED	=		
	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	4.3	WT2	I	4.3+6.1	274 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01	HA08	2	
~	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	4.3	WT2	П	4.3+6.1	274	500 g	E2		PP, EP, EX, TOX. A	VE01	HA08	2	
7	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	4.3	WT2	Ш	4.3+6.1	274 802	1 kg	EI		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
Τ,	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, SELF HEATING, N.O.S.	4.3	WS	I	4.3 + 4.2	274	0	E0		PP,EX,A	VE01	HA08	0	
Ţ	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, SELF HEATING, N.O.S.	4.3	WS	П	4.3 + 4.2	274	0	E2		PP,EX,A	VE01	HA08	0	
T	WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, SELF HEATING, N.O.S.	4.3	WS	Ш	4.3 + 4.2	274	0	EI		PP,EX,A	VE01	HA08	0	
14	TRIFLUOROMETHANE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2	3A		2.2	593	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
~	OXIDIZING SOLID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	5.1	OF						CARRI	CARRIAGE PROHIBITED	TED			
	ETHYLENE, ACETYLENE AND PROPYLENE MIXTURE, REFRIGERATED LÍQUID containing at least 71.5% ethylene with not more than 22.5% acetylene and not more than 6% propylene	2	3F		2.1		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
	OXIDIZING LIQUID, N.O.S.	5.1	10	I	5.1	274	0	E0		PP			0	
	OXIDIZING LIQUID, N.O.S.	5.1	01	II	5.1	274	1 L	E2		PP			0	
	OXIDIZING LIQUID, N.O.S.	5.1	10	III -	5.1	274	S.L	El FS		PP PD ED TOV A	VEO	+	0 (
	ALNALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S. Of ALNALOID SAL IS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	0.1	=	-	0.1	4.3 274 802	D .	3		PP, EP, 10A, A	VE02		7	
l														

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	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited an quan	Limited and excepted quantities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
ALKALOIDS, L LIQUID, N.O.S.	ALKALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S. or ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	TI) =	6.1	43 274 802	100 ml	(1/0) E4	(0)	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	(31)
ALKALOIDS, I LIQUID, N.O.S.	ALKALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S. or ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	TI	П	6.1	43 274 802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
ANTIMONY N.O.S.	ANTIMONY COMPOUND, INORGANIC, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	T4	Ħ	6.1	45 274 512 802	5 L	B1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
ISINFECT	DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T1	I	6.1	274 802	0	E5		PP, EP, TOX, A			2	
ISINFECT	DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TI	П	6.1	274 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
ISINFECT	DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T1	II	6.1	274 802	2 T	BI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
YE, SOLII JLID, TO?	DYE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. or DYE INTERMEDIATE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	I	6.1	274 802	0	E5		PP, EP			7	
YE, SOLII)LID, TO?	DYE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. or DYE INTERMEDIATE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	П	6.1	274 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			7	
YE, SOLII JLID, TO	DYE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. or DYE INTERMEDIATE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	II	6.1	274 802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
ICOTINE REPARAT	NICOTINE COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S. or NICOTINE PREPARATION, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	TI	П	6.1	43 274 802	0	E5		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
ICOTINE REPARAT	NICOTINE COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S. or NICOTINE PREPARATION, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	TI	П	6.1	43 274 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
ICOTINE REPARAT	NICOTINE COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S. or NICOTINE PREPARATION, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	TI	H	6.1	43 274 802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
ALKYLPHE homologues)	ALKYLPHENOLS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues)	∞	C3	I	8		0	E0		PP, EP			0	
ALKYLPHE homologues)	ALKYLPHENOLS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues)	∞	C3	П	8		1 L	E2	I	PP, EP			0	
ALKYLPHE homologues)	ALKYLPHENOLS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues)	∞	C3	Ш	8		2 T	EI	I	PP, EP			0	
RGANOT	ORGANOTIN COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T3	П	6.1	43 274 802	0	E5		PP, EP			2	
RGANOT	ORGANOTIN COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T3	п	6.1	43 274 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
RGANOTI	ORGANOTIN COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T3	Ш	6.1	43 274 802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
YE, SOLII ITER MFF	DYE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. Or DYE INTERMEDIATH SOI ID CORROSIVE N.O.S.	∞	C10	I	8	274	0	E0		PP, EP			0	

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UN No.			Classi-	Dooking		Special	I imited and avoanted	lovcontod	Commission	T. Constitution of	Vonti	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
E No.	Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis-	quantities	ities	permitted	required	lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
3147	DYE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or DYE INTERMEDIATE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	∞	C10	П	8	274	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
3147	DYE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. of DYE INTERMEDIATE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	∞	C10	H	∞	274	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
3148	+	4.3	W1	I	4.3	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
3148	1	4.3	W1	П	4.3	274	500 ml	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
3148	WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.	4.3	W1	Ш	4.3	274	1 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
3149	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND PEROXYACETIC ACID MIXTURE with acid(s), water and not more than 5% peroxyacetic acid, STABILIZED	5.1	0C1	п	5.1+8	196 553	1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
3150	DEVICES, SMALL, HYDROCARBON GAS POWERED or HYDROCARBON GAS REFILLS FOR SMALL DEVICES with release device	2	6F		2.1		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01			
3151	POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, LIQUID or POLYHALOGENATED TERPHENYLS, LIQUID	6	M2	П	6	203 305 802	1 L	E2		PP, EP			0	
3152	POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, SOLID of POLYHALOGENATED TERPHENYLS, SOLID	6	M2	П	6	203 305 802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
3153		2	2F		2.1	662	0	EO		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
3154		2	2F		2.1	662	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
3155		6.1	T2	П	6.1	43	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
3156		2	10		2.2+5.1	274 655 662	0	E0		PP			0	
3157	LIQUEFIED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	2	20		2.2+5.1	274 662	0	E0		PP			0	
3158		2	3A		2.2	274 593	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
3159	1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 134a)	2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
3160	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	2	2TF		2.3+2.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
3161	LIQUEFIED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	2	2F		2.1	274 662	0	E0		PP, EX, A			1	
3162	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, N.O.S.	2	2T		2.3	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3163	LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.	2	2A		2.2	274 662	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
3164	ARTICLES, PRESSURIZED, PNEUMATIC or HYDRAULIC (containing non-flammable gas)	2	6A		2.2	283 371 594	120 ml	E0		PP			0	
3165	AIRCRAFT HYDRAULIC POWER UNIT FUEL TANK (containing a mixture of anhydrous hydrazine and methylhydrazine) (M86 fuel)	3	FTC	I	3+6.1+8	805	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01,		2	

No. Name and description Continue Co	TIM MG			ľ											_	
Name and descriptions Class Class Separate Process Pro	or or			Classi-	Packing		Special	Limited and	excented	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisio	ns concernir		
Mathematic production of the control of the contr	V			Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	quant	ities	permitted	required	lation	loading,	unloading a ırriage		
Pages terms Confederation		3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6		7.1.6	7.1.5	
Page	1	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)		(11)	(12)	
Consideration Consideratio	166	Engine, internal combustion or vehicle, flammable gas powered or vehicle, flammable liquid powered or engine, fuel cell, flammable gas powered or engine, fuel cell, flammable liquid powered or vehicle, fuel cell, flammable gas powered or vehicle, fuel cell, flammable powered	6	M11						NOTS	UBJECT TO A	N				
CAMMANEL NO.PARCHINGE NO.PAGE, NO.PAG	191	GAS SAMPLE, NON-PRESSURIZED, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., not refrigerated liquid	2	7F		2.1		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01			-	
ALTINIUM REMEITS DE TOXIC, NO.S. 2	89	GAS SAMPLE, NON-PRESSURIZED, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., not refrigerated liquid	2	7TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02			2	
ALIMINIUM SKRITTING BY-PRODUCTS or 43 W2 II 43 244 189 E I B PP.EX.A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELTING BY-PRODUCTS or 45 W2 III 43 244 189 E I B PP.EX.A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELTING BY-PRODUCTS or 41 F I L 41 216 189 E I PP.EX.A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELTING BY-PRODUCTS or 41 F I L 41 216 189 E I PP.EX.A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELTING BY-PRODUCTS or 41 F I L 41 214 189 E I L APP. EX.A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELTING BY-PRODUCTS or 41 F I L 41 214 18 E I L APP. EX.A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELTING BY-PRODUCTS OR 41 F I L 41 214 18 E I L APP. EX.A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELTING BY-PRODUCTS OR 41 F I L 41 214 18 E I L APP. EX.A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELTING BY-PRODUCTS OF A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELT LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELTHING BY-PRODUCTS OF A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELTHING BY-PRODUCTS OF A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DELIVED WERNELLY OF A VEGIO LOOP HAVE DEL	69	GAS SAMPLE, NON-PRESSURIZED, TOXIC, N.O.S., not refrigerated liquid	2	77		2.3		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A				7	
MIJWININ REMETING BY-PRODUCTS of 13 W2 II 4.3 244 18g E1 B PP, EX. A VEGI. 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1001 1400; 1400	70	ALUMINIUM SMELTING BY-PRODUCTS or ALUMINIUM REMELTING BY-PRODUCTS	4.3	W2	п	4.3	244	500 g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		HA08	0	
Buttery-provered vehicle or Battery-provered vehicle or Battery Provered vehicle or Battery Provered Sources. 6.1	70	ALUMINIUM SMELTING BY-PRODUCTS of ALUMINIUM REMELTING BY-PRODUCTS	4.3	W2	Ш	4.3	244	1 kg	E1	В	PP, EX, A	VE01,				VE03, LO03, HA07, IN01, IN02 and IN03 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
TOWINS, EXTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, G. TI	71	Battery-powered vehicle or Battery-powered equipment	6	M11				ľON	T SUBJECT 1	TO ADN, see	also Special Pr	ovision 240) in Chapte	r3.3		
TOXINS. EXTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, G. 1 T1 II G. 1 210 100 ml E4 PP. EP. TOX. A VED. 2 PP. EP. TOX. A VED. 2 PP. EP. TOX. A VED. 2 PP. EP. TOX. A VED. 3 PP. EP. TOX. A	72	TOXINS, EXTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	ΙΤ	П	6.1	210 274 802	0	E5		PP, EP, TOX, A				7	
TOXINS, EXTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, 6.1 T1 III 6.1 210 5.L EI PP, EP, TOX, A VEOL PP	72	TOXINS, EXTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	TI	П	6.1	210 274 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A				2	
TITAMIUM DISULPHIDE	72	TOXINS, EXTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	210 274 802	5 L	El		PP, EP, TOX, A				0	
SOLIDS or mixtures of solids (such as preparations and variety). No.S. 4.1 F1 II 4.1 216 1 kg E2 B PP, EX. A PG01, PG02 PP, EX. A PG01, PG03 PP PP, EX. A PG01, PG03 PP	74	TITANIUM DISULPHIDE	4.2	S4	Ш	4.2		0	E1		PP				0	
SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, MOLTEN, having a flash-point up to 60°C (DIALKYI)- 4.1 FI II 4.1 FI II 4.1 FI III 4.1 FI III 4.1 FI III 4.1 FI III 4.1 5.8 EI PP PP PP PP III III III 4.1 5.4 0 EO PP PP PP III III 4.1 5.8 EI PP PP PP III III 4.1 5.8 EI PP PP PP III III 4.1+6.1 274 1 kg E2 PP PP <td>75</td> <td>SOLIDS or mixtures of solids (such as preparations and wastes) CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. having a flash-point up to 60°C</td> <td>4.1</td> <td>F1</td> <td>П</td> <td>1.4</td> <td>216 274 601 800</td> <td>1 kg</td> <td>B2</td> <td>В</td> <td>PP, EX, A</td> <td>VE01, VE03</td> <td></td> <td>ž</td> <td></td> <td>VE03, IN01 and IN02 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging</td>	75	SOLIDS or mixtures of solids (such as preparations and wastes) CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. having a flash-point up to 60°C	4.1	F1	П	1.4	216 274 601 800	1 kg	B2	В	PP, EX, A	VE01, VE03		ž		VE03, IN01 and IN02 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, MOLTEN, N.O.S. 4.1 F2 II 4.1 274 0 E0 PP FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, MOLTEN, N.O.S. 4.1 F2 III 4.1 274 0 E0 PP FLAMMABLE SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 F3 II 4.1 274 1kg E2 PP FLAMMABLE SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 F73 III 4.1 5.4 1kg E2 PP FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 F72 II 4.1+6.1 274 1kg E2 PP	75	SOLIDS CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID. MOLTEN, having a flash-point up to 60°C (DIALKYL- (C ₁₂ -C ₁₈ -DIMETHYLAMMONIUM and 2-PROPANOL)	4.1	F1	П	4.1	216 274 601 800	1 kg	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01,		ž —	1, 1	VE03, IN01 and IN02 apply only when this substance is carried in bulk or without packaging
FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, MOLTEN, N.O.S. 4.1 F2 III 4.1 574 0 E0 PP PP FLAMMABLE SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 F3 II 4.1 54 5kg E1 PP PP FLAMMABLE SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 F72 II 4.1+6.1 274 1 kg E2 PP, EP PP	9/	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, MOLTEN, N.O.S.	4.1	F2	П	4.1	274	0	E0		PP				-	
FLAMMABLE SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 F3 II 4.1 274 1 kg E2 PP P FLAMMABLE SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 F73 III 4.1 5 kg E1 PP P FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 F72 II 4.1+6.1 274 1 kg E2 PP, EP	9/	FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, MOLTEN, N.O.S.	4.1	F2	Ш	4.1	274	0	E0		PP				0	
FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 274 1 kg E2 PP, EP FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1 FT2 II 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. 4.1+6.1 802 FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, TOXI	178	FLAMMABLE SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.1	F3	П	4.1	274	1 kg	E2		PP				1	
FLAMMABLE SOLID, 10APC, INORGANK, N.O.S. 4.1 F12 II 4.1+6.1 L/8 E2 F7, EP 802 I Kg E2 F7, EP 802 I Kg E2 F7, EP	78	FLAMMABLE SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.1	F3	E F	4.1	274	5 kg	El		PP			1	0	
	6/1	FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.1	F12	П	4.1+6.1	274 802	l kg	E2		PP, EP				7	

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or Or U No.		ξ	Classi- fication	Packing	Portor.	Special	Limited and excepted	1 excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	Domocilia
	лаше апа цеястрион	Class	Code	group	Labers	provis- ions	quantities	tities	permitted	required	lation	roaming, univoaming and carriage	cones/ lights	Nelliarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
3179	FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.1	FT2	Ħ	4.1+6.1	274 802	5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0	
3180	FLAMMABLE SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.1	FC2	п	4.1+8	274	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			-	
3180	FLAMMABLE SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.1	FC2	Ħ	4.1+8	274	5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0	
3181	METAL SALTS OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	4.1	F3	П	4.1	274	1 kg	E2		ЬР				
3181	METAL SALTS OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	4.1	F3	Ш	4.1	274	5 kg	EI		ЬР			0	
3182	METAL HYDRIDES, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	4.1	F3	п	4.1	274 554	1 kg	E2		ЬР				
3182	METAL HYDRIDES, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	4.1	F3	Ш	4.1	274 554	5 kg	E1		ЬР			0	
3183	SELF-HEATING LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	S1	П	4.2	274	0	E2		PP			0	
3183	SELF-HEATING LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. SELF-HEATING LIQUID, TOXIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	2.4	STI	шш	4.2	274	0 0	E1 E2		PP PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0 2	
3184	SELF-HEATING LIQUID, TOXIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	ST1	Ħ	4.2+6.1	802 274 802	0	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3185	SELF-HEATING LIQUID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	SC1	П	4.2+8	274	0	E2		PP, EP			0	
3185	SELF-HEATING LIQUID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	SC1	Ħ	4.2+8	274	0	EI		PP, EP			0	
3186	SELF-HEATING LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	S3	п	2.5	274	0	E2		PP			0	
3187	SELF-HEATING LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S. SELF-HEATING LIQUID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	ST3		4.2	274	0	E2		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7 0	
3187	SELF-HEATING LIQUID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	ST3	II	4.2+6.1	274	0	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3188	SELF-HEATING LIQUID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	SC3	П	4.2+8	274	0	E2		PP, EP			0	
3188	SELF-HEATING LIQUID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	SC3	Ħ	4.2+8	274	0	E1		PP, EP			0	
3189	METAL POWDER, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.	4.2	S4	П	4.2	274 555	0	E2		ЬР			0	
3189	METAL POWDER, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.	4.2	S4	Ħ	4.2	274	0	E1		ЬР			0	
3190	SELF-HEATING SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	S4	П	4.2	274	0	E2		PP			0	
3190	SELF-HEATING SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	S4	Ш	4.2	274	0	E1	В	PP			0	
3191	SELF-HEATING SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	ST4	п	4.2+6.1	274 802	0	E2		PP, EP			2	
3191	SELF-HEATING SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	ST4	Ш	4.2+6.1	274 802	0	EI		PP, EP			0	
3192	SELF-HEATING SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	SC4	п	4.2+8	274	0	E2		PP, EP			0	
3192	SELF-HEATING SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	SC4	II	4.2+8	274	0	EI		PP, EP			0	
3194	PYROPHORIC LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	S3	Ι	4.2	274	0	E0		PP			0	
3200	PYROPHORIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	4.2	S4	I	4.2	274	0	E0		PP			0	

Labela picoris Inflict and excepted Curriage Requipment Ventro Inflict and excepted Curriage Requipment Ventro Inflict and excepted Curriage Scariage Curriage Curriage			Classi-			Special	:					Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
21 21 21 21 31 34 361 31 341 361 31 44 361 31 34 341 361 31 341 361 31 34 361 31 34 361 36		Clas		Packing group	Labels	provis-	Limited an quan	d excepted tities	Carriage	Equipment required	Venti- lation	loading, unloading and	cones/ lights	Remarks
(3a) (3b) (4b) (4b) (4b) (7b) (8b) (9b) (1d) (1d) 42 34 (1b) (1b) </th <th> </th> <th>2.2</th> <th>Н</th> <th></th> <th>5.2.2</th> <th>3.3</th> <th>3.4</th> <th>3.5.1.2</th> <th>3.2.1</th> <th>8.1.5</th> <th>7.1.6</th> <th>7.1.6</th> <th>7.1.5</th> <th>3.2.1</th>		2.2	Н		5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
S4 II 42 183 0 E2 PP PP S44 III 42.8 183 0 E1 PP PP SC4 III 42.8 183 0 E1 PP PP W2 III 42.8 183 0 E1 PP PP W2 II 43.8 183 0 E1 PP PP W2 II 43.8 183 0 E1 PP PP PP W2 II 43.4 274 0 E0 PP PP PP W2 III 43.4 274 0 E0 PP PP PP W3 II 43.4 274 0 E0 PP	T	(3a	4	9	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7 b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
SCI III 4.2 214 0 EI PPP EP PP SCI II 4.2+8 182 0 E2 PP-EP PP SCI III 4.2+8 182 0 E1 PP-EP PP W2 III 4.2+8 183 0 E1 PP-EX-A WE0 HA08 W2 III 4.3 274 00 E0 PP-EX-A WE0 HA08 W2 III 4.3 274 10 E0 PP-EX-A WE0 HA08 W5 III 4.3 274 10 E0 PP-EX-A WE0 HA08 W5 III 4.3 274 10 E0 PP-EX-A WE0 HA08 W8 III 4.3+4.2 274 10 E1 PP-EX-A WE0 HA08 W8 III 4.3+4.2 274 10 E2 PP-EX-A WE0 HA08 <t< td=""><td>_</td><td>4.2</td><td></td><td>п</td><td>4.2</td><td>183 274</td><td>0</td><td>E2</td><td></td><td>Ы</td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td><td></td></t<>	_	4.2		п	4.2	183 274	0	E2		Ы			0	
SC4 II 42-8 1842 0 E2 PP. EP P W2 II 42-8 1843 0 E1 PP. EX.A VB01 HA08 W2 II 43 274 0 E0 PP. EX.A VB01 HA08 W2 III 43 274 18g E1 PP. EX.A VB01 HA08 W3 III 43 274 18g E1 PP. EX.A VB01 HA08 W8 II 43+42 254 0 E0 PP. EX.A VB01 HA08 W8 II 43+42 274 0 E0 PP. EX.A VB01 HA08 W8 II 43+42 274 0 E0 PP. EX.A VB01 HA08 W8 III 43+42 274 1. E2 PP. EX.A VB01 HA08 W8 III 43+42 274 1. E2 PP. EX.A		4.2		Ш	4.2	183 274	0	E1		Ы			0	
SC4 III 42+8 183 0 EI PP, EP P W2 1 43 274 0 E0 PP, EX,A VE0I HA08 W2 II 43 274 50g E0 PP, EX,A VE0I HA08 W2 III 43 274 18g E1 PP, EX,A VE0I HA08 W3 III 43-42 274 16 E0 PP, EX,A VE0I HA08 W8 III 43-42 274 10 E0 PP, EX,A VE0I HA08 W8 III 43-42 274 0 E0 PP PP PP V9 II 51 11 E2 PP PP PP PP V1 II 51 11 E2 PP PP PP PP PP V1 II 51 11 E2 PP PP PP <		4.2		п	4.2+8	182 274	0	E2		PP, EP			0	
W2 1 4.3 274 0 B0 PP.EX.A VE01 HA08 PP.EX.A VE01		4.2		Ш	4.2+8	183 274	0	E1		PP, EP			0	
W2 II 4.3 274 500g BD PP, EX,A VEOI HA08 W2 III 4.3 274 1 kg EI PP, EX,A VEOI HA08 WS I 4.3+4.2 254 0 ED PP, EX,A VEOI HA08 WS II 4.3+4.2 254 0 ED PP, EX,A VEOI HA08 WS III 4.3+4.2 254 0 ED PP, EX,A VEOI HA08 WS III 4.3+4.2 254 0 ED PP PP PP OI III 5.1 274 1.L ED PP PP PP PP OI III 5.1 274 1.L ED PP	S.	4,		Ι	4.3	274 557	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
WZ III 43 274 1kg EI PP. EX.A VEOI HA08 WS I 43.442 274 0 ED PP. EX.A VEOI HA08 WS II 43.442 274 0 ED PP. EX.A VEOI HA08 WS III 43.442 258 0 EI PP. EX.A VEOI HA08 WS III 43.442 258 0 EI PP. EX.A VEOI HA08 OI II 43.442 258 0 EI PP. EX.A VEOI HA08 OI II 43.442 574 1L E2 PP.	S.	4.		п	4.3	274 557	500 g	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
WS 1 4.3+4.2 274 0 BO PP, EX, A VEOI HA08 WS III 4.3+4.2 274 0 E2 PP, EX, A VEOI HA08 WS III 4.3+4.2 274 0 E1 PP HA08 O1 II 5.1 274 1.1 E2 PP PP O1 III 5.1 1.1 E2 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 1.1 E2 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 1.1 E2 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 1.2 1.2 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 2.74 1.1 E2 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 2.74 1.1 E2 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 5.2 E1 </td <td>S.</td> <td>4.</td> <td></td> <td>Ш</td> <td>4.3</td> <td>274 557</td> <td>1 kg</td> <td>E1</td> <td></td> <td>PP, EX, A</td> <td>VE01</td> <td>HA08</td> <td>0</td> <td></td>	S.	4.		Ш	4.3	274 557	1 kg	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
WS II 43:44.2 274 0 E1 PP, EX.A VEOI HA08 WS III 43:44.2 274 1 E1 PP, EX.A VEOI HA08 O1 II 51 274 1 E2 PP FX.A PP O1 III 51 274 1 E2 PP PP FX.A PP O1 III 51 274 IX E2 PP PP FX.A PP FX.A FX.A PP FX.A F	Ľ,	4.3		I	4.3+4.2	274 558	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
WS III 4.34-4.2 274 0 EI PP-EX.A VE01 HA08 01 II 5.1 274 1.L E2 PP- PP- PP- 01 III 5.1 374 1.L E2 PP- PP- PP- 01 III 5.1 1.L E2 PP- PP- PP- PP- 01 III 5.1 1.L E2 PP-		4.3		п	4.3+4.2	274 558	0	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
01 II 5.1 274 1.L E2 PP PP 01 III 5.1 274 1.L E1 PP PP 01 III 5.1 274 1.K E1 PP PP 01 III 5.1 274 1.K E2 PP PP 01 III 5.1 274 1.L E2 PP PP 01 III 5.1 5.1 E1 PP PP PP 01 III 5.1 5.1 E1 PP PP PP 01 III 5.1 6.2 1.L E2 PP PP PP		4.3		Ħ	4.3+4.2	274 558	0	El		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
01 III 5.1 274 5.L EI PP PP 01 II 5.1 340 1L E2 PP PP 01 III 5.1 274 1kg E2 PP PP 02 II 5.1 274 1L E2 PP PP 01 II 5.1 274 1L E2 PP PP 01 III 5.1 274 1L E2 PP PP 02 III 5.1 274 1L E2 PP PP 01 III 5.1 274 1L E2 PP PP 01 III 5.1 270 1L E2 PP PP 01 III 5.1 270 1L E2 PP PP 01 III 5.1 274 1L E2 PP PP 01 II	4,	2.1		п	5.1	274 351	1 L	E2		Ы			0	
01 III 5.1 III EE PP PP PP 01 III 5.1 274 1 kg EE PP PP PP 02 II 5.1 274 1 kg EE PP PP PP 01 III 5.1 274 1 L EE PP PP PP 01 III 5.1 274 1 L EE PP PP PP 02 III 5.1 274 1 L EE PP PP PP 03 III 5.1 274 1 L EE PP P	4,	LΞ		Ш	5.1	274 351	2T	E1		Ы			0	
O1 III 5.1 5.L E1 PP	Ψ,			п	5.1		1 L	E2		Ы			0	
O2 II 5.1 274 1 kg E2 PP PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 274 1 L E2 PP	5	Ξ.		Ш	5.1		2 F	E1		Ы			0	
O1 II 5.1 274 1L E2 PP PP O1 III 5.1 274 1L E2 PP PP O1 II 5.1 274 1L E2 PP PP O2 III 5.1 274 1L E2 PP PP O1 III 5.1 270 1L E2 PP PP O1 III 5.1 270 1L E2 PP PP O1 III 5.1 103 5.1 E1 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 103 5.1 E1 PP PP PP	4,	5.1		П	5.1	274 349	1 kg	E2		dd			0	
O1 III 5.1 274 5.L E1 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 353 E1 PP PP PP PP O2 III 5.1 5.1 E1 PP PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 270 1.L E2 PP PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 270 5.L E1 PP	4,	1.7		П	5.1	274 350	71	E2		Ы			0	
O1 II 5.1 274 1L E2 PP PP O2 III 5.1 5kg EI PP PP O1 III 5.1 270 1L E2 PP O1 III 5.1 270 5L EI PP O1 III 5.1 103 1L E2 PP O1 III 5.1 103 5L EI PP O1 III 5.1 103 5L EI PP 2A 2.24 662 120 ml EI PP PP	v.	7		Ш	5.1	274 350	7 S	E1		Ы			0	
O2 III 5.1 5 kg E1 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 270 1L E2 PP PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 270 1L E2 PP PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 103 1L E2 PP	3	7		П	5.1	274 353	1 F	E2		Ы			0	
O1 III 5.1 70 1L E2 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 270 1L E3 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 270 5L E1 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 103 1L E2 PP PP PP O1 III 5.1 103 5L E1 PP PP PP 2A 2.24 662 120 ml E1 PP PP PP PP	4,	5.1		Ш	5.1		5 kg	E1		PP			0	
O1 II 5.1 270 1L E2 PP O1 III 5.1 511 E1 PP PP O1 II 5.1 103 1L E2 PP PP O1 III 5.1 103 5L E1 PP PP 2A 2.2 662 120 ml E1 PP PP		5.1		Ш	5.1		5 L	E1		PP			0	
O1 III 5.1 270 5.L E1 PP PP O1 II 5.1 103 1.L E2 PP PP O1 III 5.1 103 5.L E1 PP PP 2A 2.2 662 120 ml E1 PP PP PP		5.1		п	5.1	270 511	1 L	E2		Ы			0	
O1 II 5.1 103 1.L E2 PP O1 III 5.1 103 5.L E1 PP 2A 2.2 662 120 ml E1 PP PP		5.1		Ш	5.1	270 511	75	E1		Ы			0	
O1 III 5.1 103 5.L E1 PP 2A 2.2 662 120 ml E1 PP		5.1		П	5.1	103 274	11	E2		Ы			0	
2A 2.2 662 120 ml EI PP		5.1		Ш	5.1	103 274	75	E1		Ы			0	
	(2)	2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	E1		dd			0	

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			Classi-			Special	;					Provisions concerning	of blue		
	Name and description	Class	fication	Packing group	Labels	provis-	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks	
\perp	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	1 1
	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
AN Po	AMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	8	8:O	I	8	274	0	E0		PP, EP			0		
A S	AMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	∞	83 C8	п	∞	274	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0		ı
A N	AMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	8	82	Ш	∞	274	5 kg	EI	Т	PP, EP			0		
3 3	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞	C2	I	∞	274	0	E0		PP, EP			0		
8	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	8	C2	П	8	274	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0		
8	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞	C2	III	8	274	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0		
$\frac{2}{2}$	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞ ∘	Z C	П	∞ ∘	274	0	E0		PP, EP			0		
3 5	CORROSIVE SOLLD, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	0 00	Z Z	= =	0 00	274	- Kg	E2		PP, EP			0 0		
3 2	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞	92 Ce	П	0 00	274	0	EO		PP, EP			0		_
\ddot{c}	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	~	92	П	∞	274	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0		1
\mathcal{C}	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	8	9D	Ш	8	274	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0		
<u>8</u>	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞ 0	C8	I	∞ (274	0 ;	E0		PP, EP			0		
ح ک	CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	× ×	ž č	пШ	× ×	274	l Kg	E2		PP, EP			0 0		
5 5	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞ ∞	CI	П	∞ ∞	274	0	E0	Т	PP, EP			0		1
5	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞	C1	п	∞	274	1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP			0		
\mathcal{S}	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞	CI	II	∞	274	5 L	El	Т	PP, EP			0		
8	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	8	C3	I	8	274	0	E0	T	PP, EP			0		
8	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞	C3	П	8	274	1 L	E2	Τ	PP, EP			0		
000	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞ ∘	C3	⊟ -	∞ 0	274	5 L	E1	Н	PP, EP			0		
3 8	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGAINIC, N.O.S.	0 00	3 5	1 11	× ×	274	0 1	E0	- E	PP. EP			0 0		
8	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞	CS	: 1	× ×	274	5 L	EI	T	PP, EP			0		_
c_0	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	8	C7	I	8	274	0	E0	T	PP, EP			0		
8	CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	∞ 0	C7	ш	∞ 0	274	1.L	E2	Н	PP, EP			0		
SA	SAFETY DEVICES, electrically initiated	6	C./ M5	П	06	280	0	E0	-	FF, EF			0		1
PO	POLYESTER RESIN KIT	3	F3	п	3	236	5 L	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
PO	POL YESTER RESIN KIT	3	F3	Ш	ю	236	5 L	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
Σï	NITROCELLULOSE MEMBRANE FILTERS, with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass	4.1	F1	п	4.1	237	1 kg	E2		PP					
Ξ	ETHERS, N.O.S.	3	F1	II	3	274	1 L	E2	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{I}$	ETHERS, N.O.S.	3	F1	III	3	274	2 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
ES	ESTERS, N.O.S.	т	F1	п	ю	274 601	1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		_		
ES	ESTERS, N.O.S.	3	F1	Ш	3	274 601	5 L	El	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
Z	NITRILES, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3	FT1	I	3+6.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX,	VE01,		2		
J										1 (1)		- - -	_		7

Remarks	3.2.1	(13)																		
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	2	1	7	2	2	2	0	2	2	2	0	2	2	2	2	0	2	2
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)																		
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)	VE01, VE02	VE01	VE01,	VE01, VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE01,	VE01,	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A
Carriage permitted	3.2.1	(8)						T												
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E2	E2	E5	E4	E5	E4	E1	E4	ES	E4	E1	ES	E4	ES	E4	EI	ES	E4
Limited an quan	3,4	(7a)	1 L	1 L	0	100 ml	0	100 ml	2 T	100 ml	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	0	100 ml	2 T	0	100 ml
Special provis- ions	3,3	(9)	274 802	274	274 315 802	274 802	274 315 802	274 802	274 802	274 561 802	43 274 315 802	43 274 802	43 274 802	43 274 315 802	43 274 802	274 315 802	274 802	274 802	274 315 562 802	274 562 802
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	3+6.1	3+8	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+8	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	П	П	I	П	I	П	Ш	П	I	П	Ш	I	П	I	П	Ш	I	П
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	FT1	FC	TFI	TF1	T1	T1	TI	TCI	T1	T1	T1	TFI	TF1	Т3	T3	T3	Т3	Т3
Class	2.2	(3a)	3	8	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	NITRILES, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	ALCOHOLATES SOLUTION, N.O.S., in alcohol	NITRILES, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	NITRILES, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.		NITRILES, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.		CHLOROFORMATES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.		ORGANOPHOSPHORUS COMPOUND, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	ORGANOPHOSPHORUS COMPOUND, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	ORGANOPHOSPHORUS COMPOUND, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	ORGANOPHOSPHORUS COMPOUND, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	ORGANOARSENIC COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S.		ORGANOARSENIC COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S.	METAL CARBONYLS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	METAL CARBONYLS, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Or or UD No.		(1)	3273	3274	3275	3275	3276	3276	3276	3277	3278	3278	3278	3279	3279	3280	3280	3280	3281	3281

												Number	
Name and description	Class	Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provisions	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	8)	(6)	_	(11)	(12)	(13)
METAL CARBONYLS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	T3	H	6.1	274 562 802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	Т3	Ι	6.1	274 562 802	0	E5		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T3	П	6.1	274 562 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	Т3	II	6.1	274 562 802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
SELENIUM COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	Ι	6.1	274 563 802	0	E5		PP, EP			2	
SELENIUM COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	П	6.1	274 563 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
SELENIUM COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	II	6.1	274 563 802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
TELLURIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	6.1	TS	I	6.1	274 802	0	E5		PP, EP			7	
TELLURIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	П	6.1	274 802	500 g	E4		ЬР, ЕР			2	
TELLURIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	6.1	TS	Ш	6.1	274 802	5 kg	El		PP, EP			0	
VANADIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	I	6.1	274 564 802	0	E5		PP, EP			2	
VANADIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	П	6.1	274 564 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			7	
VANADIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	6.1	TS	Ш	6.1	274 564 802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3	FTC	I	3+6.1+8	274 802	0	E0	Τ	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3	FTC	П	3+6.1+8	274 802	1 L	E2	T	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
TOXIC LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T4	I	6.1	274 315 802	0	ES	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
TOXIC LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T4	П	6.1	274 802	100 ml	E4	Τ	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
TOXIC LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T4	Ш	6.1	274 802	5 L	E1	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	I	6.1	274	0	E5		dヨ'dd			2	

1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	TIMI MIS														
National Corresponder, No. 2, a 24, b 24		Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and quant	l excepted ities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	Number of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
December	т-		,	ç	,,,	000	,	,	0 1 1 0	, , ,				1,	* * * *
SOLID FORGANE, NO.3.	1	3.1.2	7.7	2.2 (3b)	(4)	5.2.2	5.5	5.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	S.I.S	(10)	7.L0	C.I.7	3.2.1
SOLID, INORGANCE, NO.S. 61 75 11 61 61 62 78 61 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 7	1	TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	Ē	6.1	274	500 g	E4	(6)	PP, EP	(OT)		2	(CT)
TONE LUGUID. CORRESTVE, INORGANICA, NO.S. 61 TC3 1 6.148 274 10 61 65 1 10 61 65 11 10 61 65 11 10 61 65 11 10 61 65 11 10 61 65 11 10 61 65 65 11 10 61 65 65 11 10 61 65 65 65 65 65 65 65	1 -	TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T5	H	6.1	274	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
140(1D) CORROSNYE, NORGANIC, NO.S. 6.1 TC3 11 6.1+8 872 100 ml E4 T T T T T T T T T		TOXIC LIQUID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TC3	Ι	6.1+8	315 802	0	E5	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
SOUID_CORRODAYE_NONGANIC_NONS. 61 TC4 1 61-18 572 62 E4 PP_EB PP_E	1 -	TOXIC LIQUID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TC3	п	6.1+8	274 802	100 ml	E4	Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
SOURD_CORRODYE_INORGANYE_NOBS.	1	TOXIC SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TC4	н	6.1+8	274	0	ES		PP, EP			2	
A. WANTEL NOSPECHEID. NO. 6 or (BIO) E. NO.S. INTERCHEID. NO. 5 or (BIO) E. NO.S. INTERCHEID. NO. 5 or (BIO) E. NO.S. INTERCHEID. NO. 5 or (BIO) A. WANTEL NOSPECHEID. NO. 5 or (BIO	1	TOXIC SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	6.1	TC4	п	6.1+8	274	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
A. A. WASTE, NOSE-OFFICIAL NO.S. of REGULATED no.	1	CLINICAL WASTE, UNSPECIFIED, N.O.S. or (BIO) MEDICAL WASTE, N.O.S. or REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE, N.O.S.	6.2	13	п	6.2	565 802	0	E0		Ы			0	
HANSE CONTAINING SODIUM, or CELLS, 4.3 W.3 4.3 2.9 0 E0 EP, EX. VED1 HANS HANSE CONTAINING SODIUM, or CELLS, 4.3 W.3 1.1 6.1 566 5.L E1 EP, EX. VED1 HANS HANSE CONTAINING SODIUM, or CELLS, 4.3 W.1 E. E. E. E. E. E. EP, EX. VED1 EP, EX.	1	CLINICAL WASTE, UNSPECIFIED, N.O.S. or (BIO) MEDICAL WASTE, N.O.S. or REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE, N.O.S., in refrigerated liquid nitrogen	6.2	I3	п	6.2 +2.2	565 802	0	E0		ЬЬ			0	
ACMENOR LOURS SOLUTION with not more of color by marked by mass of color by marked by marked by mass of color by marked by		BATTERIES, CONTAINING SODIUM, or CELLS, CONTAINING SODIUM	4.3	W3		4.3	239	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
OCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at more than 10 kPa). FI 1 3 640C 1L E2 T PP, EX.A VE01 VEOL V		HYDRAZINE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not more than 37% hydrazine, by mass	6.1	T4	Ħ	6.1	566 802	2 T	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
COARBONS, LIQUID, NO.S. 3 FI 1 3 640C 1L E2 T PP, EX.A VE01 COARBONS, LIQUID, NO.S. (vapour pressure at occhann 10 RPa) FI II 3 640D 1L E2 T PP, EX.A VE01 OCARBONS, LIQUID, NO.S. (vapour pressure at occhann 10 RPa) 3 FI III 3 640D 1L E2 T PP, EX.A VE01 OCARBONS, LIQUID, NO.S. (vapour pressure at occhanne pre		HYDROGEN CYANIDE, SOLUTION IN ALCOHOL with not more than 45% hydrogen cyanide	6.1	TF1	I	6.1+3	610 802	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
OCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at a core chan 10 kPa) FI II 3 640C 1L E2 T PP, EX, A PEDI WEDI CCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at a) con more than 10 kPa) 3 FI II 3 640D 1L E2 T PP, EX, A VEDI WEDI CCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at a) con more than 10 kPa) 3 FI III 3 662 120 ml EI T PP, EX, A VEDI WEDI FELUGROPROPARE (REFRICERANT GAS 2 2A 2.2 662 120 ml EI T PP PP FELUGROPROPARE (REFRICERANT GAS 2 2.4 2.2 662 120 ml EI PP PP EME OXIDE AND TERRAPLUORO-THANE 2 2.4 2.2 662 120 ml EI PP PP IRE with not more than 8.9% ethylene oxide 2 2.4 2.5 2.5 120 ml EI PP, EP, EX VEDI IRE with not more than 8.6% ethylene oxide 2 2.4 0		HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3	F1	I	3		500 ml	E3	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
OCARBONS, LIQUID, NO.S. (vapour pressure at low more than 110kBa) 3 640D 1L E2 T PP, EX. A VE01 P FLUOROPROPANE (REFRIGERANT GAS) 2 2A 2.2 662 120 ml E1 T PP, EX. A VE01 P FLUOROPROPANE (REFRIGERANT GAS) 2 2A 2.2 662 120 ml E1 T PP EX. A VE01 PP ENE OXIDE AND CHLOROFETHANE 2 2.2 662 120 ml E1 PP PP PP PP PP ENE OXIDE AND PENTAFLUOROF THANE 2 2.4 2.2 662 120 ml E1 PP		HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C more than 110 kPa)	3	F1	П	3	640C	1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		-1	
STATE STAT		HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	3	F1	п	т	640D	1 L	E2	Т	PP, EX, A	VE01		-	
AFECTOR AFEC	. 7	HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3	F1	Ш	3		5 L	E1	T	PP, EX, A	VE01		0	
NORO- 2 2A 2.2 662 120 ml El PP PP PP PP PP PP P	. 7	HEPTAFLUOROPROPANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 227)	2	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
ANE 2 2A 2.2 662 120 ml EI PP		ETHYLENE OXIDE AND CHLOROTETRAFLUORO- ETHANE MIXTURE with not more than 8.8% ethylene oxide	7	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	E1		PP			0	
ANE 2 2A 2.2 662 120 ml EI PP		ETHYLENE OXIDE AND PENTAFLUOROETHANE MIXTURE with not more than 7.9% ethylene oxide	7	2A		2.2	799	120 ml	E1		dd			0	
2 2TF 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, PG01, 8 CSI I 8+4.2 274 0 E2 PP, EP 6.1 TI II 6.1 TI II 6.1 PP, EP PP, EP		ETHYLENE OXIDE AND TETRAFLUOROETHANE MIXTURE with not more than 5.6% ethylene oxide	7	2A		2.2	662	120 ml	E1		ЬЬ			0	
8 CS1 I 8+4.2 274 0 E0 PP, EP PP, EP PP 8 CS1 II 8+4.2 274 0 E2 PP, EP PP PP 6.1 T1 II 6.1 802 100 ml E4 PP, EP, TOX, A VE02 PP		ETHYLENE OXIDE AND CARBON DIOXIDE MIXTURE with more than 87% ethylene oxide	2	2TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
8 CS1 II 8+4.2 274 0 E2 PP, EP PP, EP	ıΤ	CORROSIVE LIQUID, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.	∞	CS1	I	8+4.2	274	0	E0		PP, EP			0	
6.1 11 II 6.1 802 100 ml E4 PP, EP, TOX, A VE02	Г	CORROSIVE LIQUID, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.	∞ ;	CS1	п	8+4.2	274	0	E2		PP, EP	000		0	
		2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL ACKYLATE	6.1	LI	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		РР, ЕР, ТОХ, А	VE02		7	

			Gassi.										Number		
	Name and description	Class	fication	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	1 1
I	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	_	(11)	(12)	(13)	_
ŭ	COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	2	ITO		2.3+5.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
\circ	COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2	1TC		2.3+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		<u> </u>
00	COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2	1TFC		2.3+2.1+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		<u> </u>
\circ	COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2	1TOC		2.3+5.1+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A			2		1
	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	2	2TO		2.3+5.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2	2TC		2.3+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		I
	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2	2TFC		2.3+2.1+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2		
	LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2	2TOC		2.3+5.1+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A			2		l
	GAS, REFRIGERATED LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	2	30		2.2+5.1	274	0	E0		ЬЬ			0		<u> </u>
0	GAS, REFRIGERATED LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	2	3F		2.1	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1		
	ORGANIC PIGMENTS, SELF-HEATING	4.2	S2	II	4.2		0	E2		PP			0		1
\circ	ORGANIC PIGMENTS, SELF-HEATING	4.2	S2	Ш	4.2		0	E1		PP			0		
T (3)	PLASTICS MOULDING COMPOUND in dough, sheet or extruded rope form evolving flammable vapour	6	M3	Ħ	none	207 633	5 kg	EI		PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		0		
0	CHEMICAL SAMPLE, TOXIC	6.1	T8	П	6.1	250 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		l
\circ	CHEMICAL KIT or FIRST AID KIT	6	M11	п	6	251 340	See SP 251	See SP 340		ЬЬ			0		1
0	CHEMICAL KIT or FIRST AID KIT	6	M11	Ш	6	251 340	See SP 251	See SP 340		dd			0		
5 o	2-AMINO-4,6-DINITROPHENOL, WETTED with not less than 20% water, by mass	4.1	D	П	4.1		0	E0		ЬЬ			-		1
< ≅	AMMONIA SOLUTION, relative density less than 0.880 at 15 °C in water, with more than 50% ammonia	2	4TC		2.3+8	23	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2		
ZZZ	NITROGLYCERIN MIXTURE, DESENSITIZED, SOLID, N.O.S. with more than 2% but not more than 10% nitroglycerin, by mass	4.1	Q	п	4.1	272 274	0	E0		ЬЬ			0		
S II X II	SODIUM BOROHYDRIDE AND SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION, with not more than 12% sodium borohydride and not more than 40% sodium hydroxide by mass	8	S	П	8		1 L	E2		PP, EP			0		
S	SODIUM BOROHYDRIDE AND SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION, with not more than 12% sodium borohydride and not more than 40% sodium hydroxide by mass	&	ಬ	Ш	8		5 L	EI		PP, EP			0		

Limited and excepted Carriage Equipment Ventile Pertilege Pertileg	UN No.			Classi.										Number	
1.1 1.2 1.1	DNo. Name and description Class fication Packing Labels Code group	fication Packing Code group	Packing group		Lab	els	Special provis- ions	Limited and quant	d excepted tities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
Can 2.2 2.1.1.3	2.2 2.1.1.3	2.1.1.3		5.2.2	П	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	
0 E0 PP	(2)	(3b) (4)	(4)		(5)		(9)	(7a)	(7b)	8	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
0	3321 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC 7 7X ACTIVITY (LSA-II), non fissile or fissile-excepted		X	X	Χ̈́		325 336	0	E0		PP			7	
0 E0 PP	3322 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC 7 ACTIVITY (LSA-III), non fissile or fissile-excepted		X7	X7	X.		172 317 325 336	0	E0		PP			2	
0 E0 PP	3323 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE C PACKAGE, non 7 fissile excepted		X7	X7	X.	L.	172 317 325	0	E0		PP			2	
0 E0 PP	3324 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC 7 ACTIVITY (LSA-II), FISSILE		7X+;	7X+,	7X+,	7E	172 326 336	0	E0		PP			2	
0 E6 PP	3325 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC 7 ACTIVITY, (LSA-III), FISSIL.E		7X+:	7X+	7X+	7E	172 326 336	0	E0		PP			2	
0 E0 PP	3326 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, SURFACE 7 CONTAMINATED OBJECTS (SCO-I or SCO-II), HSSILE		7X+	7X+	7X+	7E	172 336	0	E0		PP			2	
0 E0 PP	RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE A PACKAGE, 7 FISSILE, non-special form		7X+7	7X+7	7X+7	Œ	172 326	0	E0		PP			2	
0 E0 PP			7X+7	7X+7	7X+7	ш	172 326 337	0	E0		PP			2	
0 E0 PP	3329 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE B(M) PACKAGE, 7 7X+7E FISSIL.E	7 7X+71	7X+71	7X+7I	7X+7I	(a)	172 326 337	0	E0		PP			2	
0 E0 PP	3330 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE C PACKAGE, 7 7X+7E FISSILE	7	7X+7	7X+7	7X+7	В	172 326	0	E0		PP			2	
0 E0 PP		7	7X+7E	7X+7E	7X+7E		172 326	0	E0		PP			2	
0 E0 PP NOT SUBJECT TO ADN NOT SUBJECT TO ADN 0 E0 PP. EX, A VE01 1L E2 PP. EX, A VE01 1L E2 PP. EX, A VE01 1L E2 PP. EX, A VE01			XZ	XL	7X		172 317	0	E0		PP			2	
NOT SUBJECT TO ADN	3333 RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE A PACKAGE, 7 7 7X+7E SPECIAL FORM, FISSILE		7X+7E	7X+7E	7X+7E		172	0	E0		PP			2	
1 E E PP. EX. A VE01 1 L E PP. EX. A VE01 1 L E PP. EX. A VE01	Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s.		M11							NOT SI	BJECT TO AI	N			
1L E2 PP.EX,A VE01 1L E2 PP.EX,A VE01	3336 Aviation regulated solid, n.o.s. 9 M11 3	MII T	-	1	"		274	0	EO	NOTES	DB EX A	VEO1		-	
1 L E2 PP, EX, A VE01	MERCAPTAN MIXTURE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. OI S F1 I I N.O.S.	1	-		n		4	Þ	Si .		FF, EA, A	v EUI		-	
1L E2 PP, EX, A		F1 II	п	II 3	ε		274 640C	1 L	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
	3336 MERCAPTANS, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. or 3 F1 II 3 MERCAPTAN MIXTURE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (vapour pressure at 50 °C not more than 110 kPa)	F1 II	п	П 3	m		274 640D	1 F	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		-	

	T	T															
Remarks	23.1	(13)															
Number of blue cones/ lights	715	(12)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	2	2
ncerning ding and																	
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	716	(11)								1							
	,	9: (6	01							+	01					01,	01,
Venti- lation	717	(10)	VE01								VE01					VE01,	VE01,
Equipment required	0 1 5	(9)	PP, EX, A	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP, EX, A	PP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A
Carriage permitted	3.7.1	(8)															
Limited and excepted quantities	3513	(Zp)	EI	B1	B1	E1	E1	E2	E1	E2	99	E0	E5	E4	B1	E0	E2
Limited ar quan	7.7	(7a)	5 L	120 ml	120 ml	120 ml	120 ml	0	0	0	0	0	0	500 g	5 kg	0	1 F
Special provis- ions	2.2	(9)	274	662	662	662	662				274 278	272 274	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802
Labels	533	(5)) E	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	7.	4.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1
Packing group	2113	(4)						П	Ш	п	1	п	I	п	Ш	Ι	п
Classi- fication Code	,,	(3b)	FI	2A	2A	2A	2A	S2	S2	S2 83	D	D	T7	T7	T7	FT2	FT2
Class	,,	(3a)	3)	2	2	2	2	4.2	4.2	4.2	7. 6	4.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	т	c
Name and description	213	(2)	MERCAPTANS, LIQUID, I MERCAPTAN MIXTURE, N.O.S.		REFRIGERANT GAS R 407A (Difluoromethane, pentafluoroethane, and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane zeotropic mixture with approximately 20% difluoromethane and 40% pentafluoroethane)	REFRIGERANT GAS R 407B (Difluoromethane, pentafluoroethane, and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane zeotropic mixture with approximately 10% difluoromethane and 70% pentafluoroethane		È	T	XANTHATES		PENTAERYTHRITE TETRANITRATE (PENTAERYTHRITOL TETRANITRATE, PETN) MIXTURE, DESENSITIZED, SOLID, N.O.S., with more than 10% but not more than 20% PETN, by mass		PHENOX Y ACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	PHENOX Y ACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, HLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C.
UN No. or ID No.		Ξ	3336	3337	3338	3339	3340	3341	3341	3342	3343	3344	3345	3345	3345	3346	3346

	П														
Remarks	3.2.1														
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	7	7	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	2	2	2	2	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6														
Venti- lation	7.1.6	VE01,	VE01,	VE01, VE02	VE02	VE02	VE02				VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01,	VE01,
Equipment required	8.1.5	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A
Carriage	3.2.1														
Limited and excepted quantities	3.5.1.2 (7b)	E5	E4	E1	E5	E4	EI	E5	E4	EI	E0	E2	ES	E4	E1
Limited and exc quantities	3.4 (7a)	0	100 ml	5 L	0	100 ml	5 L	0	500 g	5 kg	0	1 L	0	100 ml	2 T
Special provis- ions	3.3	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 648 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802	61 274 802
Labels	5.2.2	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	6.1+3	6.1+3	6.1+3
Packing group	2.1.1.3	I	П	II	Ι	П	II	Ι	Ш	II	Ι	П	I	II	III
Classi- fication Code	2.2 (3b)	TF2	TF2	TF2	T6	T6	T6	T7	T7	T7	FT2	FT2	TF2	TF2	TF2
Class	2.2 (3a)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	т	κ	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2	PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C
UN No. Or ID No.	9	3347	3347	3347	3348	3348	3348	3349	3349	3349	3350	3350	3351	3351	3351

N NI														
or			Classi-			Special	;					Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
D No.	Name and description	Class	fication Code	Packing group	Labels	provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	ities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	-	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
3352	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	6.1	T6	Ι	6.1	61 274 648 802	0	E5		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3352	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	6.1	T6	П	6.1	61 274 648 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3352	PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	6.1	T6	Ħ	6.1	61 274 648 802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3354	INSECTICIDE GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	2	2F		2.1	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
3355	INSECTICIDE GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	2	2TF		2.3+2.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
3356	П	5.1	03		5.1	284	0	E0		PP			0	
3357	NITROGLYCERIN MIXTURE, DESENSITIZED, LIQUID, N.O.S. with not more than 30% nitroglycerin, by mass	3	D	п	8	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
3358	REFRIGERATING MACHINES containing flammable, non-toxic, liquefied gas	2	6F		2.1	291	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		П	
3359		6	M11			302			o more	РР				
3360	Fibres, vegetable, dry	4.1	FI	;				Ç	NOTS	NOT SUBJECT TO ADN	NO		,	
3361	CHLOROSILANES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	6.1	ICI	=	6.1+8	274 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
3362	CHLOROSILANES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	6.1	TFC	П	6.1+3+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
3363	Dangerous goods in machinery or dangerous goods in apparatus	6	M11					NO	r SUBJECT	NOT SUBJECT TO ADN [see also 1.1.3.1 (b)]	so 1.1.3.1 (t)]		
3364	TRINITROPHENOL (PICRIC ACID) WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass	4.1	D	I	4.1		0	E0		PP			1	
3365	TRINITROCHLOROBENZENE (PICRYL CHLORIDE) WEITED with not less than 10% water, by mass	4.1	Q	Ι	4.1		0	E0		ЬР			Т	
3366	TRINITROTOLUENE (TNT), WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass	4.1	D	Ι	4.1		0	E0		PP			1	
3367	TRINITROBENZENE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass	4.1	D	I	4.1		0	E0		dd			1	
3368	TRINITROBENZOIC ACID, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass	4.1	D	I	4.1		0	E0		PP			1	
3369	SODIUM DINITRO-o-CRESOLATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass	4.1	DI	I	4.1+6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP			2	
3370	UREA NITRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass	4.1	Q	ı	4.1		0	E0		PP				
3371	2-METHYLBUTANAL	3	F1	П	3		1 T	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
3373	BIOLOGICAL SUBSTANCE, CATEGORY B BIOLOGICAL SUBSTANCE, CATEGORY B (animal	6.2	14		6.2	319	0 0	E0		PP PP			0 0	
2271		·	35		-	(33		00		A VO GA	VEOT		-	
55/4	ACETYLENE, SOLVENT FREE	7	7F		2.1	799	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		_	

(7b) (8) (9) E2 PP E2 PP
(7b) (8) E2 E2
E2 E2

													Number		
Z	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	l excepted ities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks	
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2 (3b)	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	11
TOXIC BY INHAL. N.O.S. with an LC _{St} saturated vapour con 500 LC _{st}	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 200 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC ₅₀ .	6.1	TC1 or TC3	Î I	6.1 +8	274 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02	(vv)	2	(Av.)	
TOXIC BY INHAL N.O.S. with an LC ₃ and saturated vapou	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₃₀ lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC ₃₀	6.1	TC1 or TC3	П	6.1 +8	274 802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7		
ORGANOMETAL! PYROPHORIC	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, PYROPHORIC	4.2	S5	I	4.2	274	0	E0		PP			0		l
ORGANOMETAL PYROPHORIC	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC	4.2	SS	ı	4.2	274	0	E0		PP			0		
NOMETAL HORIC, W	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, PYROPHORIC, WATER REACTIVE	4.2	SW	I	4.2 +4.3	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
NOMETAL HORIC, W	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER REACTIVE	4.2	MS	I	4.2 +4.3	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		0		
ORGANOMETAL REACTIVE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER REACTIVE	4.3	W2	I	4.3	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		
ORGANOMETAL REACTIVE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER REACTIVE	4.3	W2	п	4.3	274	500 g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		
ORGANOMETAL REACTIVE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER REACTIVE	4.3	W2	Ш	4.3	274	1 kg	EI		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		
ORGANOMETALLIC SUB: REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	4.3	WF2	I	4.3 +4.1	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08			l
ORGANOMETALLIC SUBS REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	4.3	WF2	П	4.3 +4.1	274	500 g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	-1		
ORGANOMETALLIC SUBS REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	4.3	WF2	Ш	4.3 +4.1	274	1 kg	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		
ORGANOMETALLIC SUBST REACTIVE, SELF-HEATING	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER REACTIVE, SELF-HEATING	4.3	MS	I	4.3 +4.2	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		
ORGANOMETALLIC SUBST REACTIVE, SELF-HEATING	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER REACTIVE, SELF-HEATING	4.3	MS	П	4.3 +4.2	274	500 g	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		
ORGANOMETALLIC SUBST REACTIVE, SELF-HEATING	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER REACTIVE, SELF-HEATING	4.3	MS	Ш	4.3 +4.2	274	1 kg	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		
ORGANOMETALI REACTIVE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER REACTIVE	4.3	W1	I	4.3	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		
ORGANOMETAL! REACTIVE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER REACTIVE	4.3	W1	п	4.3	274	500 ml	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		
ORGANOMETAL) REACTIVE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER REACTIVE	4.3	W1	Ш	4.3	274	1 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		
ORGANOMETALLIC SUBS REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	4.3	WF1	I	4.3 +3	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	1		
ORGANOMETALLIC SUBS REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	4.3	WF1	п	4.3 +3	274	500 ml	E2		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	-		
ORGANOMETALLIC SUBS REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	4.3	WF1	Ш	4.3 +3	274	1 L	E1		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0		
ORGANOMETAL HEATING	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, SELF- HEATING	4.2	SS	п	4.2	274	500 g	E2		PP			0		

			Ī											
or or			Classi-			Special	T. (1.00)				***************************************	Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
U No.	Name and description	Class	Code	Facking	Labels	provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	u excepted ifties	Carriage	Equipment required	venti- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
3400	ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, SELF- HEATING	4.2	S2	Ш	4.2	274	1 kg	El		ЬР			0	
3401	ALKALI METAL AMALGAM, SOLID	4.3	W2	I	4.3	182	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
3402	ALKALINE EARTH METAL AMALGAM, SOLID	4.3	W2	I	4.3	183 506	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
3403	POTASSIUM METAL ALLOYS, SOLID	4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
3404		4.3	W2	I	4.3		0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01	HA08	0	
3405	BARIUM CHLORATE SOLUTION	5.1	OT1	П	5.1+6.1	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3405	BARIUM CHLORATE SOLUTION	5.1	OT1	Ш	5.1+6.1	802	2 T	El		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3406	BARIUM PERCHLORATE SOLUTION	5.1	OTI	П	5.1+6.1	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3406	BARIUM PERCHLORATE SOLUTION	5.1	OTI	Ш	5.1+6.1	802	5 L	El		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3407	CHLORATE AND MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE MIXTURE SOLUTION	5.1	10	п	5.1		1 L	E2		PP			0	
3407	CHLORATE AND MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE MIXTURE SOLUTION	5.1	10	Ш	5.1		5 L	El		ЬЬ			0	
3408	LEAD PERCHLORATE SOLUTION	5.1	OT1	П	5.1+6.1		1 L	E2		PP, EP			2	
3408	LEAD PERCHLORATE SOLUTION	5.1	OT1	ii ii	5.1+6.1	O LO	5 L	EI		PP, EP			0	
3409	CHLORONITROBENZENES, LIQUID	6.1	Ξ	П	6.1	279 802	100 ml	4 4		РР, ЕР, ТОХ, А	VE02		7	
3410	4-CHLORO-o-TOLUIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE SOLUTION	6.1	TI.	Ш	6.1	802	2 T	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3411	beta-NAPHTHYLAMINE SOLUTION	6.1	T1	II	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3411	beta-NAPHTHYLAMINE SOLUTION	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	El		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3412	FORMIC ACID with not less than 10% but not more than 85% acid by mass	8	C3	П	8		1 L	E2	Т	PP, EP			0	
3412	FORMIC ACID with not less than 5% but less than 10% acid by mass	8	C3	Ш	8		2 T	E1	Т	PP, EP			0	
3413	POT ASSIUM CYANIDE SOLUTION	6.1	T4	I	6.1	802	0	E5		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3413	POTASSIUM CYANIDE SOLUTION	6.1	T4	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3413	POTASSIUM CYANIDE SOLUTION	6.1	T4	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3414	SODIUM CYANIDE SOLUTION	6.1	T4	Ι	6.1	802	0	ES		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3414	SODIUM CYANIDE SOLUTION	6.1	T4	II	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3414	SODIUM CYANIDE SOLUTION	6.1	T4	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3415	SODIUM FLUORIDE SOLUTION	6.1	T4	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3416	CHLOROACETOPHENONE, LIQUID	6.1	T1	П	6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3417	3417 XYLYL BROMIDE, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	0	E4		PP, EP			2	

UN No. or	4		Classi-			Special						Provisions concerning	Number of blue	
D No.	. Name and description	Class	fication Code	Packing group	Labels	provis-	Limited and excepted quantities		Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	loading, unloading and carriage	cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	-	(3a)	(3b)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
3418	2,4-TOLUYLENEDIAMINE SOLUTION	6.1	II	III	6.1	802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3419	BORON TRIFLUORIDE ACETIC ACID COMPLEX, SOLID	∞	25	п	~		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
3420	BORON TRIFLUORIDE PROPIONIC ACID COMPLEX, SOLID	8	2	П	8		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
3421		∞	CT1	п	8 +6.1	802	1 L	E2		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3421	POTASSIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION	8	CT1	Ш	8 +6.1	802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3422	POTASSIUM FLUORIDE SOLUTION	6.1	T4	III	6.1	802	2 T	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3423	TETRAMETHYLAMMONIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLID	∞	83	П	8		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
3424	AMMONIUM DINITRO -o-CRESOLATE SOLUTION	6.1	TI	П	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3424	AMMONIUM DINITRO -o-CRESOLATE SOLUTION	6.1	ΙΙ	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3425	BROMOACETIC ACID, SOLID	8	C4	П	8		1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
3426	ACRYLAMIDE SOLUTION	6.1	T1	Ш	6.1		5 L	EI	T	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3427		6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0	
3428		6.1	T2	п	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
3429	CHLOROTOLUIDINES, LIQUID	6.1	TI	Ш	6.1	802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3430	XYLENOLS, liquid	6.1	TI	ш	6.1	802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3431	m	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
3432		9	M2	П	6	305 802	1 kg	E2		PP, EP			0	
3434		6.1	ΤΙ	Ħ	6.1	802	5 L	EI		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3436		6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
3437	CHLOROCRESOLS, solid alpha-METHYLBENZYL ALCOHOL, SOLID	6.1	7.5	шШ	6.1	802	500 g 5 kg	E1 E4		PP, EP			0 2	
3439		6.1	T2	I	6.1	274 802	0	E5		PP, EP			2	
3439	NITRILES, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	П	6.1	274 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	
3439		6.1	T2	III	6.1	274 802	5 kg	E		PP, EP			0	
3440	SELENIUM COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	T4	I	6.1	274 802	0	ES		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3440	SELENIUM COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6.1	T4	П	6.1	274 802	100 ml	E4		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
3440		6.1	T4	Ш	6.1	274 802	5 L	E1		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		0	
3441	CHLORODINITROBENZENES, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	279 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2	

Column C																Г
Code Group Analysis Percontact Approximation Approximation Approximation Approximation Approximation Control Code Code Approximation Control Code Approximation Control Code Approximation Control Code Approximation Code		;		Classi- fication	Packing	,	Special	Limited an	d excepted	Carriage	Equipment	Venti-	Provisions concerning	of blue		
2.2 2.11.2 5.21.3 5.34 5.84.1 5.34 5.34.1		Name and description	Class	Code	group	Labels	provis- ions	dnan	tities	permitted	required	lation	loading, unioading and carriage	cones/ lights	Kemarks	
(2b) (4b) (4b) (4b) (7b) (7b) <th< th=""><th></th><th>3.1.2</th><th>2.2</th><th>2.2</th><th></th><th>5.2.2</th><th>3.3</th><th>3.4</th><th>3.5.1.2</th><th>3.2.1</th><th>8.1.5</th><th>7.1.6</th><th>7.1.6</th><th>7.1.5</th><th>3.2.1</th><th>Т</th></th<>		3.1.2	2.2	2.2		5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1	Т
4.1 1.1 6.1 300 6.8 1.8 PP. PP. PP.		(2)	(3a)	(3b)		(5)	(9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	1
Column C	DICHLOROA	NILINES, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	279 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
61 72 11 61 843 500g E4 PP EPP PP	DINITROBEN	ZENES, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		Τ
61 72 11 61 802 502 E4 TP EP PP 61 72 11 61 802 5002 E4 T PP EP PP 61 72 11 61 802 5002 E4 T PP EP PP 61 72 11 61 802 5002 E9 PP EP PP PP 61 72 11 61 802 60 E9 PP EP PP PP PP 61 72 11 61 802 50 E5 PP EP PP PP <td< td=""><td>NICOTINE H</td><td>Y DROCHLORIDE, SOLID</td><td>6.1</td><td>T2</td><td>П</td><td>6.1</td><td>43</td><td>500 g</td><td>E4</td><td></td><td>PP, EP</td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	NICOTINE H	Y DROCHLORIDE, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	43	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
61 72 11 61 802 500g E54 T PP EPP P 61 72 11 61 870 62 60 PP EP P P 61 72 1 61 873 0 B0 PP EP P P 61 72 1 61 873 0 B0 PP EP P <td< td=""><td>NICOTINE SI</td><td>ULPHATE, SOLID</td><td>6.1</td><td>T2</td><td>П</td><td>6.1</td><td>802</td><td>500 g</td><td>E4</td><td></td><td>PP, EP</td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td>I</td></td<>	NICOTINE SI	ULPHATE, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		I
(4) (2) (4) <td>NITROTOLU</td> <td>ENES, SOLID</td> <td>6.1</td> <td>T2</td> <td>П</td> <td>6.1</td> <td>802</td> <td>500 g</td> <td>E4</td> <td>T</td> <td>PP, EP</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td>	NITROTOLU	ENES, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4	T	PP, EP			2		
61 72 61 274 0 BO PP, EP 9 9 PP, EP 9 PP, EP 9 9 PP, EP 9 PP, EP 9 9 PP, EP 9 <td>NITROXYLE</td> <td>NES, SOLID</td> <td>6.1</td> <td>T2</td> <td>П</td> <td>6.1</td> <td>802</td> <td>500 g</td> <td>E4</td> <td></td> <td>PP, EP</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td>	NITROXYLE	NES, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
61 T2 II 61 873 0 E9 PP, EP P 61 T2 1 61 873 0 E3 PP, EP P 61 T2 1 61 872 0 E9 T PP, EP P 61 T2 II 61 802 500g E4 T PP, EP P 61 T2 II 61 802 500g E4 T PP, EP P 61 T2 III 61 802 500g E4 T PP, EP P 61 T2 III 61 802 50g E4 T PP, EP P 61 T2 III 61 802 5kg E1 T PP, EP P P 61 T2 III 61 802 5kg E1 T PP, EP P P P <t< td=""><td>TEAR GAS S</td><td>UBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.</td><td>6.1</td><td>T2</td><td>Ι</td><td>6.1</td><td>274 802</td><td>0</td><td>E0</td><td></td><td>PP, EP</td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	TEAR GAS S	UBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	Ι	6.1	274 802	0	E0		PP, EP			2		
6.1 T.2 1 6.1 138 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T.2 1.1 6.1 802 0 E9 T PP, EP P 6.1 T.2 1.1 6.1 802 50.0g E4 T PP, EP P 6.1 T.2 1.1 6.1 802 50.0g E4 T PP, EP P 6.1 T.2 1.1 6.1 802 50.0g E4 T PP, EP P 6.1 T.2 1.1 6.1 802 50.0g E4 T PP, EP P 6.1 T.2 1.1 6.1 802 50.0g E4 T PP, EP P 6.1 T.2 1.1 6.1 802 5.2g E1 PP, EP P P 6.1 T.2 1.1 6.1 802 5.2g E1 PP, EP P P	TEAR GAS S	UBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T2	П	6.1	274 802	0	E0		PP, EP			7		<u> </u>
61 T3 1 61 802 0 E0 PP EP PP 61 T2 II 61 879 500g E4 T PP EP 61 T2 II 61 802 500g E4 T PP EP 61 T2 II 61 802 500g E4 T PP EP 61 T2 II 61 802 500g E4 T PP EP 61 T2 II 61 802 500g E4 T PP EP 61 T2 III 61 802 50g E1 PP EP PP 61 T2 III 61 802 51g E1 PP EP PP 61 T2 III 61 802 50g E4 PP EP PP 61 T2 II 61 20 E3 E1 PP EP PP <t< td=""><td>BROMOBEN</td><td>IZYL CYANIDES, SOLID</td><td>6.1</td><td>T2</td><td>I</td><td>6.1</td><td>138</td><td>0</td><td>E5</td><td></td><td>PP, EP</td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	BROMOBEN	IZYL CYANIDES, SOLID	6.1	T2	I	6.1	138	0	E5		PP, EP			2		
6.1 T.2 III 6.1 279 500g E4 T PP, EP C 6.1 T.2 III 6.1 80.2 50.0g E4 PP, EP C 6.1 T.2 III 6.1 80.2 50.0g E4 T PP, EP C 6.1 T.2 III 6.1 80.2 50.0g E4 T PP, EP C 6.1 T.2 III 6.1 80.2 5.0g E1 T PP, EP C 6.1 T.2 III 6.1 80.2 5.8g E1 T PP, EP C 6.1 T.2 III 6.1 80.2 5.8g E1 PP, EP C C 6.1 T.2 III 6.1 80.2 5.8g E1 PP, EP C C C C C C C C C C C C C C <td< td=""><td>DIPHENYLO</td><td>CHLOROARSINE, SOLID</td><td>6.1</td><td>T3</td><td>I</td><td>6.1</td><td>802</td><td>0</td><td>E0</td><td></td><td>PP, EP</td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td>l</td></td<>	DIPHENYLO	CHLOROARSINE, SOLID	6.1	T3	I	6.1	802	0	E0		PP, EP			2		l
61 T2 II 61 802 500g E4 PP. EP PP. PP 61 T2 III 61 802 500g E4 T PP. EP PP PP 61 T2 II 61+8 802 500g E4 T PP. EP PP PP 61 T2 III 61+8 802 5kg E1 PP. EP PP PP 61 T2 III 61 802 5kg E1 PP. EP PP PP 61 T2 III 61 802 5kg E1 PP. EP PP PP 61 T2 III 61 802 5kg E1 PP. EP PP PP PP 61 T2 III 61 5kg E1 PP. EP PP	TOLUIDINE	SS, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	279 802	500 g	E4	Т	PP, EP			2		1
8 C2 III 8 Skg EH PP. EP PP PP <th< td=""><td>XYLIDINES, SOLID</td><td>, SOLID</td><td>6.1</td><td>T2</td><td>П</td><td>6.1</td><td>802</td><td>500 g</td><td>E4</td><td></td><td>PP, EP</td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td></td></th<>	XYLIDINES, SOLID	, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
61 T2 II 611 802 500g E4 T PP. BP 81 722 II 814 82 500g E3 T3 PP. BP PP 61 722 II 81 78 E1 TP. EP PP. EP PP 61 72 11 61 802 5 kg E1 PP. EP PP PP 61 72 11 61 802 5 kg E1 PP. EP PP PP PP 61 72 11 61 802 5 kg E1 PP. EP PP PP<	PHOSPHOR	IC ACID, SOLID	8	C2	III	8		5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0		П
61 TCZ II 61+8 802 500g E4 T PP, EP C 6.1 72 III 6.1 802 5kg E1 PP, EP C 6.1 72 III 6.1 802 5kg E1 PP, EP C 6.1 72 III 6.1 802 5kg E1 PP, EP C 6.1 72 III 6.1 802 5kg E1 PP, EP C 6.1 72 III 6.1 802 5kg E1 PP, EP C 6.1 72 802 5kg E1 PP, EP C C 6.1 72 72 802 82 E1 PP, EP C C 6.1 72 802 82 E1 PP, EP C C C 6.1 72 802 82 E1 PP, EP PP PP	DINITROTC	LUENES, SOLID	6.1	T2	П	6.1	802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
8 C2 II 8 1 kg E2 T3 PP, EP PP 6.1 72 III 6.1 279 5 kg E1 PP, EP PP, EP 6.1 72 III 6.1 802 5 kg E1 PP, EP PP, EP 6.1 72 III 6.1 274 PP, EP PP, EP PP, EP 6.1 72 1 6.1 200 E3 PP, EP PP, EP 6.1 72 1 6.1 200 E3 PP, EP PP, EP 6.1 72 1 6.1 50.9 E4 PP, EP PP, EP 6.1 72 1 5.8 E1 PP, EP PP, EP PP, EP 6.1 72 1 5.8 E1 PP, EP PP, EP PP, EP 6.1 72 1 4.3 5.0 E3 PP, EP PP, EP 6.1 72 1 <t< td=""><td>CRESOLS, SOLID</td><td>OLID</td><td>6.1</td><td>TC2</td><td>П</td><td>6.1+8</td><td>802</td><td>500 g</td><td>E4</td><td>T</td><td>PP, EP</td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td>T</td></t<>	CRESOLS, SOLID	OLID	6.1	TC2	П	6.1+8	802	500 g	E4	T	PP, EP			2		T
61 T2 III 61 802 5 kg E1 PP. EP PP. EP 61 T2 III 6.1 802 5 kg E1 PP. EP PP. EP 6.1 T2 III 6.1 802 5 kg E1 PP. EP PP. EP 6.1 T2 III 6.1 802 5 kg E1 PP. EP PP. EP 6.1 T2 II 6.1 5.0 E3 PP. EP PP. EP PP. EP 6.1 T2 II 6.1 5 kg E1 PP. EP PP. EP PP. EP 6.1 T2 II 6.1 5 kg E1 PP. EP PP. EP PP. EP 6.1 T2 II 6.1 43 5 kg E1 PP. EP PP. EP PP. EP PP. EP 6.1 T2 II 6.1 43 5 kg E1 PP. EP PP. EP PP. EP PP. EP 6.1	NITROSYLS	ULPHURIC ACID, SOLID	∞	C	П	8		1 kg	E2	Т3	PP, EP			0		Т
6.1 T2 III 6.1 802 5kg EI PP.EP PP.E	CHLORONI	TROTOLUENES, SOLID	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0		1
61 T2 III 61 802 5kg EI PP, EP A PP, EP A	NITROANIS	SOLES, SOLID	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	279 802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0		
6.1 T2 III 6.1 802 5kg EII PP. BP P PP P	NITROBRO	MOBENZENES, SOLID	6.1	T2	III	6.1	802	5 kg	El		PP, EP			0		
6.1 T2 II 6.1 210 0 6 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T2 III 6.1 210 500g E4 PP, EP P 6.1 T2 III 6.1 210 5kg E1 PP, EP P 6.1 T2 III 6.1 274 82 6.1 T2 III 6.1 43 500g E4 PP, EP P 6.1 T2 III 6.1 274 82 6.1 T3 II 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 III 6.1 274 0 PP, EP P 6.2 PP, EP P 6.3 PP, EP P 6.4 PP, EP P 6.5 PP, EP P 6.6 PP, EP P 6.7 PP, EP P 6.8 PP, EP P 6.8 PP, EP P 6.9 PP, EP P 6.9 PP, EP P 6.0 PP, EP P 6.0 PP, EP P 6.1 PP, EP P 6.1 PP, EP P 6.2 PP, EP P 6.3 PP, EP P 6.4 PP, EP P 6.5 PP, EP P 6.6 PP, EP P 6.7 PP, EP P 6.8 PP, EP P 6.8 PP, EP P 6.9 PP, EP P 6.9 PP, EP P 6.9 PP, EP P 6.0 PP, EP P 6.0 PP, EP P 6.0 PP, EP P 6.1 PP, EP P 6.1 PP, EP P 6.1 PP, EP P 6.2 PP, EP P 6.3 PP, EP P 6.4 PP, EP P 6.5 PP, EP P 6.6 PP, EP P 6.7 PP, EP P 6.8 PP, EP P 6.8 PP, EP P 6.8 PP, EP P 6.9 PP, EP P 6.0 PP, EP P 6.0 PP, EP P 6.0 PP, EP P 6.0 PP, EP P 6.1 PP, EP P 6.1 PP, EP P 6.1 PP, EP P 6.1 PP, EP P 6.2 PP, EP P 6.1 PP, EP P 6.1 PP, EP P 6.2 PP, EP P 6.2 PP, EP P 6.3 PP, EP P 6.4 PP, EP P 6.5 PP, EP P 6.6 PP, EP P 6.7 PP, EP P 6.8	N-ETHYLBI	ENZYLTOLUIDINES, SOLID	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	802	5 kg	E1		PP, EP			0		-1
6.1 T2 III 6.1 210 500g E4 PP, EP PP,	TOXINS, EXTI SOLID, N.O.S.	XTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, i.S.	6.1	13	Ι	6.1	210 274 802	0	E5		PP, EP			2		
6.1 T2 III 6.1 210 5 kg E1 PP, EP P , EP P PP, E	TOXINS, EXTI SOLID, N.O.S.	XTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, S.	6.1	T2	П	6.1	210 274 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
6.1 T2 II 6.1 43 5.00g E4 PP, EP, EX, A VEOI	TOXINS, EXTI SOLID, N.O.S.	KTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, .S.	6.1	T2	Ш	6.1	210 274 802	5 kg	EI		PP, EP			0		
6.1 T2 II 6.1 43 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T2 III 6.1 43 500 g E4 PP, EP 6.1 T2 III 6.1 43 5 kg E1 PP, EP 6.1 T3 II 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP 6.1 T3 I 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP	PROPIONIC	ACID with not less than 90% acid by mass	∞	CF1	П	8 +3		1 L	E2	T	PP, EP, EX, A	VE01		1		
6.1 T2 II 6.1 43 500 g E4 PP, EP P 6.1 T2 III 6.1 43 5 kg E1 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 I 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP P 6.1 T3 I 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP PP	ORGANOPI N.O.S.	HOSPHORUS COMPOUND, SOLID, TOXIC.		T2	I	6.1	43 274 802	0	E5		PP, EP			2		1
6.1 T2 III 6.1 43 5 kg E1 PP, EP P P PP, EP P P P	ORGANOPI N.O.S.	HOSPHORUS COMPOUND, SOLID, TOXIC,		T2	П	6.1	43 274 802	500 g	E4		PP, EP			2		
6.1 T3 I 6.1 274 0 E5 PP, EP	ORGANOPE N.O.S.	IOSPHORUS COMPOUND, SOLID, TOXIC,		T2	Ш	6.1	43 274 802	5 kg	El		PP, EP			0		
	ORGANOA	RSENIC COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	6.1	T3	I	6.1	274 802	0	ES		PP, EP			2		

	1	_	1			ı	ı	ı	1			ı	I	
Remarks	3.2.1	(13)												
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	2	0	2	2	0	2	7	0	1		-	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)												
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)									VE01	VE01	VE01	VE01
Equipment required	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A
Carriage	3.2.1	(8)									Н			
d excepted cities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E4	El	E5	E4	E1	E5	E4	E1	E0	E0	E2	EI
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4	(7a)	500 g	5 kg	0	500 g	5 kg	0	500 g	5 kg	0	0	11	5 L
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	274 802	274 802	274 562 802	274 562 802	274 562 802	274 562 802	274 562 802	274 562 802	321 356	367	367	367
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	2.1	3 + 8	3 + 8	3 +8
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	П	Ш	I	П	III	I	П	Ш		П	п	Ш
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3p)	T3	Т3	T3	T3	T3	T3	T3	T3	IF	FC	FC	FC
Class	2.2	(3a)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	2	ю	ю	ю
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	ORGANOARSENIC COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	ORGANOARSENIC COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	METAL CARBONYLS, SOLID, N.O.S	METAL CARBONYLS, SOLID, N.O.S	METAL CARBONYLS, SOLID, N.O.S	ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S	HYDROGEN IN A METAL HYDRIDE STORAGE SYSTEM OF HYDROGEN IN A METAL HYDRIDE STORAGE SYSTEM CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT OF HYDROGEN IN A METAL HYDRIDE STORAGE SYSTEM PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint thinning or reducing compound)	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint thinning or reducing compound)	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and fiquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
UN No. or ID No.		(1)	3465	3465	3466	3466	3466	3467	3467	3467	3468	3469	3469	3469

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Remarks	3.2.1	(13)											
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	(12)	1	2	0	0	-	-	0	0	1	1	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6	(11)							HA08				
Venti- lation	7.1.6	(10)	VE01			VE01		VE01	VE01		VE01	VE01	
Equipment	8.1.5	(6)	PP, EP, EX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP	PP, EP PP, EX, A	PP	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, A	PP, EX, A	PP, EX, A	ЪР
Carriage	3.2.1	(8)						T					
l excepted ities	3.5.1.2	(7b)	E2	E2	El	E1 E0	E0	E2	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4	(7a)	1L	1 L	2 T	3L 1L	0	11	500 ml or 500 g	1 L or 1 kg	120 ml	120 ml	0
Special provis- ions	3.3	(9)	163 367	802	802	328		333	328 334	328 334	328 338	328 339	188 230 310 348 376 377 636
Labels	5.2.2	(5)	8 +3	8 +6.1	8 +6.1	∞ m	4.1	es .	4.3	∞	2.1	2.1	6
Packing group	2.1.1.3	(4)	П	П	Ш	≣	I	ш					
Classi- fication Code	2.2	(3b)	CF1	CT1	CT1	3	D	FI	W3	C11	6F	6F	M4
Class	2.2	(3a)	∞	8	8	∞ m	4.1	ж	4.3	∞	2	2	6
Name and description	3.1.2	(2)	PAINT, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE (including paint thiming or reducing compound)	HYDROGENDIFLUORIDES SOLUTION, N.O.S.	HYDROGENDIFLUORIDES SOLUTION, N.O.S.	CROTONIC ACID, LIQUID FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES OF FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT OF FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT	contaming flammable liquids 1-HYDROXYBENZOTRIAZOLE MONOHYDRATE	ETHANOL AND GASOLINE MIXTURE OF ETHANOL AND MOTOR SPIRIT MIXTURE OF ETHANOL AND PETROL MIXTURE, with more than 10% ethanol	FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES OF FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT OF FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing water-reactive substances	FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES OF FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT OF FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing corrosive substances	FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES or FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT OF FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing liquefied flammable gas	FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES or FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT OF FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT, containing hydrogen in metal hydride	LITHIUM ION BATTERIES (including lithium ion polymer batteries)
UN No. or ID No.		(1)	3470	3471	3471	3473	3474	3475	3476	3477	3478	3479	3480

Remarks	3.2.1											
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	0	-	7	7	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6		HA08									
Venti- lation	7.1.6		VE01	VE01,	VE01, VE02					VE01,	VE01,	VE01,
Equipment	8.1.5	PP	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP	PP	PP	PP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A
Carriage permitted	3.2.1											
l excepted ities	3.5.1.2 (7b)	E0	E0	E0	E0	E2	EI	E2	El	E0	E0	E0
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4 (7a)	O	0	0	0	1 kg	5 kg	l kg	5 kg	0	0	0
Special provis- ions	3.3	188 230 348 360 376 377 636	182 183 506		530	314	314	314	314	274	274	274
Labels	5.2.2	<u>)</u> 6	4.3+3	6.1+3	8+3+6.1	5.1+8	5.1+8	5.1+8	5.1+8	6.1+3+8	6.1+3+8	6.1+4.3+3
Packing group	2.1.1.3		I	I	I	п	Ш	н	Ш	Ι	Ι	I
Classi- fication Code	2.2 (3b)	M4	WF1	TF1	CFT	002	00.5	002	002	TFC	TFC	TFW
Class	2.2 (3a)	6	4.3	6.1	∞	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Name and description	3.1.2	LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries)	ALKALI METAL DISPERSION, FLAMMABLE or ALKALINE EARTH METAL DISPERSION, FLAMMABLE	MOTOR FUEL ANTI-KNOCK MIXTURE, FLAMMABLE	HYDRAZINE AQUEOUS SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE with more than 37% hydrazine, by mass	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, DRY, CORROSIVE or CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE MIXTURE, DRY, CORROSIVE with more than 39% available chlorine (8.8% available oxygen)	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE MIXTURE, DRY, CORROSIVE with more than 10% but not more than 39% available chlorine	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED, CORROSIVE or CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED MIXTURE, CORROSIVE with not less than 5.5% but not more than 16% water	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED, CORROSIVE or CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED MIXTURE, CORROSIVE with not less than 5.3% but not more than 16% water	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 200 ml/m³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC ₅₀	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC ₅₀	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 200 ml/m³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC ₅₀
UN No. or ID No.	(1)	3481	3482	3483	3484	3485	3486	3487	3487	3488	3489	3490

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Remarks	3.2.1																			
Number of blue cones/ lights	7.1.5	2	7	7	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	-	7	0	7		0	0	0
Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	7.1.6 (11)																			
Venti- lation	7.1.6	VE01,	VE01,	VE01,	VE01, VE02	VE02	DN						VE01	VE02	VE02	VE01, VE02	VE01	VE02		
Equipment required	8.1.5	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	NOT SUBJECT TO ADN	PP	PP	PP, EP	ЬЬ	dd	PP, EX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	PP, EP, EX, A	PP, EP, TOX, A	PP, EP	ЬР
Carriage permitted	3.2.1		Т	L	Т		NOT													
d excepted ities	3.5.1.2 (7b)	E0	E0	E2	El	El		E2	E1	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0	E0
Limited and excepted quantities	3.4 (7a)	0	0	1 F	5 L	5 kg		0	0	1L	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5kg	0	0
Special provis- ions	3.3	274	343	343	343	279		300	300		361	274 659	274 659	274 659	274 659	274 659	274 659	366	317	372
Labels	5.2.2	6.1+4.3+3	3+6.1	3+6.1	3+6.1	8+6.1		4.2	4.2	8	6	2.2	2.1	2.2+6.1	2.2+8	2.1+6.1	2.1+8	8+6.1	∞	6
Packing group	2.1.1.3	Ì	I	п	III	III		П	Ш	П									I	
Classi- fication Code	2.2 (3b)	TFW	FTI	FT1	FT1	CT2	M11	S2	S2	CI	M11	8A	8F	ST	8C	8TF	8FC	CT3		M11
Class	2.2 (3a)	6.1	8	ю	8	∞	6	4.2	4.2	∞	6	2	7	2	7	7	2	∞	∞	6
Name and description	3.1.2	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with an LC ₉₀ lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC ₉₀	PETROLEUM SOUR CRUDE OIL, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC	PETROLEUM SOUR CRUDE OIL, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC	PETROLEUM SOUR CRUDE OIL, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC	IODINE	Batteries, nickel-metal hydride	KRILL MEAL	KRILL MEAL	IODINE MONOCHLORIDE, LIQUID	CAPACITOR, ELECTRIC DOUBLE LAYER (with an energy storage capacity greater than 0.3Wh)	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, N.O.S	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	MERCURY CONTAINED IN MANUFACTURED ARTICLES	URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE, less than 0.1 kg per package, non-fissile or fissile-excepted	CAPACITOR, ASYMMETRIC (with an energy storage capacity greater than 0.3Wh)
UN No. or ID No.	£	3491	3494	3494	3494	3495	3496	3497	3497	3498	3499	3500	3501	3502	3503	3504	3505	3506	3507	3508

0 mm 0 mm Probate Special probate Specia	UN No.														
13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15		Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and quant	d excepted ities	Carriage permitted	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
Leaved 9 Mil 9 663 0 120		3.1.2	2.2	2.2 (3b)	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
2 9F 2.1 274 0 E0 PP, EX, A VE01 2 9G 2.245.1 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX VE02 2 9G 2.245.1 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX VE02 3 9G 2.245.1 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX VE02 4 0		PACKAGING DISCARDED, EMPTY, UNCLEANED	6	M11	Ē	6	663	0	E0		PP		(**)	0	(01)
2 9A 22 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 2 9C 22.45.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 2 9C 22.45.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. EX. VE01. 2 9TC 23.45.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. EX. VE01. 2 9TC 23.45.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 2 9TC 23.45.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 2 9TC 23.45.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 2 9TC 23.45.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 3 9TC 23.45.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 4 0		ADSORBED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	2	9F		2.1	274	0	E0		PP, EX, A	VE01		1	
2 97 2.3 274 0 E0 PP EP, TOX, VEB2 NO.S. 2 97P 2.3+2.1 274 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VEB01, PP NO.S. 2 97P 2.3+2.1 274 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VEB01, PP EP, EX, VEB01, PP EP, EX, VEB02 1		ADSORBED GAS, N.O.S.	2	9A		2.2	274	0	E0		ЬР			0	
2 90 22451 274 0 E0 PP. EP. EX. VE01. 10.5. 2 9TF 2342.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. EX. VE02. 10.5. 2 9TC 2345.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 2 9TC 2345.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 2 9TC 2345.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 2 9TC 2345.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 2 9TC 2345.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 3 9TC 2345.1 274 0 E0 PP. EP. TOX. VE02 4 0		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, N.O.S.	2	9T		2.3	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		71	
NOS. 2 9TF 2.3+2.1 274 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VEOL. OS. 2 9TO 2.3+5.1 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, A VEOZ 1.0.S. 2 9TC 2.3+2.1+8 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, A VEOZ 2 9TC 2.3+2.1+8 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, A VEOZ 2 9TC 2.3+5.1+8 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, A VEOZ 2 9TC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEOZ 2 9TC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEOZ 2 9TC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEOZ 3 9TC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 9TF 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 9TF 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEOZ 2 9TC 2.3+5.1+8 0 PP, EP, EX, VEOL 1 TOX, A VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 TOX, A VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 TOX, A VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 TOX, A VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 TOX, A VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 TOX, A VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 TOX, A VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 TOX, A VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 TOX, A VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 TOX, A VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 1 TOX, A VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 4 B P, EP, TOX, VEOZ 4 B P, EP, TOX, VEOZ 4 A A A CEOZ 4 B P, EP, TOX, VEOZ 4 B P, EP, TOX V		ADSORBED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	2	06		2.2+5.1	274	0	E0		Ы			0	
O.S. 2 9TO 2.3+5.1 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	2	9TF		2.3+2.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01,		2	
10.5. 2 9TC 2.3+2.1+8 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, A VE02 2 9TPC 2.3+2.1+8 274 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VE01, VE02 2 9TPC 2.3+5.1+8 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 3 9TPC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 4 A A 5 9TPC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 5 9TPC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 6 8TPC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VE01, TOX, A 7 9TPC 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VE01, TOX, A 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VE01, TOX, A 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 8BED 2 9TPC 2.3+8 0 E0 E0 E0 E0 E0 E0 E0		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	2	9TO		2.3+5.1	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		71	
2 9TPC 2.3+2.1+8 274 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VEOI, 2 9TOC 2.3+5.1+8 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEO2 2 9TOC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEO2 2 9TOC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEO2 2 9TOC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEO2 2 9TC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEO2 3 9TC 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VEOI, TOX, A VEO2 4 A A VEO2 2 9TF 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VEOI, TOX, A VEO2 3 9TF 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VEOI, TOX, A VEO2 4 A VEO2 4 A VEO2 4 A VEO2 4 A VEO2 5 9TC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VEOI, TOX, A VEO2 5 9TC 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VEOI, TOX, A VEO2 5 9TC 2.3+2.1 0 PP, EP, EX, VEOI, TOX, A VEO2 5 9TC 2.3+2.1 0 PP, EP, EX, VEOI, TOX, A VEO2 5 9TC 2.3+2.1 0 PP, EP, EX, VEOI, TOX, A VEO2		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2	9TC		2.3+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP,TOX, A	VE02		7	
2 9TC 2.3+5.1+8 274 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 A A A A B P, EP, TOX, VE02 B P, EP, EX, VE01, TOX, A B P, EP, EX, VE01, TOX, A B P, EP, TOX, A B P, EP, EX, VE01, TOX, A B P, EP, EP, EP, EP, EP, EP, EP, EP, EP,		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2	9TFC		2.3+2.1+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
2 9TC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 2 9TOC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 2 9TC 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 2 9TF 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE01, VE02 2 9TF 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VE01, VE02 2 9TC 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VE01, VE02 2 9TC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VE01, VE02		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2	9TOC		2.3+5.1+8	274	0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		7	
2 9TOC 2.3+5.1+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 AA 2 9TC 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 PP, EP, TOX, VE01, TOX, A PP, EP, EX, VE01, TOX, A PP, EP, TOX, A PP, EP, TOX, A PED, EX, VE01, TOX, A PP, EP, EP, TOX, A<		BORON TRIFLUORIDE, ADSORBED	2	9TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2 9TC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02 2 9TF 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VE01, VE02 2 9TF 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VE01, VE02 2 9TC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, A VE02		CHLORINE, ADSORBED	2	9TOC		2.3+5.1+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2 9TF 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP.EP.EX, VE01, TOX.A VE02 TOX.A VE0		SILICON TETRAFLUORIDE, ADSORBED	2	9TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	
2 9TF 2.3+2.1 0 E0 PP, EP, EX, VE01, TOX, A VE02 TOX TOX, A VE02 TOX		ARSINE, ADSORBED	2	9TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP,EP,EX, TOX,A	VE01,		2	
2 9TC 2.3+8 0 E0 PP, EP, TOX, VE02		GERMANE, ADSORBED	2	9TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		2	
		PHOSPHORUS PENTAFLUORIDE, ADSORBED	2	9TC		2.3+8		0	E0		PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	

UN No. Or ID No.	Name and description	Class	Classi- fication Code	Packing group	Labels	Special provis- ions	Limited and excepted quantities	d excepted tities	Carriage	Equipment required	Venti- lation	Provisions concerning loading, unloading and carriage	Number of blue cones/ lights	Remarks
	3.1.2	2.2	2.2	2.1.1.3	5.2.2	3.3	3.4	3.5.1.2	3.2.1	8.1.5	7.1.6	7.1.6	7.1.5	3.2.1
(1)	(2)	(3a)	(3b)	4	(5)	9)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(6)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
3525	PHOSPHINE, ADSORBED	2	9TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
3526	HYDROGEN SELENIDE, ADSORBED	2	9TF		2.3+2.1		0	E0		PP, EP, EX, TOX, A	VE01, VE02		7	
0006	AMMONIA, DEEPLY REFRIGERATED	2	3TC		2.3+8				Т	PP, EP, TOX, A	VE02		2	Only admitted for carriage in tank vessels
9001	SUBSTANCES WITH A FLASH-POINT ABOVE 60 °C which are carried heated within a limiting range of 15K below their flash-point	е	F4		none				T	ЬР			0	Dangerous only when carried in tank vessels
9002	SUBSTANCES WITH A SELF-IGNITION TEMPERATURE OF 200 °C AND BELOW, N.O.S.	3	F5		none				Т	ЬР			0	Dangerous only when carried in tank vessels
9003	SUBSTANCES WITH A FLASH-POINT ABOVE 60°C AND NOT MORE THAN 100°C, which do not belong to another Class	6			none				T	ЬР			0	Dangerous only when carried in tank vessels
9004	DIPHENYLMETHANE-4, 4'-DIISOCYANATE	6			none				T	dd			0	Dangerous only when carried in tank vessels
9005	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S., MOLTEN	6			none				T	ЪР			0	Dangerous only when carried in tank vessels
9006	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	6			none				Т	РР			0	Dangerous only when carried in tank vessels

3.2.2 Table B: List of dangerous goods in alphabetical order

The following Table B is an alphabetical list of the substances and articles which are listed in the UN numerical order in Table A of 3.2.1. It does not form an integral part of ADN. It has been prepared, with all necessary care by the Secretariat of the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe, in order to facilitate the consultation of the annexed Regulations, but it cannot be relied upon as a substitute for the careful study and observance of the actual provisions of those annexed Regulations which, in case of conflict, are deemed to be authoritative.

- **NOTE 1:** For the purpose of determining the alphabetical order the following information has been ignored, even when it forms part of the proper shipping name: numbers; Greek letters; the abbreviations "sec" and "tert"; and the letters "N" (nitrogen), "n" (normal), "o" (ortho) "m" (meta), "p" (para) and "N.O.S." (not otherwise specified).
- **NOTE 2:** The name of a substance or article in block capital letters indicates a proper shipping name (see 3.1.2).
- **NOTE 3:** The name of a substance or article in block capital letters followed by the word "see" indicates an alternative proper shipping name or part of a proper shipping name (except for PCBs) (see 3.1.2.1).
- **NOTE 4:** An entry in lower case letters followed by the word "see" indicates that the entry is not a proper shipping name; it is a synonym.
- **NOTE 5:** Where an entry is partly in block capital letters and partly in lower case letters, the latter part is considered not to be part of the proper shipping name (see 3.1.2.1).
- **NOTE 6:** A proper shipping name may be used in the singular or plural, as appropriate, for the purposes of documentation and package marking (see 3.1.2.3).
- **NOTE 7:** For the exact determination of a proper shipping name, see 3.1.2.

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
Accumulators, electric, see	2794	8		ACROLEIN DIMER, STABILIZED	2607	3	
	2795 2800	8		ACROLEIN, STABILIZED	1092	6.1	
	3028 3292	8 4.3		ACRYLAMIDE, SOLID	2074	6.1	
ACETAL	1088	3		ACRYLAMIDE, SOLUTION	3426	6.1	
ACETALDEHYDE	1089	3		ACRYLIC ACID, STABILIZED	2218	8	
ACETALDEHYDE AMMONIA	1841	9		ACRYLONITRILE, STABILIZED	1093	3	
ACETALDEHYDE OXIME	2332	3		Actinolite, see	2212	9	
ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL	2789	8		Activated carbon, see	1362	4.2	
ACETIC ACID SOLUTION, more	2790	8		Activated charcoal, see	1362	4.2	
than 10% but not more than 80% acid, by mass				ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid	1133	3	
ACETIC ACID SOLUTION, more than 80% acid, by mass	2789	8		ADIPONITRILE	2205	6.1	
ACETIC ANHYDRIDE	1715	8		ADSORBED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3510	2	
Acetoin, see	2621	3		ADSORBED GAS, N.O.S.	3511	2	
ACETONE	1090	3		ADSORBED GAS, OXIDIZING,	3513	2	
ACETONE CYANOHYDRIN, STABILIZED	1541	6.1		N.O.S.			
ACETONE OILS	1091	3		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3516	2	
ACETONITRILE	1648	3		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE,	3517	2	
ACETYL BROMIDE	1716	8		N.O.S.			
ACETYL CHLORIDE	1717	3		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3514	2	
ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED	1001	2		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3512	2	
ACETYLENE, SOLVENT FREE	3374	2		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC,	3518		
Acetylene tetrabromide, see	2504	6.1		OXIDIZING, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3310	2	
Acetylene tetrachloride, see	1702	6.1		ADSORBED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	3515	2	
ACETYL IODIDE	1898	8		Aeroplane flares, see	0093	1	
ACETYL METHYL CARBINOL	2621	3		reroptane mares, see	0403	1	
Acid butyl phosphate, see	1718	8			0404	1	
Acid mixture, hydrofluoric and sulphuric, see	1786	8		AEROSOLS	0421 1950		
Acid mixture, nitrating acid, see	1796	8		AGENT, BLASTING,	0331	1	
Acid mixture, spent, nitrating acid, see	1826	8		TYPE B AGENT, BLASTING,	0332	1	
Acraldehyde, inhibited, see	1092	6.1		TYPE E			
ACRIDINE	2713	6.1		Air bag inflators, see	0503 3268		
 	2.13	0.1					

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
Air bag modules, see	0503	1		Alkaline corrosive battery fluid, see	2797	8	
AIR, COMPRESSED	3268 1002	9		ALKALINE EARTH METAL ALCOHOLATES, N.O.S.	3205	4.2	
Aircraft evacuation slides, see	2990	9		ALKALINE EARTH METAL ALLOY, N.O.S.	1393	4.3	
AIRCRAFT HYDRAULIC POWER UNIT FUEL TANK (containing a mixture of anhydrous hydrazine and methylhydrazine) (M86 fuel)	3165	3		ALKALINE EARTH METAL AMALGAM, LIQUID	1392	4.3	
Aircraft survival kits, see	2990	9		ALKALINE EARTH METAL AMALGAM, SOLID	3402	4.3	
AIR, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	1003	2		ALKALINE EARTH METAL DISPERSION	1391	4.3	
ALCOHOLATES SOLUTION, N.O.S., in alcohol	3274	3		ALKALINE EARTH METAL DISPERSION, FLAMMABLE	1391	4.3	
Alcohol, denaturated, see	1986 1987	3		ALKALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3140	6.1	
Alcohol, industrial, see	1986 1987	3		ALKALOIDS, SOLID, N.O.S.	1544	6.1	
ALCOHOLS, N.O.S.	1987	3		ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3140	6.1	
ALCOHOLS, FLAMMABLE, FOXIC, N.O.S.	1986	3		ALKALOID SALTS, SOLID, N.O.S.	1544	6.1	
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES, with more than 24% but not more than	3065	3		Alkyl aluminium halides, see	3394	4.2	
70% alcohol by volume				ALKYLPHENOLS, LIQUID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues)	3145	8	
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES, with more than 70% alcohol by volume	3065	3		ALKYLPHENOLS, SOLID, N.O.S. (including C ₂ -C ₁₂ homologues)	2430	8	
Aldehyde, see	1989	3		ALKYLSULPHONIC ACIDS,	2584	8	
ALDEHYDES, N.O.S.	1989	3		LIQUID with more than 5% free sulphuric acid	2304	Ü	
ALDEHYDES, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	1988	3		ALKYLSULPHONIC ACIDS,	2586	8	
ALDOL	2839	6.1		LIQUID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid			
ALKALI METAL ALCOHOLATES, SELF-HEATING, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3206	4.2		ALKYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with more than 5% free sulphuric acid	2583	8	
ALKALI METAL ALLOY, LIQUID, N.O.S.	1421	4.3		ALKYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid	2585	8	
ALKALI METAL AMALGAM, LIQUID	1389	4.3		ALKYLSULPHURIC ACIDS	2571	8	
ALKALI METAL AMALGAM, SOLID	3401	4.3		Allene, see	2200	2	
ALKALI METAL AMIDES	1390	4.3		ALLYL ACETATE	2333	3	
ALKALI METAL DISPERSION	1391	4.3		ALLYL ALCOHOL	1098	6.1	
ALKALI METAL DISPERSION,	3482	4.3		ALLYLAMINE	2334	6.1	
FLAMMABLE				ALLYL BROMIDE	1099	3	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
ALLYL CHLORIDE	1100	3		ALUMINIUM REMELTING BY-PRODUCTS	3170	4.3	
Allyl chlorocarbonate, see	1722	6.1		ALUMINIUM RESINATE	2715	4.1	
ALLYL CHLOROFORMATE	1722	6.1			1398		
ALLYL ETHYL ETHER	2335	3		ALUMINIUM SILICON POWDER, UNCOATED	1398	4.3	
ALLYL FORMATE	2336	3		ALUMINIUM SMELTING BY-PRODUCTS	3170	4.3	
ALLYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	2219	3		Amatols, see	0082	1	
ALLYL IODIDE	1723	3					
ALLYL ISOTHIOCYANATE, STABILIZED	1545	6.1		AMINES, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2733	3	
ALLYLTRICHLOROSILANE, STABILIZED	1724	8		AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2735	8	
Aluminium alkyls, see	3394	4.2		AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	2734	8	
Aluminium alkyl halides, liquid, see	3394	4.2		AMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3259	8	
Aluminium alkyl halides, solid, see	3393	4.2		Aminobenzene, see	1547	6.1	
Aluminium alkyl hydrides, see	3394	4.2		2-Aminobenzotrifluoruride, see	2942	6.1	
ALUMINIUM BOROHYDRIDE	2870	4.2		3-Aminobenzotrifluoruride, see	2948		
ALUMINIUM BOROHYDRIDE IN DEVICES	2870	4.2		Aminobutane, see	1125		
ALUMINIUM BROMIDE, ANHYDROUS	1725	8		2-AMINO-4-CHLOROPHENOL	2673	6.1	
ALUMINIUM BROMIDE SOLUTION	2580	8		2-AMINO-5- DIETHYLAMINOPENTANE	2946	6.1	
ALUMINIUM CARBIDE	1394	4.3		2-AMINO-4,6-DINITROPHENOL, WETTED with not less than 20% water, by mass	3317	4.1	
ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS	1726	8		2-(2-AMINOETHOXY) ETHANOL	3055	8	
ALUMINIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTION	2581	8		N-AMINOETHYLPIPERAZINE	2815	8	
Aluminium dross, see	3170	4.3		1-Amino-2-nitrobenzene, see	1661	6.1	
ALUMINIUM FERROSILICON POWDER	1395	4.3		1-Amino-3-nitrobenzene, see	1661	6.1	
ALUMINIUM HYDRIDE	2463	4.3		1-Amino-4-nitrobenzene, see	1661	6.1	
ALUMINIUM NITRATE	1438	5.1		AMINOPHENOLS (o-, m-, p-)	2512	6.1	
				-	2671	<i>∠</i> 1	
ALUMINIUM PHOSPHIDE	1397	4.3		AMINOPYRIDINES (o-, m-, p-)	2671	6.1	
ALUMINIUM PHOSPHIDE PESTICIDE	3048	6.1		AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS	1005	2	
ALUMINIUM POWDER, COATED	1309	4.1		AMMONIA, DEEPLY REFRIGERATED	9000	2	Admitted
ALUMINIUM POWDER, UNCOATED	1396	4.3		REFRIOERATED			only for carriage in tank vessels

AMMONIA SOLUTION, relative density between 0.880 and 0.957 at 15°C in water, with more than 10% but not more than 35% ammonia AMMONIA SOLUTION relative density less than 0.880 at 15°C in water, with more than 10% but not more than 55% ammonia AMMONIA SOLUTION, relative density less than 0.880 at 15°C in water, with some than 50% but not more than 50% ammonia AMMONIA SOLUTION, relative density less than 0.880 at 15°C in water, with more than 50% but not more than 50% ammonia AMMONIA SOLUTION, relative density less than 0.880 at 15°C in water, with more than 50% ammonia AMMONIUM NITRATE BASED AMMONIUM NITRATE BASED AMMONIUM NITRATE BASED FERTILIZER, uniform mixtures of the introgen/phosphate, nitrogen/phosphate, nitrogen/phosphate	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
AMMONIA SOLUTION, relative density less than 0.880 at 15 °C in water, with more than 50% but not more than 50% ammonia Ammonium nitrate explosive, see 0.082 1 0.331 1	density between 0.880 and 0.957 at $15\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$ in water, with more than 10%	2672	8		EMULSION, intermediate for	3375	5.1	
AMMONIUA SOLUTION, relative density less than 0.880 at 15 °C in water, with more than 50% ammonia a MMONIUM ARSENATE 1546 6.1	density less than 0.880 at 15 °C in	2073	2		EMULSION, intermediate for	3375	5.1	
AMMONIUM NITRATE BASED 2067 5.1					Ammonium nitrate explosive, see			
Ammonium bichromate, see 1439 5.1 the nitrogen/phosphate, see 2506 8 ammonium nitrate and not more than 0.4% total combustible/organic material calculated as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium his not more than 45% ammonium nitrate and unrestricted combustible material acculated as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium nitrate and unrestricted combustible material and provided as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium nitrate and unrestricted combustible material and provided as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium nitrate and unrestricted combustible material and provided as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium nitrate and unrestricted combustible material and unrestricted combustible mat	density less than 0.880 at 15 °C in	3318	2			2067	5.1	
Ammonium bifluoride solid, see 1727 8 nitrogen/potash or nitrogen/potash or nitrogen/potash or nitrogen/potash or nitrogen/potash type, containing not more than 70% ammonium bifluoride solution, see 2817 8 ammonium nitrate and not more than 0.4% total combustible/organic material calculated as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium nitrate and unrestricted combustible material AMMONIUM DICHROMATE 1439 5.1 AMMONIUM DICHROMATE 1439 5.1 AMMONIUM DINITRO-0- 1843 6.1 intermediate for blasting explosives, liquid AMMONIUM DINITRO-0- 3424 6.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE GEL, intermediate for blasting explosives, solid AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE 2854 6.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE GEL, intermediate for blasting explosives, solid AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE 2854 6.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE, LIQUID hot concentrated solution, in a concentration of more than 93% AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE 2854 6.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE, LIQUID blot concentrated solution, in a concentration of more than 93% AMMONIUM SUPPROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUD AMMONIUM PRICHOROSILICATE 2854 6.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE 3375 5.1 SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, solid AMMONIUM HYDROGEN 2506 8 Blasting explosives, solid AMMONIUM HYDROGEN 2506 8 Blasting explosives, solid AMMONIUM HYDROGEN 2506 8 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0402 1 AMMONIUM HYDROGEN 2506 8 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0402 1 AMMONIUM MITRATE 3375 5.1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0402 1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0402 1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0402 1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0402 1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0402 5.1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0404 5.1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0404 5.1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0404 5.1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0404 1.1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORA	AMMONIUM ARSENATE	1546	6.1			2071	9	
Ammonium bifluoride solution, see 2817 8 ammonium mirate and not more than a Mamonium bisulphate, see 2506 8 ammonium disulphate, see 2693 8 ammonium disulphate solution, see 2693 8 ammonium disulphate solution, see 2693 8 ammonium disulphite solution, see 2693 8 amterial calculated as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium disulphite solution, see 2693 8 amterial calculated as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium mirate and unrestricted combustible material AMMONIUM DINTRO-0- 1843 6.1 ammonium DINTRO-0- 1843 6.1 ammonium DINTRO-0- 1843 6.1 ammonium DINTRO-0- 1843 6.1 ammonium DINTRATE GEL, 1844 6.1 ammonium PILUORIUM PILUORIDE 2505 6.1 ammonium Hundrida For blasting explosives, solid ammonium hexafluorosilicate, see 2854 6.1	Ammonium bichromate, see	1439	5.1		the nitrogen/phosphate,			
Ammonium bisulphate, see 2506 8 material calculated as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium hisulphite solution, see 2693 8 material calculated as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium mitrate and unrestricted combustible material and unrestricted combustible material and more than 45% ammonium mitrate and unrestricted combustible material and more than 45% ammonium mitrate and unrestricted combustible material and monium NITRATE gel. intermediate for blasting explosives, solid and Monium NITRATE guided by a concentration of more than 80% but not more than 93% and monium num numbus material and unrestricted combustible substance. The properties of the	Ammonium bifluoride solid, see	1727	8					
Ammonium bisulphite solution, see 2693 8 not more than 45% ammonium nitrate and unrestricted combustible material AMMONIUM DICHROMATE 1439 5.1 AMMONIUM DINITRO-0- 1843 6.1 intermediate for blasting explosives, liquid AMMONIUM DINITRO-0- 3424 6.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE GEL, intermediate for blasting explosives, solid AMMONIUM FLUORIDE 2505 6.1 Solid AMMONIUM FLUORIDE 2505 6.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE, LIQUID hot concentrated solution, in a concentration of more than 80% but not more than 93% AMMONIUM FLUORIDE, SOLID AMMONIUM NITRATE, LIQUID hot concentrated solution, in a concentration of more than 80% but not more than 93% AMMONIUM SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, liquid AMMONIUM HYDROGEN 2506 8 Blasting explosives, solid AMMONIUM HYDROGEN 2506 8 Blasting explosives, solid AMMONIUM HYDROGEN 2506 8 Blasting explosives, solid AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0402 1 Ammonium hydrosulphide solution (treat as ammonium sulphide solution), see Ammonium permanganate, see 1482 5.1 AMMONIUM METAVANADATE 2859 6.1 AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE 1444 5.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE with not more than 0.2% combustible substance, sincluding any organic substance acculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substance AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE 2818 8	Ammonium bifluoride solution, see	2817	8					
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AMMONIUM DINTRO-0-CRESOLATE, SOLID AMMONIUM DINTRO-0-CRESOLATE, SOLID AMMONIUM DINTRO-0-CRESOLATE, SOLID AMMONIUM DINTRO-0-CRESOLATE, SOLUTION AMMONIUM FLUORIDE 2505 6.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE GEL, intermediate for blasting explosives, solid AMMONIUM FLUORIDE 2505 6.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE, LIQUID hot concentrated solution, in a concentration of more than 80% but not more than 93% AMMONIUM NITRATE AMMONIUM NITRATE AMMONIUM NITRATE 3375 5.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE, LIQUID hot concentrated solution, in a concentration of more than 80% but not more than 93% AMMONIUM NITRATE SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, liquid AMMONIUM NITRATE SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, liquid AMMONIUM NITRATE AMMONIUM NITRATE SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, solid AMMONIUM NITRATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE AMMONIUM PIRATE dry or wetted with less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not more than 0.2% combustible substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE 2818 8	Ammonium bisulphite solution, see	2693	8					
AMMONIUM DINITRO-o-CRESOLATE, SOLID AMMONIUM DINITRO-o-CRESOLATE, SOLUTION AMMONIUM DINITRO-o-CRESOLATE, SOLUTION AMMONIUM FLUORIDE AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE AMMONIUM PROGENDIFLUORIDE, SOLID AMMONIUM YDROGEN BOLUTION AMMONIUM HYDROGEN AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM METAVANADATE AMMONIUM METAVANADATE AMMONIUM NITRATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCH	AMMONIUM DICHROMATE	1439	5.1		AMMONIUM NITRATE GEL,	3375	5.1	
CRESOLATE, SOLUTION AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE Ammonium hexafluorosilicate, see 2854 6.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE, LIQUID hot concentrated solution, in a concentrated solution, in a concentration of more than 80% but not more than 93% AMMONIUM 1727 8 AMMONIUM NITRATE SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, liquid HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION AMMONIUM NITRATE SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, solid SULPHATE AMMONIUM HYDROGEN SULPHATE Ammonium hydrosulphide solution (treat as ammonium sulphide solution), see Ammonium PERCHLORATE Ammonium PERCHLORATE Ammonium PERCHLORATE Ammonium permanganate, see 1482 5.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE AMMONIUM METAVANADATE 2859 6.1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE dry or wetted with less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM NITRATE, its than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE 2818 8		1843	6.1		intermediate for blasting explosives,			
AMMONIUM FLUOROSILICATE 2854 6.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE, LIQUID 2426 5.1 hot concentrated solution, in a concentrated solution, in a concentration of more than 80% but not more than 93% AMMONIUM 1727 8 AMMONIUM 1727 8 AMMONIUM NITRATE 3375 5.1 SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, liquid HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION AMMONIUM HYDROGEN 2506 8 blasting explosives, solid SULPHATE AMMONIUM HYDROGEN 2683 8 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 0402 1 (treat as ammonium sulphide solution), see Ammonium permanganate, see 1482 5.1 AMMONIUM METAVANADATE 2859 6.1 AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE 1444 5.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE with not more than 0.2% combustible substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substance AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE 2818 8	CRESOLATE, SOLUTION				intermediate for blasting explosives,	3375	5.1	
Ammonium hexafluorosilicate, see 2854 6.1 concentrated solution, in a concentrated solution, in a concentration of more than 80% but not more than 93% AMMONIUM 1727 8 HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE, SOLID SUSPENSION, intermediate for SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, liquid HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION AMMONIUM NITRATE 3375 5.1 SUSPENSION, intermediate for SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, solid SULPHATE Ammonium hydrosulphide solution (treat as ammonium sulphide solution), see Ammonium permanganate, see 1482 5.1 AMMONIUM METAVANADATE 2859 6.1 AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE 1444 5.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE with not more than 0.2% combustible substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substance AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE 2818 8								
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AMMONIUM NITRATE 3375 5.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, liquid SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, liquid SUSPENSION, intermediate for SUSPENSION, intermediate for SUSPENSION, intermediate for SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, solid SULPHATE AMMONIUM HYDROGEN 2506 8 blasting explosives, solid SULPHATE Ammonium hydrosulphide solution (treat as ammonium sulphide solution), see Ammonium permanganate, see 1442 5.1 AMMONIUM METAVANADATE 2859 6.1 AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE 1444 5.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE with not 1942 5.1 mass MMONIUM NITRATE with not 1942 5.1 mass MMONIUM NITRATE, with not 1942 5.1 mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED 1310 4.1 with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED 1310 4.1 with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not with not less than 10% water, by mass	Ammonium hexafluorosilicate, see	2854	6.1					
AMMONIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE SOLUTION AMMONIUM NITRATE SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, solid SULPHATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE AMMONIUM PICRATE dry or wetted with less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass			8			3375	5.1	
SUSPENSION, intermediate for blasting explosives, solid SULPHATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 5.1 AMMONIUM METAVANADATE 2859 6.1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 1442 5.1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 1442 5.1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 1442 5.1 AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE 1442 5.1 AMMONIUM PICRATE 1444 5.1 AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED 1310 4.1 with not less than 10% water, by mass with not less than 10% water, by mass amass AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE 2818 8		2817	8					
Ammonium hydrosulphide solution (treat as ammonium sulphide solution), see Ammonium permanganate, see Ammonium p	AMMONIUM HYDROGEN	2506	8		SUSPENSION, intermediate for	3375	5.1	
Ammonium permanganate, see 1482 5.1 AMMONIUM METAVANADATE 2859 6.1 AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE 1444 5.1 AMMONIUM NITRATE 0222 1 AMMONIUM PICRATE dry or wetted with less than 10% water, by mass more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substance AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED 1310 4.1 with not less than 10% water, by mass assubstance AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED 1310 4.1 with not less than 10% water, by mass assubstance AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE 2818 8	Ammonium hydrosulphide solution	2683	8		AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE			
AMMONIUM NITRATE 0222 1 AMMONIUM PICRATE dry or wetted with less than 10% water, by mass more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substance AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED 1310 4.1 with not less than 10% water, by mass assubstance AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED 1310 4.1 with not less than 10% water, by mass assubstance AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE 2818 8					Ammonium permanganate, see	1482	5.1	
wetted with less than 10% water, by AMMONIUM NITRATE with not 1942 5.1 mass more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substance AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED 1310 4.1 with not less than 10% water, by mass assubstance AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE 2818 8	AMMONIUM METAVANADATE	2859	6.1		AMMONIUM PERSULPHATE	1444	5.1	
more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added substance AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED 1310 4.1 with not less than 10% water, by mass substance AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE 2818 8		0222	1			0004	1	
AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE 2818 8	more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any other added		5.1		AMMONIUM PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by	1310	4.1	
bobe non	substance				AMMONIUM POLYSULPHIDE SOLUTION	2818	8	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
AMMONIUM POLYVANADATE	2861	6.1		Ammunition, smoke (water-activated contrivances), white phosphorus with	0248	1	
Ammonium silicofluoride, see	2854	6.1		burster, expelling charge or propelling charge, see			
AMMONIUM SULPHIDE SOLUTION	2683	8		Ammunition, smoke (water-activated	0249	1	
	0014	1		contrivances), without white			
Ammunition, blank, see	0014	1		phosphorus or phosphides with			
	0326 0327	1 1		burster, expelling charge or propelling charge, see			
	0327	1		propering charge, see			
	0413	1		AMMUNITION, SMOKE, WHITE PHOSPHORUS with burster,	0245 0246		
Ammunition, fixed	0005	1		expelling charge or propelling charge			
Ammunition, semi-fixed	0006	1					
Ammunition, separate loading,	0007	1		Ammunition, sporting, see	0012		
see	0321	1			0328		
	0348	1			0339		
	0412	1			0417	1	
AMMUNITION, ILLUMINATING	0171	1		AMMUNITION, TEAR-	2017	6.1	
with or without burster, expelling	0254	1		PRODUCING, NON-EXPLOSIVE	2017	0.1	
charge or propelling charge	0297	1		without burster or expelling charge, non-fuzed			
AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY,	0247	1					
liquid or gel, with burster, expelling				AMMUNITION, TEAR-	0018		
charge or propelling charge				PRODUCING with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	0019 0301	1 1	
AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY	0009	1		AND GIVENON TOXAGE 14	0020	1	<i>a</i> :
with or without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	0010 0300	1 1		AMMUNITION, TOXIC with burster, expelling charge or	0020	1	Carriage prohi-
charge or propering charge	0300	1		propelling charge			bited
Ammunition, incendiary (water-	0248	1					
activated contrivances) with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge, see	0249	1		AMMUNITION, TOXIC with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	0021	1	Carriage prohi- bited
AMMINITION INCENDIADY	02.42	1		Aiti	0249	1	
AMMUNITION, INCENDIARY, WHITE PHOSPHORUS with	0243 0244	1 1		Ammunition, toxic (water-activated	0248 0249	1 1	
burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	0244	1		contrivances) with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge, see	0249	1	
propering energe				AMMUNITION, TOXIC, NON-	2016	6.1	
Ammunition, industrial, see	0275	1		EXPLOSIVE without burster or			
	0276	1		expelling charge, non-fuzed			
	0277	1					
	0278	1		Amosite, see	2212	9	
	0323 0381	1 1		Amphibole asbestos, see	2212	9	
Ammunition, lachrymatory, see	0018	1		AMYL ACETATES	1104	3	
	0019 0301	1		AMYL ACID PHOSPHATE	2819	8	
	2017	1		Amyl aldehyde, see	2058	3	
AMMUNITION, PRACTICE	0362	1					
	0488	1		AMYLAMINE	1106	3	
AMMUNITION, PROOF	0363	1		n-Amylamine, see	1106	3	
AMMUNITION, SMOKE with or	0015	1		AMYL BUTYRATES	2620	3	
without burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	0016 0303	1 1		AMYL CHLORIDE	1107	3	
				n-AMYLENE, see	1108	3	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
AMYL FORMATES	1109	3		ARGON, COMPRESSED	1006	2	
AMYL MERCAPTAN	1111	3		ARGON, REFRIGERATED	1951	2	
n-AMYL METHYL KETONE	1110	3		LIQUID	1556	<i>c</i> 1	
AMYL NITRATE	1112	3		Arsenates, n.o.s., see	1556 1557		
AMYL NITRITE	1113	3		ARSENIC	1558	6.1	
AMYLTRICHLOROSILANE	1728	8		ARSENIC ACID, LIQUID	1553	6.1	
Anaesthetic ether, see	1155	3		ARSENIC ACID, SOLID	1554	6.1	
ANILINE	1547	6.1		ARSENICAL DUST	1562	6.1	
Aniline chloride, see	1548	6.1		Arsenical flue dust, see	1562	6.1	
ANILINE HYDROCHLORIDE	1548	6.1		ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, LIQUID,	2760	3	
Aniline oil, see	1547	6.1		FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C			
Aniline salt, see	1548	6.1		ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, LIQUID,	2994	6.1	
ANISIDINES	2431	6.1		TOXIC	2002	<i>c</i> 1	
ANISOLE	2222	3		ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point	2993	6.1	
ANISOYL CHLORIDE	1729	8		not less than 23 °C	25.50	- 1	
Anthophyllite, see	2212	9		ARSENICAL PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	2759	6.1	
Antimonous chloride, see	1733	8		ARSENIC BROMIDE	1555	6.1	
ANTIMONY COMPOUND, INORGANIC, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3141	6.1		Arsenic (III) bromide, see	1555		
ANTIMONY COMPOUND, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S.	1549	6.1		Arsenic chloride, see ARSENIC COMPOUND, LIQUID,	1560 1556		
Antimony hydride, see	2676	2		N.O.S., inorganic, including: Arsenates, n.o.s., Arsenites, n.o.s.; and Arsenic sulphides, n.o.s.			
ANTIMONY LACTATE	1550	6.1		ARSENIC COMPOUND, SOLID,	1557	6.1	
Antimony (III) lactate, see	1550	6.1		N.O.S., inorganic, including: Arsenates, n.o.s.; Arsenites, n.o.s.;			
ANTIMONY PENTACHLORIDE, LIQUID	1730	8		and Arsenic sulphides, n.o.s.			
ANTIMONY PENTACHLORIDE	1731	8		Arsenic (III) oxide, see	1561	6.1	
SOLUTION ANTIMONIA PENTA EL HODIDE	1722	0		Arsenic (V) oxide, see	1559		
Antimony Pentafluoride	1732	8		Arsenic pentoxide	1559		
Antimony perchloride, liquid, see	1730	8		Arsenic sulphides, see	1556 1557		
ANTIMONY POTASSIUM TARTRATE	1551	6.1		ARSENIC TRICHLORIDE	1560	6.1	
ANTIMONY POWDER	2871	6.1		ARSENIC TRIOXIDE	1561	6.1	
ANTIMONY TRICHLORIDE	1733	8		Arsenious chloride, see	1560	6.1	
A.n.t.u., see	1651	6.1		Arsenites, n.o.s., see	1556 1557		

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Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
Arsenous chloride, see	1560	6.1		ASBESTOS, CHRYSOTILE	2590	2	
ARSINE	2188	2		Asphalt, with a flash-point above 60°C, at or above its flash-point, see	3256	3	
ARSINE, ADSORBED	3522	2		Asphalt, at or above 100 °C and	3257	9	
ARTICLES, EEI, see	0486	1		below its flash-point, see	3231	,	
ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, EXTREMELY INSENSITIVE	0486	1		Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s.	3334	9	Not subject to ADN
ARTICLES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	0349 0350	1 1		Aviation regulated solid, n.o.s.	3335	9	Not
	0350	1		Aviation regulated solid, il.o.s.	3333	9	subject to
	0352	1					ADN
	0353 0354	1		AZODICARRONAMIDE	2242	4.1	
	0354	1 1		AZODICARBONAMIDE	3242	4.1	
	0356	1		Bag charges, see	0242	1	
	0462	1			0279		
	0463	1			0414	1	
	0464 0465	1 1		Ballistite, see	0160	1	
	0466	1		Bainstite, see	0161		
	0467	1					
	0468	1		Bangalore torpedoes, see	0136		
	0469	1			0137		
	0470 0471	1 1			0138 0294		
	0471	1			0294	1	
	0172	•		BARIUM	1400	4.3	
ARTICLES, PRESSURIZED, HYDRAULIC (containing non- flammable gas)	3164	2		BARIUM ALLOYS, PYROPHORIC	1854	4.2	
ARTICLES, PRESSURIZED,	3164	2		BARIUM AZIDE, dry or wetted with less than 50% water, by mass	0224	1	
PNEUMATIC (containing non-flammable gas)				BARIUM AZIDE, WETTED with not less than 50% water, by mass	1571	4.1	
ARTICLES, PYROPHORIC	0380	1		not less than 30% water, by mass			
				Barium binoxide, see	1449	5.1	
ARTICLES, PYROTECHNIC for	0428	1		D. D. D. D. C. L. L. T. T. C. L. T. T. C. L. T. T. C. L. T. T. C. L. T.	2=10		
technical purposes	0429 0430	1 1		BARIUM BROMATE	2719	5.1	
	0430	1		BARIUM CHLORATE, SOLID	1445	5.1	
	0432	1		,			
ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS,	2584	8		BARIUM CHLORATE, SOLUTION	3405	5.1	
LIQUID with more than 5% free sulphuric acid				BARIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	1564	6.1	
ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS,	2586	8		BARIUM CYANIDE	1565	6.1	
LIQUID with not more than 5% free sulphuric acid				Barium dioxide, see	1449	5.1	
ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with more than 5% free sulphuric	2583	8		BARIUM HYPOCHLORITE with more than 22% available chlorine	2741	5.1	
acid				BARIUM NITRATE	1446	5.1	
ARYLSULPHONIC ACIDS, SOLID with not more than 5% free sulphuric		8		BARIUM OXIDE	1884	6.1	
acid				BARIUM PERCHLORATE, SOLID	1447	5.1	
ASBESTOS, AMPHIBOLE	2212	2		BARIUM PERCHLORATE, SOLUTION	3406	5.1	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
BARIUM PERMANGANATE	1448	5.1		BENZYL CHLORIDE	1738	6.1	
BARIUM PEROXIDE	1449	5.1		Benzyl chlorocarbonate, see	1739	8	
Barium selenate, see	2630	6.1		BENZYL CHLOROFORMATE	1739	8	
Barium selenite, see	2630	6.1		Benzyl cyanide, see	2470	6.1	
Barium superoxide, see	1449	5.1		BENZYLDIMETHYLAMINE	2619	8	
BATTERIES, CONTAINING SODIUM	3292	4.3		BENZYLIDENE CHLORIDE	1886	6.1	
	2029	0		BENZYL IODIDE	2653	6.1	
BATTERIES, DRY, CONTAINING POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLID, electric storage	3028	8		BERYLLIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	1566		
Batteries, nickel-metal hydride	3496	9	Not subjec		2464		
BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH	2794	8	to ADN	BERYLLIUM POWDER	1567		
ACID, electric storage	21)4	0		Bhusa	1327	4.1	Not subject to
BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ALKALI, electric storage	2795	8					ADN
BATTERIES, WET, NON-	2800	8		BICYCLO[2.2.1]HEPTA-2,5- DIENE, STABILIZED	2251	3	
SPILLABLE, electric storage	2000	0		Bifluorides, n.o.s., see	1740	8	
BATTERY FLUID, ACID	2796	8		BIOLOGICAL SUBSTANCE,	3373	6.2	
BATTERY FLUID, ALKALI	2797	8		CATEGORY B			
Battery-powered vehicle or Battery- powered equipment	3171	9	Not subject to ADN	BIOLOGICAL SUBSTANCE, CATEGORY B (animal material only)	3373	6.2	
BENZALDEHYDE	1990	9		(BIO) MEDICAL WASTE, N.O.S.	3291	6.2	
BENZENE	1114	3		BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC,	2782	3	
BENZENESULPHONYL CHLORIDE	2225	8		flash-point less than 23 °C	2016	<i>c</i> 1	
Benzenethiol, see	2337	6.1		BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	3016	6.1	
BENZIDINE	1885	6.1		BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE,	3015	6.1	
Benzol, see	1114	3		LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C			
Benzolene, see	1268	3		BIPYRIDILIUM PESTICIDE,	2781	6.1	
BENZONITRILE	2224	6.1		SOLID, TOXIC	2027	0	
BENZOQUINONE	2587	6.1		BISULPHATES, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	2837	8	
Benzosulphochloride, see	2225	8		BISULPHITES, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S.	2693	8	
BENZOTRICHLORIDE	2226	8		Bitumen, with a flash-point above	3256	3	
BENZOTRIFLUORIDE	2338	3		60 °C, at or above its flash-point, see	J _ J0	S	
BENZOYL CHLORIDE	1736	8		Bitumen, at or above 100 °C and below its flash-point, see	3257	9	
BENZYL BROMIDE	1737	6.1		BLACK POWDER, COMPRESSED	0028	1	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
BLACK POWDER, granular or as a meal	0027	1		BORON TRIFLUORIDE DIHYDRATE	2851	8	
BLACK POWDER, IN PELLETS	0028	1		BORON TRIFLUORIDE DIMETHYL ETHERATE	2965	4.3	
Blasting cap assemblies, see	0360	1					
	0361	1		BORON TRIFLUORIDE PROPIONIC ACID COMPLEX,	1743	8	
Blasting caps, electric, see	0030	1		LIQUID			
	0255	1		DODON TRUE HORIDE	2.420	0	
	0456	1		BORON TRIFLUORIDE PROPIONIC ACID COMPLEX,	3420	8	
Bleaching powder, see	2208	5.1		SOLID			
BOMBS with bursting charge	0033	1		BROMATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	1450	5.1	
	0034	1		DDOMATES INODOANIS	2212	<i>5</i> 1	
	0035 0291	1 1		BROMATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S	3213	5.1	
Bombs, illuminating, see	0254	1		BROMINE	1744	8	
_							
BOMBS, PHOTO-FLASH	0037 0038	1		BROMINE CHLORIDE	2901	2	
	0039	1		BROMINE PENTAFLUORIDE	1745	5.1	
	0299	1		BROMINE SOLUTION	1744	8	
BOMBS, SMOKE, NON-	2028	8		BROWINE SOLUTION	1/44	0	
EXPLOSIVE with corrosive liquid,				BROMINE TRIFLUORIDE	1746	5.1	
without initiating device				BROMOACETIC ACID, SOLID	3425	8	
Bombs, target identification, see	0171	1		DDOMOA CETIC A CID	1020	0	
	0254 0297	1 1		BROMOACETIC ACID, SOLUTION	1938	8	
BOMBS WITH FLAMMABLE	0399	1		BROMOACETONE	1569	6.1	
LIQUID with bursting charge	0400	1					
BOOSTERS WITH DETONATOR	0225	1		omega-Bromoacetone, see	2645	6.4	
	0268	1		BROMOACETYL BROMIDE	2513	8	
BOOSTERS without detonator	0042	1		DDOMODENZENE	2514	2	
	0283	1		BROMOBENZENE	2514	3	
Borate and chlorate mixture, see	1458	5.1		BROMOBENZYL CYANIDES, LIQUID	1694	6.1	
BORNEOL	1312	4.1					
BORON TRIBROMIDE	2692	8		BROMOBENZYL CYANIDES, SOLID	3449	6.1	
BORON TRICHLORIDE	1741	2		1-BROMOBUTANE	1126	3	
BORON TRIFLUORIDE ACETIC	1742	8		2-BROMOBUTANE	2339	3	
ACID COMPLEX, LIQUID				BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	1887	6.1	
BORON TRIFLUORIDE ACETIC	3419	8		1-BROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	2688	6.1	
ACID COMPLEX, SOLID				1-DKUNU-3-CHLUKUPKUPANE	2088	0.1	
BORON TRIFLUORIDE, ADSORBED	3519	2		1-Bromo-2,3-epoxypropane, see	2558	6.1	
	1005	•		Bromoethane, see	1891	6.1	
BORON TRIFLUORIDE	1008	2		2-BROMOETHYL ETHYL ETHER	2340	3	
BORON TRIFLUORIDE DIETHYL	2604	8					
ETHERATE				BROMOFORM	2515	6.1	
				Bromomethane, see	1062	2	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
1-BROMO-3-METHYLBUTANE	2341	3		BUTYL ACID PHOSPHATE	1718	8	
BROMOMETHYLPROPANES	2342	3		BUTYL ACRYLATES,	2348	3	
2-BROMO-2-NITROPROPANE- 1,3-DIOL	3241	4.1		STABILIZED n-Butyl alcohol, see	1120	3	
2-BROMOPENTANE	2343	3		Butyl alcohols, see	1120	3	
BROMOPROPANES	2344	3		n-BUTYLAMINE	1125	3	
3-BROMOPROPYNE	2345	3		N-BUTYLANILINE	2738	6.1	
BROMOTRIFLUOROETHYLENE	2419	2		sec-Butyl benzene, see	2709	3	
BROMOTRIFLUOROMETHANE	1009	2		BUTYLBENZENES	2709	3	
BRUCINE	1570	6.1		n-Butyl bromide, see	1126	3	
BURSTERS, explosive	0043	1		n-Butyl chloride, see	1127	3	
BUTADIENES AND	1010	2		n-BUTYL CHLOROFORMATE	2743	6.1	
HYDROCARBON MIXTURE, STABILIZED, having a vapour pressure at 70 °C not exceeding				tert-BUTYLCYCLOHEXYL CHLOROFORMATE	2747	6.1	
1.1 MPa (11 bar) and a density at 50 °C not lower than 0.525 kg/l BUTADIENE, STABILIZED,	1010	2		BUTYLENES MIXTURE or 1-BUTYLENE or CIS-2-BUTYLENE or	1012	2	
(1,2-butadiene)	1010	2		TRANS-2-BUTYLENE			
BUTADIENE, STABILIZED, (1,3-butadiene)	1010	2		1,2-BUTYLENE OXIDE, STABILIZED	3022	3	
BUTANE	1011	2		Butyl ethers, see	1149	3	
BUTANEDIONE	2346	3		Butyl ethyl ether, see	1179	3	
Butane-1-thiol, see	2347	3		n-BUTYL FORMATE	1128	3	
BUTANOLS	1120	3		tert-BUTYL HYPOCHLORITE	3255	4.2	Carriage prohi-
1-Butanol, see	1120	3					bited
Butan-2-ol, see	1120	3		N,n-BUTYLIMIDAZOLE	2690	6.1	
Butanol, secondary, see	1120	3		N,n-Butyliminazole, see	2690	6.1	
Butanol, tertiary, see	1120	3		n-BUTYL ISOCYANATE	2485	6.1	
Butanone, see	1193	3		tert-BUTYL ISOCYANATE	2484	6.1	
2-Butenal, see	1143	6.1		Butyl lithium, see	3394	4.2	
Butene, see	1012	2		BUTYL MERCAPTAN	2347	3	
Bute-1-ene-3-one, see	1251	3		n-BUTYL METHACRYLATE,	2227	3	
1,2-Buteneoxide, see	3022	3		STABILIZED BUTYL METHYL ETHER	2350	3	
2-Buten-1-ol, see	2614	3		BUTYL NITRITES	2350		
BUTYL ACETATES	1123	3		Butylphenols, liquid, see	3145		
Butyl acetate, secondary, see	1123	3		Datyrphenois, fiquid, see	3143	o	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
Butylphenols, solid, see	2430	8		CALCIUM ARSENATE AND	1574	6.1	
BUTYL PROPIONATES	1914	3		CALCIUM ARSENITE MIXTURE, SOLID			
p-tert-Butyltoluene, see	2667	6.1		Calcium bisulphite solution, see	2693	8	
BUTYLTOLUENES	2667	6.1		CALCIUM CARBIDE	1402	4.3	
BUTYLTRICHLOROSILANE	1747	8		CALCIUM CHLORATE	1452	5.1	
5-tert-BUTYL-2,4,6-TRINITRO-m-XYLENE	2956	4.1		CALCIUM CHLORATE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	2429	5.1	
BUTYL VINYL ETHER, STABILIZED	2352	3		CALCIUM CHLORITE	1453		
But-1-yne, see	2452	2		CALCIUM CYANAMIDE with more than 0.1% calcium carbide	1403	4.3	
1,4-BUTYNEDIOL	2716	6.1		CALCIUM CYANIDE	1575	6.1	
2-Butyne-1,4-diol, see	2716	6.1		CALCIUM DITHIONITE	1923	4.2	
BUTYRALDEHYDE	1129	3		CALCIUM HYDRIDE	1404	4.3	
n-Butyraldehyde, see	1129	3		CALCIUM HYDROSULPHITE, see	1923	4.2	
BUTYRALDOXIME	2840	3		CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, DRY	1748	5.1	
BUTYRIC ACID	2820	8		CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, DRY	1748	5.1	
BUTYRIC ANHYDRIDE	2739	8		with more than 39% available chlorine (8.8% available oxygen)			
Butyrone, see	2710	3		CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, DRY, CORROSIVE with more than	3485	5.1	
BUTYRONITRILE	2411	3		39% available chlorine (8.8% available oxygen)			
Butyroyl chloride, see	2353	3		CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED with not less than 5.5%	2880	5.1	
BUTYRYL CHLORIDE	2353	3		but not more than 16% water			
Cable cutters, explosive, see	0070	1		CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE,	2880	5.1	
CACODYLIC ACID	1572	6.1		HYDRATED MIXTURE with not less than 5.5% but not more than			
CADMIUM COMPOUND	2570	6.1		16% water CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE.	2407	5 1	
CAESIUM	1407	4.3		HYDRATED, CORROSIVE with not less than 5.5% but not more	3487	5.1	
CAESIUM HYDROXIDE	2682	8		than 16% water			
CAESIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	2681	8		CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED MIXTURE, CORROSIVE with not less than	3487	5.1	
CAESIUM NITRATE	1451	5.1		5.5% but not more than 16% water			
Caffeine, see	1544	6.1		CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	2208	5.1	
Cajeputene, see	2052	3		MIXTURE, DRY with more than 10% but not more than 39% available			
CALCIUM	1401	4.3		chlorine	15.00	~ -	
CALCIUM ALLOYS, PYROPHORIC	1855	4.2		CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE MIXTURE, DRY with more than 39% available chlorine (8.8%	1748	5.1	
CALCIUM ARSENATE	1573	6.1		available oxygen)			

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE MIXTURE, DRY, CORROSIVE with more than 10% but not more than 39% available chlorine	3486	5.1		CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	2991	6.1	
CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE MIXTURE, DRY, CORROSIVE	3485	5.1		CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	2757	6.1	
with more than 39% available chlorine (8.8% available oxygen)				Carbolic acid, see	1671 2312 2821	6.1	
CALCIUM MANGANESE SILICON	2844	4.3		CARBON, animal or vegetable	1361		
CALCIUM NITRATE	1454	5.1		origin			
Calcium oxide	1910	8	Not	CARBON, ACTIVATED	1362	4.2	
			subject to ADN	Carbon bisulphide, see	1131		
CALCIUM PERCHLORATE	1455	5.1		Carbon black (animal or vegetable origin), see	1361	4.2	
CALCIUM PERMANGANATE	1456	5.1		CARBON DIOXIDE	1013	2	
CALCIUM PEROXIDE	1457	5.1		Carbon dioxide and ethylene oxide	1041		
CALCIUM PHOSPHIDE	1360	4.3		mixture, see	1952 3300		
CALCIUM, PYROPHORIC	1855	4.2		CARBON DIOXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2187	2	
CALCIUM RESINATE	1313	4.1		-	1045	0	NI-4
CALCIUM RESINATE, FUSED	1314	4.1		Carbon dioxide, solid	1845	9	Not subject to ADN
Calcium selenate, see	2630	6.1		CARBON DISULPHIDE	1131	3	
CALCIUM SILICIDE	1405	4.3					
Calcium silicon, see	1405	4.3		Carbonic anhydride, see	1013 1845	9	
Calcium superoxide, see	1457	5.1			2187		
Camphanone, see	2717	4.1		CARBON MONOXIDE, COMPRESSED	1016	2	
CAMPHOR OIL	1130	3		Carbon oxysulphide, see	2204	2.3	
CAMPHOR, synthetic	2717	4.1		Carbon sulphide, see	1131	3	
CAPACITOR, ASYMMETRIC (with an energy storage capacity greater	3508	9		CARBON TETRABROMIDE	2516	6.1	
than 0.3Wh)				CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	1846	6.1	
CAPACITOR, ELECTRIC DOUBLE LAYER (with an energy	3499	9		Carbonyl chloride, see	1076	2	
storage capacity greater than 0.3 Wh)				CARBONYL FLUORIDE	2417	2	
CAPROIC ACID	2829	8		CARBONYL SULPHIDE	2204	2	
CARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	2758	3		Cartridge cases, empty, primed, see	0055 0379		
CARBAMATE PESTICIDE,	2992	6.1		Cartridges, actuating, for fire extinguisher or apparatus valve, see	0275 0276	1	
LIQUID, TOXIC					0323 0381		

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Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
Cartridges, explosive, see	0048	1		CASTOR POMACE	2969	9	
CARTRIDGES, FLASH	0049	1		CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID,	1719	8	
	0050	1		N.O.S.			
CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS	0005	1		Caustic potash, see	1814	8	
with bursting charge	0006	1			1004	0	
	0007 0321	1 1		Caustic soda, see	1824	8	
	0348	1		Caustic soda liquor, see	1824	8	
	0412	1		CELLS, CONTAINING SODIUM	3292	4.3	
CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS,	0014	1		CELES, CONTRINING SOCIONI	32)2	7.5	
BLANK	0326	1		CELLULOID in block, rods, rolls,	2000	4.1	
	0327 0338	1 1		sheets, tubes, etc., except scrap			
	0413	1		CELLULOID, SCRAP	2002	4.2	
CARTRIDGES FOR WEAPONS,	0012	1		Cement, see	1133	3	
INERT PROJECTILE	0328	1		Cement, see	1133	3	
	0339	1		CERIUM, slabs, ingots or rods	1333	4.1	
	0417	1		CERIUM, turnings or gritty powder	3078	4.3	
Cartridges, illuminating, see	0171	1					
	0254 0297	1 1		Cer mishmetall, see	1323	4.1	
	0271	1		Charcoal, activated, see	1362	4.1	
CARTRIDGES, OIL WELL	0277 0278	1 1		Charcoal, non-activated, see	1361	4.2	
	0278	1		Charcoar, non-activated, see	1301	4.2	
CARTRIDGES, POWER DEVICE	0275	1		CHARGES, BURSTING,	0457		
	0276	1		PLASTICS BONDED	0458		
	0323 0381	1 1			0459 0460		
CARTRIDGES, SIGNAL	0054 0312	1 1		CHARGES, DEMOLITION	0048	1	
	0405	1		CHARGES, DEPTH	0056	1	
CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS	0012	1		Charges, expelling, explosive, for fire	0275	1	
CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS	0339	1		extinguishers, see	0275		
	0417	1		extinguishers, see	0323		
		•			0381		
CARTRIDGES, SMALL ARMS,	0014	1		CHARGES EVEN OSINE	0.4.40	1	
BLANK or CARTRIDGES FOR	0327	1		CHARGES, EXPLOSIVE, COMMERCIAL without detonator	0442		
TOOLS, BLANK	0338	1		COMMERCIAL without detonator	0443 0444		
Cartridges, starter, jet engine, see	0275	1			0444		
Cartriages, starter, jet engine, see	0276	1			0773	1	
	0323	1		CHARGES, PROPELLING	0271	1	
	0381	1			0272		
					0415	1	
CASES, CARTRIDGE, EMPTY,	0055	1			0491	1	
WITH PRIMER	0379	1		CHADGES DRODELLING FOR	0242	1	
CASES, COMBUSTIBLE, EMPTY,	0446	1		CHARGES, PROPELLING, FOR CANNON	0242 0279		
WITHOUT PRIMER	0447	1			0414		
Casinghead gasoline, see	1203	3		CHARGES, SHAPED, FLEXIBLE,	0237	1	
	1203	J		LINEAR	0288		
CASTOR BEANS	2969	9		CHADGES SHADED:414	0050	1	
CASTOR FLAKE	2969	9		CHARGES, SHAPED, without detonator	0059 0439		
					0440	1	
CASTOR MEAL	2969	9			0441	1	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
CHARGES, SUPPLEMENTARY, EXPLOSIVE	0060	1		CHLOROACETIC ACID, MOLTEN	3250	6.1	
	2211			CHLOROACETIC ACID, SOLID	1751	6.1	
CHEMICAL KIT CHEMICAL SAMPLE, TOXIC	3316 3315	9 6.1		CHLOROACETIC ACID SOLUTION	1750	6.1	
					1.60.5	. 1	
CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, N.O.S.	3500	2		CHLOROACETONE, STABILIZED	1695	6.1	
CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3501	2		CHLOROACETOPHENONE,	2668 3416	6.1	
CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3502	2		LIQUID CHLOROACETOPHENONE, SOLID	1697	6.1	
CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3503	2		CHLOROACETYL CHLORIDE	1752	6.1	
CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE,	3504	2		CHLOROANILINES, LIQUID	2019	6.1	
FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.				CHLOROANILINES, SOLID	2018	6.1	
CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE,	3505	2		CHLOROANISIDINES	2233	6.1	
N.O.S.				CHLOROBENZENE	1134	3	
Chile saltpetre, see	1498	5.1		CHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDES	2234	3	
CHLORAL, ANHYDROUS, STABILIZED	2075	6.1		CHLOROBENZYL CHLORIDES, LIQUID	2235	6.1	
CHLORATE AND BORATE MIXTURE	1458	5.1		CHLOROBENZYL CHLORIDES, SOLID	3427	6.1	
CHLORATE AND MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE MIXTURE, SOLID	1459	5.1		1-Chloro-3-bromopropane, see	2688	6.1	
CHLORATE AND MAGNESIUM	3407	5.1		1-Chlorobutane, see	1127	3	
CHLORIDE MIXTURE, SOLUTION	3407	3.1		2-Chlorobutane, see	1127	3	
CHLORATES, INORGANIC,	1461	5.1		CHLOROBUTANES	1127	3	
N.O.S.	1401	3.1		CHLOROCRESOLS, SOLUTION	2669	6.1	
CHLORATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S.	3210	5.1		CHLOROCRESOLS, SOLID	3437	6.1	
CHLORIC ACID, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not more than 10%	2626	5.1		CHLORODIFLUORO- BROMOMETHANE	1974	2	
chloric acid				1-CHLORO-1,1-DIFLUORO-	2517	2	
CHLORINE	1017	2		ETHANE CHI ORODIEI HODOMETHANE	1010	2	
CHLORINE, ADSORBED	3520	2		CHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	1018	2	
CHLORINE PENTAFLUORIDE	2548	2		CHLORODIFLUORO- METHANE AND CHLORO-	1973	2	
CHLORINE TRIFLUORIDE	1749	2		PENTAFLUOROETHANE MIXTURE with fixed boiling point,			
CHLORITES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	1462	5.1		with approximately 49% chlorodifluoromethane			
CHLORITE SOLUTION	1908	8					
Chloroacetaldehyde, see	2232	6.1		3-Chloro-1,2-dihydroxypropane, see	2689	6.1	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
Chlorodimethyl ether, see	1239	6.1		CHLORONITROBENZENES SOLID	1578	6.1	
1-Chloro-2,2-dimethylpropane, see	1107	3		CHLORONITROTOLUENES,	2433	6.1	
CHLORODINITROBENZENES, LIQUID	1577	6.1		LIQUID	2433	0.1	
CHLORODINITROBENZENES, SOLID	3441	6.1		CHLORONITROTOLUENES, SOLID	3457	6.1	
2-CHLOROETHANAL	2232	6.1		CHLOROPENTAFLUORO- ETHANE	1020	2	
Chloroethane, see	1037	2		1-Chloropentane	1107	3	
Chloroethane nitrile, see	2668	6.1		CHLOROPHENOLATES, LIQUID	2904	8	
2-Chloroethanol, see	1135	6.1		CHLOROPHENOLATES, SOLID	2905	8	
CHLOROFORM	1888	6.1		CHLOROPHENOLS, LIQUID	2021	6.1	
CHLOROFORMATES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3277	6.1		CHLOROPHENOLS, SOLID	2020	6.1	
CHLOROFORMATES, TOXIC,	2742	6.1		CHLOROPHENYL- TRICHLOROSILANE	1753	8	
CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.				CHLOROPICRIN	1580	6.1	
Chloromethane, see	1063	2		CHLOROPICRIN AND METHYL BROMIDE MIXTURE, with more	1581	2	
1-Chloro-3-methylbutane, see	1107	3		than 2% chloropicrin			
2-Chloro-2-methylbutane, see	1107	3		CHLOROPICRIN AND METHYL CHLORIDE MIXTURE	1582	2	
CHLOROMETHYL CHLOROFORMATE	2745	6.1		CHLOROPICRIN MIXTURE, N.O.S.	1583	6.1	
Chloromethyl cyanide, see	2668	6.1		CHLOROPLATINIC ACID, SOLID	2507	8	
CHLOROMETHYL ETHYL ETHER	2354	3		CHLOROPRENE, STABILIZED	1991	3	
1-Chloro-3-methylbutane, see	1107	3		1-CHLOROPROPANE	1278	3	
1-Chloro-3-methylbutane, see	1107	3		2-CHLOROPROPANE	2356	3	
Chloromethyl methyl ether, see	1239	6.1		3-Chloro-propanediol-1,2, see	2689	6.1	
3-CHLORO-4-METHYLPHENYL ISOCYANATE, LIQUID	2236	6.1		3-CHLOROPROPANOL-1	2849	6.1	
3-CHLORO-4-METHYLPHENYL	3428	6.1		2-CHLOROPROPENE	2456	3	
ISOCYANATE, SOLID	3420	0.1		3-Chloropropene, see	1100	3	
1-Chloro-2-methylpropane, see	1127	3		3-Chloroprop-1-ene, see	1100	3	
2-Chloro-2-methylpropane, see	1127	3		2-CHLOROPROPIONIC ACID	2511	8	
3-Chloro-2-methylprop-1-ene, see	2554	3		2-CHLOROPYRIDINE	2822		
CHLORONITROANILINES	2237	6.1					
CHLORONITROBENZENES LIQUID	3409	6.1		CHLOROSILANES, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2987	8	
				CHLOROSILANES, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	2986	8	

FLAMMABILE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. CHROMIUM OXYCHLORIDE 1758 8 CHILOROSII, ANES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. 3361 6.1 CHROMIUM TRIOXIDE, ANHYDROUS 1463 5.1	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
CHILOROSILANES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	CHLOROSILANES,	2985	3		Chromium (III) nitrate, see	2720	5.1	
CHILOROSII, ANES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. CHILOROSII, ANES, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. CHILOROSII, ANES, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. CHILOROSULPHONIC ACID (with or without sulphur trioxide) CHILOROSULPHONIC ACID (with or without sulphur trioxide) CHILOROSULPHONIC ACID (with or without sulphur trioxide) CHILOROFICALIZAZ- TETERAFLUOROETHANE CHILOROTOLUENES 2238 3 COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1329 6.2 COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1326 3 COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1326 3 CHILOROTOLUDINE 1579 6.1 FLAMMABLE HYDROCHILORIDE, SOLID COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1326 3 COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1326 3 CHILOROTOLUDINES SOLUTION THE COMPANIES SOLUTION THE COMPANIES SOLUTION THE COMPANIES SOLUTION COAL TAR DISTILLATES. TIAG SAND THE COMPANIES SOLUTION THE COAL TAR DISTILLATES. TIAG SOLUTION (Includes SOLUTION INCIDUTE SOLUTION (Includes SOLUTION INCIDUTE SOLUTION INCIDUTE SOLUTION INCIDUTE SOLUTION INCIDUTE SOLUTION INCIDUTE SOLUTION INCID	N.O.S.				CHROMIUM OXYCHLORIDE	1758	8	
CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, NO.S. CHLOROSILANES, WATER- 2988 4.3 Cinene, see 2052 3 REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. CHLOROSULPHONIC ACID (with 1754 8 Cinnamole, see 2055 3 CHLOROSULPHONIC ACID (with or without sulphur trioxide) I-CHLORO-1,2,2,2- I-CHLORO-1,2,2,2- I-CHLOROTOLUENES 2238 3 CHLOROSTILANES. CHLOROTOLUENES 2238 3 COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1136 3 FLAMMABLE COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1136 3 FLAMMABLE COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1136 3 COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1136 3 COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1136 3 CHLORO-0-TOLUIDINE 1579 6.1 HYDROCHLORIDE, SOLID COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1136 3 CHLORO-0-TOLUIDINE 100 6.1 CHLORO-10LUIDINE SOLID 2239 6.1 CHLOROTOLUIDINES LIQUID 3429 6.1 CHLOROTOLUIDINES SOLID 2239 6.1 CHLOROTOLUIDINES SOLID 2239 6.1 CHLOROTOLUIDINES ALIQUID 3429 6.1 CHLOROTOLUIDINES SOLID 2239 6.1 COBALT NAPHTHENATES, 2001 4.1 COCCULUS, see 3172 6.1 2039 3 COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1136 4 COAL TAR DISTIL	CHLOROSILANES, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3361	6.1		*	1463	5.1	
CHILOROSII.ANES, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	CHLOROSILANES, TOXIC,	3362	6.1		CHROMOSULPHURIC ACID	2240	8	
REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. CHLOROSULPHONIC ACID (with 1754 8 Cinnamene, see 2055 3 2056 or without sulphur trioxide) 1-CHLORO-1,2,2,2-1021 2 UNSPECIFIED, N.O.S. CHLOROFOLUENES 2238 3 COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1136 3 4-CHLORO-0-TOLUIDINE 1579 6.1 FLAMMABLE HYDROCHLORIDE, SOLID 239 6.1 COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1136 3 1-CHROMIC PLURINES SOLID 239 6.1 COAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1136 3 1-CHROMOCETHANE COAL TAR DISTILLATES,	N.O.S.				Chrysotile, see	2590	9	
CHLOROSULPHONIC ACID (with or without sulphur trioxide) 1-CHLORO-1,2,2,2- 1-CHLORO-1,2,2,2- 1-CHLORO-TOLUIDINE 1579 6.1 1-CHLORO-TOLUIDINE 1759 6.1 1-CHLORO-TOLUIDINE 1755 8 1-CHROMIC ACID SOLUTION 1755 8 1-CHROMIC ACID SOLUTION 1757 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1758 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1758 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1758 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1758 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1758 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1758 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1758 8 1-CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 1-CHRO	CHLOROSILANES, WATER- REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE,	2988	4.3					
Or without sulphur trioxide) 1-CHLORO-1,2,2,2- 1-CHLORO-1,2,2,2- 1-CHLOROTOLUENES 2238 3 4-CHLORO-o-TOLUIDINE 1579 6.1 14-CHLORO-o-TOLUIDINE 1579 6.1 14-CHLORO-o-TOLUIDINE 1579 6.1 1570 6.1					,			
1-CHL ORO-1,2,2,2- 1021 2	CHLOROSULPHONIC ACID (with or without sulphur trioxide)	1754	8		,			
CAL TAR DISTILLATES, 1136 3	1-CHLORO-1,2,2,2- TETRAFLUOROETHANE	1021	2			3291	6.2	
A-CHLORO-o-TOLUIDINE 1579 6.1 FLAMMABLE	CHLOROTOLUENES	2238	3		COAL GAS, COMPRESSED	1023	2	
Coal tar naphtha, see 1268 3	4-CHLORO-o-TOLUIDINE HYDROCHLORIDE, SOLID	1579	6.1			1136	3	
Coal tar oil, see 1136 3 CHLOROTOLUIDINES LIQUID 3429 6.1 COATING SOLUTION (includes surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle under coating, drum or barrel lining) COBALT NAPHTHENATES, POWDER COBALT NAPHTHENATES, POWDER COBALT RESINATE, PRECIPITATED COBALT RESINATE, PRECIPITATED COCCULUS, see 3172 6.1		3410	6.1		Coal tar naphtha, see	1268	3	
Surface treatments or coatings used for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle under coating, drum or barrel lining) TRIFLUORO-2,2,2- TRIFLUOROETHANE COBALT NAPHTHENATES, 2001 4.1 COBALT RESINATE, 1318 4.1 PRECIPITATED COCculus, see 3172 6.1 AGE 6.1 AGE 7 6.1	HYDROCHLORIDE, SOLUTION	3410	0.1		Coal tar oil, see	1136	3	
CHLOROTOLUIDINES SOLID 2239 6.1 for industrial or other purposes such as vehicle under coating, drum or barrel lining)	CHLOROTOLUIDINES LIQUID	3429	6.1			1139	3	
TRIFLUOROETHANE Chlorotrifluoroethylene, see 1082 2 POWDER CHLOROTRIFLUOROMETHANE 1022 2 COBALT RESINATE, PRECIPITATED CHLOROTRIFLUOROMETHANE 2599 2 AND TRIFLUOROMETHANE 3462 6.1 approximately 60% chlorotrifluoromethane Chlorotrifluoromethane Chromic acid, solid, see 1463 5.1 Chromic anhydride, solid, see 1463 5.1 CHROMIC ACID SOLUTION 1755 8 2555 4.1 2556 4.1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE, SOLID 1756 8 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0382 1 TRAIN, N.O.S. 0383 1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1758 8 CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0382 1 TRAIN, N.O.S. 0383 1 O461 1 Chromic nitrate, see 2720 5.1 Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, 1758 8 see COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. 1956 2 Chromium (III) fluoride, solid, see 1756 8 COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. 1954 2 FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	CHLOROTOLUIDINES SOLID	2239	6.1		for industrial or other purposes such			
CHLOROTRIFLUOROMETHANE 1022 2 COBALT RESINATE, PRECIPITATED CHLOROTRIFLUOROMETHANE 2599 2 AND TRIFLUOROMETHANE 3462 6.1 AZEOTROPIC MIXTURE with approximately 60% chlorotrifluoromethane Collodion cottons, see 0340 1 Chromic acid, solid, see 1463 5.1 0342 1 Chromic ACID SOLUTION 1755 8 2555 4.1 Chromic anhydride, solid, see 1463 5.1 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0382 1 TRAIN, N.O.S. 0383 1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 Chromic nitrate, see 2720 5.1 Chromic nitrate, see 2720 5.1 Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, see 1756 8 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0382 1 TRAIN, N.O.S. 0383 1 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0382 1 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0382 1 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0384 1 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0384 1 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0384 1 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0382 1 COMPONENTS 0384	1-CHLORO-2,2,2- TRIFLUOROETHANE	1983	2		barrel lining)			
CHLOROTRIFLUOROMETHANE AND TRIFLUOROMETHANE AZEOTROPIC MIXTURE with approximately 60% chlorotrifluoromethane Cocculus, see 3172 6.1 3462 6.1 approximately 60% chlorotrifluoromethane Collodion cottons, see 0340 1 0341 1 0342 1 2059 3 CHROMIC ACID SOLUTION 1755 8 2555 4.1 2556 4.1 Chromic anhydride, solid, see 1463 5.1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE, SOLID 1756 8 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S. 0383 1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 0384 1 0461 1 Chromic nitrate, see 2720 5.1 Composition B, see 0118 1 COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. 1956 2 Chromium (III) fluoride, solid, see 1756 8 COMPRESSED GAS, 1954 2 FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	Chlorotrifluoroethylene, see	1082	2			2001	4.1	
CHLOROTRIFLUOROMETHANE 2599 2 AND TRIFLUOROMETHANE Cocculus, see 3172 6.1 AZEOTROPIC MIXTURE with approximately 60% chlorotrifluoromethane Collodion cottons, see 0340 1 Chromic acid, solid, see 1463 5.1 0341 1 Chromic ACID SOLUTION 1755 8 2555 4.1 Chromic anhydride, solid, see 1463 5.1 2556 4.1 Chromic TLUORIDE, SOLID 1756 8 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0382 1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 0384 1 Chromic nitrate, see 2720 5.1 Composition B, see 0118 1 Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, see 1758 8 COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. 1956 2 Chromium (III) fluoride, solid, see 1756 8 COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. 1954 2	CHLOROTRIFLUOROMETHANE	1022	2			1318	4.1	
AZEOTROPIC MIXTURE with approximately 60% chlorotrifluoromethane Collodion cottons, see Collodion cottons, see 3462 6.1 346	CHLOROTRIFLUOROMETHANE	2599	2					
Collodion cottons, see 0340 1 0341 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	AZEOTROPIC MIXTURE with				Cocculus, see			
Chromic acid, solid, see 1463 5.1 0342 1 2059 3 CHROMIC ACID SOLUTION 1755 8 2555 4.1 2556 4.1 Chromic anhydride, solid, see 1463 5.1 2557 4.1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE, SOLID 1756 8 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	chlorotrifluoromethane				Collodion cottons, see	0340	1	
CHROMIC ACID SOLUTION 1755 8 2555 4.1 Chromic anhydride, solid, see 1463 5.1 2556 4.1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE, SOLID 1756 8 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S. 0382 1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 0384 1 Chromic nitrate, see 2720 5.1 Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, 1758 8 see COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S. 1956 2 Chromium (III) fluoride, solid, see 1756 8 COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. 1954 2	Chromic said salid see	1462	5 1					
Chromic anhydride, solid, see 1463 5.1 2556 4.1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE, SOLID 1756 8 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S. 0382 1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 0384 1 Chromic nitrate, see 2720 5.1 Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, 1758 8 see COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. 1956 2 Chromium (III) fluoride, solid, see 1756 8 COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. 1954 2	Chronic acid, sond, see	1403	3.1					
Chromic anhydride, solid, see 1463 5.1 2557 4.1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE, SOLID 1756 8 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE TRAIN, N.O.S. 0382 1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 0384 1 Chromic nitrate, see 2720 5.1 Composition B, see 0118 1 Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, see 1758 8 8 COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. 1956 2 Chromium (III) fluoride, solid, see 1756 8 COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. 1954 2	CHROMIC ACID SOLUTION	1755	8			2555	4.1	
CHROMIC FLUORIDE, SOLID 1756 8 COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE 0382 1 TRAIN, N.O.S. 0383 1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 0384 1 Chromic nitrate, see 2720 5.1 Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, 1758 8 see COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. 1956 2 Chromium (III) fluoride, solid, see 1756 8 COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	Chromic anhydride, solid, see	1463	5.1					
TRAIN, N.O.S. 0383 1 CHROMIC FLUORIDE SOLUTION 1757 8 0384 1 O461 1 Chromic nitrate, see 2720 5.1 Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, 1758 8	CHROMIC FLUORIDE, SOLID	1756	8		COMPONENTS, EXPLOSIVE	0382	1	
Chromic nitrate, see 2720 5.1 Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, see 1758 8 COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. 1956 2 Chromium (III) fluoride, solid, see 1756 8 COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.					*	0383	1	
Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, 1758 8 8 8 COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. 1956 2 Chromium (III) fluoride, solid, see 1756 8 COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. 1954 2								
Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, 1758 8 see COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. 1956 2 Chromium (III) fluoride, solid, see 1756 8 COMPRESSED GAS, 1954 2 FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	Chromic nitrate, see	2720	5.1		Composition B, see	0118	1	
FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	Chromium (VI) dichloride dioxide, see	1758	8		-	1956	2	
	Chromium (III) fluoride, solid, see	1756	8			1954	2	
CHAOMICH TATACHE 2/20 J.1	CHROMIUM NITRATE	2720	5.1		FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.			

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
COMPRESSED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	3156	2		CORD, DETONATING, MILD EFFECT, metal clad	0104	1	
COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, N.O.S.	1955	2		CORD, IGNITER	0066	1	
COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3304	2		Cordite, see	0160 0161		
COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	1953	2		CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC,	1760 3264		
COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3305	2		INORGANIC, N.O.S. CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	3265	8	
COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	3303	2		CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3266	8	
COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3306	2		CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	3267	8	
CONTRIVANCES, WATER- ACTIVATED with burster, expelling charge or propelling charge	0248 0249	1 1		CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	2920	8	
COPPER ACETOARSENITE	1585	6.1		CORROSIVE LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	3093	8	
COPPER ARSENITE	1586	6.1		CORROSIVE LIQUID, SELF- HEATING, N.O.S.	3301	8	
Copper (II) arsenite, see	1586	6.1		CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC,	2922	8	
COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	2776	3		N.O.S. CORROSIVE LIQUID, WATER-	3094		
COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	3010	6.1		REACTIVE, N.O.S. CORROSIVE SOLID, N.O.S.	1759		
COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE,	3009	6.1		CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3260	8	
flash-point not less than 23 °C COPPER BASED PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	2775	6.1		CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	3261	8	
COPPER CHLORATE	2721	5.1		CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3262	8	
Copper (II) chlorate, see	2721	5.1		CORROSIVE SOLID, BASIC,	3263	8	
COPPER CHLORIDE	2802	8		ORGANIC, N.O.S.			
COPPER CYANIDE	1587	6.1		CORROSIVE SOLID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	2921	8	
Copper selenate, see	2630	6.1		CORROSIVE SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	3084	8	
Copper selenite, see	2630	6.1		CORROSIVE SOLID, SELF-	3095	8	
COPRA	1363	4.2		HEATING, N.O.S.	3073	J	
CORD, DETONATING, flexible	0065 0289	1 1		CORROSIVE SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	2923	8	
CORD, DETONATING, metal clad	0102 0290	1 1		CORROSIVE SOLID, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.	3096	8	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
COTTON WASTE, OILY	1364	4.2		CUTTERS, CABLE, EXPLOSIVE	0070	1	
COTTON, WET	1365	4.2		CYANIDE SOLUTION, N.O.S.	1935	6.1	
COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point	3024	3		CYANIDES, INORGANIC, SOLID, N.O.S.	1588	6.1	
less than 23 °C COUMARIN DERIVATIVE	3026	6.1		Cyanides, organic, flammable, toxic, n.o.s., see	3273	3	
PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC				Cyanides, organic, toxic, n.o.s., see	3276 3439	6.1 6.1	
COUMARIN DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	3025	6.1		Cyanides, organic, toxic, flammable, n.o.s., see	3275	6.1	
COUMARIN DERIVATIVE	3027	6.1		Cyanoacetonitrile, see	2647	6.1	
PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC				CYANOGEN	1026	2	
Creosote, see	2810	6.1		CYANOGEN BROMIDE	1889	6.1	
Creosote salts, see	1334	4.1		CYANOGEN CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	1589	2	
CRESOLS, LIQUID	2076	6.1		CYANURIC CHLORIDE	2670	8	
CRESOLS, SOLID	3455	6.1		CYCLOBUTANE	2601	2	
CRESYLIC ACID	2022	6.1		CYCLOBUTYL	2744	6.1	
Crocidolite, see	2212	9		CHLOROFORMATE			
CROTONALDEHYDE	1143	6.1		1,5,9-CYCLODODECATRIENE	2518		
CROTONALDEHYDE, STABILIZED	1143	6.1		CYCLOHEPTANE	2241	3	
CROTONIC ACID, LIQUID	3472	8		CYCLOHEPTATRIENE	2603	3	
CROTONIC ACID, SOLID	2823	8		1,3,5-Cycloheptatriene, see	2603	3	
Crotonic aldehyde / Crotonic	1143	6.1		CYCLOHEPTENE	2242	3	
aldehyde, stabilized, see				1,4-Cyclohexadienedione, see	2587	6.1	
CROTONYLENE	1144	3		CYCLOHEXANE	1145	3	
Crude naphtha, see	1268	3		Cyclehexanethiol, see	3054	3	
Cumene, see	1918	3		CYCLOHEXANONE	1915	3	
Cupric chlorate, see	2721	5.1		CYCLOHEXENE	2256	3	
CUPRIETHYLENEDIAMINE SOLUTION	1761	8		CYCLOHEXENYLTRI- CHLOROSILANE	1762	8	
Cutback bitumen, with a flash-point	1999	3		CYCLOHEXYL ACETATE	2243	3	
not greater than 60 °C, see	2056	2		CYCLOHEXYLAMINE	2357	8	
Cutback bitumen, with a flash-point above 60 °C, at or above its flash-point, see	3256	3		CYCLOHEXYL ISOCYANATE	2488	6.1	
Cutback bitumen, at or above 100 °C	3257	9		CYCLOHEXYL MERCAPTAN	3054	3	
and below its flash-point, see	3431	J		CYCLOHEXYLTRI- CHLOROSILANE	1763	8	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
CYCLONITE AND	0391	1		Deanol, see	2051	8	
CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE- TETRANITRAMINE MIXTURE, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass or DESENSITIZED with not less than 10% phlegmatiser by mass, see				Dangerous goods in machinery or dangerous goods in apparatus	3363	9	Not subject to ADN (see also 1.1.3.1 (b))
				DECABORANE	1868	4.1	(0))
CYCLONITE, DESENSITIZED, see	0483	1		DECAHYDRONAPHTHALENE	1147	3	
CYCLONITE, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass, see	0072	1		Decalin, see	1147	3	
CYCLOOCTADIENES	2520	3		n-DECANE	2247	3	
CYCLOOCTADIENE PHOSPHINES, see	2940	4.2		DEFLAGRATING METAL SALTS OF AROMATIC NITRODERIVATIVES, N.O.S.	0132	1	
CYCLOOCTATETRAENE	2358	3		Depth charge, see	0056	1	
CYCLOPENTANE	1146	3		DESENSITIZED EXPLOSIVE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3379	3	
CYCLOPENTANOL	2244	3		DESENSITIZED EXPLOSIVE,	3380	4.1	
CYCLOPENTANONE	2245	3		SOLID, N.O.S.			
CYCLOPENTENE	2246	3		Detonating relays, see	0029 0267		
CYCLOPROPANE	1027	2			0360 0361	1	
CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE- TETRANITRAMINE, DESENSITIZED	0484	1			0455 0500	1 1	
CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE- TETRANITRAMINE, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by	0226	1		DETONATOR ASSEMBLIES, NON-ELECTRIC for blasting	0360 0361 0500	1 1	
mass				DETONATORS FOR AMMUNITION	0073 0364		
CYCLOTRIMETHYLENE- TRINITRAMINE AND	0391	1			0365 0366		
CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE- TETRANITRAMINE MIXTURE, DESENSITIZED with not less than				DETONATORS, ELECTRIC for blasting	0030 0255 0456	1	
10% phlegmatiser by mass				DETONATORS MON ELECTRIC			
CYCLOTRIMETHYLENE- TRINITRAMINE AND	0391	1		DETONATORS, NON-ELECTRIC for blasting	0029 0267	1	
CYCLOTETRAMETHYLENE- TETRANITRAMINE MIXTURE,				DELITERHIM COMPRESSED	0455		
WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass				DEUTERIUM, COMPRESSED	1957		
CYCLOTRIMETHYLENE- TRINITRAMINE, DESENSITIZED	0483	1		DEVICES, SMALL, HYDROCARBON GAS POWERED with release device	3150	2	
CYCLOTRIMETHYLENE- TRINITRAMINE, WETTED with	0072	1		DIACETONE ALCOHOL	1148	3	
not less than 15% water, by mass				DIALKYL-(C ₁₂ -C ₁₈)-DIMETHYL- AMMONIUM and 2-PROPANOL	3175	4.1	
CYMENES	2046	3		DIALLYLAMINE	2359	3	
Cymol, see	2046	3					

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DIALLYL ETHER	2360	3		Dichlorodifluoromethane and ethylene oxide mixture, see	3070	2	
4,4'-DIAMINODIPHENYL- METHANE	2651	6.1		DICHLORODIMETHYL ETHER, SYMMETRICAL	2249	6.1	Carriage prohi-
1,2-Diaminoethane, see	1604	8			2362	3	bited
Diaminopropylamine, see	2269	8		1,1-DICHLOROETHANE			
DI-n-AMYLAMINE	2841	3		1,2-Dichloroethane, see	1184		
DIAZODINITROPHENOL,	0074	1		1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	1150		
WETTED with not less than 40% water, or mixture of alcohol and				Di(2-chloroethyl) ether, see	1916		
water, by mass				DICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	1029		
Dibenzopyridine, see	2713	6.1		alpha-Dichlorohydrin, see	2750		
DIBENZYLDICHLOROSILANE	2434	8		DICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, DRY	2465	5.1	
DIBORANE 1,2-DIBROMOBUTAN-3-ONE	1911 2648	2 6.1		DICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID SALTS	2465	5.1	
DIBROMOCHLOROPROPANES	2872	6.1		DICHLOROISOPROPYL ETHER	2490	6.1	
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane, see	2872	6.1		DICHLOROMETHANE	1593	6.1	
DIBROMODIFLUOROMETHANE	1941	9		1,1-DICHLORO-1-NITROETHANE	2650	6.1	
DIBROMOMETHANE	2664	6.1		DICHLOROPENTANES	1152	3	
DI-n-BUTYLAMINE	2248	8		Dichlorophenol, see	2020	6.1	
DIBUTYLAMINOETHANOL	2873	6.1			2021	6.1	
2-Dibutylaminoethanol, see	2873	6.1		DICHLOROPHENYL ISOCYANATES	2250	6.1	
N,N-Di-n-butylaminoethanol, see	2873	6.1		DICHLOROPHENYLTRI-	1766	8	
DIBUTYL ETHERS	1149	3		CHLOROSILANE			
DICHLOROACETIC ACID	1764	8		1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	1279	3	
1,3-DICHLOROACETONE	2649	6.1		1,3-DICHLORO-PROPANOL-2	2750	6.1	
DICHLOROACETYL CHLORIDE	1765	8		1,3-Dichloro-2-propanone, see	2649	6.1	
DICHLOROANILINES, LIQUID	1590	6.1		DICHLOROPROPENES	2047	3	
DICHLOROANILINES, SOLID	3442	6.1		DICHLOROSILANE	2189	2	
				1,2-DICHLORO-1,1,2,2- TETRAFLUOROETHANE	1958	2	
o-DICHLOROBENZENE	1591	6.1			2465	E 1	
2,2'-DICHLORODIETHYL ETHER	1916	6.1		Dichloro-s-triazine-2,4,6-trione, see	2465		
DICHLORODIFLUORO- METHANE	1028	2		1,4-Dicyanobutane, see	2205		
DICHLORODIFLUORO-	2602	2		Dicycloheptadiene, see	2251		
METHANE AND 1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE AZEOTROPIC MIXTURE with approximately 74% dichlorodifluoromethane				DICYCLOHEXYLAMINE Dicyclohexylamine nitrite, see	2565 2687		

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
DICYCLOHEXYLAMMONIUM NITRITE	2687	4.1		Diethylzinc, see	3394	4.2	
DICYCLOPENTADIENE	2048	3		2,4-Difluoroaniline, see	2941	6.1	
1,2-DI-(DIMETHYLAMINO)	2372	3		Difluorochloroethane, see	2517	2	
ETHANE	2312	3		1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE	1030	2	
DIDYMIUM NITRATE	1465	5.1		1,1-DIFLUOROETHYLENE	1959	2	
DIESEL FUEL	1202	3		DIFLUOROMETHANE	3252	2	
1,1-Diethoxyethane, see	1088	3		Difluoromethane, pentafluoroethane,	3339	2	
1,2-Diethoxyethane, see	1153	3		and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane zeotropic mixture with approximately 10% difluoromethane and 70%			
DIETHOXYMETHANE	2373	3		pentafluoroethane, see			
3,3-DIETHOXYPROPENE	2374	3		Difluoromethane, pentafluoroethane,	3338	2	
DIETHYLAMINE	1154	3		and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane zeotropic mixture with approximately			
2-DIETHYLAMINOETHANOL	2686	8		20% difluoromethane and 40% pentafluoroethane, see			
3-DIETHYL- AMINOPROPYLAMINE	2684	3		Difluoromethane, pentafluoroethane, and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane	3340	2	
N,N-DIETHYLANILINE	2432	6.1		zeotropic mixture with approximately 23% difluoromethane and 25%			
DIETHYLBENZENE	2049	3		pentafluoroethane, see	4= 40		
Diethylcarbinol, see	1105	3		DIFLUOROPHOSPHORIC ACID, ANHYDROUS	1768	8	
DIETHYL CARBONATE	2366	3		2,3-DIHYDROPYRAN	2376	3	
DIETHYLDICHLOROSILANE	1767	8		DIISOBUTYLAMINE	2361	3	
Diethylenediamine, see	2579	8					
DIETHYLENEGLYCOL DINITRATE, DESENSITIZED with	0075	1		DIISOBUTYLENE, ISOMERIC COMPOUNDS	2050	3	
not less than 25% non-volatile, water-insoluble phlegmatizer, by				alpha-Diisobutylene, see	2050	3	
mass				beta-Diisobutylene, see	2050	3	
DIETHYLENETRIAMINE	2079	8		DIISOBUTYL KETONE	1157	3	
N,N-Diethylethanolamine, see	2686	3		DIISOOCTYL ACID PHOSPHATE	1902	8	
DIETHYL ETHER	1155	3		DIISOPROPYLAMINE	1158	3	
N,N-DIETHYLETHYLENE- DIAMINE	2685	8		DIISOPROPYL ETHER	1159	3	
	1002	0		DIKETENE, STABILIZED	2521	6.1	
Di-(2-ethylhexyl) phosphoric acid, see	1902	8		1,1-DIMETHOXYETHANE	2377	3	
DIETHYL KETONE	1156	3		1,2-DIMETHOXYETHANE	2252	3	
DIETHYL SULPHATE	1594	6.1		Dimethoxystrychnine, see	1570	6.1	
DIETHYL SULPHIDE	2375	3		DIMETHYLAMINE,	1032	2	
DIETHYLTHIOPHOSPHORYL CHLORIDE	2751	8		ANHYDROUS			

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DIMETHYLAMINE AQUEOUS SOLUTION	1160	3		DIMETHYL THIOPHOSPHORYL CHLORIDE	2267	6.1	
2-DIMETHYLAMINO- ACETONITRILE	2378	3		Dimethylzinc, see	3394	4.2	
2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL	2051	8		DINGU, see	0489	1	
				DINITROANILINES	1596	6.1	
2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL ACRYLATE	3302	6.1		DINITROBENZENES, LIQUID	1597	6.1	
2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE	2522	6.1		DINITROBENZENES, SOLID	3443	6.1	
N,N-DIMETHYLANILINE	2253	6.1		Dinitrochlorobenzene, see	1577 3441	6.1 6.1	
				DINITRO-o-CRESOL	1598		
Dimethylarsenic acid, see	1572	6.1		DINITROGEN TETROXIDE	1067	2	
N,N-Dimethylbenzylamine, see	2619	8		DINITROGLYCOLURIL	0489	1	
2,3-DIMETHYLBUTANE	2457	3		DINITROPHENOL, dry or wetted	0076	1	
1,3-DIMETHYLBUTYLAMINE	2379	3		with less than 15% water, by mass	0070	•	
DIMETHYLCARBAMOYL CHLORIDE	2262	8		DINITROPHENOL SOLUTION	1599	6.1	
DIMETHYL CARBONATE	1161	3		DINITROPHENOL, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass	1320	4.1	
DIMETHYLCYCLOHEXANES	2263	3		DINITROPHENOLATES, alkali	0077	1	
N,N-DIMETHYLCYCLO- HEXYLAMINE	2264	8		metals, dry or wetted with less than 15% water, by mass			
DIMETHYLDICHLOROSILANE	1162	3		DINITROPHENOLATES, WETTED with not less than 15%	1321	4.1	
DIMETHYLDIETHOXYSILANE	2380	3		water, by mass			
DIMETHYLDIOXANES	2707	3		DINITRORESORCINOL, dry or wetted with less than 15% water, by	0078	1	
DIMETHYL DISULPHIDE	2381	3		mass			
Dimethylethanolamine, see	2051	8		DINITRORESORCINOL, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by	1322	4.1	
DIMETHYL ETHER	1033	2		mass			
N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE	2265	3		DINITROSOBENZENE	0406	1	
DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE,	2382	6.1		Dinitrotoluene mixed with sodium chlorate, see	0083	1	
SYMMETRICAL				DINITROTOLUENES, LIQUID	2038	6.1	
DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE, UNSYMMETRICAL	1163	6.1		DINITROTOLUENES, MOLTEN	1600	6.1	
1,1-Dimethylhydrazine, see	1163	6.1		DINITROTOLUENES, SOLID	3454	6.1	
N,N-Dimethyl-4-nitrosoaniline, see	1369	4.2		DIOXANE	1165	3	
2,2-DIMETHYLPROPANE	2044	2		DIOXOLANE	1166	3	
DIMETHYL-N-PROPYLAMINE	2266	3		DIPENTENE	2052	3	
DIMETHYL SULPHATE	1595	6.1		DIPHENYLAMINE	1698	6.1	
DIMETHYL SULPHIDE	1164	3		CHLOROARSINE			

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
DIPHENYLCHLOROARSINE, LIQUID	1699	6.1		DYE, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2801	8	
DIPHENYLCHLOROARSINE, SOLID	3450	6.1		DYE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	1602	6.1	
DIPHENYLDICHLOROSILANE	1769	8		DYE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3147	8	
DIPHENYLMETHANE-4, 4'- DIISOCYANATE	9004	9	Danger- ous in	DYE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. Dynamite, see	3143 0081	6.1	
			tank vessels only	Electric storage batteries, see	2794 2795		
DIPHENYLMETHYL BROMIDE	1770	8	-		2800 3028	8	
DIPICRYLAMINE, see	0079	1					
DIPICRYL SULPHIDE, dry or wetted with less than 10% water, by	0401	1		Electrolyte (acid or alkaline) for batteries, see	2796 2797		
mass DIPICRYL SULPHIDE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass	2852	4.1		ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, N.O.S., at or above 100 °C and below its flash-point (including molten metals, molten salts, etc.)	3257	9	
DIPROPYLAMINE	2383	3		ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with flash-point above 60 °C, at or	3256	3	
Dipropylene triamine, see	2269	8		above its flash-point and below 100°C			
DI-n-PROPYL ETHER	2384	3			2256	2	
DIPROPYL KETONE	2710	3		ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with flash-point above 60 °C, at or	3256	3	
DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	1903	8		above its flash-point and at or above 100°C			
DISINFECTANT, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3142	6.1		ELEVATED TEMPERATURE SOLID, N.O.S., at or above 240 °C	3258	9	
DISINFECTANT, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	1601	6.1		Empty battery-vehicle, uncleaned			See 4.3.2.4 of
DISODIUM TRIOXOSILICATE	3253	8					ADR, 5.1.3 and 5.4.1.1.6
DIVINYL ETHER, STABILIZED	1167	3		Empty IDC unalgoned			See
DODECYLTRICHLOROSILANE	1771	8		Empty IBC, uncleaned			4.1.1.11 of ADR,
Dry ice, see	1845	9	Not subject to ADN				5.1.3 and 5.4.1.1.6
DYE INTERMEDIATE, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2801	8	11111	Empty large packaging, uncleaned			See 4.1.1.11 of ADR, 5.1.3 and
DYE INTERMEDIATE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	1602	6.1		D 1996			5.4.1.1.6
DYE INTERMEDIATE, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3147	8		Empty MEGC, uncleaned			See 4.3.2.4 of ADR, 5.1.3 and
DYE INTERMEDIATE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3143	6.1					5.4.1.1.6

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Empty packaging, uncleaned			See	ETHANE	1035	2	
			4.1.1.11 of ADR, 5.1.3 and 5.4.1.1.6	ETHANE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	1961	2	
F 1 1 1				Ethanethiol, see	2363	3	
Empty receptacle, uncleaned			See 5.1.3 and 5.4.1.1.6	ETHANOL	1170	3	
Empty tank, uncleaned			See 4.3.2.4 of ADR,	ETHANOL AND GASOLINE MIXTURE or ETHANOL AND MOTOR SPIRIT MIXTURE or ETHANOL AND PETROL MIXTURE, with more than 10% ethanol	3475	3	
Empty vehicle, uncleaned			See 5.1.3	ETHANOL SOLUTION	1170	3	
				ETHANOLAMINE	2491	8	
Enamel, see	1263 3066	3		ETHANOLAMINE SOLUTION	2491	8	
	3469 3470	3		Ether, see	1155	3	
F ' C 1 11 (1 11			NT. 4	ETHERS, N.O.S.	3271	3	
Engine, fuel cell, flammable gas powered	3166	9	Not subject to ADN	2-Ethoxyethanol, see	1171	3	
Engine, fuel cell, flammable liquid	3166	9	Not	2-Ethoxyethyl acetate, see	1172	3	
powered			subject to ADN	Ethoxy propane-1, see	2615	3	
Engine, internal combustion	3166	9	Not	ETHYL ACETATE	1173	3	
			subject to ADN	ETHYLACETYLENE, STABILIZED	2452	2	
Engines, rocket, see	0250 0322	1 1		ETHYL ACRYLATE, STABILIZED	1917	3	
ENVIRONMENTALLY	3082	9		ETHYL ALCOHOL, see	1170	3	
HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.				ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION, see	1170	3	
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	3077	9		ETHYLAMINE	1036	2	
EPIBROMOHYDRIN	2558	6.1		ETHYLAMINE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not less than 50% but not more than 70% ethylamine	2270	3	
EPICHLOROHYDRIN	2023	6.1		ETHYL AMYL KETONE	2271	3	
1,2-Epoxybutane, stabilized, see	3022	3		N-ETHYLANILINE	2272	6.1	
Epoxyethane, see	1040	2		2-ETHYLANILINE	2273		
1,2-EPOXY-3-ETHOXYPROPANE	2752	3		ETHYLBENZENE	1175	3	
2,3-Epoxy-1-propanal, see	2622	3		N-ETHYL-N-BENZYLANILINE	2274		
2,3-Epoxypropyl ethyl ether, see	2752	3		N-ETHYLBENZYLTOLUIDINES,	2753		
ESTERS, N.O.S.	3272	3		LIQUID	2133	0.1	
Ethanal, see	1089	3		N-ETHYLBENZYLTOLUIDINES, SOLID	3460	6.1	

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ETHYL BORATE	1176	3		ETHYLENE GLYCOL	1188	3	
ETHYL BROMIDE	1891	6.1		MONOMETHYL ETHER			
ETHYL BROMOACETATE	1603	6.1		ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	1189	3	
2-ETHYLBUTANOL	2275	3		ACETATE	1107	- 1	
2-ETHYLBUTYL ACETATE	1177	3		ETHYLENEIMINE, STABILIZED	1185		
ETHYL BUTYL ETHER	1179	3		ETHYLENE OXIDE	1040		
2-ETHYLBUTYRALDEHYDE	1178	3		ETHYLENE OXIDE AND CARBON DIOXIDE MIXTURE	3300	2	
ETHYL BUTYRATE	1180	3		with more than 87% ethylene oxide	1011		
ETHYL CHLORIDE	1037	2		ETHYLENE OXIDE AND CARBON DIOXIDE MIXTURE	1041	2	
ETHYL CHLOROACETATE	1181	6.1	with more than 9% but not more than 87% ethylene oxide				
Ethyl chlorocarbonate, see	1182	6.1		ETHYLENE OXIDE AND	1952	2	
ETHYL CHLOROFORMATE	1182	6.1		CARBON DIOXIDE MIXTURE with not more than 9% ethylene			
ETHYL 2-CHLOROPROPIONATE	2935	3		oxide	2207	2	
Ethyl-alpha-chloropropionate, see	2935	3		ETHYLENE OXIDE AND CHLOROTETRAFLUORO-	3297	2	
ETHYL CHLOROTHIOFORMATE	2826	8		ETHANE MIXTURE with not more than 8.8% ethylene oxide			
ETHYL CROTONATE	1862	3		ETHYLENE OXIDE AND	3070	2	
ETHYLDICHLOROARSINE	1892	6.1		DICHLORODIFLUORO- METHANE MIXTURE with not			
ETHYLDICHLOROSILANE	1183	4.3		more than 12.5% ethylene oxide	2200	2	
ETHYLENE, ACETYLENE AND PROPYLENE MIXTURE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID containing at least 71.5% ethylene	3138	2		ETHYLENE OXIDE AND PENTAFLUOROETHANE MIXTURE with not more than 7.9% ethylene oxide	3298		
with not more than 22.5% acetylene and not more than 6% propylene				PROPYLENE OXIDE AND PROPYLENE OXIDE MIXTURE,	2983	3	
ETHYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN	1135	6.1		not more than 30% ethylene oxide	2200	2	
ETHYLENE	1962	2		ETHYLENE OXIDE AND TETRAFLUOROETHANE MIXTURE with not more than 5.6%	3299	2	
ETHYLENEDIAMINE	1604	8		ethylene oxide			
ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE	1605	6.1		ETHYLENE OXIDE WITH	1040	2	
Ethylene dibromide and methyl bromide, liquid mixture, see	1647	6.1		NITROGEN up to a total pressure of 1 MPa (10 bar) at 50 °C	1020		
ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE	1184	3		ETHYLENE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	1038	2	
ETHYLENE GLYCOL DIETHYL ETHER	1153	3		ETHYL ETHER, see	1155		
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	1171	3		ETHYL FLUORIDE	2453		
MONOETHYL ETHER				ETHYL FORMATE	1190		
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER ACETATE	1172	3		2-ETHYLHEXYLAMINE	2276	3	

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2-ETHYLHEXYL CHLOROFORMATE	2748	6.1		Explosive, slurry, see	0241 0332	1 1	
Ethylidene chloride, see	2362	3		Explosive, water gel, see	0241 0332	1 1	
ETHYL ISOBUTYRATE	2385	3		EXTRACTS, AROMATIC, LIQUID	1169		
ETHYL ISOCYANATE	2481	6.1				3	
ETHYL LACTATE	1192	3		EXTRACTS, FLAVOURING, LIQUID	1197	3	
ETHYL MERCAPTAN	2363	3		FABRICS, ANIMAL, N.O.S. with	1373	4.2	
ETHYL METHACRYLATE, STABILIZED	2277	3		oil FABRICS IMPREGNATED WITH	1353	4.1	
ETHYL METHYL ETHER	1039	2		WEAKLY NITRATED NITROCELLULOSE, N.O.S.			
ETHYL METHYL KETONE	1193	3		FABRICS, SYNTHETIC, N.O.S.	1373	4.2	
ETHYL NITRITE SOLUTION	1194	3		with oil	4050		
ETHYL ORTHOFORMATE	2524	3		FABRICS, VEGETABLE, N.O.S. with oil	1373	4.2	
ETHYL OXALATE	2525	6.1		FERRIC ARSENATE	1606	6.1	
ETHYLPHENYL- DICHLOROSILANE	2435	8		FERRIC ARSENITE	1607	6.1	
1-ETHYLPIPERIDINE	2386	3		FERRIC CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS	1773	8	
ETHYL PROPIONATE	1195	3		FERRIC CHLORIDE SOLUTION	2582	8	
ETHYL PROPYL ETHER	2615	3		FERRIC NITRATE	1466	5.1	
Ethyl silicate, see	1292	3		FERROCERIUM	1323	4.1	
Ethyl sulphate, see	1594	6.1		FERROSILICON with 30% or more but less than 90% silicon	1408	4.3	
N-ETHYLTOLUIDINES	2754	6.1		FERROUS ARSENATE	1608	<i>6</i> 1	
ETHYLTRICHLOROSILANE	1196	3				6.1	
EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE A	0081	1		FERROUS METAL BORINGS in a form liable to self-heating	2793	4.2	
EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE B	0082 0331	1 1		FERROUS METAL CUTTINGS in a form liable to self-heating	2793	4.2	
EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE C	0083	1		FERROUS METAL SHAVINGS in a form liable to self-heating	2793	4.2	
EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE D	0084	1		FERROUS METAL TURNINGS in a form liable to self-heating	2793	4.2	
EXPLOSIVE, BLASTING, TYPE E	0241 0332	1 1		FERTILIZER AMMONIATING SOLUTION with free ammonia	1043	2	
Explosives, emulsion, see	0241 0332	1 1		Fertilizer with ammonium nitrate, n.o.s., see	2067	5.1	
Evaloriya soismia saa	0081	1		Fibres, animal, burnt, wet or damp	1372	4.2	Not
Explosive, seismic, see	0081 0082 0083	1 1 1		FIBRES, ANIMAL, N.O.S. with oil	1373	4.2	subject to ADN

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
FIBRES IMPREGNATED WITH WEAKLY NITRATED NITROCELLULOSE, N.O.S.	1353	4.1		FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2924	3	
FIBRES, SYNTHETIC, N.O.S. with	1373	4.2		FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	1992	3	
oil Fibres, vegetable, burnt, wet or damp	1372	4.2	Not	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3286	3	
			subject to ADN	FLAMMABLE SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3180	4.1	
Fibres, vegetable, dry	3360	4.1	Not subject to ADN	FLAMMABLE SOLID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	2925	4.1	
FIBRES, VEGETABLE, N.O.S. with oil	1373	4.2		FLAMMABLE SOLID,	3178	4.1	
Filler, liquid, see	1263	3		INORGANIC, N.O.S.			
,,	3066 3469	8 3 8		FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	1325	4.1	
Films, nitrocellulose base, from	3470 2002	4.2		FLAMMABLE SOLID, ORGANIC, MOLTEN, N.O.S.	3176	4.1	
which gelatin has been removed; film scrap, see				FLAMMABLE SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	3097	4.1	Carriage prohi-
FILMS, NITROCELLULOSE BASE, gelatin coated, except scrap	1324	4.1		FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3179	4.1	bited
FIRE EXTINGUISHER CHARGES, corrosive liquid	1774	8		FLAMMABLE SOLID, TOXIC,	2926	4.1	
Fire extinguisher charges, expelling,	0275	1		ORGANIC, N.O.S.			
explosive, see	0276	1		FLARES, AERIAL	0093		
	0323	1			0403		
	0381	1			0404 0420		
FIRE EXTINGUISHERS with compressed or liquefied gas	1044	2			0421	1	
EIDELICHTEDE COLID:41-	2622	4.1		Flares, aeroplane, see	0093		
FIRELIGHTERS, SOLID with flammable liquid	2623	4.1			0403 0404	1 1	
nammasie nquiu					0420		
FIREWORKS	0333	1	See		0421	1	
	0334 0335	1 1	2.2.1.1.7	Flares, highway,	0191	1	
	0336	1		Flares, distress, small,	0373		
	0337	1		Flares, railway or highway, see			
FIRST AID KIT	3316	9		FLARES, SURFACE	0092	1	
TRST AID KIT	3310	7		PLAKES, SUKPACE	0418		
		_			0419		
FISH MEAL, STABILIZED	2216	9		Flares, water-activated, see	0248	1	
FISH MEAL, UNSTABILIZED	1374	4.2		Times, water-activated, see	0249		
FISH SCRAP, STABILIZED, see	2216	9		FLASH POWDER	0094 0305		
FISH SCRAP, UNSTABILIZED, see	1374	4.2		Flue dusts, toxic, see	1562		
Flammable gas in lighters, see	1057	2		Fluoric acid, see	1790		
FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S	1993	3		FLUORINE, COMPRESSED	1045	2	

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FLUOROACETIC ACID	2642	6.1	_	FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES	3478		_
FLUOROANILINES	2941	6.1			3479 3473	3	
2-Fluoroaniline, see	2941	6.1			3476 3477	4.3 8	
4-Fluoroaniline, see	2941	6.1		FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES	3478	2	
o-Fluoroaniline, see	2941	6.1		CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT	3479 3473	3	
p-Fluoroaniline, see	2941	6.1			3476 3477	4.3 8	
FLUOROBENZENE	2387	3		FUEL CELL CARTRIDGES	3478	2	
FLUOROBORIC ACID	1775	8		PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT	3479 3473		
Fluoroethane, see	2453	2			3476 3477	4.3 8	
Fluoroform, see	1984	2		Fumaroyl dichloride, see	1780		
Fluoromethane, see	2454	2		FUMARYL CHLORIDE	1780	8	
FLUOROPHOSPHORIC ACID, ANHYDROUS	1776	8		FUMIGATED CARGO TRANSPORT UNIT	3359		
FLUOROSILICATES, N.O.S.	2856	6.1		FURALDEHYDES	1199	6.1	
FLUOROSILICIC ACID	1778	8		FURAN	2389		
FLUOROSULPHONIC ACID	1777	8		FURFURYL ALCOHOL	2874	6.1	
FLUOROTOLUENES	2388	3		FURFURYLAMINE	2526	3	
FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION with not less than 25% formaldehyde	2209	8		Furyl carbinol, see	2874	6.1	
FORMALDEHYDE SOLUTION,	1198	3		FUSE, DETONATING, metal clad	0102 0290		
FLAMMABLE	1170	3		FUSE, DETONATING, MILD EFFECT, metal clad	0104		
Formalin, see	1198 2209	3 8		FUSE, IGNITER, tubular, metal clad	0103	1	
Formamidine sulphinic acid, see	3341	4.2		FUSE, NON-DETONATING	0101	1	
FORMIC ACID with more than 85%	1779	8		FUSEL OIL	1201	3	
acid by mass	0.1.5			FUSE, SAFETY	0105	1	
FORMIC ACID with not more than 85% acid by mass	3412	8		Fuze, combination, percussion or	0106		
Formic aldehyde, see	1198	3		time, see	0107 0257		
2 offine alderif de, bee	2209	8			0316	1	
2-Formyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyran, see	2607	3			0317 0367	1 1	
					0368	1	
FRACTURING DEVICES, EXPLOSIVE without detonator, for	0099	1		FUZES, DETONATING	0106		
oil wells					0107 0257	1 1	
FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE	1863	3			0237	1	
ENGINE				FUZES, DETONATING with	0408	1	
				protective features	0409	1	
				1	0410		

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FUZES, IGNITING	0316	1		Glyceryl trinitrate, see	0143		
	0317	1			0144		
	0368	1			1204		
GALLIUM	2803	8			3064	3	
				GLYCIDALDEHYDE	2622	3	
GAS CARTRIDGES without a release device, non-refillable, see	2037	2		GRENADES, hand or rifle, with	0284		
Gas drips, hydrocarbon, see	3295	3		bursting charge	0285 0292		
GAS OIL	1202	3			0293	1	
				Grenades, illuminating, see	0171	1	
GASOLINE	1203	3			0254 0297		
Gasoline and ethanol mixture, with more than 10% ethanol, see	3475	3		GRENADES, PRACTICE, hand or	0110	1	
				rifle	0318	1	
Gasoline, casinghead, see	1203	3			0372		
GAS, REFRIGERATED LIQUID,	3158	2			0452	1	
N.O.S.	3130	2		Grenades, smoke, see	0015	1	
11.0.5.				Grenades, smoke, see	0016		
GAS, REFRIGERATED LIQUID,	3312	2			0245		
FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	0012	_			0246		
· ·	2211				0303		
GAS, REFRIGERATED LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	3311	2		GUANIDINE NITRATE	1467	5.1	
GAS SAMPLE, NON- PRESSURIZED, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., not refrigerated liquid	3167	2		GUANYLNITROSAMINO- GUANYLIDENE HYDRAZINE, WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass	0113	1	
GAS SAMPLE, NON- PRESSURIZED, TOXIC, N.O.S., not refrigerated liquid	3169	2		GUANYLNITROSAMINO- GUANYLTETRAZENE, WETTED	0114	1	
GAS SAMPLE, NON- PRESSURIZED, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., not	3168	2		with not less than 30% water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass			
refrigerated liquid				GUNPOWDER, COMPRESSED, see	0028	1	
Gelatin, blasting, see	0081	1		GUNPOWDER, granular or as a	0027	1	
Gelatin, dynamites, see	0081	1		meal, see	0047	1	
GENETICALLY MODIFIED MICROORGANISMS	3245	9		GUNPOWDER, IN PELLETS, see	0028	1	
	2045	0		Gutta percha solution, see	1287	3	
GENETICALLY MODIFIED ORGANISMS	3245	9		HAFNIUM POWDER, DRY	2545	4.2	
GERMANE	2192	2		HAFNIUM POWDER, WETTED	1326	4.1	
GERMANE, ADSORBED	3523	2		with not less than 25% water			
Germanium hydride, see	2192	2		Hay	1327	4.1	Not subject to ADN
Glycer-1,3-dichlorohydrin, see	2750	6.1		HEATING OIL, LIGHT	1202	3	
GLYCEROL alpha- MONOCHLOROHYDRIN	2689	6.1		Heavy hydrogen, see	1957		
				HELIUM, COMPRESSED	1046		
				TILLIUWI, COMI KESSED	1040	∠	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
HELIUM, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	1963	2		HEXAMETHYLENEDIAMINE SOLUTION	1783	8	
HEPTAFLUOROPROPANE	3296	2		HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE	2281	6.1	
n-HEPTALDEHYDE	3056	3		HEXAMETHYLENEIMINE	2493	3	
n-Heptanal, see	3056	3		HEXAMETHYLENETETRAMINE	1328		
HEPTANES	1206	3					
4-Heptanone, see	2710	3		Hexamine, see	1328		
n-HEPTENE	2278	3		HEXANES	1208		
HEXACHLOROACETONE	2661	6.1		HEXANITRODIPHENYLAMINE	0079		
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	2729	6.1		HEXANITROSTILBENE	0392	1	
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	2279	6.1		Hexanoic acid, see	2829	8	
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene, see	2279	6.1		HEXANOLS	2282	3	
HEXACHLOROCYCLO-	2646	6.1		1-HEXENE	2370	3	
PENTADIENE	2040			HEXOGEN AND CYCLOTETRA- METHYLENE-	0391	1	
HEXACHLOROPHENE	2875	6.1		TETRANITRAMINE MIXTURE, WETTED with not less than 15%			
Hexachloro-2-propanone, see	2661	6.1		water, by mass or DESENSITIZED with not less than 10% phlegmatiser			
HEXADECYLTRICHLORO- SILANE	1781	8		by mass, see	0.40.0		
HEXADIENES	2458	3		HEXOGEN, DESENSITIZED, see	0483	1	
HEXAETHYL TETRAPHOSPHATE	1611	6.1		HEXOGEN, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass, see	0072	1	
HEXAETHYL	1612	2		HEXOLITE, dry or wetted with less than 15% water, by mass	0118	1	
TETRAPHOSPHATE AND COMPRESSED GAS MIXTURE				HEXOTOL, dry or wetted with less than 15% water, by mass, see	0118	1	
HEXAFLUOROACETONE	2420	2		HEXOTONAL	0393	1	
HEXAFLUOROACETONE HYDRATE, LIQUID	2552	6.1		HEXOTONAL, cast, see	0393	1	
HEXAFLUOROACETONE	3436	6.1		HEXYL, see	0079	1	
HYDRATE, SOLID				HEXYLTRICHLOROSILANE	1784	8	
HEXAFLUOROETHANE	2193	2		HMX, see	0391	1	
HEXAFLUOROPHOSPHORIC ACID	1782	8		HMX, DESENSITIZED, see	0484	1	
HEXAFLUOROPROPYLENE	1858	2		HMX, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass, see	0226	1	
Hexahydrocresol, see	2617	3		HYDRAZINE, ANHYDROUS	2029	8	
Hexahydromethyl phenol, see	2617	3		,			
HEXALDEHYDE	1207	3		HYDRAZINE AQUEOUS SOLUTION, with more than 37%	2030	8	
HEXAMETHYLENEDIAMINE, SOLID	2280	8		hydrazine by mass			

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HYDRAZINE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not more than 37%	3293	6.1		HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS	1050	2	
hydrazine, by mass HYDRAZINE AQUEOUS	3484	8		HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2186	2	Carriage prohi-
SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE with more than 37% hydrazine, by mass				HYDROGEN, COMPRESSED	1049	2	bited
Hydrides, metal, water-reactive, n.o.s., see	1409	4.3		HYDROGEN CYANIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not more than 20% hydrogen cyanide,	1613	6.1	
Hydriodic acid, anhydrous, see	2197	2		see			
HYDRIODIC ACID	1787	8		HYDROGEN CYANIDE, SOLUTION IN ALCOHOL with not	3294	6.1	
HYDROBROMIC ACID	1788	8		more than 45% hydrogen cyanide			
HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE, COMPRESSED, N.O.S.	1964	2		HYDROGEN CYANIDE, STABILIZED containing less than 3% water	1051	6.1	
HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE, LIQUEFIED, N.O.S. such as mixtures A, A01, A02, A0, A1, B1, B2, B or C	1965	2		HYDROGEN CYANIDE, STABILIZED, containing less than 3% water and absorbed in a porous inert material	1614	6.1	
HYDROCARBON GAS REFILLS FOR SMALL DEVICES with release device	3150	2		HYDROGENDIFLUORIDES, SOLID, N.O.S.	1740	8	
HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3295	3		HYDROGENDIFLUORIDES SOLUTION, N.O.S.	3471	8	
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	1789	8		HYDROGEN FLUORIDE,	1052	8	
HYDROCYANIC ACID, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not more than 20% hydrogen cyanide	1613	6.1		ANHYDROUS Hydrogen fluoride solution, see	1790	8	
HYDROFLUORIC ACID with more than 60% but not more than 85%	1790	8		HYDROGEN IN A METAL HYDRIDE STORAGE SYSTEM	3468	2	
hydrogen fluoride HYDROFLUORIC ACID with more than 85% hydrogen fluoride	1790	8		HYDROGEN IN A METAL HYDRIDE STORAGE SYSTEM CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT	3468	2	
HYDROFLUORIC ACID with not more than 60% hydrogen fluoride	1790	8		HYDROGEN IN A METAL HYDRIDE STORAGE SYSTEM PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT	3468	2	
HYDROFLUORIC ACID AND SULPHURIC ACID MIXTURE	1786	8		HYDROGEN IODIDE, ANHYDROUS	2197	2	
Hydrofluoroboric acid, see	1775	8		Hydrogen iodide solution, see	1787	8	
Hydrofluorosilicic acid, see	1778	8		HYDROGEN PEROXIDE AND	3149	5.1	
HYDROGEN AND METHANE MIXTURE, COMPRESSED	2034	2		PEROXYACETIC ACID MIXTURE with acid(s), water and not more than 5% peroxyacetic acid, STABILIZED	J177	J.1	
Hydrogen arsenide, see	2188	2		HYDROGEN PEROXIDE,	2984	5.1	
HYDROGEN BROMIDE, ANHYDROUS	1048	2		AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not less than 8% but less than 20% hydrogen peroxide (stabilized as	47 0 4	J.1	
Hydrogen bromide solution, see	1788	8		necessary)			

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not less than 20% but not more than 60% hydrogen peroxide (stabilized as	2014	5.1		INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING ANIMALS only	2900		
necessary)				INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING HUMANS	2814	6.2	
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, STABILIZED with more than 60%	2015	5.1		Ink, printer's, flammable, see	1210	3	
hydrogen peroxide and not more than 70% hydrogen peroxide				INSECTICIDE GAS, N.O.S.	1968	2	
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION,	2015	5.1		INSECTICIDE GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3354	2	
STABILIZED with more than 70% hydrogen peroxide				INSECTICIDE GAS, TOXIC, N.O.S.	1967	2	
HYDROGEN, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	1966	2		INSECTICIDE GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3355	2	
HYDROGEN SELENIDE, ADSORBED	3526	2		IODINE MONOCHLORIDE SOLIDE	1792	8	
HYDROGEN SELENIDE, ANHYDROUS	2202	2		IODINE MONOCHLORIDE, LIQUID	3498	8	
Hydrogen silicide, see	2203	2		IODINE PENTAFLUORIDE	2495	5.1	
HYDROGEN SULPHIDE	1053	2		2-IODOBUTANE	2390	3	
Hydroselenic acid, see	2202	2		Iodomethane, see	2644	6.1	
Hydrosilicofluoric acid, see	1778	8		IODOMETHYLPROPANES	2391	3	
1-HYDROXYBENZOTRIAZOLE, ANHYDROUS, dry or wetted with	0508	1		IODOPROPANES	2392	3	
less than 20% water, by mass				alpha-Iodotoluene, see	2653	6.1	
1-HYDROXYBENZOTRIAZOLE MONOHYDRATE	3474	4.1		I.p.d.i., see	2290	6.1	
3-Hydroxybutan-2-one, see	2621	3		Iron chloride, anhydrous, see	1773	8	
HYDROXYLAMINE SULPHATE	2865	8		Iron (III) chloride, anhydrous, see	1773	8	
1-Hydroxy-3-methyl-2-penten-4-yne,	2705	8		Iron chloride solution, see	2582	8	
see				IRON OXIDE, SPENT obtained from coal gas purification	1376	4.2	
3-Hydroxyphenol, see	2876	6.1		IRON PENTACARBONYL	1994	6.1	
HYPOCHLORITES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3212	5.1		Iron perchloride, anhydrous, see	1773	8	
HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION	1791	8		Iron powder, pyrophoric, see	1383	4.2	
IGNITERS	0121	1		Iron sesquichloride, anhydrous, see	1773	8	
	0314 0315 0325	1 1 1		IRON SPONGE, SPENT obtained from coal gas purification	1376	4.2	
	0454	1		Iron swarf, see	2793	4.2	
3,3'-IMINODIPROPYLAMINE	2269	8		ISOBUTANE	1969	2	
India rubber, see	1287	3		ISOBUTANOL	1212	3	

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Isobutene, see	1055	2		ISOOCTENE	1216	3	
ISOBUTYL ACETATE	1213	3		Isopentane, see	1265	3	
ISOBUTYL ACRYLATE,	2527	3		ISOPENTENES	2371	3	
STABILIZED	1010	2		Isopentylamine, see	1106	3	
ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL, see	1212	3		Isopentyl nitrite, see	1113	3	
ISOBUTYL ALDEHYDE, see	2045	3		ISOPHORONEDIAMINE	2289	8	
ISOBUTYLAMINE	1214	3		ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE	2290	6.1	
ISOBUTYLENE	1055	2		ISOPRENE, STABILIZED	1218	3	
ISOBUTYL FORMATE	2393	3		ISOPROPANOL	1219	3	
ISOBUTYL ISOBUTYRATE	2528	3		ISOPROPENYL ACETATE	2403	3	
ISOBUTYL ISOCYANATE	2486	6.1		ISOPROPENYLBENZENE	2303	3	
ISOBUTYL METHACRYLATE, STABILIZED	2283	3		ISOPROPYL ACETATE	1220	3	
ISOBUTYL PROPIONATE	2394	3		ISOPROPYL ACID PHOSPHATE	1793	8	
ISOBUTYRALDEHYDE	2045	3		ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL, see	1219	3	
ISOBUTYRIC ACID	2529	3		ISOPROPYLAMINE	1221	3	
ISOBUTYRONITRILE	2284	3		ISOPROPYLBENZENE	1918	3	
ISOBUTYRYL CHLORIDE	2395	3		ISOPROPYL BUTYRATE	2405	3	
ISOCYANATES, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	2478	3		Isopropyl chloride, see	2356	3	
ISOCYANATES, TOXIC, N.O.S.	2206	6.1		ISOPROPYL CHLOROACETATE	2947	3	
ISOCYANATES, TOXIC,	3080	6.1		ISOPROPYL CHLOROFORMATE	2407	6.1	
FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3000	0.1		ISOPROPYL 2-CHLORO- PROPIONATE	2934	3	
ISOCYANATE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	2478	3		Isopropyl-alpha-chloropropionate,	2934	3	
ISOCYANATE SOLUTION, TOXIC, N.O.S.	2206	6.1		Isopropyl ether, see	1159	3	
ISOCYANATE SOLUTION,	3080	6.1		Isopropylethylene, see	2561		
TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.				Isopropyl formate, see	1281		
ISOCYANATO- BENZOTRIFLUORIDES	2285	6.1		ISOPROPYL ISOBUTYRATE	2406		
3-Isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-tri-	2290	6.1		ISOPROPYL ISOCYANATE	2483		
methylcyclohexyl isocyanate, see	22)0	0.1		Isopropyl mercaptan, see	2402		
Isododecane, see	2286	3		ISOPROPYL NITRATE	1222		
ISOHEPTENE	2287	3		ISOPROPYL PROPIONATE	2409		
ISOHEXENE	2288	3		Isolpropyltoluene, see	2046		
Isooctane, see	1262	3		Isopropyltoluol, see	2046		
				isopropyrioruor, see	∠U40	3	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
ISOSORBIDE DINITRATE MIXTURE with not less than 60%	2907	4.1		LEAD NITRATE	1469	5.1	
lactose, mannose, starch or calcium hydrogen phosphate				Lead (II) nitrate	1469		
ISOSORBIDE-5-MONONITRATE	3251	4.1		LEAD PERCHLORATE, SOLID	1470		
Isovaleraldehyde, see	2058	3		LEAD PERCHLORATE, SOLUTION	3408	5.1	
JET PERFORATING GUNS,	0124	1		Lead (II) perchlorate	1470	5.1	
CHARGED, oil well, without detonator	0494	1		Lead peroxide, see	3408 1872		
Jet tappers, without detonator, see	0059	1		LEAD PHOSPHITE, DIBASIC	2989	4.1	
KEROSENE	1223	3		LEAD STYPHNATE, WETTED with not less than 20% water, or	0130	1	
KETONES, LIQUID, N.O.S.	1224	3		mixture of alcohol and water, by mass			
KRILL MEAL	3497	4.2					
KRYPTON, COMPRESSED	1056	2		LEAD SULPHATE with more than 3% free acid	1794	8	
KRYPTON, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	1970	2		Lead tetraethyl, see	1649	6.1	
				Lead tetramethyl, see	1649	6.1	
Lacquer, see	1263 3066	3 8		LEAD TRINITRORESORCINATE,	0130	1	
	3469	3		WETTED with not less than 20%	0130	1	
	3470	8		water, or mixture of alcohol and			
Lacquer base, liquid, see	1263	3		water, by mass, see			
	3066	8					
	3469	3		LIFE-SAVING APPLIANCES NOT	3072	9	
Lacquer base or lacquer chips,	3470 2557	8 4.1		SELF-INFLATING containing dangerous goods as equipment			
nitrocellulose, dry, see	2331	4.1		LIFE-SAVING APPLIANCES,	2990	9	
Lacquer base or lacquer chips,	1263	3		SELF-INFLATING	2330	9	
plastic, wet with alcohol or solvent,	2059	3					
see	2555	4.1		LIGHTER REFILLS containing	1057	2	
	2556	4.1		flammable gas			
LEAD ACETATE	1616	6.1		LIGHTERS containing flammable gas	1057	2	
Lead (II) acetate, see	1616	6.1		LIGHTERS, FUSE	0131	1	
LEAD ARSENATES	1617	6.1		Limonene, inactive, see	2052	3	
LEAD ARSENITES	1618	6.1		LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S.	3163	2	
LEAD AZIDE, WETTED with not less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass	0129	1		LIQUEFIED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3161	2	
Lead chloride, solid, see	2291	6.1		LIQUEFIED GASES, non-	1058	2	
LEAD COMPOUND, SOLUBLE, N.O.S.	2291	6.1		flammable, charged with nitrogen, carbon dioxide or air			
LEAD CYANIDE	1620	6.1		LIQUEFIED GAS, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	3157	2	
Lead (II) cyanide	1620	6.1		LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3162	2	
LEAD DIOXIDE	1872	5.1		LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC,	3308	2	
				CORROSIVE, N.O.S.			

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Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3160	2		LITHIUM HYDRIDE	1414	4.3	
LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE,	3309	2		LITHIUM HYDRIDE, FUSED SOLID	2805	4.3	
N.O.S.				LITHIUM HYDROXIDE	2680	8	
LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	3307	2		LITHIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	2679	8	
LIQUEFIED GAS, TOXIC, OXIDIZING, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3310	2		LITHIUM HYPOCHLORITE, DRY	1471	5.1	
Liquefied petroleum gas, see	1075	2		LITHIUM HYPOCHLORITE MIXTURE	1471	5.1	
Liquid filler, see	1263	3		Lithium in cartouches, see	1415	4.3	
	3066 3469	8		LITHIUM NITRATE	2722	5.1	
	3470	8					
Liquid lacquer base, see	1263	3		LITHIUM NITRIDE	2806	4.3	
1 1	3066	8		LITHIUM PEROXIDE	1472	5.1	
	3469 3470	3 8		Lithium silicide, see	1417	4.3	
LITHIUM	1415	4.3		LITHIUM SILICON	1417	4.3	
Lithium alkyls, liquid, see	3394	4.2		L.n.g., see	1972	2	
Lithium alkyls, solid, see	3393	4.2		LONDON PURPLE	1621	6.1	
LITHIUM ALUMINIUM HYDRIDE	1410	4.3		L.p.g., see	1075	2	
	1 / 1 1	4.2		Lye, see	1823	8	
LITHIUM ALUMINIUM HYDRIDE, ETHEREAL	1411	4.3		Lythene, see	1268	3	
LITHIUM ION BATTERIES (including lithium ion polymer batteries)	3480	9		MAGNESIUM in pellets, turnings or ribbons	1869	4.1	
LITHIUM ION BATTERIES	3481	9		Magnesium alkyls, see	3394	4.2	
CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT (including lithium ion polymer batteries)	3401			MAGNESIUM ALLOYS with more than 50% magnesium in pellets, turnings or ribbons	1869	4.1	
LITHIUM ION BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT	3481	9		MAGNESIUM ALLOYS POWDER	1418	4.3	
(including lithium ion polymer batteries)				MAGNESIUM ALUMINIUM PHOSPHIDE	1419	4.3	
LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES (including lithium alloy batteries)	3090	9		MAGNESIUM ARSENATE	1622	6.1	
				Magnesium bisulphite solution, see	2693	8	
LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT (including lithium alloy batteries)	3091	9		MAGNESIUM BROMATE	1473	5.1	
-	2001	0		MAGNESIUM CHLORATE	2723	5.1	
LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES PACKED WITH EQUIPMENT (including lithium alloy batteries)	3091	9		Magnesium chloride and chlorate mixture, see	1459 3407		
LITHIUM BOROHYDRIDE	1413	4.3		MAGNESIUM DIAMIDE	2004	4.2	
LITHIUM FERROSILICON	2830	4.3		Magnesium diphenyl, see	3393	4.2	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
MAGNESIUM FLUOROSILICATE	2853	6.1		MANNITOL HEXANITRATE, WETTED with not less than 40%	0133	1	
MAGNESIUM GRANULES, COATED, particle size not less than 149 microns	2950	4.3		water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass			
MAGNESIUM HYDRIDE	2010	4.3		MATCHES, FUSEE	2254	4.1	
MAGNESIUM NITRATE	1474	5.1		MATCHES, SAFETY (book, card or strike on box)	1944	4.1	
MAGNESIUM PERCHLORATE	1475	5.1		MATCHES, "STRIKE	1331	4.1	
MAGNESIUM PEROXIDE	1476	5.1		ANYWHERE"	40.4		
MAGNESIUM PHOSPHIDE	2011	4.3		MATCHES, WAX "VESTA"	1945	4.1	
MAGNESIUM POWDER	1418	4.3		MEDICAL WASTE, N.O.S.	3291	6.2	
Magnesium scrap, see	1869	4.1		MEDICINE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3248	3	
MAGNESIUM SILICIDE	2624	4.3		MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	1851	6.1	
Magnesium silicofluoride, see	2853	6.1		MEDICINE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3240	6.1	
Magnetized material	2807	9	Not subject to	p-Mentha-1,8-diene, see	2052	8	
			ADN	MERCAPTANS, LIQUID,	3336	3	
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	2215	8		FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.			
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE, MOLTEN	2215	8		MERCAPTANS, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	1228	3	
Malonic dinitrile, see	2647	6.1		MERCAPTANS, LIQUID, TOXIC,	3071	6.1	
Malonodinitrile, see	2647	6.1		FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.			
MALONONITRILE	2647	6.1		MERCAPTAN MIXTURE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3336	3	
MANEB	2210	4.2		MERCAPTAN MIXTURE,	1228	3	
MANEB PREPARATION with not less than 60% maneb	2210	4.2		LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	1220	3	
MANEB PREPARATION, STABILIZED against self-heating	2968	4.3		MERCAPTAN MIXTURE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3071	6.1	
MANEB, STABILIZED against self-heating	2968	4.3		2-Mercaptoethanol, see	2966	6.1	
Manganese ethylene-di- dithiocarbamate, see	2210	4.2		2-Mercaptopropionic acid, see	2936	6.1	
Manganese ethylene-1,2-dithiocarbamate, see	2210	4.2		5-MERCAPTOTETRAZOL-1- ACETIC ACID	0448	1	
MANGANESE NITRATE	2724	5.1		MERCURIC ARSENATE	1623	6.1	
		5.1		MERCURIC CHLORIDE	1624	6.1	
Manganese (II) nitrate, see	2724			MERCURIC NITRATE	1625	6.1	
MANGANESE RESINATE Manganous nitrate, see	1330 2724	4.15.1		MERCURIC POTASSIUM CYANIDE	1626	6.1	
				Mercuric sulphate, see	1645	6.1	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
Mercurol, see	1639	6.1		MERCURY POTASSIUM IODIDE	1643	6.1	
Mercurous bisulphate, see	1645	6.1		MERCURY SALICYLATE	1644	6.1	
Mercurous chloride, see	2025	6.1		MERCURY SULPHATE	1645	6.1	
MERCUROUS NITRATE	1627	6.1		MERCURY THIOCYANATE	1646	6.1	
Mercurous sulphate, see	1645	6.1		Metal alkyl halides, water-reactive,	3394	4.2	
MERCURY	2809	8		n.o.s. / Metal aryl halides, water-reactive, n.o.s., see			
MERCURY ACETATE	1629	6.1		Metal alkyl hydrides, water-reactive,	3394	4.2	
MERCURY AMMONIUM CHLORIDE	1630	6.1		n.o.s. / Metal aryl hydrides, water-reactive, n.o.s., see			
MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	2778	3		Metal alkyls, water-reactive, n.o.s. / Metal aryls, water-reactive, n.o.s., see	3393	4.2	
MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE,	3012	6.1		Mesitylene, see	2325	3	
LIQUID, TOXIC				MESITYL OXIDE	1229	3	
MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	3011	6.1		METAL CARBONYLS, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3281	6.1	
MERCURY BASED PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	2777	6.1		METAL CARBONYLS, SOLID, N.O.S.	3466	6.1	
MERCURY BENZOATE	1631	6.1		METAL CATALYST, DRY	2881	4.2	
Mercury bichloride, see	1624	6.1		METAL CATALYST, WETTED with a visible excess of liquid	1378	4.2	
MERCURY BROMIDES	1634	6.1		METALDEHYDE	1332	4.1	
MERCURY COMPOUND, LIQUID N.O.S.	2024	6.1		METAL HYDRIDES, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3182	4.1	
MERCURY COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	2025	6.1		METAL HYDRIDES, WATER- REACTIVE, N.O.S.	1409	4.3	
MERCURY CONTAINED IN MANUFACTURED ARTICLES	3506	8		METALLIC SUBSTANCE, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S.	3208	4.3	
MERCURY CYANIDE	1636	6.1		METALLIC SUBSTANCE, WATER-REACTIVE, SELF-	3209	4.3	
MERCURY FULMINATE, WETTED with not less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and	0135	1		HEATING, N.O.S. METAL POWDER, FLAMMABLE,	3089	4.1	
water, by mass MERCURY GLUCONATE	1637	6.1		N.O.S. METAL DOWNED SELE	2190	4.2	
		6.1		METAL POWDER, SELF- HEATING, N.O.S.	3189	4.2	
MERCURY IODIDE MERCURY NUCLEATE	1638 1639	6.1		METAL SALTS OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, FLAMMABLE,	3181	4.1	
MERCURY OLEATE	1640	6.1		N.O.S.			
MERCURY OXIDE	1641	6.1		METHACRYLALDEHYDE, STABILIZED	2396	3	
MERCURY OXYCYANIDE, DESENSITIZED	1642	6.1		METHACRYLIC ACID, STABILIZED	2531	8	

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METHACRYLONITRILE, STABILIZED	3079	6.1		Methyl amyl alcohol, see	2053	3	
METHALLYL ALCOHOL	2614	3		Methyl amyl ketone, see	1110	3	
				N-METHYLANILINE	2294	6.1	
Methanal, see	1198 2209	3 8		Methylated spirit, see	1986 1987		
Methane and hydrogen mixture, see	2034	2		alpha-METHYLBENZYL	2937		
METHANE, COMPRESSED	1971	2		ALCOHOL, LIQUID	2931	0.1	
METHANE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	1972	2		alpha-METHYLBENZYL ALCOHOL, SOLID	3438	6.1	
METHANESULPHONYL CHLORIDE	3246	6.1		METHYL BROMIDE with not more than 2% chloropicrin	1062	2	
METHANOL	1230	3		Methyl bromide and chloropicrin	1581	2	
2-Methoxyethyl acetate, see	1189	3		mixture, with more than 2% chloropicrin, see			
METHOXYMETHYL ISOCYANATE	2605	6.1		METHYL BROMIDE AND ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE	1647	6.1	
4-METHOXY-4- METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE	2293	3		MIXTURE, LIQUID METHYL BROMOACETATE	2643	6.1	
1-Methoxy-2-nitrobenzene, see	2730 3458	6.1 6.1		2-METHYLBUTANAL	3371	3	
1361 0 5 1				3-METHYLBUTAN-2-ONE	2397	3	
1-Methoxy-3-nitrobenzene, see	2730 3458	6.1 6.1		2-METHYL-1-BUTENE	2459	3	
1-Methoxy-4-nitrobenzene, see	2730 3458	6.1 6.1		2-METHYL-2-BUTENE	2460	3	
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL	3092	3		3-METHYL-1-BUTENE	2561	3	
METHYL ACETATE	1231	3		N-METHYLBUTYLAMINE	2945	3	
METHYLACETYLENE AND	1060	2		METHYL tert-BUTYL ETHER	2398	3	
PROPADIENE MIXTURE,	1000	2		METHYL BUTYRATE	1237	3	
STABILIZED such as mixture P1 or mixture P2				METHYL CHLORIDE	1063	2	
beta-Methyl acrolein, see	1143	6.1		Methyl chloride and chloropicrin	1582	2	
METHYL ACRYLATE,	1919	3		mixture, see	4040		
STABILIZED				METHYL CHLORIDE AND METHYLENE CHLORIDE	1912	2	
METHYLAL	1234	3		MIXTURE			
Methyl alcohol, see	1230	3		METHYL CHLOROACETATE	2295	6.1	
Methyl allyl alcohol, see	2614	3		Methyl chlorocarbonate, see	1238	6.1	
METHYLALLYL CHLORIDE	2554	3		Methyl chloroform, see	2831	6.1	
METHYLAMINE, ANHYDROUS	1061	2		METHYL CHLOROFORMATE	1238	6.1	
METHYLAMINE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	1235	3		METHYL CHLOROMETHYL ETHER	1239	6.1	
METHYLAMYL ACETATE	1233	3					

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METHYL 2-CHLORO- PROPIONATE	2933	3		METHYL ISOCYANATE	2480	6.1	
Methyl alpha-chloropropionate, see	2933	3		METHYL ISOPROPENYL KETONE, STABILIZED	1246	3	
METHYLCHLOROSILANE	2534	2		METHYL ISOTHIOCYANATE	2477	6.1	
Methyl cyanide, see	1648	3		METHYL ISOVALERATE	2400	3	
METHYLCYCLOHEXANE	2296	3		METHYL MAGNESIUM	1928	4.3	
METHYLCYCLOHEXANOLS, flammable	2617	3		BROMIDE IN ETHYL ETHER METHYL MERCAPTAN	1064	2	
METHYLCYCLOHEXANONE	2297	3		Methyl mercaptopropionaldehyde,	2785	6.1	
METHYLCYCLOPENTANE	2298	3		see			
METHYL DICHLOROACETATE	2299	6.1		METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER, STABILIZED	1247	3	
METHYLDICHLOROSILANE	1242	4.3		4-METHYLMORPHOLINE	2535	3	
Methylene bromide, see	2664	6.1		N-METHYLMORPHOLINE, see	2535	3	
Methylene chloride, see	1593	6.1		METHYL NITRITE	2455	2	Carriage
Methylene chloride and methyl chloride mixture, see	1912	2					prohi- bited
Methylene cyanide, see	2647	6.1		METHYL ORTHOSILICATE	2606	6.1	
p,p'-Methylene dianiline, see	2651	6.1		METHYLPENTADIENE	2461	3	
		6.1		Methylpentanes, see	1208	3	
Methylene dibromide, see	2664			2-METHYLPENTAN-2-OL	2560	3	
2,2'-Methylene-di-(3,4,6-trichlorophenol), see	2875	6.1		4-Methylpentan-2-ol, see	2053	3	
Methyl ethyl ether, see	1039	2		3-Methyl-2-penten-4ynol, see	2705	8	
METHYL ETHYL KETONE, see	1193	3		METHYLPHENYL- DICHLOROSILANE	2437	8	
2-METHYL-5-ETHYLPYRIDINE	2300	6.1		2-Methyl-2-phenylpropane, see	2709	3	
METHYL FLUORIDE	2454	2					
METHYL FORMATE	1243	3		1-METHYLPIPERIDINE	2399		
2-METHYLFURAN	2301	3		METHYL PROPIONATE	1248		
Methyl glycol, see	1188	3		Methylpropylbenzene, see	2046	3	
Methyl glycol acetate, see	1189	3		METHYL PROPYL ETHER	2612	3	
2-METHYL-2-HEPTANETHIOL	3023	6.1		METHYL PROPYL KETONE	1249	3	
5-METHYLHEXAN-2-ONE	2302	3		Methyl pyridines, see	2313	3	
				Methylstyrene, inhibited, see	2618	3	
METHYL IODIDE	1244	6.1		alpha-Methylstyrene, see	2303	3	
METHYL IODIDE	2644	6.1		Methyl sulphate, see	1595	6.1	
METHYL ISOBUTYL CARBINOL		3		Methyl sulphide, see	1164	3	
METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE	1245	3					

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METHYLTETRAHYDROFURAN	2536	3		Monochlorodifluoromono- bromomethane, see	1974	2	
METHYL TRICHLOROACETATE	2533	6.1			1973	2	
METHYLTRICHLOROSILANE	1250	3		Monochloropentafluoroethane and monochlorodifluoromethane mixture, see	1973	2	
alpha-METHYLVALERAL- DEHYDE	2367	3		Monoethylamine, see	1036	2	
Methyl vinyl benzene, inhibited, see	2618	3		MONONITROTOLUIDINES, see	2660	6.1	
METHYL VINYL KETONE, STABILIZED	1251	6.1		Monopropylamine, see	1277	3	
	2053	2		MORPHOLINE	2054	8	
M.i.b.c., see MINES with bursting charge	0136	3		MOTOR FUEL ANTI-KNOCK MIXTURE	1649	6.1	
	0137 0138 0294	1 1 1		MOTOR FUEL ANTI-KNOCK MIXTURE, FLAMMABLE	3483	6.1	
Mirbane oil, see	1662	6.1		MOTOR SPIRIT	1203	3	
Missiles, guided, see	0180 0181	1		Motor spirit and ethanol mixture, with more than 10% ethanol, see	3475	3	
	0182 0183	1		Muriatic acid, see	1789	8	
	0295 0397	1		MUSK XYLENE, see	2956	4.1	
	0398 0436	1		Mysorite, see	2212	9	
	0437 0438	1 1		Naphta, see	1268	3	
Mixtures A, A01, A02, A0, A1, B1, B2, B or C, see	1965	2		Naphta, petroleum, see	1268	3	
Mixture F1, mixture F2 or mixture	1078	2		Naphta, solvent, see	1268	3	
F3, see	1078	2		NAPHTHALENE, CRUDE	1334	4.1	
MIXTURES OF	1010	2		NAPHTHALENE, MOLTEN	2304	4.1	
1,3-BUTADIENE AND HYDROCARBONS, STABILIZED, having a vapour pressure at 70 °C not				NAPHTHALENE, REFINED	1334	4.1	
exceeding 1.1 MPa (11 bar) and a				alpha-NAPHTHYLAMINE	2077	6.1	
density at 50 °C not lower than 0.525 kg/l				beta-NAPHTHYLAMINE, SOLID	1650	6.1	
Mixture P1 or mixture P2, see	1060	2		beta-NAPHTHYLAMINE, SOLUTION	3411	6.1	
MOLYBDENUM PENTACHLORIDE	2508	8		NAPHTHYLTHIOUREA	1651	6.1	
Monochloroacetic acid, see	1750	6.1		1-Naphthylthiourea, see	1651	6.1	
	1751	6.1		NAPHTHYLUREA	1652	6.1	
Monochlorodifluoromethane, see	1134 1018	3		NATURAL GAS, COMPRESSED with high methane content	1971	2	
Monochlorodifluoromethane and monochloropentafluoroethane	1973	2		NATURAL GAS, REFRIGERATED LIQUID with high methane content	1972	2	
mixture, see				Natural gasoline, see	1203	3	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
Neohexane, see	1208	3		NITRATING ACID MIXTURE with	1796	8	
NEON, COMPRESSED	1065	2		more than 50% nitric acid	1707	0	
NEON, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	1913	2		NITRATING ACID MIXTURE with not more than 50% nitric acid	1796	8	
Neothyl, see	2612	3		NITRATING ACID MIXTURE, SPENT, with more than 50% nitric	1826	8	
NICKEL CARBONYL	1259	6.1		acid			
NICKEL CYANIDE	1653	6.1		NITRATING ACID MIXTURE, SPENT, with not more than 50%	1826	8	
Nickel (II) cyanide, see	1653	6.1		nitric acid			
NICKEL NITRATE	2725	5.1		NITRIC ACID, other than red fuming, with at least 65% but not	2031	8	
Nickel (II) nitrate, see	2725	5.1		more than 70% nitric acid			
NICKEL NITRITE	2726	5.1		NITRIC ACID, other than red fuming, with less than 65% nitric	2031	8	
Nickel (II) nitrite, see	2726	5.1		acid			
Nickelous nitrate, see	2725	5.1		NITRIC ACID, other than red fuming, with more than 70% nitric	2031	8	
Nickelous nitrite, see	2726	5.1		acid			
Nickel tetracarbonyl, see	1259	6.1		NITRIC ACID, RED FUMING	2032	8	
NICOTINE	1654	6.1		NITRIC OXIDE, COMPRESSED	1660	2	
NICOTINE COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S	3144	6.1		NITRIC OXIDE AND DINITROGEN TETROXIDE MIXTURE	1975	2	
NICOTINE COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S	1655	6.1		NITRIC OXIDE AND NITROGEN DIOXIDE MIXTURE, see	1975	2	
NICOTINE HYDROCHLORIDE, LIQUID	1656	6.1		NITRILES, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3273	3	
NICOTINE HYDROCHLORIDE, SOLID	3444	6.1		NITRILES, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3276	6.1	
NICOTINE HYDROCHLORIDE SOLUTION	1656	6.1		NITRILES, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3439	6.1	
NICOTINE PREPARATION, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3144	6.1		NITRILES, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3275	6.1	
NICOTINE PREPARATION,	1655	6.1		NITRITES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	2627	5.1	
SOLID, N.O.S. NICOTINE SALICYLATE	1657	6.1		NITRITES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S.	3219	5.1	
NICOTINE SULPHATE, SOLID	3445	6.1		NITROANILINES	1661	6.1	
NICOTINE SULPHATE, SOLUTION	1658	6.1		(o-, m-, p-) NITROANISOLES, LIQUID	2730	6.1	
NICOTINE TARTRATE	1659	6.1		NITROANISOLES, SOLID	3458	6.1	
NITRATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	1477	5.1		NITROBENZENE	1662	6.1	
NITRATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S.	3218	5.1		Nitrobenzene bromide, see	2732	6.1	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
NITROBENZENESULPHONIC ACID	2305	8		NITROCELLULOSE WITH ALCOHOL (not less than 25% alcohol, by mass, and not more than	2556	4.1	
Nitrobenzol, see	1662	6.1		12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass)			
5-NITROBENZOTRIAZOL	0385	1		NITROCELLULOSE WITH WATER (not less than 25% water,	2555	4.1	
NITROBENZOTRIFLUORIDES, LIQUID	2306	6.1		by mass) Nitrochlorobenzenes, see	1578	6.1	
NITROBENZOTRIFLUORIDES, SOLID	3431	6.1		3-NITRO-4-CHLOROBENZO-	3409 2307		
NITROBROMOBENZENES, LIQUID	2732	6.1		TRIFLUORIDE NITROCRESOLS, LIQUID	3434	6.1	
NITROBROMOBENZENES,	3459	6.1		NITROCRESOLS, SOLID	2446	6.1	
SOLID	0240			NITROETHANE	2842	3	
NITROCELLULOSE, dry or wetted with less than 25% water (or alcohol), by mass	0340	1		NITROGEN, COMPRESSED	1066	2	
NITROCELLULOSE, unmodified or	0341	1		NITROGEN DIOXIDE, see	1067	2	
plasticized with less than 18% plasticizing substance, by mass				NITROGEN, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	1977	2	
NITROCELLULOSE MEMBRANE FILTERS, with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass	3270	4.1		NITROGEN TRIFLUORIDE	2451	2	
NITROCELLULOSE, with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass, MIXTURE WITH PLASTICIZER,	2557	4.1		NITROGEN TRIOXIDE	2421	2	Carriage prohi- bited
WITH PIGMENT NITROCELLULOSE, with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass,	2557	4.1		NITROGLYCERIN, DESENSITIZED with not less than 40% non-volatile water-insoluble phlegmatizer, by mass	0143	1	
MIXTURE WITH PLASTICIZER, WITHOUT PIGMENT	2555	4.1		NITROGLYCERIN MIXTURE, DESENSITIZED, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3357	3	
NITROCELLULOSE, with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass, MIXTURE WITHOUT	2557	4.1		with not more than 30% nitroglycerin, by mass			
PLASTICIZER, WITH PIGMENT NITROCELLULOSE, with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass,	2557	4.1		NITROGLYCERIN MIXTURE, DESENSITIZED, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with not more than 30% nitroglycerin, by	3343	3	
MIXTURE WITHOUT PLASTICIZER, WITHOUT PIGMENT				mass NITROGLYCERIN MIXTURE,	3319	4.1	
NITROCELLULOSE, PLASTICIZED with not less than 18% plasticizing substance, by mass	0343	1		DESENSITIZED, SOLID, N.O.S. with more than 2% but not more than 10% nitroglycerin, by mass			
NITROCELLULOSE SOLUTION, FLAMMABLE with not more than 12.6% nitrogen, by dry mass, and not	2059	3		NITROGLYCERIN, SOLUTION IN ALCOHOL with more than 1% but not more than 5% nitroglycerin	3064	3	
more than 55% nitrocellulose NITROCELLULOSE, WETTED with not less than 25% alcohol, by mass	0342	1		NITROGLYCERIN SOLUTION IN ALCOHOL with more than 1% but not more than 10% nitroglycerin	0144	1	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
NITROGLYCERIN SOLUTION IN	1204	3		NITROXYLENES, SOLID	3447	6.1	
ALCOHOL with not more than 1% nitroglycerin				Non-activated carbon, see	1361	4.2	
NITROGUANIDINE, dry or wetted with less than 20% water, by mass	0282	1		Non-activated charcoal, see	1361	4.2	
NITROGUANIDINE, WETTED	1336	4.1		NONANES	1920	3	
with not less than 20% water, by mass	1330	4.1		NONYLTRICHLOROSILANE	1799	8	
NITROHYDROCHLORIC ACID	1798	8	Carriage prohi-	2,5-NORBORNADIENE, STABILIZED, see	2251	3	
			bited	Normal propyl alcohol, see	1274	3	
NITROMANNITE, WETTED, see	0133	1		NTO, see	0490	1	
NITROMETHANE	1261	3		OCTADECYLTRICHLORO- SILANE	1800	8	
Nitromuriatic acid, see	1798	8		OCTADIENE	2309	3	
NITRONAPHTHALENE	2538	4.1		OCTAFLUOROBUT-2-ENE	2422	2	
NITROPHENOLS (o-, m-, p-)	1663	6.1		OCTAFLUOROCYCLOBUTANE	1976	2	
4-NITROPHENYLHYDRAZINE,	3376	4.1		OCTAFLUOROPROPANE	2424	2	
with not less than 30% water, by mass				OCTANES	1262	3	
NITROPROPANES	2608	3		OCTOGEN, see	0226		
p-NITROSODIMETHYLANILINE	1369	4.2			0391 0484	1 1	
NITROSTARCH, dry or wetted with less than 20% water, by mass	0146	1		OCTOL, dry or wetted with less than 15% water, by mass, see	0266	1	
NITROSTARCH, WETTED with not less than 20% water, by mass	1337	4.1		OCTOLITE, dry or wetted with less than 15% water, by mass	0266	1	
NITROSYL CHLORIDE	1069	2		OCTONAL	0496	1	
NITROSYLSULPHURIC ACID,	2308	8		OCTYL ALDEHYDES	1191	3	
LIQUID	2456	0		tert-Octyl mercaptan, see	3023	6.1	
NITROSYLSULPHURIC ACID, SOLID	3456	8		OCTYLTRICHLOROSILANE	1801	8	
NITROTOLUENES, LIQUID	1664	6.1		Oenanthol, see	3056	3	
NITROTOLUENES, SOLID	3446	6.1		OIL GAS, COMPRESSED	1071	2	
NITROTOLUIDINES	2660	6.1		Oleum, see	1831	8	
NITROTRIAZOLONE	0490	1		ORGANIC PEROXIDE	3101	5.2	
NITRO UREA	0147	1		TYPE B, LIQUID			
NITROUS OXIDE	1070	2		ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE	3111	5.2	
NITROUS OXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2201	2		CONTROLLED ORGANIC PEROXIDE	3102	5.2	
NITROXYLENES, LIQUID	1665	6.1		TYPE B, SOLID			

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE B, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3112	5.2		ORGANIC PIGMENTS, SELF- HEATING	3313	4.2	
ORGANIC PEROXIDE	3103	5.2		ORGANOARSENIC COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3280	6.1	
TYPE C, LIQUID ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE	3113	5.2		ORGANOARSENIC COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	3465	6.1	
CONTROLLED ORGANIC PEROXIDE	3104	5.2		ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	2762	3	
TYPE C, SOLID	3104			ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE,	2996	6.1	
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE C, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3114	5.2		LIQUID, TOXIC ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE,	2995	6.1	
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID	3105	5.2		LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C			
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID,	3115	5.2		ORGANOCHLORINE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	2761	6.1	
TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED ORGANIC PEROXIDE	3106	5.2		ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3282	6.1	
TYPE D, SOLID	3100	3.2		ORGANOMETALLIC	3467	6.1	
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3116	5.2		COMPOUND, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.			
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, LIQUID	3107	5.2		Organometallic compound, solid, water-reactive, flammable, n.o.s., see	3396	4.3	
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3117	5.2		Organometallic compound or Organometallic compound solution or Organometallic compound dispersion, water-reactive,	3399	4.3	
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID	3108	5.2		flammable, n.o.s., see ORGANOMETALLIC	3392	4.2	
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID, TEMPERATURE	3118	5.2		SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC			
CONTROLLED ORGANIC PEROXIDE	3109	5.2		ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, PYROPHORIC	3391	4.2	
TYPE F, LIQUID ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3119	5.2		ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, SELF- HEATING	3400	4.2	
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, SOLID	3110	5.2		ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, PYROPHORIC, WATER- REACTIVE	3394	4.2	
ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, SOLID, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3120	5.2		ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, PYROPHORIC, WATER-	3393	4.2	
Organic peroxides, see 2.2.52.4 for an alphabetic list of currently assigned organic peroxides and see	3101 to 3120	5.2		REACTIVE ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE	3398	4.3	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
ORGANOMETALLIC	3395	4.3		OSMIUM TETROXIDE	2471	6.1	
SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER- REACTIVE				OXIDIZING LIQUID, N.O.S.	3139	5.1	
ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, WATER- REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE	3399	4.3		OXIDIZING LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3098	5.1	
ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER-	3396	4.3		OXIDIZING LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3099	5.1	
REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE				OXIDIZING SOLID, N.O.S.	1479	5.1	
ORGANOMETALLIC SUBSTANCE, SOLID, WATER- REACTIVE, SELF-HEATING	3397	4.3		OXIDIZING SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3085	5.1	
ORGANOPHOSPHORUS COMPOUND, LIQUID; TOXIC, N.O.S.	3278	6.1		OXIDIZING SOLID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3137	5.1	Carriage prohi- bited
ORGANOPHOSPHORUS COMPOUND, SOLID, TOXIC,	3464	6.1		OXIDIZING SOLID, SELF- HEATING, N.O.S.	3100	5.1	Carriage prohi- bited
N.O.S.				OXIDIZING SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3087	5.1	
ORGANOPHOSPHORUS COMPOUND, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.	3279	6.1		OXIDIZING SOLID, WATER- REACTIVE, N.O.S.	3121	5.1	Carriage prohi- bited
ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point	2784	3		Oxirane, see	1040	2	bited
less than 23 °C				OXYGEN, COMPRESSED	1072	2	
ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	3018	6.1		OXYGEN DIFLUORIDE, COMPRESSED	2190	2	
ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	3017	6.1		OXYGEN GENERATOR, CHEMICAL	3356	5.1	
ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	2783	6.1		OXYGEN, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	1073	2	
ORGANOTIN COMPOUND,	2788	6.1		1-Oxy-4-nitrobenzene, see	1663	6.1	
LIQUID, N.O.S.				PACKAGINGS, DISCARDED, EMPTY, UNCLEANED	3509	9	
ORGANOTIN COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	3146	6.1		PAINT (including paint, lacquer,	1263		
ORGANOTIN PESTICIDE,	2787	3		enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer	3066 3469		
LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	2707	3		base)	3470	8	
ORGANOTIN PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	3020	6.1		PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning and reducing compound)	1263 3066 3469	8	
ORGANOTIN PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE,	3019	6.1		Paint thinning and reducing	3470 1263	3	
flash-point not less than 23 °C				compound, see	3066 3469		
ORGANOTIN PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	2786	6.1			3470		
Orthophospohoric acid, see	1805	8					

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
PAPER, UNSATURATED OIL FREATED, incompletely dried	1379	4.2		1-PENTENE	1108	3	
(including carbon paper)				1-PENTOL	2705	8	
Paraffin, see	1223	3		PENTOLITE, dry or wetted with less than 15% water, by mass	0151	1	
PARAFORMALDEHYDE	2213	4.1		Pentyl nitrite, see	1113	3	
PARALDEHYDE	1264	3		PERCHLORATES, INORGANIC,	1481	5.1	
PCBs, see	2315 3432	9 9		N.O.S.			
PENTABORANE	1380	4.2		PERCHLORATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S.	3211	5.1	
PENTACHLOROETHANE	1669	6.1		PERCHLORIC ACID with more	1873	5.1	
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	3155	6.1		than 50% but not more than 72% acid, by mass			
PENTAERYTHRITE FETRANITRATE with not less than 7% wax, by mass	0411	1		PERCHLORIC ACID with not more than 50% acid, by mass	1802	8	
PENTAERYTHRITE	0150	1		Perchlorobenzene, see	2729	6.1	
FETRANITRATE, DESENSITIZED with not less than 15% phlegmatizer, by mass				Perchlorocyclopentadiene, see	2646	6.1	
PENTAERYTHRITE	3344	4.1		Perchloroethylene, see	1897	6.1	
TETRANITRATE MIXTURE, DESENSITIZED, SOLID, N.O.S. with more than 10% but not more	3344	4.1		PERCHLOROMETHYL MERCAPTAN	1670	6.1	
than 20% PETN, by mass				PERCHLORYL FLUORIDE	3083	2	
PENTAERYTHRITE FETRANITRATE, WETTED with	0150	1		Perfluoroacetylchloride, see	3057	2	
not less than 25% water, by mass				PERFLUORO(ETHYL VINYL ETHER)	3154	2	
PENTAERYTHRITOL ΓETRANITRATE, see	0150 0411	1 1		PERFLUORO(METHYL VINYL	3153	2	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3344	4.1		ETHER)			
PENTAFLUOROETHANE	3220	2		Perfluoropropane, see	2424	2	
Pentafluoroethane, 1,1,1- rifluoroethane, and 1,1,1,2-	3337	2		PERFUMERY PRODUCTS with flammable solvents	1266	3	
etrafluoroethane zeotropic mixture with approximately 44% pentafluoroethane and 52% 1,1,1-trifluoroethane, see				PERMANGANATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	1482	5.1	
PENTAMETHYLHEPTANE	2286	3		PERMANGANATES, INORGANIC, AQUEOUS	3214	5.1	
Pentanal, see	2058	3		SOLUTION, N.O.S.			
PENTANE-2,4-DIONE	2310	3		PEROXIDES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	1483	5.1	
PENTANES, liquid	1265	3		PERSULPHATES, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3215	5.1	
n-Pentane, see	1265	3		PERSULPHATES, INORGANIC,	3216	5.1	
PENTANOLS	1105	3		AQUEOUS SOLUTION, N.O.S.		_	
n-Pentanol, see	1105	3		PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.,	3021	3	
3-Pentanol, see	1105	3		flash-point less than 23 °C			

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	2902	6.1		PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC,	3346	3	
PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S., flash-point not less than 23 °C	2903	6.1		flash-point less than 23 °C PHENOXYACETIC ACID	3348	6.1	
PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	2588	6.1		DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	3346	0.1	
Pesticide, toxic, under compressed gas, n.o.s, see	1950	2		PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	3347	6.1	
PETN, see	0150 0411 3344	1 1 4.1		PHENOXYACETIC ACID DERIVATIVE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	3345	6.1	
PETN/TNT, see	0151	1		PHENYLACETONITRILE, LIQUID	2470	6.1	
PETROL	1203	3		PHENYLACETYL CHLORIDE	2577		
Petrol and ethanol mixture, with more than 10% ethanol, see	3475	3		Phenylamine, see	1547	6.1	
PETROLEUM CRUDE OIL	1267	3		1-Phenylbutane, see	2709	3	
PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.	1268	3		2-Phenylbutane, see	2709	3	
Petroleum ether, see	1268	3		PHENYLCARBYLAMINE CHLORIDE	1672	6.1	
PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED	1075	2		PHENYL CHLOROFORMATE	2746	6.1	
Petroleum naphtha, see	1268	3		Phenyl cyanide, see	2224	6.1	
Petroleum oil, see	1268	3		PHENYLENEDIAMINES	1673	6.1	
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.O.S.	1268	3		(o-, m-, p-) Phenylethylene, see	2055	3	
Petroleum raffinate, see	1268	3		PHENYLHYDRAZINE	2572		
PETROLEUM SOUR CRUDE OIL, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC	3494	3		PHENYL ISOCYANATE	2487		
Petroleum spirit, see	1268	3		Phenylisocyanodichloride, see	1672	6.1	
PHENACYL BROMIDE	2645	6.1		PHENYL MERCAPTAN	2337	6.1	
PHENETIDINES	2311	6.1		PHENYLMERCURIC ACETATE	1674	6.1	
PHENOLATES, LIQUID	2904	8		PHENYLMERCURIC COMPOUND, N.O.S.	2026	6.1	
PHENOLATES, SOLID	2905	8		PHENYLMERCURIC	1894	6.1	
PHENOL, MOLTEN	2312	6.1		HYDROXIDE			
PHENOL, SOLID	1671	6.1		PHENYLMERCURIC NITRATE	1895	6.1	
PHENOL SOLUTION	2821	6.1		PHENYLPHOSPHORUS DICHLORIDE	2798	8	
PHENOLSULPHONIC ACID, LIQUID	1803	8		PHENYLPHOSPHORUS THIODICHLORIDE	2799	8	
				2-Phenylpropene, see	2303	3	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
PHENYLTRICHLOROSILANE	1804	8		PHOSPHORUS TRIOXIDE	2578	8	
PHOSGENE	1076	2		PHOSPHORUS TRISULPHIDE,	1343	4.1	
9-PHOSPHABICYCLONONANES	2940	4.2		free from yellow and white phosphorus			
PHOSPHINE	2199	2		PHOSPHORUS, WHITE, DRY	1381	4.2	
PHOSPHINE, ADSORBED	3525	2		PHOSPHORUS, WHITE IN	1381	4.2	
Phosphoretted hydrogen, see	2199	2		SOLUTION PHOSPHOPHIS WHITE MOLTEN	2447	4.2	
PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION	1805	8		PHOSPHORUS, WHITE, MOLTEN	2447	4.2	
PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLID	3453	8		PHOSPHORUS, WHITE, UNDER WATER	1381	4.2	
Phosphoric acid, anhydrous, see	1807	8		PHOSPHORUS, YELLOW, DRY	1381	4.2	
PHOSPHOROUS ACID	2834	8		PHOSPHORUS, YELLOW, IN	1381	4.2	
PHOSPHORUS, AMORPHOUS	1338	4.1		SOLUTION	1201	4.2	
Phosphorus bromide, see	1808	8		PHOSPHORUS, YELLOW, UNDER WATER	1381	4.2	
Phosphorus chloride, see	1809	6.1		Phosphoryl chloride, see	1810	6.1	
PHOSPHORUS HEPTASULPHIDE, free from yellow and white phosphorus	1339	4.1		PHTHALIC ANHYDRIDE with more than 0.05% of maleic anhydride	2214	8	
PHOSPHORUS OXYBROMIDE	1939	8		PICOLINES	2313	3	
PHOSPHORUS OXYBROMIDE,	2576	8		PICRAMIDE, see	0153	1	
MOLTEN	2370	8		PICRIC ACID WETTED, see	1344 3364	4.1 4.1	
PHOSPHORUS OXYCHLORIDE	1810	6.1		PICRITE, see	0282		
PHOSPHORUS PENTABROMIDE	2691	8		PICRITE, WETTED, see	1336	4.1	
PHOSPHORUS PENTACHLORIDE	1806	8		Picrotoxin, see	3172	6.1	
PHOSPHORUS PENTAFLUORIDE	2198	2		PICRYL CHLORIDE, see	3462 0155	6.1 1	
PHOSPHORUS PENTAFLUORIDE, ADSORBED	3524	2		PICRYL CHLORIDE, WETTED, see	3365	4.1	
PHOSPHORUS PENTASULPHIDE,	1340	4.3		alpha-PINENE	2368	3	
free from yellow and white phosphorus				PINE OIL	1272	3	
PHOSPHORUS PENTOXIDE	1807	8		PIPERAZINE	2579	8	
PHOSPHORUS SESQUISULPHIDE, free from	1341	4.1		PIPERIDINE	2401	8	
yellow and white phosphorus	10.15	4.0		Pivaloyl chloride, see	2438	6.1	
Phosphorus (V) sulphide, free from yellow and white phosphorus, see	1340	4.3		Plastic explosives, see	0084	1	
Phosphorus sulphochloride, see	1837	8		PLASTICS MOULDING COMPOUND in dough, sheet or extruded rope form evolving	3314	9	
PHOSPHORUS TRIBROMIDE	1808	8		flammable vapour			
PHOSPHORUS TRICHLORIDE	1809	6.1		PLASTICS, NITROCELLULOSE-BASED, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.	2006	4.2	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
Polish, see	1263 3066 3469	3 8 3		Potassium chlorate mixed with mineral oil, see	0083	1	
	3470	8		POTASSIUM CUPROCYANIDE	1679	6.1	
POLYAMINES, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2733	3		POTASSIUM CYANIDE, SOLID	1680	6.1	
POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	2735	8		POTASSIUM CYANIDE, SOLUTION	3413	6.1	
POLYAMINES, LIQUID,	2734	8		Potassium dicyanocuprate (I), see	1679	6.1	
CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.				POTASSIUM DITHIONITE	1929	4.2	
POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3259	8		POTASSIUM FLUORIDE, SOLID	1812	6.1	
POLYCHLORINATED	2315	9		POTASSIUM FLUORIDE, SOLUTION	3422	6.1	
BIPHENYLS, LIQUID				POTASSIUM FLUOROACETATE	2628	6.1	
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS, SOLID	3432	9		POTASSIUM FLUOROSILICATE	2655	6.1	
POLYESTER RESIN KIT	3269	3		Potassium hexafluorosilicate, see	2655	6.1	
POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, LIQUID	3151	9		Potassium hydrate, see	1814	8	
POLYHALOGENATED BIPHENYLS, SOLID	3152	9		POTASSIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE, SOLID	1811	8	
POLYHALOGENATED TERPHENYLS, LIQUID	3151	9		POTASSIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE, SOLUTION	3421	8	
POLYHALOGENATED TERPHENYLS, SOLID	3152	9		POTASSIUM HYDROGEN SULPHATE	2509	8	
POLYMERIC BEADS, EXPANDABLE, evolving flammable vapour	2211	9		POTASSIUM HYDROSULPHITE, see	1929	4.2	
Polystyrene beads, expandable, see	2211	9		Potassium hydroxide, liquid, see	1814	8	
POTASSIUM	2257	4.3		POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLID	1813	8	
POTASSIUM ARSENATE	1677	6.1		POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1814	8	
POTASSIUM ARSENITE	1678	6.1		SOLUTION			
Potassium bifluoride, see	1811	8		POTASSIUM METAL ALLOYS, LIQUID	1420	4.3	
Potassium bisulphate, see	2509	8		POTASSIUM METAL ALLOYS,	3403	4.3	
Potassium bisulphite solution, see	2693	8		SOLID			
POTASSIUM BOROHYDRIDE	1870	4.3		POTASSIUM METAVANADATE	2864		
POTASSIUM BROMATE	1484	5.1		POTASSIUM MONOXIDE	2033	8	
POTASSIUM CHLORATE	1485	5.1		POTASSIUM NITRATE	1486	5.1	
POTASSIUM CHLORATE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	2427	5.1		Potassium nitrate and sodium nitrate mixture, see	1499	5.1	
AQUEOUS SOLUTION				POTASSIUM NITRATE AND SODIUM NITRITE MIXTURE	1487	5.1	

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POTASSIUM NITRITE	1488	5.1		PRIMERS, TUBULAR	0319		
POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE	1489	5.1			0320 0376		
POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE	1490	5.1		PRINTING INK, flammable or	1210	3	
POTASSIUM PEROXIDE	1491	5.1		PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL (including printing ink			
POTASSIUM PERSULPHATE	1492	5.1		thinning or reducing compound), flammable			
POTASSIUM PHOSPHIDE	2012	4.3		Projectiles, illuminating, see	0171	1	
Potassium selenate, see	2630	6.1			0254 0297		
Potassium selenite, see	2630	6.1		PROJECTILES, inert with tracer	0345		
Potassium silicofluoride, see	2655	6.1			0424 0425		
POTASSIUM SODIUM ALLOYS, LIQUID	1422	4.3		PROJECTILES with burster or expelling charge	0346 0347	1	
POTASSIUM SODIUM ALLOYS, SOLID	3404	4.3			0426 0427 0434	1	
POTASSIUM SULPHIDE with less than 30% water of crystallization	1382	4.2		PROJECTILES with bursting charge	0435 0167	1	
POTASSIUM SULPHIDE,	1382	4.2			0168 0169		
ANHYDROUS					0324 0344	1	
POTASSIUM SULPHIDE, HYDRATED with not less than 30% water of crystallization	1847	8		PROPADIENE, STABILIZED	2200	2	
POTASSIUM SUPEROXIDE	2466	5.1		Propadiene and methyl acetylene mixture, stabilized, see	1060	2	
Potassium tetracyano-mercurate (II), see	1626	6.1		PROPANE	1978	2	
POWDER CAKE, WETTED with	0433	1		PROPANETHIOLS	2402	3	
not less than 17% alcohol, by mass	0433	1		n-PROPANOL	1274	3	
POWDER CAKE, WETTED with not less than 25% water, by mass	0159	1		PROPELLANT, LIQUID	0495 0497		
POWDER PASTE, see	0159	1		PROPELLANT, SOLID	0498		
	0433	1			0499 0501	1 1	
POWDER, SMOKELESS	0160 0161 0509	1 1 1		Propellant with a single base, Propellant with a double base,	0160 0161	1 1	
Power devices, explosive, see	0275	1		Propellant with a triple base, see			
	0276 0323	1		Propene, see	1077	2	
	0381	1		PROPIONALDEHYDE	1275	3	
PRIMERS, CAP TYPE	0044 0377	1		PROPIONIC ACID with not less	1848	0	
	0377	1		than 10% and less than 90% acid by mass	1048	8	
Primers, small arms, see	0044	1		PROPIONIC ACID with not less than 90% acid by mass	3463	8	

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PROPIONIC ANHYDRIDE	2496	8		Pyrophoric organometallic	3394	4.2	
PROPIONITRILE	2404	3		compound, water-reactive, n.o.s., liquid, see			
PROPIONYL CHLORIDE	1815	3		Pyrophoric organometallic	3393	4.2	
n-PROPYL ACETATE	1276	3		compound, water-reactive, n.o.s., solid, see			
PROPYL ALCOHOL, NORMAL, see	1274	3		PYROPHORIC ALLOY, N.O.S.	1383	4.2	
PROPYLAMINE	1277	3		PYROPHORIC LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3194	4.2	
n-PROPYLBENZENE	2364	3		PYROPHORIC LIQUID,	2845	4.2	
Propyl chloride, see	1278	3		ORGANIC, N.O.S.			
n-PROPYL CHLOROFORMATE	2740	6.1		PYROPHORIC METAL, N.O.S.	1383	4.2	
PROPYLENE	1077	2		PYROPHORIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3200	4.2	
PROPYLENE CHLOROHYDRIN	2611	6.1		PYROPHORIC SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	2846	4.2	
1,2-PROPYLENEDIAMINE	2258	8		PYROSULPHURYL CHLORIDE	1817	8	
Propylene dichloride, see	1279	3				3	
PROPYLENEIMINE, STABILIZED	1921	3		Pyroxylin solution, see PYRROLIDINE	2059 1922	3	
PROPYLENE OXIDE	1280	3		PIRROLIDINE	1922	3	
PROPYLENE TETRAMER	2850	3		QUINOLINE	2656	6.1	
Propylene trimer, see	2057	3		Quinone, see	2587	6.1	
PROPYL FORMATES	1281	3		RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL,	2909	7	
n-PROPYL ISOCYANATE	2482	6.1		EXCEPTED PACKAGE - ARTICLES MANUFACTURED			
Propyl mercaptan, see	2402	3		FROM NATURAL URANIUM or DEPLETED URANIUM or			
n-PROPYL NITRATE	1865	3		NATURAL THORIUM	2000	7	
PROPYLTRICHLOROSILANE	1816	8		RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE - EMPTY PACKAGING	2908	7	
Pyrazine hexahydride, see	2579	8			2011	7	
PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	3350	3		RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE - INSTRUMENTS or ARTICLES	2911	7	
PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	3352	6.1		RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, EXCEPTED PACKAGE - LIMITED QUANTITY OF MATERIAL	2910	7	
PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	3351	6.1		RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY (LSA-I), non fissile or fissile-	2912	7	
PYRETHROID PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	3349	6.1		excepted RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY	3324	7	
PYRIDINE	1282	3		(LSA-II), FISSILE			

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY (LSA-II), non fissile or fissile-	3321	7		RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE C PACKAGE, FISSILE	3330	7	
excepted RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW	3325	7		RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE C PACKAGE, non fissile or fissile-excepted	3323	7	
SPECIFIC ACTIVITY, (LSA-III), FISSILE	3323	,		RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE,	2977	7	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, LOW SPECIFIC ACTIVITY	3322	7		FISSILE		_	
(LSA-III), non fissile or fissile- excepted				RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, non fissile or fissile-excepted	2978	7	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, SURFACE CONTAMINATED OBJECTS (SCO-I or SCO-II), FISSILE	3326	7		Rags, oily	1856	4.2	Not subject to ADN
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, SURFACE CONTAMINATED	2913	7		RDX, see	0072 0391	1	
OBJECTS (SCO-I or SCO-II), non fissile or fissile-excepted				RECEPTACLES, SMALL,	0483 2037	1 2	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TRANSPORTED UNDER SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT,	3331	7		CONTAINING GAS without a release device, non-refillable			
FISSILE				Red phosphorus, see	1338	4.1	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TRANSPORTED UNDER SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT, non fissile or fissile-excepted	2919	7		REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S., such as mixture F1, mixture F2 or mixture P2	1078	2	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL,	3327	7		REFRIGERANT GAS R 12, see	1028	2	
TYPE A PACKAGE, FISSILE, non- special form	3321	,		REFRIGERANT GAS R 12B1, see	1974	2	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL,	2915	7		REFRIGERANT GAS R 13, see	1022	2	
TYPE A PACKAGE, non-special form, non fissile or fissile-excepted				REFRIGERANT GAS R 13B1, see	1009	2	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL,	3333	7		REFRIGERANT GAS R 14, see	1982		
TYPE A PACKAGE, SPECIAL FORM, FISSILE				REFRIGERANT GAS R 21, see	1029	2	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL,	3332	7		REFRIGERANT GAS R 22, see	1018	2	
TYPE A PACKAGE, SPECIAL FORM, non fissile or fissile-excepted				REFRIGERANT GAS R 23, see	1984	2	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL,	3329	7		REFRIGERANT GAS R 32, see	3252	2	
TYPE B(M) PACKAGE, FISSILE				REFRIGERANT GAS R 40, see	1063	2	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE B(M) PACKAGE, non fissile	2917	7		REFRIGERANT GAS R 41, see	2454	2	
or fissile-excepted				REFRIGERANT GAS R 114, see	1958	2	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL, TYPE B(U) PACKAGE, FISSILE	3328	7		REFRIGERANT GAS R 115, see	1020	2	
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL,	2916	7		REFRIGERANT GAS R 116, see	2193	2	
TYPE B(U) PACKAGE, non fissile or fissile-excepted	2710	,		REFRIGERANT GAS R 124, see	1021	2	
of Histine excepted				REFRIGERANT GAS R 125, see	3220	2	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
REFRIGERANT GAS R 133a, see	1983	2		Road oil, at or above 100 °C and below its flash-point, see	3257	9	
REFRIGERANT GAS R 134a, see	3159	2		ROCKET MOTORS	0186	1	
REFRIGERANT GAS R 142b, see	2517	2			0280 0281	1 1	
REFRIGERANT GAS R 143a, see	2035	2		ROCKET MOTORS, LIQUID	0395	1	
REFRIGERANT GASR 152a, see	1030	2		FUELLED	0396		
REFRIGERANT GAS R 161, see	2453	2		ROCKET MOTORS WITH HYPERGOLIC LIQUIDS with or	0250 0322		
REFRIGERANT GAS R 218, see	2424	2		without expelling charge			
REFRIGERANT GAS R 227, see	3296	2		ROCKETS with bursting charge	0180 0181	1 1	
REFRIGERANT GAS R 404A	3337	2			0182	1	
REFRIGERANT GAS R 407A	3338	2			0295		
				ROCKETS with expelling charge	0436 0437		
REFRIGERANT GAS R 407B	3339	2			0438		
REFRIGERANT GAS R 407C	3340	2		ROCKETS with inert head	0183		
REFRIGERANT GAS R 500, see	2602	2			0502	1	
REFRIGERANT GAS R 502, see	1973	2		ROCKETS, LINE-THROWING	0238 0240		
REFRIGERANT GAS R 503, see	2599	2			0453	1	
REFRIGERANT GAS R 1132a, see	1959	2		ROCKETS, LIQUID FUELLED with bursting charge	0397 0398		
REFRIGERANT GAS R 1216, see	1858	2		ROSIN OIL	1286		
REFRIGERANT GAS R 1318, see	2422	2		RUBBER SCRAP, powdered or	1345	4.1	
REFRIGERANT GAS RC 318, see	1976	2		granulated			
REFRIGERATING MACHINES containing flammable, non-toxic, liquefied gas	3358	2		RUBBER SHODDY, powdered or granulated	1345	4.1	
				RUBBER SOLUTION	1287	3	
REFRIGERATING MACHINES containing non-flammable, non-	2857	2		RUBIDIUM	1423	4.3	
toxic, gases or ammonia solutions (UN 2672)				RUBIDIUM HYDROXIDE	2678	8	
REGULATED MEDICAL WASTE, N.O.S.	3291	6.2		RUBIDIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	2677	8	
RELEASE DEVICES, EXPLOSIVE	0173	1		Rubidium nitrate, see	1477	5.1	
RESIN SOLUTION, flammable	1866	3		SAFETY DEVICES, electrically initiated	3268	9	
Resorcin, see	2876	6.1		SAFETY DEVICES,	0503	1	
RESORCINOL	2876	6.1		PYROTECHNIC			
RIVETS, EXPLOSIVE	0174	1		Saltpetre, see	1486	5.1	
Road oil, with a flash-point not greater than 60 °C, see	1999	3		SAMPLES, EXPLOSIVE, other than initiating explosive	0190	1	
Road oil, with a flash-point above 60 °C, at or above its flash-point, see	3256	3		Sand acid, see	1778	8	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
Seat-belt pretensioners, see	0503 3268	1 9		SELF-HEATING SOLID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3191	4.2	
SEED CAKE with more than 1.5% oil and not more than 11% moisture	1386	4.2		SELF-HEATING SOLID, TOXIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	3128	4.2	
SEED CAKE with not more than 1.5% oil and not more than 11%	2217	4.2		SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE B	3221	4.1	
moisture Seed expellers, see	1386	4.2		SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE B, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3231	4.1	
Seed experiers, see	2217	4.2		SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE C	3223	4.1	
SELENATES	2630	6.1					
SELENIC ACID	1905	8		SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE C, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3233	4.1	
SELENITES	2630	6.1		CELE DE ACTIVE LIQUID	2225	4.1	
SELENIUM COMPOUND, LIQUID, N.O.S.	3440	6.1		SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE D	3225	4.1	
SELENIUM COMPOUND, SOLID, N.O.S.	3283	6.1		SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE D, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3235	4.1	
SELENIUM DISULPHIDE	2657	6.1		SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE E	3227	4.1	
SELENIUM HEXAFLUORIDE	2194	2					
SELENIUM OXYCHLORIDE	2879	8		SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE E, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3237	4.1	
SELF-HEATING LIQUID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3188	4.2		SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID TYPE F	3229	4.1	
SELF-HEATING LIQUID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	3185	4.2		SELF-REACTIVE LIQUID	3239	4.1	
SELF-HEATING LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3186	4.2		TYPE F, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED			
SELF-HEATING LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	3183	4.2		SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE B	3222	4.1	
SELF-HEATING LIQUID, TOXIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3187	4.2		SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE B, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3232	4.1	
SELF-HEATING LIQUID, TOXIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	3184	4.2		SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE C	3224	4.1	
SELF-HEATING SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3192	4.2		SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE C, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3234	4.1	
SELF-HEATING SOLID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	3126	4.2		SELF-REACTIVE SOLID	3226	4.1	
SELF-HEATING SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3190	4.2		TYPE D SELF-REACTIVE SOLID	3236	4.1	
SELF-HEATING SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	3088	4.2		TYPE D, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED			
SELF-HEATING SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S	3127	4.2	Carriage prohi- bited	SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE E	3228	4.1	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE E, TEMPERATURE	3238	4.1		SILVER NITRATE	1493	5.1	
CONTROLLED				SILVER PICRATE, WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass	1347	4.1	
SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE F	3230	4.1		SLUDGE ACID	1906	8	
SELF-REACTIVE SOLID TYPE F, TEMPERATURE CONTROLLED	3240	4.1		SODA LIME with more than 4% sodium hydroxide	1907	8	
SHALE OIL	1288	3		SODIUM	1428	4.3	
Shaped charges, see	0059	1		Sodium aluminate, solid	2812	8	Not subject to
,	0439	1					ADN
	0440	1					
	0441	1		SODIUM ALUMINATE SOLUTION	1819	8	
Shellac, see	1263	3					
	3066	8		SODIUM ALUMINIUM HYDRIDE	2835	4.3	
	3469 3470	3 8		SODIUM AMMONIUM VANADATE	2863	6.1	
SIGNAL DEVICES, HAND	0191 0373	1 1		SODIUM ARSANILATE	2473	6.1	
SIGNALS, DISTRESS, ship	0194 0195	1 1		SODIUM ARSENATE	1685	6.1	
	0505 0506	1		SODIUM ARSENITE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	1686	6.1	
Signals, distress, ship, water- activated, see	0249	1		SODIUM ARSENITE, SOLID	2027	6.1	
SIGNALS, RAILWAY TRACK, EXPLOSIVE	0192 0193	1 1		SODIUM AZIDE	1687	6.1	
	0492 0493	1 1		Sodium bifluoride, see	2439		
GLGNAL G GNOVE	0106			Sodium binoxide, see	1504	5.1	
SIGNALS, SMOKE	0196 0197 0313	1 1 1		Sodium bisulphite solution, see	2693	8	
	0487	1		SODIUM BOROHYDRIDE	1426	4.3	
	0507	1		GODHIM DODOLINDDIDE AND	2220	0	
SILANE	2203	2		SODIUM BOROHYDRIDE AND SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION, with not more than	3320	8	
Silicofluoric acid, see	1778	8		12% sodium borohydride and not more than 40% sodium hydroxide by			
Silicofluorides, n.o.s., see	2856	6.1		mass			
Silicon chloride, see	1818	8		SODIUM BROMATE	1494	5.1	
SILICON POWDER, AMORPHOUS	1346	4.1		SODIUM CACODYLATE	1688		
SILICON TETRACHLORIDE	1818	8		SODIUM CARBONATE PEROXYHYDRATE	3378	5.1	
SILICON TETRAFLUORIDE	1859	2		SODIUM CHLORATE	1495	5.1	
SILICON TETRAFLUORIDE, ADSORBED	3521	2		SODIUM CHLORATE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION	2428	5.1	
SILVER ARSENITE	1683	6.1		Sodium chlorate mixed with dinitrotoluene, see	0083	1	
SILVER CYANIDE	1684	6.1					

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
SODIUM CHLORITE	1496	5.1		SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLID	1823	8	
SODIUM CHLOROACETATE	2659	6.1		SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	1824	8	
SODIUM CUPROCYANIDE, SOLID	2316	6.1		Sodium metasilicate pentahydrate,	3253	8	
SODIUM CUPROCYANIDE SOLUTION	2317	6.1		see SODIUM METHYLATE	1431	4.2	
SODIUM CYANIDE, SOLID	1689	6.1		SODIUM METHYLATE	1289	3	
SODIUM CYANIDE, SOLUTION	3414	6.1		SOLUTION in alcohol	1025	0	
Sodium dicyanocuprate (I), solid, see	2316	6.1		SODIUM MONOXIDE	1825	8	
Sodium dicyanocuprate (I) solution,	2317	6.1		SODIUM NITRATE	1498	5.1	
Sodium dimethylarsenate, see	1688	6.1		SODIUM NITRATE AND POTASSIUM NITRATE MIXTURE	1499	5.1	
-				SODIUM NITRITE	1500	5.1	
SODIUM DINITRO-o- CRESOLATE, dry or wetted with less than 15% water, by mass	0234	1		Sodium nitrite and potassium nitrate mixture, see	1487	5.1	
SODIUM DINITRO-o- CRESOLATE, WETTED with not	3369	4.1		SODIUM PENTACHLOROPHENATE	2567	6.1	
less than 10% water, by mass SODIUM DINITRO-o-	1348	4.1		SODIUM PERBORATE MONOHYDRATE	3377	5.1	
CRESOLATE, WETTED with not less than 15% water, by mass				SODIUM PERCHLORATE	1502	5.1	
Sodium dioxide, see	1504	5.1		SODIUM PERMANGANATE	1503	5.1	
SODIUM DITHIONITE	1384	4.2		SODIUM PEROXIDE	1504	5.1	
SODIUM FLUORIDE, SOLID	1690	6.1		SODIUM PEROXOBORATE, ANHYDROUS	3247	5.1	
SODIUM FLUORIDE, SOLUTION	3415	6.1		SODIUM PERSULPHATE	1505	5.1	
SODIUM FLUOROACETATE	2629	6.1		SODIUM PHOSPHIDE	1432		
SODIUM FLUOROSILICATE	2674	6.1			0235	1	
Sodium hexafluorosilicate, see	2674	6.1		SODIUM PICRAMATE, dry or wetted with less than 20% water, by mass	0233	1	
Sodium hydrate, see	1824	8			1240	4.1	
SODIUM HYDRIDE	1427	4.3		SODIUM PICRAMATE, WETTED with not less than 20% water, by mass	1349	4.1	
Sodium hydrogen 4-amino- phenylarsenate, see	2473	6.1		Sodium potassium alloys, liquid, see	1422	4.3	
SODIUM HYDROGENDIFLUORIDE	2439	8		Sodium selenate, see	2630	6.1	
SODIUM HYDROSULPHIDE with	2318	4.2		Sodium selenite, see	2630	6.1	
less than 25% water of crystallization		4.2		Sodium silicofluoride, see	2674	6.1	
SODIUM HYDROSULPHIDE, HYDRATED with not less than 25% water of crystallization	2949	8		SODIUM SULPHIDE, ANHYDROUS	1385	4.2	
SODIUM HYDROSULPHITE, see	1384	4.2		SODIUM SULPHIDE with less than 30% water of crystallization	1385	4.2	

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SODIUM SULPHIDE, HYDRATED	1849	8		STRYCHNINE	1692	6.1	
with not less than 30% water	2-1-			STRYCHNINE SALTS	1692	6.1	
SODIUM SUPEROXIDE	2547	5.1		STYPHNIC ACID, see	0219	1	
SOLIDS CONTAINING CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.	3244	8		CTVDENE MONOMED	0394		
SOLIDS or mixtures of solids (such as preparations and wastes)	3175	4.1		STYRENE MONOMER, STABILIZED	2055	3	
CONTAINING FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. having a flash-point				SUBSTANCES, EVI, N.O.S., see	0482		
up to 60°C				SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, N.O.S.	0357 0358		
SOLIDS CONTAINING TOXIC	3243	6.1			0359	1	
LIQUID, N.O.S.					0473 0474		
Solvents, flammable, n.o.s., see	1993	3			0474		
					0476		
Solvents, flammable, toxic, n.o.s., see	1992	3			0477		
	0204				0478		
SOUNDING DEVICES, EXPLOSIVE	0204 0296	1 1			0479 0480		
EALLOSIVE	0230	1			0480	1	
	0375	1			0485		
Squibs, see	0325 0454	1 1		SUBSTANCES, EXPLOSIVE, VERY INSENSITIVE, N.O.S.	0482	1	
Stain, see	1263	3		Substances liable to spontaneous	2845		
	3066	8		combustion, n.o.s., see	2846		
	3469 3470	3 8			3194 3200		
STANNIC CHLORIDE,	1827	8			3200	4.2	
ANHYDROUS	1027	Ü		SUBSTANCES WITH A FLASH-POINT ABOVE 60 °C which are	9001	3	Danger- ous in
STANNIC CHLORIDE PENTAHYDRATE	2440	8		carried heated within a limiting range of 15K below their flash-point			tank vessels only
STANNIC PHOSPHIDES	1433	4.3		CUDCTANCEC WITH A ELACH	0002	0	·
Steel swarf, see	2793	4.2		SUBSTANCES WITH A FLASH-POINT ABOVE 60 °C AND NOT MORE THAN 100 °C, which do not	9003	9	Danger- ous in tank
STIBINE	2676	2		belong to another Class			vessels only
Straw	1327	4.1	Not subject to ADN	SUBSTANCES WITH AN AUTO- IGNITION TEMPERATURE OF 200 °C AND BELOW, n.o.s.	9002	3	Danger- ous in tank
Strontium alloys, pyrophoric, see	1383	4.2		200 C MAD BLEOW, II.O.S.			vessels only
STRONTIUM ARSENITE	1691	6.1		SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL	2780	3	J
STRONTIUM CHLORATE	1506	5.1		PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point	2700	3	
Strontium dioxide, see	1509	5.1		less than 23 °C			
STRONTIUM NITRATE	1507	5.1		SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	3014	6.1	
STRONTIUM PERCHLORATE	1508	5.1		SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL	3013	6.1	
STRONTIUM PEROXIDE	1509	5.1		PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC,	3013	0.1	
STRONTIUM PHOSPHIDE	2013	4.3		FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C			

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SUBSTITUTED NITROPHENOL PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	2779	6.1		TEAR GAS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.	3448	6.1	
SULPHAMIC ACID	2967	8		TELLURIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	3284	6.1	
SULPHUR	1350	4.1		TELLURIUM HEXAFLUORIDE	2195	2	
SULPHUR CHLORIDES	1828	8		TERPENE HYDROCARBONS, N.O.S.	2319	3	
Sulphur dichloride, see	1828	8		TERPINOLENE	2541	3	
SULPHUR DIOXIDE	1079	2		TETRABROMOETHANE	2504		
Sulphuretted hydrogen, see	1053	2		1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	1702		
SULPHUR HEXAFLUORIDE	1080	2			1897	6.1	
SULPHURIC ACID with more than 51% acid	1830	8		TETRACHLOROETHYLENE TETRAETHYL DITHIO- PYROPHOSPHATE	1704		
SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid	2796	8		TETRAETHYLENEPENTAMINE	2320	8	
SULPHURIC ACID, FUMING	1831	8		Tetraethyl lead, see	1649	6.1	
SULPHURIC ACID, SPENT	1832	8		TETRAETHYL SILICATE	1292	3	
Sulphuric and hydrofluoric acid mixture, see	1786	8		Tetraethyoxysilane, see	1292	3	
SULPHUR, MOLTEN	2448	4.1		Tetrafluorodichloroethane, see	1958	2	
Sulphur monochloride, see	1828	8		1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE	3159	2	
SULPHUROUS ACID	1833	8		TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE, STABILIZED	1081	2	
SULPHUR TETRAFLUORIDE	2418	2		TETRAFLUOROMETHANE	1982	2	
SULPHUR TRIOXIDE, STABILIZED	1829	8		1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDRO- BENZALDEHYDE	2498	3	
SULPHURYL CHLORIDE	1834	6.1		TETRAHYDROFURAN	2056	3	
SULPHURYL FLUORIDE	2191	2		TETRAHYDRO- FURFURYLAMINE	2943	3	
Talcum with tremolite and/or	2212	9		Tetrahydro-1,4-oxazine, see	2054	3	
TARS, LIQUID, including road oils and cutback bitumens, with a flash-	1999	3		TETRAHYDROPHTHALIC ANHYDRIDES with more than 0.05% of maleic anhydride	2698	8	
point not greater than 60 °C	2256	2		1,2,3,6-TETRAHYDROPYRIDINE	2410	3	
Tars, liquid, with a flash-point above 60 °C, at or above its flash-point, see	3256	3		TETRAHYDROTHIOPHENE	2412	3	
Tars, liquid, at or above 100 °C and below its flash-point, see	3257	9		Tetramethoxysilane, see	2606	6.1	
Tartar emetic, see	1551	6.1		TETRAMETHYLAMMONIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLID	3423	8	
TEAR GAS CANDLES	1700	6.1		TETRAMETHYLAMMONIUM	1835	8	
TEAR GAS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	1693	6.1		HYDROXIDE, SOLUTION Tetramethylene, see	2601	2	

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Tetramethylene cyanide, see	2205	6.1		THIONYL CHLORIDE	1836	8	
Tetramethyl lead, see	1649	6.1		THIOPHENE	2414	3	
TETRAMETHYLSILANE	2749	3		Thiophenol, see	2337	6.1	
TETRANITROANILINE	0207	1		THIOPHOSGENE	2474	6.1	
TETRANITROMETHANE	1510	6.1		THIOPHOSPHORYL CHLORIDE	1837	8	
TETRAPROPYL	2413	3		THIOUREA DIOXIDE	3341	4.2	
ORTHOTITANATE	0114			Tin (IV) chloride, anhydrous, see	1827	8	
TETRAZENE, WETTED with not less than 30% water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass, see	0114	1		Tin (IV) chloride pentahydrate, see	2440	8	
TETRAZOL-1-ACETIC ACID	0407	1		TINCTURES, MEDICINAL	1293	3	
1H-TETRAZOLE	0504	1		Tin tetrachloride, see	1827	8	
				TITANIUM DISULPHIDE	3174	4.2	
TETRYL, see	0208	1	37.	TITANIUM HYDRIDE	1871	4.1	
Textile waste, wet	1857	4.2	Not subject to ADN	TITANIUM POWDER, DRY	2546	4.2	
THALLIUM CHLORATE	2573	5.1	ADN	TITANIUM POWDER, WETTED with not less than 25% water	1352	4.1	
Thallium (I) chlorate, see	2573	5.1		TITANIUM SPONGE GRANULES	2878	4.1	
THALLIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	1707	6.1		TITANIUM SPONGE POWDERS	2878	4.1	
THALLIUM NITRATE	2727	6.1		TITANIUM TETRACHLORIDE	1838	6.1	
Thallium (I) nitrate, see	2727	6.1		TITANIUM TRICHLORIDE MIXTURE	2869	8	
Thallous chlorate, see	2573	5.1		TITANIUM TRICHLORIDE	2441	4.2	
4-THIAPENTANAL	2785	6.1		MIXTURE, PYROPHORIC	2441	4.2	
Thia-4-pentanal, see	2785	6.1		TITANIUM TRICHLORIDE, PYROPHORIC	2441	4.2	
THIOACETIC ACID	2436	3			0200	1	
THIOCARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC,	2772	3		TNT, see	0209 0388 0389	1	
flash-point less than 23 °C	3006	6.1		TNT mixed with aluminium, see	0390	1	
THIOCARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC	3000	0.1		TNT, WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass, see	1356	4.1	
THIOCARBAMATE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	3005	6.1		TNT, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass, see	3366	4.1	
THIOCARBAMATE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	2771	6.1		Toe puffs, nitrocellulose base, see	1353	4.1	
	2066	6.1		TOLUENE	1294	3	
THIOGLYCOL IC ACID	2966			TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE	2078	6.1	
THIOLACTIC ACID	1940	8		TOLUIDINES, LIQUID	1708	6.1	
THIOLACTIC ACID	2936	6.1		TOLUIDINES, SOLID	3451	6.1	

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Toluol, see	1294	3		TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID,	3488	6.1	
2,4-TOLUYLENEDIAMINE, SOLID	1709	6.1		FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 200 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than			
2,4-TOLUYLENEDIAMINE, SOLUTION	3418	6.1		or equal to 500 LC ₅₀	2400	<i>c</i> 1	
Toluylene diisocyanate, see	2078	6.1		TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than	3489	6.1	
Tolylene diisocyanate, see	2078	6.1		or equal to 1000 ml/m³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than			
Tolylethylene, inhibited, see	2618	3		or equal to 10 LC ₅₀			
TORPEDOES with bursting charge	0329 0330	1		TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀	3387	6.1	
TORPEDOES, LIQUID FUELLED	0451 0450	1		lower than or equal to 200 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC ₅₀			
with inert head TORPEDOES, LIQUID FUELLED with or without bursting charge	0449	1		TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration	3387	6.1	
TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID N.O.S. with an LC_{50} lower than or equal to 200 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC_{50}	, 3381	6.1		greater than or equal to 10 LC ₅₀ TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration	3388	6.1	
TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID N.O.S. with an LC_{50} lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m^3 and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC_{50}	, 3382	6.1		greater than or equal to 10 LC ₅₀ TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 200 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour	3385	6.1	
TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC_{50} lower than or equal to 200 ml/m ³ and		6.1		concentration greater than or equal to $500 \ LC_{50}$			
saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC_{50} TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID	3390	6.1		TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour	3386	6.1	
CORROSIVE, N.O.S. with an LC_{50} lower than or equal to $1000 \; \text{ml/m}^3$ and saturated vapour concentration	, 3370	0.1		concentration greater than or equal to $10LC_{50}$			
greater than or equal to $10 LC_{50}$ TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID	, 3383	6.1		TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀	3490	6.1	
FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 200 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 500 LC_{50})			lower than or equal to 200 ml/m³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to $500 \ LC_{50}$			
TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with an LC ₅₀ lower than or equal to 1000 ml/m ³ and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to 10 LC ₅₀		6.1		TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, WATER-REACTIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. with an LC_{50} lower than or equal to 1000ml/m^3 and saturated vapour concentration greater than or equal to $10 LC_{50}$	3491	6.1	
				TOXIC LIQUID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3289	6.1	

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TOXIC LIQUID, CORROSIVE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	2927	6.1		TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, flash-point not less than 23 °C	2997	6.1	
TOXIC LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	2929	6.1		TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, SOLID, TOXIC	2763	6.1	
TOXIC LIQUID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3287	6.1		Tribromoborane, see	2692	8	
TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	2810	6.1		TRIBUTYLAMINE	2542	6.1	
TOXIC LIQUID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	3122	6.1		TRIBUTYLPHOSPHANE	3254	4.2	
TOXIC LIQUID, WATER- REACTIVE, N.O.S.	3123	6.1		Trichloroacetaldehyde, see TRICHLOROACETIC ACID	2075 1839		
TOXIC SOLID, CORROSIVE, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3290	6.1		TRICHLOROACETIC ACID SOLUTION	2564	8	
TOXIC SOLID, CORROSIVE,	2928	6.1		Trichlororaceticaldehyde, see	2075	6.1	
ORGANIC, N.O.S.	•			TRICHLOROACETYL CHLORIDE	2442	8	
TOXIC SOLID, FLAMMABLE, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	2930	6.1		TRICHLOROBENZENES, LIQUID	2321	6.1	
TOXIC SOLID, INORGANIC, N.O.S.	3288	6.1		TRICHLOROBUTENE	2322	6.1	
TOXIC SOLID, ORGANIC, N.O.S.	2811	6.1		1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	2831	6.1	
TOXIC SOLID, OXIDIZING,	3086	6.1		TRICHLOROETHYLENE	1710	6.1	
N.O.S.	5000	0.1		TRICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, DRY	2468	5.1	
TOXIC SOLID, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.	3124	6.1		Trichloronitromethane, see	1580	6.1	
TOXIC SOLID, WATER- REACTIVE, N.O.S.	3125	6.1		TRICHLOROSILANE	1295	4.3	
TOXINS, EXTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, LIQUID,	3172	6.1		1,3,5-Trichloro-s-triazine-2,4,6-trione, see	2468	5.1	
N.O.S.				2,4,6-Trichloro-1,3,5- triazine, see	2670	8	
TOXINS, EXTRACTED FROM LIVING SOURCES, SOLID, N.O.S.	3462	6.1		TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE with more than 3% ortho isomer	2574	6.1	
TRACERS FOR AMMUNITION	0212	1		TRIETHYLAMINE	1296	3	
T	0306	1		Triethyl borate, see	1176	3	
Tremolite, see	2212	9		TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE	2259	8	
TRIALLYLAMINE	2610	3		Triethyl orthoformate, see	2524	3	
TRIALLYL BORATE	2609	6.1		TRIETHYL PHOSPHITE	2323	3	
TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, flash-point less than 23 °C	2764	3		TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID	2699	8	
	2008	6.1		TRIFLUOROACETYL CHLORIDE	3057	2	
TOXIC	TRIAZINE PESTICIDE, LIQUID, 2998 TOXIC	0.1		Trifluorobromomethane, see	1009	2	
				Trifluorochloroethane, see	1983	2	

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TRIFLUOROCHLOROETHYLENE , STABILIZED, REFRIGERANT GAS R 1113	1082	2		TRINITROBENZENE, WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass	1354	4.1	
Trifluorochloromethane, see	1022	2		TRINITROBENZENE- SULPHONIC ACID	0386	1	
1,1,1-TRIFLUOROETHANE	2035	2		TRINITROBENZOIC ACID, dry or	0215	1	
TRIFLUOROMETHANE	1984	2		wetted with less than 30% water, by mass	0213	1	
TRIFLUOROMETHANE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	3136	2		TRINITROBENZOIC ACID, WETTED with not less than 10%	3368	4.1	
2-TRIFLUOROMETHYLANILINE	2942	6.1		water, by mass			
3-TRIFLUOROMETHYLANILINE	2948	6.1		TRINITROBENZOIC ACID, WETTED with not less than 30%	1355	4.1	
TRIISOBUTYLENE	2324	3		water, by mass			
TRIISOPROPYL BORATE	2616	3		TRINITROCHLOROBENZENE	0155	1	
TRIMETHYLACETYL CHLORIDE	2438	6.1		TRINITROCHLOROBENZENE WETTED with not less than 10%	3365	4.1	
FRIMETHYLAMINE, ANHYDROUS	1083	2		water, by mass			
TRIMETHYLAMINE, AQUEOUS	1297	3		TRINITRO-m-CRESOL	0216		
SOLUTION, not more than 50% rimethylamine, by mass				TRINITROFLUORENONE	0387		
,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	2325	3		TRINITRONAPHTHALENE	0217		
TRIMETHYL BORATE	2416	3		TRINITROPHENETOLE	0218		
TRIMETHYLCHLOROSILANE	1298	3		TRINITROPHENOL, dry or wetted with less than 30% water, by mass	0154	1	
FRIMETHYLCYCLO- HEXYLAMINE	2326	8		TRINITROPHENOL (PICRIC ACID), WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass	1344	4.1	
Trimethylene chlorobromide, see	2688	6.1		TRINITROPHENOL WETTED with	3364	4.1	
TRIMETHYLHEXA- METHYLENEDIAMINES	2327	8		not less than 10% water, by mass	3304	7.1	
TRIMETHYLHEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE	2328	6.1		TRINITROPHENYL- METHYLNITRAMINE	0208	1	
2,4,4-Trimethylpentene-1, see	2050	3		TRINITRORESORCINOL, dry or wetted with less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by	0219	1	
2,4,4-Trimethylpentene-2, see	2050	3		mass			
TRIMETHYL PHOSPHITE	2329	3		TRINITRORESORCINOL, WETTED with not less than 20%	0394	1	
TRINITROANILINE	0153	1		water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass			
TRINITROANISOLE	0213	1		TRINITROTOLUENE (TNT), dry or	0209	1	
TRINITROBENZENE, dry or wetted with less than 30% water, by mass	0214	1		wetted with less than 30% water, by mass			
TRINITROBENZENE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass	3367	4.1		TRINITROTOLUENE AND HEXANITROSTILBENE MIXTURE	0388	1	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
TRINITROTOLUENE MIXTURE	0389	1		Vanadium oxysulphate, see	2931	6.1	
CONTAINING TRINITROBENZENE AND HEXANITROSTILBENE				VANADIUM OXYTRICHLORIDE	2443	8	
TRINITROTOLUENE AND TRINITROBENZENE MIXTURE	0388	1		VANADIUM PENTOXIDE, non-fused form	2862	6.1	
	2266	<i>1</i> 1		VANADIUM TETRACHLORIDE	2444	8	
TRINITROTOLUENE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass	3366	4.1		VANADIUM TRICHLORIDE	2475	8	
TRINITROTOLUENE, WETTED with not less than 30% water, by mass	1356	4.1		VANADYL SULPHATE Varnish, see	2931 1263 3066 3469		
TRIPROPYLAMINE	2260	3			3470		
TRIPROPYLENE	2057	3		Vehicle, flammable gas powered	3166	9	Not
TRIS-(1-AZIRIDINYL) PHOSPHINE OXIDE SOLUTION	2501	6.1					subject to ADN
TRITONAL	0390	1		Vehicle, flammable liquid powered	3166	9	Not subject to
Tropilidene, see	2603	3					ADN
TUNGSTEN HEXAFLUORIDE	2196	2		Vehicle, fuel cell, flammable gas powered	3166	9	Not subject to
TURPENTINE	1299	3		Vehicle, fuel cell, flammable liquid	3166	9	ADN Not
TURPENTINE SUBSTITUTE	1300	3		powered Villiaumite, see	1690	6.1	subject to ADN
UNDECANE	2330	3					
URANIUM HEXAFLUORIDE, RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL,	3507	8		VINYL ACETATE, STABILIZED Vinylbenzene, see	1301 2055	3	
EXCEPTED PACKAGE, less than 0.1 kg per package, non-fissile or				VINYL BROMIDE, STABILIZED	1085	2	
fissile-excepted				VINYL BUTYRATE, STABILIZED	2838	3	
UREA HYDROGEN PEROXIDE	1511	5.1		VINYL CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	1086	2	
UREA NITRATE, dry or wetted with less than 20% water, by mass	0220	1		VINYL CHLOROACETATE	2589	6.1	
UREA NITRATE, WETTED with not less than 10% water, by mass	3370	4.1		VINYL ETHYL ETHER, STABILIZED	1302	3	
UREA NITRATE, WETTED with not less than 20% water, by mass	1357	4.1		VINYL FLUORIDE, STABILIZED	1860	2	
Valeral, see	2058	3		VINYLIDENE CHLORIDE, STABILIZED	1303	3	
VALERALDEHYDE	2058	3		VINYL ISOBUTYL ETHER,	1304	3	
n-Valeraldehyde, see	2058	3		STABILIZED	1007	2	
Valeric aldehyde, see	2058	3		VINYL METHYL ETHER, STABILIZED	1087	2	
VALERYL CHLORIDE	2502	8		VINYLPYRIDINES, STABILIZED	3073	6.1	
VANADIUM COMPOUND, N.O.S.	3285	6.1		VINYLTOLUENES, STABILIZED	2618	3	
Vanadium (IV) oxide sulphate, see	2931	6.1		VINYLTRICHLOROSILANE	1305	3	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
Warheads for guided missiles, see	0286	1		XYLENOLS, LIQUID	3430	6.1	
	0287 0369	1 1		XYLENOLS, SOLID	2261	6.1	
	0370 0371	1 1		XYLIDINES, LIQUID	1711	6.1	
WARHEADS, ROCKET with	0370 0371	1 1		XYLIDINES, SOLID	3452	6.1	
burster or expelling charge WARHEADS, ROCKET with	0286	1		Xylols, see	1307	3	
bursting charge	0287 0369	1 1 1		XYLYL BROMIDE, LIQUID	1701	6.1	
WARHEADS, TORPEDO with	0221	1		XYLYL BROMIDE, SOLID	3417	6.1	
bursting charge	0221	1		ZINC AMMONIUM NITRITE	1512	5.1	
WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID,	3148	4.3		ZINC ARSENATE	1712	6.1	
N.O.S.				ZINC ARSENATE AND ZINC ARSENITE MIXTURE	1712	6.1	
WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3129	4.3		ZINC ARSENITE	1712	6.1	
WATER-REACTIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.	3130	4.3		ZINC ASHES	1435	4.3	
WATER-REACTIVE SOLID,	2813	4.3		Zinc bisulphite solution, see	2693	8	
N.O.S.	2013	7.5		ZINC BROMATE	2469	5.1	
WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	3131	4.3		ZINC CHLORATE	1513	5.1	
WATER-REACTIVE SOLID,	3132	4.3		ZINC CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS	2331	8	
FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.				ZINC CHLORIDE SOLUTION	1840	8	
WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, OXIDIZING, N.O.S.	3133	4.3	Carriage prohi-	ZINC CYANIDE	1713	6.1	
			bited	ZINC DITHIONITE	1931	9	
WATER-REACTIVE SOLID, SELF-HEATING, N.O.S.	3135	4.3		ZINC DUST	1436	4.3	
WATER-REACTIVE SOLID,	3134	4.3		ZINC FLUOROSILICATE	2855		
TOXIC, N.O.S.				Zinc hexafluorosilicate, see	2855		
White arsenic, see	1561	6.1		ZINC HYDROSULPHITE, see	1931	9	
White spirit, see	1300	3		ZINC NITRATE	1514	5.1	
WOOD PRESERVATIVES, LIQUID	1306	3		ZINC PERMANGANATE	1515	5.1	
Wool waste, wet	1387	4.2	Not	ZINC PEROXIDE	1516	5.1	
			subject to ADN	ZINC PHOSPHIDE	1714		
XANTHATES	3342	4.2		ZINC POWDER	1436		
XENON	2036	2		ZINC RESINATE	2714		
XENON, REFRIGERATED LIQUID	2591	2		Zinc selenate, see Zinc selenite, see	2630 2630		
_	1207	2					
XYLENES	1307	3		Zinc silicofluoride, see	2855	6.1	

Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks	Name and description	UN No.	Class	Remarks
ZIRCONIUM, DRY, coiled wire, finished metal sheets, strip (thinner than 254 microns but not thinner than 18 microns)	2858	4.1		ZIRCONIUM PICRAMATE, WETTED with not less than 20% water, by mass	1517	4.1	
				ZIRCONIUM POWDER, DRY	2008	4.2	
ZIRCONIUM, DRY, finished sheets, strip or coiled wire	2009	4.2		ZIRCONIUM POWDER, WETTED with not less than 25% water	1358	4.1	
ZIRCONIUM HYDRIDE	1437	4.1		with not less than 25% water			
Ziiteer izeiii III Bidbb	1107			ZIRCONIUM SCRAP	1932	4.2	
ZIRCONIUM NITRATE	2728	5.1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
				ZIRCONIUM SUSPENDED IN A	1308	3	
ZIRCONIUM PICRAMATE, dry or wetted with less than 20% water, by	0236	1		FLAMMABLE LIQUID			
mass				ZIRCONIUM TETRACHLORIDE	2503	8	

CHAPTER 3.3

SPECIAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO CERTAIN ARTICLES OR SUBSTANCES

- 3.3.1 When Column (6) of Table A of Chapter 3.2 indicates that a special provision is relevant to a substance or article, the meaning and requirements of that special provision are as set forth below.
 - Samples of new or existing explosive substances or articles may be carried as directed by the competent authorities (see 2.2.1.1.3) for purposes including: testing, classification, research and development, quality control, or as a commercial sample. Explosive samples which are not wetted or desensitised shall be limited to 10 kg in small packages as specified by the competent authorities. Explosive samples which are wetted or desensitised shall be limited to 25 kg.
 - Even though this substance has a flammability hazard, it only exhibits such hazard under extreme fire conditions in confined areas.
 - 32 This substance is not subject to the requirements of ADN when in any other form.
 - 37 This substance is not subject to the requirements of ADN when coated.
 - This substance is not subject to the requirements of ADN when it contains not more than 0.1% calcium carbide.
 - This substance is not subject to the requirements of ADN when it contains less than 30% or not less than 90% silicon.
 - When offered for carriage as pesticides, these substances shall be carried under the relevant pesticide entry and in accordance with the relevant pesticide provisions (see 2.2.61.1.10 to 2.2.61.1.11.2).
 - Antimony sulphides and oxides which contain not more than 0.5% of arsenic calculated on the total mass are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
 - 47 Ferricyanides and ferrocyanides are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
 - The carriage of this substance, when it contains more than 20% hydrocyanic acid, is prohibited.
 - These substances are not subject to the requirements of ADN when they contain not more than 50% magnesium.
 - 60 If the concentration is more than 72%, the carriage of this substance is prohibited.
 - The technical name which shall supplement the proper shipping name shall be the ISO common name (see also ISO 1750:1981 "Pesticides and other agrochemicals common names", as amended), other names listed in the WHO "Recommended Classification of Pesticides by Hazard and Guidelines to Classification" or the name of the active substance (see also 3.1.2.8.1 and 3.1.2.8.1.1).
 - This substance is not subject to the requirements of ADN when it contains not more than 4% sodium hydroxide.

- Hydrogen peroxide aqueous solutions with less than 8% hydrogen peroxide are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- 66 Cinnabar is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- The carriage of ammonium nitrites and mixtures of an inorganic nitrite with an ammonium salt is prohibited.
- Nitrocellulose meeting the descriptions of UN No. 2556 or UN No. 2557 may be classified in Class 4.1.
- 113 The carriage of chemically unstable mixtures is prohibited.
- Refrigerating machines include machines or other appliances which have been designed for the specific purpose of keeping food or other items at a low temperature in an internal compartment, and air conditioning units. Refrigerating machines and refrigerating machine components are not subject to the provisions of ADN if they contain less than 12 kg of gas in Class 2, group A or O according to 2.2.2.1.3, or if they contain less than 12 litres ammonia solution (UN No. 2672).
- The subsidiary risks, control and emergency temperatures if any, and the UN number (generic entry) for each of the currently assigned organic peroxide formulations are given in 2.2.52.4, 4.1.4.2 packing instruction IBC520 and 4.2.5.2.6 portable tank instruction T23 of ADR.
- 123 (Reserved)
- Other inert material or inert material mixture may be used, provided this inert material has identical phlegmatizing properties.
- 131 The phlegmatized substance shall be significantly less sensitive than dry PETN.
- The dihydrated sodium salt of dichloroisocyanuric acid does not meet the criteria for inclusion in Class 5.1 and is not subject to ADN unless meeting the criteria for inclusion in another Class.
- p-Bromobenzyl cyanide is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Products which have undergone sufficient heat treatment so that they present no hazard during carriage are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- 142 Solvent extracted soya bean meal containing not more than 1.5% oil and 11% moisture, which is substantially free of flammable solvent, is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- An aqueous solution containing not more than 24% alcohol by volume is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Alcoholic beverages of packing group III, when carried in receptacles of 250 litres or less, are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- The classification of this substance will vary with particle size and packaging, but borderlines have not been experimentally determined. Appropriate classifications shall be made in accordance with 2.2.1.

- This entry applies only if it is demonstrated, on the basis of tests, that the substances when in contact with water are not combustible nor show a tendency to auto-ignition and that the mixture of gases evolved is not flammable.
- A substance mentioned by name in Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall not be carried under this entry. Substances carried under this entry may contain 20% or less nitrocellulose provided the nitrocellulose contains not more than 12.6% nitrogen (by dry mass).
- Asbestos which is immersed or fixed in a natural or artificial binder (such as cement, plastics, asphalt, resins or mineral ore) in such a way that no escape of hazardous quantities of respirable asbestos fibres can occur during carriage is not subject to the requirements of ADN. Manufactured articles containing asbestos and not meeting this provision are nevertheless not subject to the requirements of ADN when packed so that no escape of hazardous quantities of respirable asbestos fibres can occur during carriage.
- Phthalic anhydride in the solid state and tetrahydrophthalic anhydrides, with not more than 0.05% maleic anhydride, are not subject to the requirements of ADN. Phthalic anhydride molten at a temperature above its flash-point, with not more than 0.05% maleic anhydride, shall be classified under UN No. 3256.
- Where a radioactive material has (a) subsidiary risk(s):
 - (a) The substance shall be allocated to packing group I, II or III, if appropriate, by application of the packing group criteria provided in Part 2 corresponding to the nature of the predominant subsidiary risk;
 - (b) Packages shall be labelled with subsidiary risk labels corresponding to each subsidiary risk exhibited by the material; corresponding placards shall be affixed to vehicles or containers in accordance with the relevant provisions of 5.3.1;
 - (c) For the purposes of documentation and package marking, the proper shipping name shall be supplemented with the name of the constituents which most predominantly contribute to this (these) subsidiary risk(s) and which shall be enclosed in parenthesis;
 - (d) The dangerous goods transport document shall indicate the label model number(s) corresponding to each subsidiary risk in parenthesis after the Class number "7" and, where assigned the packing group as required by 5.4.1.1.1 (d).

For packing, see also 4.1.9.1.5 of ADR.

- 177 Barium sulphate is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- This designation shall be used only when no other appropriate designation exists in Table A of Chapter 3.2, and only with the approval of the competent authority of the country of origin (see 2.2.1.1.3).
- Packages containing this type of substance shall bear a label conforming to model No. 1 (see 5.2.2.2.2) unless the competent authority of the country of origin has permitted this label to be dispensed with for the specific packaging employed because test data have proved that the substance in this packaging does not exhibit explosive behaviour (see 5.2.2.1.9).
- 182 The group of alkali metals includes lithium, sodium, potassium, rubidium and caesium.

- 183 The group of alkaline earth metals includes magnesium, calcium, strontium and barium.
- In determining the ammonium nitrate content, all nitrate ions for which a molecular equivalent of ammonium ions is present in the mixture shall be calculated as ammonium nitrate.
- 188 Cells and batteries offered for carriage are not subject to other provisions of ADN if they meet the following:
 - (a) For a lithium metal or lithium alloy cell, the lithium content is not more than 1 g, and for a lithium-ion cell, the Watt-hour rating is not more than 20 Wh;
 - (b) For a lithium metal or lithium alloy battery the aggregate lithium content is not more than 2 g, and for a lithium-ion battery, the Watt-hour rating is not more than 100 Wh. Lithium ion batteries subject to this provision shall be marked with the Watt-hour rating on the outside case except those manufactured before 1 January 2009;
 - (c) Each cell or battery meets the provisions of 2.2.9.1.7 (a) and (e);
 - (d) Cells and batteries, except when installed in equipment, shall be packed in inner packagings that completely enclose the cell or battery. Cells and batteries shall be protected so as to prevent short circuits. This includes protection against contact with conductive materials within the same packaging that could lead to a short circuit. The inner packagings shall be packed in strong outer packagings which conform to the provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.5 of ADR;
 - (e) Cells and batteries when installed in equipment shall be protected from damage and short circuit, and the equipment shall be equipped with an effective means of preventing accidental activation. This requirement does not apply to devices which are intentionally active in carriage (radio frequency identification (RFID) transmitters, watches, sensors, etc.) and which are not capable of generating a dangerous evolution of heat. When batteries are installed in equipment, the equipment shall be packed in strong outer packagings constructed of suitable material of adequate strength and design in relation to the packaging's capacity and its intended use unless the battery is afforded equivalent protection by the equipment in which it is contained;
 - (f) Except for packages containing button cell batteries installed in equipment (including circuit boards), or no more than four cells installed in equipment or no more than two batteries installed in equipment, each package shall be marked with the following:
 - (i) an indication that the package contains "lithium metal" or "lithium ion" cells or batteries, as appropriate;
 - (ii) an indication that the package shall be handled with care and that a flammability hazard exists if the package is damaged;
 - (iii) an indication that special procedures shall be followed in the event the package is damaged, to include inspection and repacking if necessary; and
 - (iv) a telephone number for additional information;

- (g) Each consignment of one or more packages marked in accordance with paragraph (f) shall be accompanied with a document including the following:
 - (i) an indication that the package contains "lithium metal" or "lithium ion" cells or batteries, as appropriate;
 - (ii) an indication that the package shall be handled with care and that a flammability hazard exists if the package is damaged;
 - (iii) an indication that special procedures shall be followed in the event the package is damaged, to include inspection and repacking if necessary; and
 - (iv) a telephone number for additional information;
- (h) Except when batteries are installed in equipment, each package shall be capable of withstanding a 1.2 m drop test in any orientation without damage to cells or batteries contained therein, without shifting of the contents so as to allow battery to battery (or cell to cell) contact and without release of contents; and
- (i) Except when batteries are installed in or packed with equipment, packages shall not exceed 30 kg gross mass.

As used above and elsewhere in ADN, "lithium content" means the mass of lithium in the anode of a lithium metal or lithium alloy cell.

Separate entries exist for lithium metal batteries and lithium ion batteries to facilitate the carriage of these batteries for specific modes of carriage and to enable the application of different emergency response actions.

- Aerosol dispensers shall be provided with protection against inadvertent discharge. Aerosols with a capacity not exceeding 50 ml containing only non-toxic constituents are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Receptacles, small, with a capacity not exceeding 50 ml, containing only non-toxic constituents are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- This entry may only be used for uniform ammonium nitrate based fertilizer mixtures of the nitrogen, phosphate or potash type, containing not more than 70% ammonium nitrate and not more than 0.4% total combustible/organic material calculated as carbon or with not more than 45% ammonium nitrate and unrestricted combustible material. Fertilizers within these composition limits are not subject to the requirements of ADN if shown by a Trough Test (see *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part III, sub-section 38.2) not to be liable to self-sustaining decomposition.
- The control and emergency temperatures, if any, and the UN number (generic entry) for each of the currently assigned self-reactive substances are given in 2.2.41.4.
- 196 Formulations which in laboratory testing neither detonate in the cavitated state nor deflagrate, which show no effect when heated under confinement and which exhibit no explosive power may be carried under this entry. The formulation must also be thermally stable (i.e. the SADT is 60 °C or higher for a 50 kg package). Formulations not meeting these criteria shall be carried under the provisions of Class 5.2, (see 2.2.52.4).
- Nitrocellulose solutions containing not more than 20 % nitrocellulose may be carried as paint, perfumery products or printing ink, as applicable (see UN Nos. 1210, 1263, 1266, 3066, 3469 and 3470).

- 199 Lead compounds which, when mixed in a ratio of 1:1000 with 0.07M hydrochloric acid and stirred for one hour at a temperature of 23 °C ± 2 °C, exhibit a solubility of 5 % or less (see ISO 3711:1990 "Lead chromate pigments and lead chromate-molybdate pigments Specifications and methods of test") are considered insoluble and are not subject to the requirements of ADN unless they meet the criteria for inclusion in another class.
- 201 Lighters and lighter refills shall comply with the provisions of the country in which they were filled. They shall be provided with protection against inadvertent discharge. The liquid portion of the gas shall not exceed 85% of the capacity of the receptacle at 15 °C. The receptacles, including the closures, shall be capable of withstanding an internal pressure of twice the pressure of the liquefied petroleum gas at 55 °C. The valve mechanisms and ignition devices shall be securely sealed, taped or otherwise fastened or designed to prevent operation or leakage of the contents during carriage. Lighters shall not contain more than 10 g of liquefied petroleum gas. Lighter refills shall not contain more than 65 g of liquefied petroleum gas.
 - NOTE: For waste lighters collected separately see Chapter 3.3, special provision 654.
- This entry shall not be used for polychlorinated biphenyls, liquid, UN No. 2315 and polychlorinated biphenyls, solid, UN No. 3432.
- 204 (Deleted)
- 205 This entry shall not be used for UN No. 3155 PENTACHLOROPHENOL.
- 207 Polymeric beads and plastics moulding compounds may be made from polystyrene, poly(methyl methacrylate) or other polymeric material.
- The commercial grade of calcium nitrate fertilizer, when consisting mainly of a double salt (calcium nitrate and ammonium nitrate) containing not more than 10% ammonium nitrate and at least 12% water of crystallization, is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Toxins from plant, animal or bacterial sources which contain infectious substances, or toxins that are contained in infectious substances, shall be classified in Class 6.2.
- This entry only applies to the technically pure substance or to formulations derived from it having an SADT higher than 75 °C and therefore does not apply to formulations which are self-reactive substances (for self-reactive substances, see 2.2.41.4). Homogeneous mixtures containing not more than 35 % by mass of azodicarbonamide and at least 65 % of inert substance are not subject to the requirements of ADN unless criteria of other classes are met.
- Mixtures of solids which are not subject to the requirements of ADN and flammable liquids may be carried under this entry without first applying the classification criteria of Class 4.1, provided there is no free liquid visible at the time the substance is loaded or at the time the packaging, vehicle, wagon or container is closed. Sealed packets and articles containing less than 10 ml of a packing group II or III flammable liquid absorbed into a solid material are not subject to ADN provided there is no free liquid in the packet or article.

- 217 Mixtures of solids which are not subject to the requirements of ADN and toxic liquids may be carried under this entry without first applying the classification criteria of Class 6.1, provided there is no free liquid visible at the time the substance is loaded or at the time the packaging, vehicle, wagon or container is closed. This entry shall not be used for solids containing a packing group I liquid.
- Mixtures of solids which are not subject to the requirements of ADN and corrosive liquids may be carried under this entry without first applying the classification criteria of Class 8, provided there is no free liquid visible at the time the substance is loaded or at the time the packaging, vehicle, wagon or container is closed.
- Genetically modified microorganisms (GMMOs) and genetically modified organisms (GMOs) packed and marked in accordance with packing instruction P904 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR are not subject to any other requirements of ADN.
 - If GMMOs or GMOs meet the criteria for inclusion in Class 6.1 or 6.2 (see 2.2.61.1 and 2.2.62.1) the requirements in ADN for the carriage of toxic substances or infectious substances apply.
- Only the technical name of the flammable liquid component of this solution or mixture shall be shown in parentheses immediately following the proper shipping name.
- 221 Substances included under this entry shall not be of packing group I.
- Unless it can be demonstrated by testing that the sensitivity of the substance in its frozen state is no greater than in its liquid state, the substance shall remain liquid during normal transport conditions. It shall not freeze at temperatures above -15 °C.
- Fire extinguishers under this entry may include installed actuating cartridges (cartridges, power device of classification code 1.4C or 1.4S), without changing the classification of Class 2, group A or O according to 2.2.2.1.3 provided the total quantity of deflagrating (propellant) explosives does not exceed 3.2 g per extinguishing unit.

Fire extinguishers shall be manufactured, tested, approved and labelled according to the provisions applied in the country of manufacture.

NOTE: Provisions applied in the country of manufacture" means the provisions applicable in the country of manufacture or those applicable in the country of use.

Fire extinguishers under this entry include:

- (a) portable fire extinguishers for manual handling and operation;
- (b) fire extinguishers for installation in aircraft;
- (c) fire extinguishers mounted on wheels for manual handling;
- (d) fire extinguishing equipment or machinery mounted on wheels or wheeled platforms or units carried similar to (small) trailers, and
- (e) fire extinguishers composed of a non-rollable pressure drum and equipment, and handled e.g. by fork lift or crane when loaded or unloaded.

NOTE: Pressure receptacles which contain gases for use in the above-mentioned fire extinguishers or for use in stationary fire-fighting installations shall meet the requirements of Chapter 6.2 of ADR and all requirements applicable to the relevant gas when these pressure receptacles are carried separately.

- Formulations of this substance containing not less than 30% non-volatile, non-flammable phlegmatizer are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- When phlegmatized with water and inorganic inert material the content of urea nitrate may not exceed 75% by mass and the mixture shall not be capable of being detonated by the Series 1, type (a), test in the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part 1.
- 228 Mixtures not meeting the criteria for flammable gases (see 2.2.2.1.5) shall be carried under UN No. 3163.
- 230 Lithium cells and batteries may be carried under this entry if they meet the provisions of 2.2.9.1.7.
- 235 This entry applies to articles which contain Class 1 explosive substances and which may also contain dangerous goods of other classes. These articles are used to enhance safety in vehicles, vessels or aircraft e.g. air bag inflators, air bag modules, seat-belt pretensioners, and pyromechanical devices.
- 236 Polyester resin kits consist of two components: a base material (Class 3, packing group II or III) and an activator (organic peroxide). The organic peroxide shall be type D, E or F, not requiring temperature control. The packing group shall be II or III, according to the criteria for Class 3, applied to the base material. The quantity limit referred to in Column (7a) of Table A of Chapter 3.2 applies to the base material.
- The membrane filters, including paper separators, coating or backing materials, etc., that are present in carriage, shall not be liable to propagate a detonation as tested by one of the tests described in the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part I, Test series 1 (a).
 - In addition, the competent authority may determine, on the basis of the results of suitable burning rate tests taking account of the standard tests in the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part III, sub-section 33.2.1, that nitrocellulose membrane filters in the form in which they are to be carried are not subject to the requirements applicable to flammable solids in Class 4.1.
- 238 (a) Batteries can be considered as non-spillable provided that they are capable of withstanding the vibration and pressure differential tests given below, without leakage of battery fluid.

Vibration test: The battery is rigidly clamped to the platform of a vibration machine and a simple harmonic motion having an amplitude of 0.8 mm (1.6 mm maximum total excursion) is applied. The frequency is varied at the rate of 1 Hz/min between the limits of 10 Hz and 55 Hz. The entire range of frequencies and return is traversed in 95 ± 5 minutes for each mounting position (direction of vibration) of the battery. The battery is tested in three mutually perpendicular positions (to include testing with fill openings and vents, if any, in an inverted position) for equal time periods.

Pressure differential test: Following the vibration test, the battery is stored for six hours at 24 °C \pm 4 °C while subjected to a pressure differential of at least 88 kPa. The battery is tested in three mutually perpendicular positions (to

include testing with fill openings and vents, if any, in an inverted position) for at least six hours in each position.

- (b) Non-spillable batteries are not subject to the requirements of ADN if, at a temperature of 55 °C, the electrolyte will not flow from a ruptured or cracked case and there is no free liquid to flow and if, as packaged for carriage, the terminals are protected from short circuit.
- Batteries or cells shall not contain dangerous substances other than sodium, sulphur or sodium compounds (e.g. sodium polysulphides and sodium tetrachloroaluminate). Batteries or cells shall not be offered for carriage at a temperature such that liquid elemental sodium is present in the battery or cell unless approved and under the conditions established by the competent authority of the country of origin. If the country of origin is not a Contracting Party to ADN, the approval and conditions of carriage shall be recognized by the competent authority of the first country Contracting Party to ADN reached by the consignment.

Cells shall consist of hermetically sealed metal casings which fully enclose the dangerous substances and which are so constructed and closed as to prevent the release of the dangerous substances under normal conditions of carriage.

Batteries shall consist of cells secured within and fully enclosed by a metal casing so constructed and closed as to prevent the release of the dangerous substances under normal conditions of carriage.

- 240 See the last NOTE in 2.2.9.1.7.
- The formulation shall be prepared so that it remains homogeneous and does not separate during carriage. Formulations with low nitrocellulose contents and not showing dangerous properties when tested for their liability to detonate, deflagrate or explode when heated under defined confinement by tests of Test series 1 (a), 2 (b) and 2 (c) respectively in the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part I and not being a flammable solid when tested in accordance with Test No. 1 in the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part III, sub-section 33.2.1.4 (chips, if necessary, crushed and sieved to a particle size of less than 1.25 mm) are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Sulphur is not subject to the requirements of ADN when it has been formed to a specific shape (e.g. prills, granules, pellets, pastilles or flakes).
- Gasoline, motor spirit and petrol for use in spark-ignition engines (e.g. in automobiles, stationary engines and other engines) shall be assigned to this entry regardless of variations in volatility.
- 244 This entry includes e.g. aluminium dross, aluminium skimmings, spent cathodes, spent potliner, and aluminium salt slags.
- Alcoholic beverages containing more than 24% alcohol but not more than 70% by volume, when carried as part of the manufacturing process, may be carried in wooden barrels with a capacity of more than 250 litres and not more than 500 litres meeting the general requirements of 4.1.1 of ADR, as appropriate, on the following conditions:
 - (a) The wooden barrels shall be checked and tightened before filling;
 - (b) Sufficient ullage (not less than 3%) shall be left to allow for the expansion of the liquid;

- (c) The wooden barrels shall be carried with the bungholes pointing upwards;
- (d) The wooden barrels shall be carried in containers meeting the requirements of the CSC. Each wooden barrel shall be secured in custom-made cradles and be wedged by appropriate means to prevent it from being displaced in any way during carriage.
- Ferrocerium, stabilized against corrosion, with a minimum iron content of 10% is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- 250 This entry may only be used for samples of chemicals taken for analysis in connection with the implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on their Destruction. The carriage of substances under this entry shall be in accordance with the chain of custody and security procedures specified by the Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons.

The chemical sample may only be carried providing prior approval has been granted by the competent authority or the Director General of the Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons and providing the sample complies with the following provisions:

- (a) It shall be packed according to packing instruction 623 in the ICAO Technical Instructions (see S-3-8 of the Supplement); and
- (b) During carriage, a copy of the document of approval for transport, showing the quantity limitations and the packing provisions shall be attached to the transport document.
- 251 The entry CHEMICAL KIT or FIRST AID KIT is intended to apply to boxes, cases etc. containing small quantities of various dangerous goods which are used for example for medical, analytical or testing or repair purposes. Such kits may not contain dangerous goods for which the quantity "0" has been indicated in Column (7a) of Table A of Chapter 3.2.

Components shall not react dangerously (see "dangerous reaction" in 1.2.1). The total quantity of dangerous goods in any one kit shall not exceed either 1 l or 1 kg. The packing group assigned to the kit as a whole shall be the most stringent packing group assigned to any individual substance in the kit.

Where the kit contains only dangerous goods to which no packing group is assigned, no packing group need be indicated on the dangerous goods transport document.

Kits which are carried on board vessels for first-aid or operating purposes are not subject to the requirements of ADN.

Chemical kits and first aid kits containing dangerous goods in inner packagings which do not exceed the quantity limits for limited quantities applicable to individual substances as specified in Column (7a) of Table A of Chapter 3.2 may be carried in accordance with Chapter 3.4.

252 Provided the ammonium nitrate remains in solution under all conditions of carriage, aqueous solutions of ammonium nitrate, with not more than 0.2% combustible material, in a concentration not exceeding 80%, are not subject to the requirements of ADN.

- This substance, when containing less alcohol, water or phlegmatizer than specified, shall not be carried unless specifically authorized by the competent authority (see 2.2.1.1).
- Any explosives, blasting, type C containing chlorates shall be segregated from explosives containing ammonium nitrate or other ammonium salts.
- Aqueous solutions of Class 5.1 inorganic solid nitrate substances are considered as not meeting the criteria of Class 5.1 if the concentration of the substances in solution at the minimum temperature encountered during carriage is not greater than 80% of the saturation limit.
- 271 Lactose or glucose or similar materials may be used as a phlegmatizer provided that the substance contains not less than 90%, by mass, of phlegmatizer. The competent authority may authorize these mixtures to be classified in Class 4.1 on the basis of a test Series 6 (c) of Section 16 of Part I of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria* on at least three packages as prepared for carriage. Mixtures containing at least 98%, by mass, of phlegmatizer are not subject to the requirements of ADN. Packages containing mixtures with not less than 90%, by mass, of phlegmatizer need not bear a label conforming to model No. 6.1.
- This substance shall not be carried under the provisions of Class 4.1 unless specifically authorized by the competent authority (see UN No. 0143 or UN No. 0150 as appropriate).
- 273 Maneb and maneb preparations stabilized against self-heating need not be classified in Class 4.2 when it can be demonstrated by testing that a cubic volume of 1 m³ of substance does not self-ignite and that the temperature at the centre of the sample does not exceed 200 °C, when the sample is maintained at a temperature of not less than 75 °C \pm 2 °C for a period of 24 hours.
- 274 The provisions of 3.1.2.8 apply.
- 278 These substances shall not be classified and carried unless authorized by the competent authority on the basis of results from Series 2 tests and a Series 6(c) test of Part I of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria* on packages as prepared for carriage (see 2.2.1.1). The competent authority shall assign the packing group on the basis of 2.2.3 criteria and the package type used for the Series 6(c) test.
- 279 The substance is assigned to this classification or packing group based on human experience rather than the strict application of classification criteria set out in ADN.
- This entry applies to safety devices for vehicles, vessels or aircraft, e.g. air bag inflators, air bag modules, seat-belt pretensioners, and pyromechanical devices, which contain dangerous goods of Class 1 or of other classes, when carried as component parts and if these articles as presented for carriage have been tested in accordance with Test Series 6(c) of Part 1 of the Manual of Tests and Criteria, with no explosion of the device, no fragmentation of device casing or pressure receptacle, and no projection hazard nor thermal effect which would significantly hinder fire-fighting or emergency response efforts in the immediate vicinity. This entry does not apply to life saving appliances described in special provision 296 (UN Nos. 2990 and 3072).
- Articles containing gas, intended to function as shock absorbers, including impact energy-absorbing devices, or pneumatic springs are not subject to the requirements of ADN provided:

- (a) Each article has a gas space capacity not exceeding 1.6 litres and a charge pressure not exceeding 280 bar where the product of the capacity (litres) and charge pressure (bars) does not exceed 80 (i.e. 0.5 litres gas space and 160 bar charge pressure, 1 litre gas space and 80 bar charge pressure, 1.6 litres gas space and 50 bar charge pressure, 0.28 litres gas space and 280 bar charge pressure);
- (b) Each article has a minimum burst pressure of 4 times the charge pressure at 20 °C for products not exceeding 0.5 litres gas space capacity and 5 times charge pressure for products greater than 0.5 litres gas space capacity;
- (c) Each article is manufactured from material which will not fragment upon rupture;
- (d) Each article is manufactured in accordance with a quality assurance standard acceptable to the competent authority; and
- (e) The design type has been subjected to a fire test demonstrating that the article relieves its pressure by means of a fire degradable seal or other pressure relief device, such that the article will not fragment and that the article does not rocket.

See also 1.1.3.2 (d) of ADR for equipment used for the operation of the vehicle.

- 284 An oxygen generator, chemical, containing oxidizing substances shall meet the following conditions:
 - (a) The generator when containing an explosive actuating device shall only be carried under this entry when excluded from Class 1 in accordance with the NOTE under paragraph 2.2.1.1.1 (b);
 - (b) The generator, without its packaging, shall be capable of withstanding a 1.8 m drop test onto a rigid, non-resilient, flat and horizontal surface, in the position most likely to cause damage, without loss of its contents and without actuation;
 - (c) When a generator is equipped with an actuating device, it shall have at least two positive means of preventing unintentional actuation.
- Nitrocellulose membrane filters covered by this entry, each with a mass not exceeding 0.5 g, are not subject to the requirements of ADN when contained individually in an article or a sealed packet.
- These substances shall not be classified and carried unless authorized by the competent authority on the basis of results from Series 2 tests and a Series 6 (c) test of Part I of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria* on packages as prepared for carriage (see 2.2.1.1).
- 289 Safety devices, electrically initiated and safety devices, pyrotechnic installed in vehicles, wagons, vessels or aircraft or in completed components such as steering columns, door panels, seats, etc. are not subject to ADN.
- When this radioactive material meets the definitions and criteria of other classes as defined in Part 2, it shall be classified in accordance with the following:
 - (a) Where the substance meets the criteria for dangerous goods in excepted quantities as set out in Chapter 3.5, the packagings shall be in accordance with 3.5.2 and meet the testing requirements of 3.5.3. All other requirements

- applicable to radioactive material, excepted packages as set out in 1.7.1.5 shall apply without reference to the other class;
- (b) Where the quantity exceeds the limits specified in 3.5.1.2 the substance shall be classified in accordance with the predominant subsidiary risk. The transport document shall describe the substance with the UN number and proper shipping name applicable to the other class supplemented with the name applicable to the radioactive excepted package according to Column (2) of Table A of Chapter 3.2, and the substance shall be carried in accordance with the provisions applicable to that UN number. An example of the information shown on the transport document is:

"UN 1993, Flammable liquid, N.O.S. (ethanol and toluene mixture), Radioactive material, excepted package – limited quantity of material, 3, PG II".

In addition, the requirements of 2.2.7.2.4.1 shall apply;

- (c) The provisions of Chapter 3.4 for the carriage of dangerous goods packed in limited quantities shall not apply to substances classified in accordance with sub-paragraph (b);
- (d) When the substance meets a special provision that exempts this substance from all dangerous goods provisions of the other classes it shall be classified in accordance with the applicable UN number of Class 7 and all requirements specified in 1.7.1.5 shall apply.
- 291 Flammable liquefied gases shall be contained within refrigerating machine components. These components shall be designed and tested to at least three times the working pressure of the machinery. The refrigerating machines shall be designed and constructed to contain the liquefied gas and preclude the risk of bursting or cracking of the pressure retaining components during normal conditions of carriage. Refrigerating machines and refrigerating-machine components are not subject to the requirements of ADN if they contain less than 12 kg of gas.
- 292 (Deleted)
- 293 The following definitions apply to matches:
 - (a) Fusee matches are matches the heads of which are prepared with a frictionsensitive igniter composition and a pyrotechnic composition which burns with little or no flame, but with intense heat;
 - (b) Safety matches are matches which are combined with or attached to the box, book or card that can be ignited by friction only on a prepared surface;
 - (c) Strike anywhere matches are matches that can be ignited by friction on a solid surface;
 - (d) Wax Vesta matches are matches that can be ignited by friction either on a prepared surface or on a solid surface.
- 295 Batteries need not be individually marked and labelled if the pallet bears the appropriate mark and label.
- These entries apply for life-saving appliances such as life rafts, personal flotation devices and self-inflating slides. UN No. 2990 applies to self-inflating appliances and

UN No. 3072 applies to life-saving appliances that are not self-inflating. Life-saving appliances may contain:

- (a) Signal devices (Class 1) which may include smoke and illumination signal flares packed in packagings that prevent them from being inadvertently activated;
- (b) For UN No. 2990 only, cartridges, power devices of Division 1.4, compatibility group S, may be contained for purposes of the self-inflating mechanism and provided that the quantity of explosives per appliance does not exceed 3.2 g;
- (c) Class 2 compressed or liquefied gases, group A or O, according to 2.2.2.1.3;
- (d) Electric storage batteries (Class 8) and lithium batteries (Class 9);
- (e) First aid kits or repair kits containing small quantities of dangerous goods (e.g.: substances of Class 3, 4.1, 5.2, 8 or 9); or
- (f) "Strike anywhere" matches packed in packagings that prevent them from being inadvertently activated.

Life-saving appliances packed in strong rigid outer packagings with a total maximum gross mass of 40 kg, containing no dangerous goods other than compressed or liquefied gases of Class 2, group A or group O, in receptacles with a capacity not exceeding 120 ml, installed solely for the purpose of the activation of the appliance, are not subject to the requirements of ADN.

- Fish meal, fish scrap and krill meal shall not be loaded if the temperature at the time of loading exceeds 35 °C or 5 °C above the ambient temperature whichever is higher.
- Fumigated cargo transport units containing no other dangerous goods are only subject to the provisions of 5.5.2.
- Receptacles shall be assigned to the classification code of the gas or mixture of gases contained therein determined in accordance with the provisions of section 2.2.2.
- This entry may only be used for the transport of non-activated batteries which contain dry potassium hydroxide and which are intended to be activated prior to use by addition of an appropriate amount of water to the individual cells.
- These substances are not subject to the requirements of ADN when in concentrations of not more than 50 mg/kg.
- This entry may only be used for substances that are too insensitive for acceptance into Class 1 when tested in accordance with Test Series 2 (see *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part I).
- This entry may only be used for uniform mixtures containing ammonium nitrate as the main ingredient within the following composition limits:
 - (a) Not less than 90% ammonium nitrate with not more than 0.2% total combustible/organic material calculated as carbon and with added matter, if any, which is inorganic and inert towards ammonium nitrate; or
 - (b) Less than 90% but more than 70% ammonium nitrate with other inorganic materials or more than 80% but less than 90% ammonium nitrate mixed with

calcium carbonate and/or dolomite and/or mineral calcium sulphate and not more than 0.4% total combustible/organic material calculated as carbon; or

- (c) Nitrogen type ammonium nitrate based fertilizers containing mixtures of ammonium nitrate and ammonium sulphate with more than 45% but less than 70% ammonium nitrate and not more than 0.4% total combustible/organic material calculated as carbon such that the sum of the percentage compositions of ammonium nitrate and ammonium sulphate exceeds 70%.
- This entry applies to non-sensitized emulsions, suspensions and gels consisting primarily of a mixture of ammonium nitrate and fuel, intended to produce a Type E blasting explosive only after further processing prior to use.

The mixture for emulsions typically has the following composition: 60-85% ammonium nitrate, 5-30% water, 2-8% fuel, 0.5-4% emulsifier agent, 0-10% soluble flame suppressants, and trace additives. Other inorganic nitrate salts may replace part of the ammonium nitrate.

The mixture for suspensions and gels typically has the following composition: 60-85% ammonium nitrate, 0-5% sodium or potassium perchlorate, 0-17% hexamine nitrate or monomethylamine nitrate, 5-30% water, 2-15% fuel, 0.5-4% thickening agent, 0-10% soluble flame suppressants, and trace additives. Other inorganic nitrate salts may replace part of the ammonium nitrate.

Substances shall satisfactorily pass Tests 8 (a), (b) and (c) of Test Series 8 of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part I, Section 18 and be approved by the competent authority.

- 310 The testing requirements in sub-section 38.3 of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria* do not apply to production runs consisting of not more than 100 cells and batteries, or to pre-production prototypes of cells and batteries when these prototypes are carried for testing, if:
 - (a) the cells and batteries are carried in an outer packaging that is a metal, plastics or plywood drum or a metal, plastics or wooden box and that meets the criteria for packing group I; and
 - (b) each cell and battery is individually packed in an inner packaging inside an outer packaging and is surrounded by cushioning material that is non-combustible, and non-conductive.
- 311 Substances shall not be carried under this entry unless approved by the competent authority on the basis of the results of appropriate tests according to Part I of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*. Packaging shall ensure that the percentage of diluent does not fall below that stated in the competent authority approval, at any time during carriage.
- 312 (Reserved)
- 313 (Deleted)
- 314 (a) These substances are liable to exothermic decomposition at elevated temperatures. Decomposition can be initiated by heat or by impurities (e.g. powdered metals (iron, manganese, cobalt, magnesium) and their compounds);

- (b) During the course of carriage, these substances shall be shaded from direct sunlight and all sources of heat and be placed in adequately ventilated areas.
- This entry shall not be used for Class 6.1 substances which meet the inhalation toxicity criteria for packing group I described in 2.2.61.1.8.
- This entry applies only to calcium hypochlorite, dry, when carried in non-friable tablet form
- 317 "Fissile-excepted" applies only to those packages complying with 6.4.11.2 of ADR.
- For the purposes of documentation, the proper shipping name shall be supplemented with the technical name (see 3.1.2.8). When the infectious substances to be carried are unknown, but suspected of meeting the criteria for inclusion in category A and assignment to UN No. 2814 or 2900, the words "suspected category A infectious substance" shall be shown, in parentheses, following the proper shipping name on the transport document.
- Substances packed and packages marked in accordance with packing instruction P650 of ADR are not subject to any other requirements of ADN.
- These storage systems shall always be considered as containing hydrogen.
- When carried in non-friable tablet form, these goods are assigned to packing group III.
- 323 (Reserved)
- 324 This substance needs to be stabilized when in concentrations of not more than 99%.
- In the case of non-fissile or fissile excepted uranium hexafluoride, the material shall be classified under UN No 2978.
- In the case of fissile uranium hexafluoride, the material shall be classified under UN No 2977.
- Waste aerosols consigned in accordance with 5.4.1.1.3 may be carried under this entry for the purposes of reprocessing or disposal. They need not be protected against inadvertent discharge provided that measures to prevent dangerous build up of pressure and dangerous atmospheres are addressed. Waste aerosols, other than those leaking or severely deformed, shall be packed in accordance with packing instruction P207 of ADR and special provision PP87 of ADR, or packing instruction LP02 of ADR and special packing provision L2 of ADR. Leaking or severely deformed aerosols shall be carried in salvage packagings provided appropriate measures are taken to ensure there is no dangerous build up of pressure.

NOTE: For maritime carriage, waste aerosols shall not be carried in closed containers.

This entry applies to fuel cell cartridges including when contained in equipment or packed with equipment. Fuel cell cartridges installed in or integral to a fuel cell system are regarded as contained in equipment. Fuel cell cartridge means an article that stores fuel for discharge into the fuel cell through (a) valve(s) that control(s) the discharge of fuel into the fuel cell. Fuel cell cartridges, including when contained in equipment, shall be designed and constructed to prevent fuel leakage under normal conditions of carriage.

Fuel cell cartridge design types using liquids as fuels shall pass an internal pressure test at a pressure of 100 kPa (gauge) without leakage.

Except for fuel cell cartridges containing hydrogen in metal hydride which shall be in compliance with special provision 339, each fuel cell cartridge design type shall be shown to pass a 1.2 meter drop test onto an unyielding surface in the orientation most likely to result in failure of the containment system with no loss of contents.

When lithium metal or lithium ion batteries are contained in the fuel cell system, the consignment shall be consigned under this entry and under the appropriate entries for UN 3091 LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT or UN 3481 LITHIUM ION BATTERIES CONTAINED IN EQUIPMENT.

- 329 (Reserved)
- 331 (Reserved)
- Magnesium nitrate hexahydrate is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Ethanol and gasoline, motor spirit or petrol mixtures for use in spark-ignition engines (e.g. in automobiles, stationary engines and other engines) shall be assigned to this entry regardless of variations in volatility.
- A fuel cell cartridge may contain an activator provided it is fitted with two independent means of preventing unintended mixing with the fuel during carriage.
- Mixtures of solids which are not subject to the requirements of ADN and environmentally hazardous liquids or solids shall be classified as UN 3077 and may be carried under this entry provided there is no free liquid visible at the time the substance is loaded or at the time the packaging or vehicle, wagon or container is closed. Each vehicle, wagon or container shall be leakproof when used for carriage in bulk. If free liquid is visible at the time the mixture is loaded or at the time the packaging or vehicle, wagon or container is closed, the mixture shall be classified as UN 3082. Sealed packets and articles containing less than 10 ml of an environmentally hazardous liquid, absorbed into a solid material but with no free liquid in the packet or article, or containing less than 10 g of an environmentally hazardous solid, are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- A single package of non-combustible solid LSA-II or LSA-III material, if carried by air, shall not contain an activity greater than 3 000 A₂.
- Type B(U) and Type B(M) packages, if carried by air, shall not contain activities greater than the following:
 - (a) For low dispersible radioactive material: as authorized for the package design as specified in the certificate of approval;

- (b) For special form radioactive material: 3 000 A₁ or 100 000 A₂, whichever is the lower; or
- (c) For all other radioactive material: 3 000 A₂.
- Each fuel cell cartridge carried under this entry and designed to contain a liquefied flammable gas shall:
 - (a) Be capable of withstanding, without leakage or bursting, a pressure of at least two times the equilibrium pressure of the contents at 55 °C;
 - (b) Not contain more than 200 ml liquefied flammable gas, the vapour pressure of which shall not exceed 1 000 kPa at 55 °C; and
 - (c) Pass the hot water bath test prescribed in 6.2.6.3.1 of ADR.
- Fuel cell cartridges containing hydrogen in a metal hydride carried under this entry shall have a water capacity less than or equal to 120 ml.

The pressure in the fuel cell cartridge shall not exceed 5 MPa at 55 °C. The design type shall withstand, without leaking or bursting, a pressure of twice the design pressure of the cartridge at 55 °C or 200 kPa more than the design pressure of the cartridge at 55 °C, whichever is greater. The pressure at which this test is conducted is referred to in the drop test and the hydrogen cycling test as the "minimum shell burst pressure".

Fuel cell cartridges shall be filled in accordance with procedures provided by the manufacturer. The manufacturer shall provide the following information with each fuel cell cartridge:

- (a) Inspection procedures to be carried out before initial filling and before refilling of the fuel cell cartridge;
- (b) Safety precautions and potential hazards to be aware of;
- (c) Method for determining when the rated capacity has been achieved;
- (d) Minimum and maximum pressure range;
- (e) Minimum and maximum temperature range; and
- (f) Any other requirements to be met for initial filling and refilling including the type of equipment to be used for initial filling and refilling.

The fuel cell cartridges shall be designed and constructed to prevent fuel leakage under normal conditions of carriage. Each cartridge design type, including cartridges integral to a fuel cell, shall be subjected to and shall pass the following tests:

Drop test

A 1.8 metre drop test onto an unyielding surface in four different orientations:

- (a) Vertically, on the end containing the shut-off valve assembly;
- (b) Vertically, on the end opposite to the shut-off valve assembly;

- (c) Horizontally, onto a steel apex with a diameter of 38 mm, with the steel apex in the upward position; and
- (d) At a 45° angle on the end containing the shut-off valve assembly.

There shall be no leakage, determined by using a soap bubble solution or other equivalent means on all possible leak locations, when the cartridge is charged to its rated charging pressure. The fuel cell cartridge shall then be hydrostatically pressurized to destruction. The recorded burst pressure shall exceed 85% of the minimum shell burst pressure.

Fire test

A fuel cell cartridge filled to rated capacity with hydrogen shall be subjected to a fire engulfment test. The cartridge design, which may include a vent feature integral to it, is deemed to have passed the fire test if:

- (a) The internal pressure vents to zero gauge pressure without rupture of the cartridge; or
- (b) The cartridge withstands the fire for a minimum of 20 minutes without rupture.

Hydrogen cycling test

This test is intended to ensure that a fuel cell cartridge design stress limits are not exceeded during use.

The fuel cell cartridge shall be cycled from not more than 5% rated hydrogen capacity to not less than 95% rated hydrogen capacity and back to not more than 5% rated hydrogen capacity. The rated charging pressure shall be used for charging and temperatures shall be held within the operating temperature range. The cycling shall be continued for at least 100 cycles.

Following the cycling test, the fuel cell cartridge shall be charged and the water volume displaced by the cartridge shall be measured. The cartridge design is deemed to have passed the hydrogen cycling test if the water volume displaced by the cycled cartridge does not exceed the water volume displaced by an uncycled cartridge charged to 95% rated capacity and pressurized to 75% of its minimum shell burst pressure.

Production leak test

Each fuel cell cartridge shall be tested for leaks at 15 °C \pm 5 °C, while pressurized to its rated charging pressure. There shall be no leakage, determined by using a soap bubble solution or other equivalent means on all possible leak locations.

Each fuel cell cartridge shall be permanently marked with the following information:

- (a) The rated charging pressure in MPa;
- (b) The manufacturer's serial number of the fuel cell cartridges or unique identification number; and

- (c) The date of expiry based on the maximum service life (year in four digits; month in two digits).
- Chemical kits, first aid kits and polyester resin kits containing dangerous substances in inner packagings which do not exceed the quantity limits for excepted quantities applicable to individual substances as specified in column (7b) of Table A of Chapter 3.2, may be carried in accordance with Chapter 3.5. Class 5.2 substances, although not individually authorized as excepted quantities in column (7b) of Table A of Chapter 3.2, are authorized in such kits and are assigned Code E2 (see 3.5.1.2).
- 341 (Reserved)
- 342 Glass inner receptacles (such as ampoules or capsules) intended only for use in sterilization devices, when containing less than 30 ml of ethylene oxide per inner packaging with not more than 300 ml per outer packaging, may be carried in accordance with the provisions in Chapter 3.5, irrespective of the indication of "E0" in column (7b) of Table A of Chapter 3.2 provided that:
 - (a) After filling, each glass inner receptacle has been determined to be leak-tight by placing the glass inner receptacle in a hot water bath at a temperature, and for a period of time, sufficient to ensure that an internal pressure equal to the vapour pressure of ethylene oxide at 55 °C is achieved. Any glass inner receptacle showing evidence of leakage, distortion or other defect under this test shall not be carried under the terms of this special provision;
 - (b) In addition to the packaging required by 3.5.2, each glass inner receptacle is placed in a sealed plastics bag compatible with ethylene oxide and capable of containing the contents in the event of breakage or leakage of the glass inner receptacle; and
 - (c) Each glass inner receptacle is protected by a means of preventing puncture of the plastics bag (e.g. sleeves or cushioning) in the event of damage to the packaging (e.g. by crushing).
- 343 This entry applies to crude oil containing hydrogen sulphide in sufficient concentration that vapours evolved from the crude oil can present an inhalation hazard. The packing group assigned shall be determined by the flammability hazard and inhalation hazard, in accordance with the degree of danger presented.
- 344 The provisions of 6.2.6 of ADR shall be met.
- This gas contained in open cryogenic receptacles with a maximum capacity of 1 litre constructed with glass double walls having the space between the inner and outer wall evacuated (vacuum insulated) is not subject to ADN provided each receptacle is carried in an outer packaging with suitable cushioning or absorbent materials to protect it from impact damage.
- Open cryogenic receptacles conforming to the requirements of packing instruction P203 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR and containing no dangerous goods except for UN No. 1977 nitrogen, refrigerated liquid, which is fully absorbed in a porous material, are not subject to any other requirements of ADN.
- This entry shall only be used if the results of Test series 6 (d) of Part I of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria* have demonstrated that any hazardous effects arising from functioning are confined within the package.

- 348 Batteries manufactured after 31 December 2011 shall be marked with the Watt-hour rating on the outside case.
- Mixtures of a hypochlorite with an ammonium salt are not to be accepted for carriage. UN No. 1791 hypochlorite solution is a substance of Class 8.
- 350 Ammonium bromate and its aqueous solutions and mixtures of a bromate with an ammonium salt are not to be accepted for carriage.
- Ammonium chlorate and its aqueous solutions and mixtures of a chlorate with an ammonium salt are not to be accepted for carriage.
- Ammonium chlorite and its aqueous solutions and mixtures of a chlorite with an ammonium salt are not to be accepted for carriage.
- Ammonium permanganate and its aqueous solutions and mixtures of a permanganate with an ammonium salt are not to be accepted for carriage.
- 354 This substance is toxic by inhalation.
- Oxygen cylinders for emergency use carried under this entry may include installed actuating cartridges (cartridges, power device of Division 1.4, Compatibility Group C or S), without changing the classification in Class 2 provided the total quantity of deflagrating (propellant) explosives does not exceed 3.2 g per oxygen cylinder. The cylinders with the installed actuating cartridges as prepared for carriage shall have an effective means of preventing inadvertent activation.
- Metal hydride storage systems installed in vehicles, wagons, vessels or aircraft or in completed components or intended to be installed in vehicles, wagons, vessels or aircraft shall be approved by the competent authority of the country of manufacture before acceptance for carriage. The transport document shall include an indication that the package was approved by the competent authority of the country of manufacture or a copy of the competent authority of the country of manufacture approval shall accompany each consignment.
- 357 Petroleum crude oil containing hydrogen sulphide in sufficient concentration that vapours evolved from the crude oil can present an inhalation hazard shall be consigned under the entry UN 3494 PETROLEUM SOUR CRUDE OIL, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC.
- Nitroglycerin solution in alcohol with more than 1% but not more than 5% nitroglycerin may be classified in Class 3 and assigned to UN No. 3064 provided all the requirements of packing instruction P300 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR are complied with.
- Nitroglycerin solution in alcohol with more than 1% but not more than 5% nitroglycerin shall be classified in Class 1 and assigned to UN No. 0144 if not all the requirements of packing instruction P300 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR are complied with.
- Wehicles only powered by lithium metal batteries or lithium ion batteries shall be classified under the entry UN 3171 battery-powered vehicle.
- This entry applies to electric double layer capacitors with an energy storage capacity greater than 0.3 Wh. Capacitors with an energy storage capacity of 0.3 Wh or less are

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¹ If the country of manufacture is not a Contracting Party to ADN, the approval shall be recognized by the competent authority of a Contracting Party to ADN.

not subject to ADN. Energy storage capacity means the energy held by a capacitor, as calculated using the nominal voltage and capacitance. All capacitors to which this entry applies, including capacitors containing an electrolyte that does not meet the classification criteria of any class of dangerous goods, shall meet the following conditions:

- (a) Capacitors not installed in equipment shall be carried in an uncharged state. Capacitors installed in equipment shall be carried either in an uncharged state or protected against short circuit;
- (b) Each capacitor shall be protected against a potential short circuit hazard in carriage as follows:
 - (i) When a capacitor's energy storage capacity is less than or equal to 10Wh or when the energy storage capacity of each capacitor in a module is less than or equal to 10 Wh, the capacitor or module shall be protected against short circuit or be fitted with a metal strap connecting the terminals; and
 - (ii) When the energy storage capacity of a capacitor or a capacitor in a module is more than 10 Wh, the capacitor or module shall be fitted with a metal strap connecting the terminals;
- (c) Capacitors containing dangerous goods shall be designed to withstand a 95 kPa pressure differential;
- (d) Capacitors shall be designed and constructed to safely relieve pressure that may build up in use, through a vent or a weak point in the capacitor casing. Any liquid which is released upon venting shall be contained by the packaging or by the equipment in which a capacitor is installed; and
- (e) Capacitors shall be marked with the energy storage capacity in Wh.

Capacitors containing an electrolyte not meeting the classification criteria of any class of dangerous goods, including when installed in equipment, are not subject to other provisions of ADN.

Capacitors containing an electrolyte meeting the classification criteria of any class of dangerous goods, with an energy storage capacity of 10 Wh or less are not subject to other provisions of ADN when they are capable of withstanding a 1.2 metre drop test unpackaged on an unyielding surface without loss of contents.

Capacitors containing an electrolyte meeting the classification criteria of any class of dangerous goods that are not installed in equipment and with an energy storage capacity of more than 10 Wh are subject to ADN.

Capacitors installed in equipment and containing an electrolyte meeting the classification criteria of any class of dangerous goods are not subject to other provisions of ADN provided the equipment is packaged in a strong outer packaging constructed of suitable material and of adequate strength and design, in relation to the packaging's intended use and in such a manner as to prevent accidental functioning of capacitors during carriage. Large robust equipment containing capacitors may be offered for carriage unpackaged or on pallets when capacitors are afforded equivalent protection by the equipment in which they are contained.

NOTE: Capacitors which by design maintain a terminal voltage (e.g. asymmetrical capacitors) do not belong to this entry.

- 362 (Reserved).
- This entry also applies to liquid fuels, other than those exempted according to 1.1.3.3, above the quantity specified in column (7a) of Table A of Chapter 3.2, in means of containment integral to equipment or machinery (e.g. generators, compressors, heating units, etc) as part of their original design type. They are not subject to other provisions of ADN if they meet the following:
 - (a) The means of containment are in compliance with the construction requirements of the competent authority of the country of manufacture; ²
 - (b) Any valves or openings (e.g. venting devices) in the means of containment containing dangerous goods are closed during carriage;
 - (c) The machinery or equipment is oriented to prevent inadvertent leakage of dangerous goods and secured by means capable of restraining the machinery or equipment to prevent any movement during carriage which would change the orientation or cause it to be damaged;
 - (d) Where the means of containment has a capacity of more than 60 litres but not more than 450 litres, the machinery or equipment is labelled on one external side in accordance with 5.2.2 and where the capacity is greater than 450 litres but not more than 1 500 litres the machinery or equipment is labelled on all four external sides in accordance with 5.2.2; and
 - (e) Where the means of containment has a capacity greater than 1 500 litres, the machinery or equipment is placarded on all four external sides in accordance with 5.3.1.1.1, the requirement of 5.4.1 applies and the transport document includes the following additional statement: "Carriage in accordance with Special Provision 363
- 364 This article may only be carried under the provisions of Chapter 3.4 if, as presented for carriage, the package is capable of passing the test in accordance with Test Series 6(d) of Part I of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria* as determined by the competent authority.
- 365 For manufactured instruments and articles containing mercury, see UN No. 3506.
- 366 Manufactured instruments and articles containing not more than 1 kg of mercury are not subject to ADN.
- 367 For the purposes of documentation:

The proper shipping name "Paint related material" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint" and "Paint related material" in the same package;

The proper shipping name "Paint related material, corrosive, flammable" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint, corrosive, flammable" and "Paint related material, corrosive, flammable" in the same package;

² For example, compliance with the relevant provisions of Directive 2006/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on machinery, and amending Directive 95/16/EC (Official Journal of the European Union No. L 157 of 9 June 2006, pp. 0024-0086).

The proper shipping name "Paint related material, flammable, corrosive" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint, flammable, corrosive" and "Paint related material, flammable, corrosive" in the same package; and

The proper shipping name "Printing ink related material" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Printing ink" and "Printing ink related material" in the same package.

- In the case of non-fissile or fissile-excepted uranium hexafluoride, the material shall be classified under UN No. 3507 or UN No. 2978.
- In accordance with 2.1.3.5.3 (a), this radioactive material in an excepted package possessing corrosive properties is classified in Class 8 with a radioactive material subsidiary risk.

Uranium hexafluoride may be classified under this entry only if the conditions of 2.2.7.2.4.1.2, 2.2.7.2.4.1.5, 2.2.7.2.4.5.2 and, for fissile-excepted material, of 2.2.7.2.3.6 are met.

In addition to the provisions applicable to the carriage of Class 8 substances, the provisions of 5.1.3.2, 5.1.5.2.2, 5.1.5.4.1 (b), 7.1.4.14.7.3.1, 7.1.4.14.7.5.1 to 7.1.4.14.7.5.4 and 7.1.4.14.7.7 apply.

No Class 7 label is required to be displayed.

370 This entry applies to:

- ammonium nitrate with more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any added substance; and
- ammonium nitrate with not more than 0.2% combustible substances, including any organic substance calculated as carbon, to the exclusion of any added substance, that is not too sensitive for acceptance into Class 1 when tested in accordance with Test Series 2 (see Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part I). See also UN No. 1942.
- 371 (1) This entry also applies to articles, containing a small pressure receptacle with a release device. Such articles shall comply with the following requirements:
 - (a) The water capacity of the pressure receptacle shall not exceed 0.5 litres and the working pressure shall not exceed 25 bar at 15 °C;
 - (b) The minimum burst pressure of the pressure receptacle shall be at least four times the pressure of the gas at 15 °C;
 - (c) Each article shall be manufactured in such a way that unintentional firing or release is avoided under normal conditions of handling, packing, carriage and use. This may be fulfilled by an additional locking device linked to the activator;
 - (d) Each article shall be manufactured in such a way as to prevent hazardous projections of the pressure receptacle or parts of the pressure receptacle;
 - (e) Each pressure receptacle shall be manufactured from material which will not fragment upon rupture;

- (f) The design type of the article shall be subjected to a fire test. For this test, the provisions of paragraphs 16.6.1.2 except letter g, 16.6.1.3.1 to 16.6.1.3.6, 16.6.1.3.7 (b) and 16.6.1.3.8 of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria* shall be applied. It shall be demonstrated that the article relieves its pressure by means of a fire degradable seal or other pressure relief device, in such a way that the pressure receptacle will not fragment and that the article or fragments of the article do not rocket more than 10 metres;
- (g) The design type of the article shall be subjected to the following test. A stimulating mechanism shall be used to initiate one article in the middle of the packaging. There shall be no hazardous effects outside the package such as disruption of the package, metal fragments or a receptacle which passes through the packaging.
- (2) The manufacturer shall produce technical documentation of the design type, manufacture as well as the tests and their results. The manufacturer shall apply procedures to ensure that articles produced in series are made of good quality, conform to the design type and are able to meet the requirements in (1). The manufacturer shall provide such information to the competent authority on request.
- This entry applies to asymmetric capacitors with an energy storage capacity greater than 0.3 Wh. Capacitors with an energy storage capacity of 0.3 Wh or less are not subject to ADN.

Energy storage capacity means the energy stored in a capacitor, as calculated according to the following equation,

Wh =
$$1/2C_N(U_R^2 - U_L^2) \times (1/3600)$$
,

using the nominal capacitance (C_N) , rated voltage (U_R) and rated lower limit voltage (U_L) .

All asymmetric capacitors to which this entry applies shall meet the following conditions:

- (a) Capacitors or modules shall be protected against short circuit;
- (b) Capacitors shall be designed and constructed to safely relieve pressure that may build up in use, through a vent or a weak point in the capacitor casing. Any liquid which is released upon venting shall be contained by packaging or by equipment in which a capacitor is installed;
- (c) Capacitors shall be marked with the energy storage capacity in Wh; and
- (d) Capacitors containing an electrolyte meeting the classification criteria of any class of dangerous goods shall be designed to withstand a 95 kPa pressure differential;

Capacitors containing an electrolyte not meeting the classification criteria of any class of dangerous goods, including when configured in a module or when installed in equipment are not subject to other provisions of ADN.

Capacitors containing an electrolyte meeting the classification criteria of any class of dangerous goods, with an energy storage capacity of 20 Wh or less, including when configured in a module, are not subject to other provisions of ADN when the

capacitors are capable of withstanding a 1.2 metre drop test unpackaged on an unyielding surface without loss of contents.

Capacitors containing an electrolyte meeting the classification criteria of any class of dangerous goods that are not installed in equipment and with an energy storage capacity of more than 20 Wh are subject to ADN.

Capacitors installed in equipment and containing an electrolyte meeting the classification criteria of any class of dangerous goods, are not subject to other provisions of ADN provided that the equipment is packaged in a strong outer packaging constructed of suitable material, and of adequate strength and design, in relation to the packaging's intended use and in such a manner as to prevent accidental functioning of capacitors during carriage. Large robust equipment containing capacitors may be offered for carriage unpackaged or on pallets when capacitors are afforded equivalent protection by the equipment in which they are contained.

NOTE: Notwithstanding the provisions of this special provision, nickel-carbon asymmetric capacitors containing Class 8 alkaline electrolytes shall be carried as UN 2795 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ALKALI, electric storage.

- Neutron radiation detectors containing non-pressurized boron trifluoride gas may be carried under this entry provided that the following conditions are met:
 - (a) Each radiation detector shall meet the following conditions.
 - (i) The pressure in each detector shall not exceed 105 kPa absolute at 20°C:
 - (ii) The amount of gas shall not exceed 13 g per detector;
 - (iii) Each detector shall be manufactured under a registered quality assurance programme;

NOTE: ISO 9001:2008 may be used for this purpose.

- (iv) Each neutron radiation detector shall be of welded metal construction with brazed metal to ceramic feed through assemblies. These detectors shall have a minimum burst pressure of 1800 kPa as demonstrated by design type qualification testing; and
- (v) Each detector shall be tested to a 1 x 10^{-10} cm³/s leaktightness standard before filling.
- (b) Radiation detectors carried as individual components shall be carried as follows:
 - (i) Detectors shall be packed in a sealed intermediate plastics liner with sufficient absorbent material to absorb the entire gas contents;
 - (ii) They shall be packed in strong outer packaging. The completed package shall be capable of withstanding a 1.8 m drop test without leakage of gas contents from detectors;
 - (iii) The total amount of gas from all detectors per outer packaging shall not exceed 52 g.

- (c) Completed neutron radiation detection systems containing detectors meeting the conditions of paragraph (a) shall be carried as follows:
 - (i) The detectors shall be contained in a strong sealed outer casing;
 - (ii) The casing shall contain sufficient absorbent material to absorb the entire gas contents;
 - (iii) The completed systems shall be packed in strong outer packagings capable of withstanding a 1.8 m drop test without leakage unless a system's outer casing affords equivalent protection.

Packing instruction P200 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR is not applicable.

The transport document shall include the following statement "Carriage in accordance with special provision 373".

Neutron radiation detectors containing not more than 1 g of boron trifluoride, including those with solder glass joints, are not subject to ADN provided they meet the requirements in paragraph (a) and are packed in accordance with paragraph (b). Radiation detection systems containing such detectors are not subject to ADN provided they are packed in accordance with paragraph (c).

- 374 (Reserved)
- 375 These substances when carried in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 *l* or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 kg or less for solids, are not subject to any other provisions of ADN provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 of ADR.
- 376 Lithium ion cells or batteries and lithium metal cells or batteries identified as being damaged or defective such that they do not conform to the type tested according to the applicable provisions of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria* shall comply with the requirements of this special provision.

For the purposes of this special provision, these may include, but are not limited to:

- Cells or batteries identified as being defective for safety reasons;
- Cells or batteries that have leaked or vented;
- Cells or batteries that cannot be diagnosed prior to carriage; or
- Cells or batteries that have sustained physical or mechanical damage.

NOTE: In assessing a battery as damaged or defective, the type of battery and its previous use and misuse shall be taken into account.

Cells and batteries shall be carried according to the provisions applicable to UN No. 3090, UN No. 3091, UN No. 3480 and No. UN 3481, except special provision 230 and as otherwise stated in this special provision.

Packages shall be marked "DAMAGED/DEFECTIVE LITHIUM-ION BATTERIES" or "DAMAGED/DEFECTIVE LITHIUM METAL BATTERIES", as applicable.

Cells and batteries shall be packed in accordance with packing instructions P908 of 4.1.4.1 or LP904 of 4.1.4.3 of ADR, as applicable.

Cells and batteries liable to rapidly disassemble, dangerously react, produce a flame or a dangerous evolution of heat or a dangerous emission of toxic, corrosive or flammable gases or vapours under normal conditions of carriage shall not be carried except under conditions specified by the competent authority.

377 Lithium ion and lithium metal cells and batteries and equipment containing such cells and batteries carried for disposal or recycling, either packed together with or packed without non-lithium batteries, may be packaged in accordance with packing instruction P909 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR.

These cells and batteries are not subject to the requirements of 2.2.9.1.7 (a) to (e).

Packages shall be marked "LITHIUM BATTERIES FOR DISPOSAL" or "LITHIUM BATTERIES FOR RECYCLING".

Identified damaged or defective batteries shall be carried in accordance with special provision 376 and packaged in accordance with P908 of 4.1.4.1 or LP904 of 4.1.4.3 of ADR, as applicable.

- 378 (Reserved)
- -499
- 500 (Deleted)
- 501 For naphthalene, molten, see UN No. 2304.
- 502 UN No. 2006 plastics, nitrocellulose-based, self-heating, n.o.s., and UN No. 2002 celluloid scrap are substances of Class 4.2.
- 503 For phosphorus, white, molten, see UN No. 2447.
- 504 UN No. 1847 potassium sulphide, hydrated with not less than 30% water of crystallization, UN No. 1849 sodium sulphide, hydrated with not less than 30% water of crystallization and UN No. 2949 sodium hydrosulphide, hydrated with not less than 25% water of crystallization are substances of Class 8.
- 505 UN No. 2004 magnesium diamide is a substance of Class 4.2.
- 506 Alkaline earth metals and alkaline earth metal alloys in pyrophoric form are substances of Class 4.2.
 - UN No. 1869 magnesium or magnesium alloys containing more than 50% magnesium as pellets, turnings or ribbons, are substances of Class 4.1.
- 507 UN No. 3048 aluminium phosphide pesticides, with additives inhibiting the emission of toxic flammable gases are substances of Class 6.1.
- 508 UN No. 1871 titanium hydride and UN No. 1437 zirconium hydride are substances of Class 4.1. UN No. 2870 aluminium borohydride is a substance of Class 4.2.
- 509 UN No. 1908 chlorite solution is a substance of Class 8.
- 510 UN No. 1755 chromic acid solution is a substance of Class 8.

- 511 UN No. 1625 mercuric nitrate, UN No. 1627 mercurous nitrate and UN No. 2727 thallium nitrate are substances of Class 6.1. Thorium nitrate, solid, uranyl nitrate hexahydrate solution and uranyl nitrate, solid are substances of Class 7.
- 512 UN No. 1730 antimony pentachloride, liquid, UN No. 1731 antimony pentachloride solution, UN No. 1732 antimony pentafluoride and UN No. 1733 antimony trichloride are substances of Class 8.
- 513 UN No. 0224 barium azide, dry or wetted with less than 50% water, by mass, is a substance of Class 1. UN No. 1571 barium azide, wetted with not less than 50% water, by mass, is a substance of Class 4.1. UN No. 1854 barium alloys, pyrophoric, are substances of Class 4.2. UN No. 1445 barium chlorate, solid, UN No. 1446 barium nitrate, UN No. 1447 barium perchlorate, solid, UN No. 1448 barium permanganate, UN No. 1449 barium peroxide, UN No. 2719 barium bromate, UN No. 2741 barium hypochlorite with more than 22% available chlorine, UN No. 3405 barium chlorate, solution and UN No. 3406 barium perchlorate, solution, are substances of Class 5.1. UN No. 1565 barium cyanide and UN No. 1884 barium oxide are substances of Class 6.1.
- 514 UN No. 2464 beryllium nitrate is a substance of Class 5.1.
- 515 UN No. 1581 chloropicrin and methyl bromide mixture and UN No. 1582 chloropicrin and methyl chloride mixture are substances of Class 2.
- 516 UN No. 1912 methyl chloride and methylene chloride mixture is a substance of Class 2.
- 517 UN No. 1690 sodium fluoride, solid, UN No. 1812 potassium fluoride, solid, UN No. 2505 ammonium fluoride, UN No. 2674 sodium fluorosilicate, UN No. 2856 fluorosilicates, n.o.s., UN No. 3415 sodium fluoride, solution and UN No. 3422 potassium fluoride, solution, are substances of Class 6.1.
- 518 UN No. 1463 chromium trioxide, anhydrous (chromic acid, solid) is a substance of Class 5.1.
- 519 UN No. 1048 hydrogen bromide, anhydrous, is a substance of Class 2.
- 520 UN No. 1050 hydrogen chloride, anhydrous, is a substance of Class 2.
- 521 Solid chlorites and hypochlorites are substances of Class 5.1.
- 522 UN No. 1873 perchloric acid aqueous solution with more than 50% but not more than 72% pure acid, by mass are substances of Class 5.1. Perchloric acid solutions containing more than 72% pure acid, by mass, or mixtures of perchloric acid with any liquid other than water, are not to be accepted for carriage.
- 523 UN No. 1382 anhydrous potassium sulphide and UN No. 1385 anhydrous sodium sulphide and their hydrates with less than 30% water of crystallization, and UN No. 2318 sodium hydrosulphide with less than 25% water of crystallization are substances of Class 4.2.
- 524 UN No. 2858 finished zirconium products of a thickness of 18 μ m or more are substances of Class 4.1.

- 525 Solutions of inorganic cyanides with a total cyanide ion content of more than 30% shall be classified in packing group I, solutions with a total cyanide ion content of more than 3% and not more than 30% in packing group II and solutions with a cyanide ion content of more than 0.3% and not more than 3% in packing group III.
- 526 UN No. 2000 celluloid is assigned to Class 4.1.
- 527 (Reserved)
- 528 UN No. 1353 fibres or fabrics impregnated with weakly nitrated cellulose, non-self heating are articles of Class 4.1.
- 529 UN No. 0135 mercury fulminate, wetted with not less than 20% water, or mixture of alcohol and water, by mass, is a substance of Class 1. Mercurous chloride (calomel) is a substance of Class 9 (UN No. 3077).
- 530 UN No. 3293 hydrazine, aqueous solution with not more than 37% hydrazine, by mass, is a substance of Class 6.1.
- Mixtures having a flash-point below 23 °C and containing more than 55% nitrocellulose, whatever its nitrogen content or containing not more than 55% nitrocellulose with a nitrogen content above 12.6% (by dry mass), are substances of Class 1 (see UN Nos. 0340 or 0342) or of Class 4.1.
- 532 UN No. 2672 ammonia solution containing not less than 10% but not more than 35% ammonia is a substance of Class 8.
- 533 UN No. 1198 formaldehyde solutions, flammable are substances of Class 3. Formaldehyde solutions, non-flammable, with less than 25% formaldehyde are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- While in some climatic conditions, petrol (gasoline) may have a vapour pressure at 50 °C of more than 110 kPa (1.10 bar) but not more than 150 kPa (1.50 bar) it is to continue to be considered as a substance having a vapour pressure at 50 °C of not more than 110 kPa (1.10 bar).
- 535 UN No. 1469 lead nitrate, UN No. 1470 lead perchlorate, solid and UN No. 3408 lead perchlorate, solution are substances of Class 5.1.
- 536 For naphthalene, solid, see UN No. 1334.
- 537 UN No. 2869 titanium trichloride mixture, not pyrophoric, is a substance of Class 8.
- 538 For sulphur (in the solid state), see UN No. 1350.
- 539 Solutions of isocyanates having a flash-point of not less than 23 °C are substances of Class 6.1.
- 540 UN No. 1326 hafnium powder, wetted, UN No. 1352 titanium powder, wetted or UN No. 1358 zirconium powder, wetted, with not less than 25% water, are substances of Class 4.1.
- Nitrocellulose mixtures with a water content, alcohol content or plasticizer content lower than the stated limits are substances of Class 1.
- Talc containing tremolite and/or actinolite is covered by this entry.

- 543 UN No. 1005 ammonia, anhydrous, UN No. 3318 ammonia solution with more than 50% ammonia and UN No. 2073 ammonia solution, with more than 35% but not more than 50% ammonia, are substances of Class 2. Ammonia solutions with not more than 10% ammonia are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- 544 UN No. 1032 dimethylamine, anhydrous, UN No. 1036 ethylamine, UN No. 1061 methylamine, anhydrous and UN No. 1083 trimethylamine, anhydrous, are substances of Class 2.
- 545 UN No. 0401 dipicryl sulphide, wetted with less than 10% water by mass is a substance of Class 1.
- 546 UN No. 2009 zirconium, dry, finished sheets, strip or coiled wire, in thicknesses of less than 18 μ m, is a substance of Class 4.2. Zirconium, dry, finished sheets, strip or coiled wire, in thicknesses of 254 μ m or more, is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- 547 UN No. 2210 maneb or UN No. 2210 maneb preparations in self-heating form are substances of Class 4.2.
- 548 Chlorosilanes which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, are substances of Class 4.3.
- 549 Chlorosilanes having a flash-point of less than 23 °C and which, in contact with water, do not emit flammable gases are substances of Class 3. Chlorosilanes having a flash-point equal to or greater than 23 °C and which, in contact with water, do not emit flammable gases are substances of Class 8.
- 550 UN No. 1333 cerium in slabs, rods or ingots is a substance of Class 4.1.
- 551 Solutions of these isocyanates having a flash-point below 23 °C are substances of Class 3.
- Metals and metal alloys in powdered or other flammable form, liable to spontaneous combustion, are substances of Class 4.2. Metals and metal alloys in powdered or other flammable form which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases are substances of Class 4.3.
- 553 This mixture of hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid shall, in laboratory testing (see *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part II, section 20), neither detonate in the cavitated state nor deflagrate at all and shall show no effect when heated under confinement nor any explosive power. The formulation shall be thermally stable (self-accelerating decomposition temperature 60 °C or higher for a 50 kg package), and a liquid compatible with peroxyacetic acid shall be used for desensitization. Formulations not meeting these criteria are to be regarded as substances of Class 5.2 (see *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part II, paragraph 20.4.3 (g)).
- Metal hydrides which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases are substances of Class 4.3. UN No. 2870 aluminium borohydride or UN No. 2870 aluminium borohydride in devices is a substance of Class 4.2.
- Dust and powder of metals in non-spontaneously combustible form, non-toxic which nevertheless, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, are substances of Class 4.3.

- 556 Organometallic compounds and their solutions which ignite spontaneously are substances of Class 4.2. Flammable solutions with organometallic compounds in concentrations which, in contact with water, neither emit flammable gases in dangerous quantities nor ignite spontaneously are substances of Class 3.
- Dust and powder of metals in pyrophoric form are substances of Class 4.2.
- Metals and metal alloys in pyrophoric form are substances of Class 4.2. Metals and metal alloys which, in contact with water, do not emit flammable gases and are not pyrophoric or self-heating, but which are easily ignited, are substances of Class 4.1.
- 559 (Deleted)
- An elevated temperature liquid, n.o.s. at or above 100 °C (including molten metals and molten salts) or, for a substance having a flash-point, at a temperature below its flash-point, is a substance of Class 9 (UN No. 3257).
- 561 Chloroformates having predominantly corrosive properties are substances of Class 8.
- Spontaneously combustible organometallic compounds are substances of Class 4.2. Water-reactive organometallic compounds, flammable, are substances of Class 4.3.
- 563 UN No. 1905 selenic acid is a substance of Class 8.
- 564 UN No. 2443 vanadium oxytrichloride, UN No. 2444 vanadium tetrachloride and UN No. 2475 vanadium trichloride are substances of Class 8.
- Unspecified wastes resulting from medical/veterinary treatment of humans/animals or from biological research, and which are unlikely to contain substances of Class 6.2 shall be assigned to this entry. Decontaminated clinical wastes or wastes resulting from biological research which previously contained infectious substances are not subject to the requirements of Class 6.2.
- 566 UN No. 2030 hydrazine aqueous solution, with more than 37% hydrazine, by mass, is a substance of Class 8.
- 567 (Deleted)
- Barium azide with a water content lower than the stated limit is a substance of Class 1, UN No. 0224.
- 569-579 (*Reserved*)
- 580 (Deleted)
- This entry covers mixtures of methylacetylene and propadiene with hydrocarbons, which as:

Mixture P1, contain not more than 63% methylacetylene and propadiene by volume and not more than 24% propane and propylene by volume, the percentage of C₄-saturated hydrocarbons being not less than 14% by volume; and as

Mixture P2, contain not more than 48% methylacetylene and propadiene by volume and not more than 50% propane and propylene by volume, the percentage of C_4 -saturated hydrocarbons being not less than 5% by volume,

as well as mixtures of propadiene with 1 to 4% methylacetylene.

When relevant, in order to meet the requirements for the transport document (5.4.1.1), the term "Mixture P1" or "Mixture P2" may be used as technical name.

This entry covers, *inter alia*, mixtures of gases indicated by the letter R ..., with the following properties:

Mixture	Maximum vapour pressure at 70 °C (MPa)	Minimum density at 50 °C (kg/l)	Permitted technical name for purposes of 5.4.1.1
F1	1.3	1.30	"Mixture F1"
F2	1.9	1.21	"Mixture F2"
F3	3.0	1.09	"Mixture F3"

NOTE 1: Trichlorofluoromethane (refrigerant R 11), 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane (refrigerant R 113), 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2,2-trifluoroethane (refrigerant R 113a), 1-chloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane (refrigerant R 133) and 1-chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane (refrigerant R 133 b) are not substances of Class 2. They may, however, enter into the composition of mixtures F 1 to F 3.

NOTE 2: The reference densities correspond to the densities of dichlorofluoromethane (1.30 kg/l), dichloridifluoromethane (1.21 kg/l) and chlorodifluoromethane (1.09 kg/l).

583 This entry covers, *inter alia*, mixtures of gases, with the following properties:

Mixture	Maximun vapour pressure at 70 °C (MPa)	Minimun density at 50 °C (kg/l)	Permitted technical name ^a for purposes of 5.4.1.1
A	1.1	0.525	"Mixture A" or "Butane"
A01	1.6	0.516	"Mixture A01" or "Butane"
A02	1.6	0.505	"Mixture A02" or "Butane"
A0	1.6	0.495	"Mixture A0" or "Butane"
A1	2.1	0.485	"Mixture A1"
B1	2.6	0.474	"Mixture B1"
B2	2.6	0.463	"Mixture B2"
В	2.6	0.450	"Mixture B"
С	3.1	0.440	"Mixture C" or "Propane"

^aFor carriage in tanks, the trade names "Butane" or "Propane" may be used only as a complement.

- This gas is not subject to the requirements of ADN when:
 - it contains not more than 0.5% air in the gaseous state;
 - it is contained in metal capsules (sodors, sparklets) free from defects which may impair their strength;
 - the leakproofness of the closure of the capsule is ensured;
 - a capsule contains not more than 25 g of this gas;
 - a capsule contains not more than 0.75 g of this gas per cm³ of capacity.
- 585 (Deleted).

- Hafnium, titanium and zirconium powders shall contain a visible excess of water. Hafnium, titanium and zirconium powders, wetted, mechanically produced, of a particle size of 53 μm and over, or chemically produced, of a particle size of 840 μm and over, are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Barium stearate and barium titanate are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Solid hydrated forms of aluminium bromide and aluminium chloride are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- 589 (Deleted)
- 590 Ferric chloride hexahydrate is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- 591 Lead sulphate with not more than 3% free acid is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Uncleaned empty packagings (including empty IBCs and large packagings), empty tank-vehicles, empty tank wagons, empty demountable tanks, empty portable tanks, empty tank-containers and empty small containers which have contained this substance are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- This gas, intended for the cooling of e.g. medical or biological specimens, if contained in double wall receptacles which comply with the provisions of packing instruction P203, paragraph (6) for open cryogenic receptacles of 4.1.4.1 of ADR is not subject to the requirements of ADN except as specified in 5.5.3.
- The following articles, manufactured and filled according to the provisions applied in the country of manufacture, are not subject to the requirements of ADN:
 - (a) UN No. 1044 fire extinguishers provided with protection against inadvertent discharge, when:
 - they are packaged in a strong outer packaging; or
 - they are large fire extinguishers which meet the requirements of special packing provision PP91 of packing instruction P003 in 4.1.4.1 of ADR;
 - (b) UN No. 3164 articles, pressurized pneumatic or hydraulic, designed to withstand stresses greater than the internal gas pressure by virtue of transmission of force, intrinsic strength or construction, when they are packaged in a strong outer packaging.
 - **NOTE:** "Provisions applied in the country of manufacture" means the provisions applicable in the country of manufacture or those applicable in the country of use.
- Cadmium pigments, such as cadmium sulphides, cadmium sulphoselenides and cadmium salts of higher fatty acids (e.g. cadmium stearate), are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Acetic acid solutions with not more than 10% pure acid by mass are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- 598 The following are not subject to the requirements of ADN:

- (a) New storage batteries when:
 - they are secured in such a way that they cannot slip, fall or be damaged;
 - they are provided with carrying devices, unless they are suitably stacked,
 e.g. on pallets;
 - there are no dangerous traces of alkalis or acids on the outside;
 - they are protected against short circuits;
- (b) Used storage batteries when:
 - their cases are undamaged;
 - they are secured in such a way that they cannot leak, slip, fall or be damaged, e.g. by stacking on pallets;
 - there are no dangerous traces of alkalis or acids on the outside of the articles;
 - they are protected against short circuits.

"Used storage batteries" means storage batteries carried for recycling at the end of their normal service life.

- 599 (Deleted)
- Vanadium pentoxide, fused and solidified, is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Pharmaceutical products (medicines) ready for use, which are substances manufactured and packaged for retail sale or distribution for personal or household consumption are not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Phosphorus sulphides which are not free from yellow and white phosphorus are not to be accepted for carriage.
- 603 Anhydrous hydrogen cyanide not meeting the description for UN No. 1051 or UN No. 1614 is not to be accepted for carriage. Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid) containing less than 3% water is stable, if the pH-value is 2.5 ± 0.5 and the liquid is clear and colourless.

604**-**606(*Deleted*)

- Mixtures of potassium nitrate and sodium nitrite with an ammonium salt are not to be accepted for carriage.
- 608 (Deleted)
- 609 Tetranitromethane not free from combustible impurities is not to be accepted for carriage.
- The carriage of this substance, when it contains more than 45% hydrogen cyanide is prohibited.

- Ammonium nitrate containing more than 0.2% combustible substances (including any organic substance calculated as carbon) is not to be accepted for carriage unless it is a constituent of a substance or article of Class 1.
- 612 (Reserved)
- 613 Chloric acid solution containing more than 10% chloric acid and mixtures of chloric acid with any liquid other than water is not to be accepted for carriage.
- 2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin (TCDD) in concentrations considered highly toxic according to the criteria in 2.2.61.1 is not to be accepted for carriage.
- 615 (Reserved)
- Substances containing more than 40% liquid nitric esters shall satisfy the exudation test specified in 2.3.1.
- In addition to the type of explosive, the commercial name of the particular explosive shall be marked on the package.
- In receptacles containing 1,2-butadiene, the oxygen concentration in the gaseous phase shall not exceed 50 ml/m³.
- 619-622 (Reserved)
- 623 UN No. 1829 sulphur trioxide shall be inhibited. Sulphur trioxide, 99.95% pure or above, may be carried without inhibitor in tanks provided that its temperature is maintained at or above 32.5 °C. For the carriage of this substance without inhibitor in tanks at a minimum temperature of 32.5 °C, the specification "Transport under minimum temperature of the product of 32.5 °C" shall appear in the transport document.
- Packages containing these articles shall be clearly marked as follows: "UN 1950 AEROSOLS"

626-631 (Reserved)

- 632 Considered to be spontaneously flammable (pyrophoric).
- Packages and small containers containing this substance shall bear the following marking: "**Keep away from any source of ignition**". This marking shall be in an official language of the forwarding country, and also, if that language is not English, French or German, in English, French or German, unless any agreements concluded between the countries concerned in the transport operation provide otherwise.
- Packages containing these articles need not bear a label conforming to model No. 9 unless the article is fully enclosed by packaging, crates or other means that prevent the ready identification of the article.
- 636 (a) Cells contained in equipment shall not be capable of being discharged during carriage to the extent that the open circuit voltage falls below 2 volts or two thirds of the voltage of the undischarged cell, whichever is the lower.
 - (b) Up to the intermediate processing facility, lithium cells and batteries with a gross mass of not more than 500 g each or lithium ion cells with a Watt-hour rating of not more than 20 Wh, lithium ion batteries with a Watt-hour rating of

not more than 100 Wh, lithium metal cells with a lithium content of not more than 1 g and lithium metal batteries with an aggregate lithium content of not more than 2 g, whether or not contained in equipment, collected and handed over for carriage for disposal or recycling, together with or without other non-lithium cells or batteries, are not subject to the other provisions of ADN including special provision 376 and paragraph 2.2.9.1.7, if they meet the following conditions:

- (i) The provisions of packing instruction P909 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR apply except for the additional requirements 1 and 2;
- (ii) A quality assurance system is in place to ensure that the total amount of lithium cells or batteries per transport unit does not exceed 333 kg;

NOTE: The total quantity of lithium cells and batteries in the mix may be assessed by means of a statistical method included in the quality assurance system. A copy of the quality assurance records shall be made available to the competent authority upon request.

- (iii) Packages are marked "LITHIUM BATTERIES FOR DISPOSAL" or "LITHIUM BATTERIES FOR RECYCLING" as appropriate.
- 637 Genetically modified microorganisms and genetically modified organisms are those which are not dangerous for humans and animals, but which could alter animals, plants, microbiological substances and ecosystems in such a way as cannot occur naturally. Genetically modified microorganisms and genetically modified organisms are not subject to the requirements of ADN when authorized for use by the competent authorities of the countries of origin, transit and destination.³

Live vertebrate or invertebrate animals shall not be used to carry these substances classified under this UN number unless the substance can be carried in no other way.

For the carriage of easily perishable substances under this UN number appropriate information shall be given, e.g.: "Cool at +2 °/+4 °C" or "Carry in frozen state" or "Do not freeze".

- 638 Substances related to self-reactive substances (see 2.2.41.1.19).
- 639 See 2.2.2.3, classification code 2F, UN No. 1965, Note 2.
- The physical and technical characteristics mentioned in column (2) of Table A of Chapter 3.2 determine different tank codes for the carriage of substances of the same packing group in tanks conforming to Chapter 6.8 of RID or ADR.

In order to identify these physical and technical characteristics of the product carried in the tank, the following shall be added to the particulars required in the transport document only in case of carriage in tanks conforming to Chapter 6.8 of ADR or RID:

"Special provision 640X" where "X" is the applicable capital letter appearing after the reference to special provision 640 in column (6) of Table A of Chapter 3.2.

See in particular Part C of Directive 2001/18/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on the deliberate release into the environment of genetically modified organisms and repealing Council Directive 90/220/EEC (Official Journal of the European Communities, No. L 106, of 17 April 2001, pp. 8-14), which sets out the authorization procedures for the European Community.

These particulars may, however, be dispensed with in the case of carriage in the type of tank which, for substances of a specific packing group of a specific UN number, meets at least the most stringent requirements.

- 643 Stone or aggregate asphalt mixture is not subject to the requirements for Class 9.
- 644 This substance is admitted for carriage provided that:
 - The pH is between 5 and 7 measured in an aqueous solution of 10% of the substance carried;
 - The solution does not contain more than 0.2% combustible material or chlorine compounds in quantities such that the chlorine level exceeds 0.02%.
- The classification code as mentioned in Column (3b) of Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall be used only with the approval of the competent authority of a Contracting Party to ADN prior to carriage. The approval shall be given in writing as a classification approval certificate (see 5.4.1.2.1 (g)) and shall be provided with a unique reference. When assignment to a division is made in accordance with the procedure in 2.2.1.1.7.2, the competent authority may require the default classification to be verified on the basis of test data derived from Test Series 6 of the *Manual of Tests and Criteria*, Part I, Section 16.
- 646 Carbon made by steam activation process is not subject to the requirements of ADN.
- Except for carriage in tank vessels, the carriage of vinegar and acetic acid with not more than 25 % pure acid by mass is subject only to the following requirements:
 - (a) Packagings, including IBCs and large packagings, and tanks shall be manufactured from stainless steel or plastic material which is permanently resistant to corrosion of vinegar/acetic acid food grade;
 - (b) Packagings, including IBCs and large packagings, and tanks shall be subjected to a visual inspection by the owner at least once a year. The results of the inspections shall be recorded and the records kept for at least one year. Damaged packagings, including IBCs and large packagings, and tanks shall not be filled;
 - (c) Packagings, including IBCs and large packagings, and tanks shall be filled in a way that no product is spilled or adheres to the outer surface;
 - (d) Seals and closures shall be resistant to vinegar/acetic acid food grade. Packagings, including IBCs and large packagings, and tanks shall be hermetically sealed by the person in charge of packaging and/or filling so that under normal conditions of carriage there will be no leakage;
 - (e) Combination packagings with inner packaging made of glass or plastic (see packing instruction P001 in 4.1.4.1 of ADR) which fulfil the general packing requirements of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2, 4.1.1.4, 4.1.1.5, 4.1.1.6, 4.1.1.7 and 4.1.1.8 of ADR may be used;

The other provisions of ADN do not apply except those relating to carriage in tank vessels.

- Articles impregnated with this pesticide, such as fibreboard plates, paper strips, cotton-wool balls, sheets of plastics material, in hermetically closed wrappings, are not subject to the provisions of ADN.
- 649 (Deleted)
- Waste consisting of packaging residues, solidified residues and liquid residues of paint may be carried under the conditions of packing group II. In addition to the provisions of UN No. 1263, packing group II, the waste may also be packed and carried as follows:
 - (a) The waste may be packed in accordance with packing instruction P002 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR or to packing instruction IBC006 of 4.1.4.2 of ADR;
 - (b) The waste may be packed in flexible IBCs of types 13H3, 13H4 and 13H5 in overpacks with complete walls;
 - (c) Testing of packagings and IBCs indicated under (a) or (b) may be carried out in accordance with the requirements of Chapters 6.1 or 6.5 of ADR, as appropriate, in relation to solids, at the packing group II performance level.
 - The tests shall be carried out on packagings and IBCs, filled with a representative sample of the waste, as prepared for carriage;
 - (d) Carriage in bulk in sheeted wagons, movable roof wagons/sheeted vehicles, closed containers or sheeted large containers, all with complete walls is allowed. The wagons, containers or body of vehicles shall be leakproof or rendered leakproof, for example by means of a suitable and sufficiently stout inner lining;
 - (e) If the waste is carried under the conditions of this special provision, the goods shall be declared in accordance with 5.4.1.1.3 in the transport document, as follows: "UN 1263 WASTE PAINT, 3, II", or "UN 1263 WASTE PAINT, 3, PG II".
- Special provision V2 (1) of ADR is only applicable for a net explosive content of more than 3,000 kg (4,000 kg with trailer).
- 652 (Reserved)
- 653 The carriage of this gas in cylinders having a test pressure capacity product of maximum 15.2 MPa.litre (152 bar.litre) is not subject to the other provisions of ADN if the following conditions are met:
 - The provisions for construction and testing of cylinders are observed;
 - The cylinders are contained in outer packagings which at least meet the requirements of Part 4 for combination packagings. The general provisions of packing of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.5 to 4.1.1.7 of ADR shall be observed;
 - The cylinders are not packed together with other dangerous goods;
 - The total gross mass of a package does not exceed 30 kg; and
 - Each package is clearly and durably marked with "UN 1006" for argon compressed, "UN 1013" for carbon dioxide, "UN 1046" for helium compressed or "UN 1066" for nitrogen compressed. This marking is displayed within a

diamond-shaped area surrounded by a line that measures at least 100 mm by 100 mm.

Waste lighters collected separately and consigned in accordance with 5.4.1.1.3 may be carried under this entry for the purposes of disposal. They need not be protected against inadvertent discharge provided that measures are taken to prevent the dangerous build up of pressure and dangerous atmospheres.

Waste lighters, other than those leaking or severely deformed, shall be packed in accordance with packing instruction P003 of ADR. In addition the following provisions shall apply:

- only rigid packagings of a maximum capacity of 60 litres shall be used;
- the packagings shall be filled with water or any other appropriate protection material to avoid any ignition;
- under normal conditions of carriage all ignition devices of the lighters shall fully be covered by the protection material;
- the packagings shall be adequately vented to prevent the creation of flammable atmosphere and the build up of pressure;
- the packages shall only be carried in ventilated or open wagons/vehicles or containers.

Leaking or severely deformed lighters shall be carried in salvage packagings, provided appropriate measures are taken to ensure there is no dangerous build up of pressure.

NOTE: Special provision 201 and special packing provisions PP84 and RR5 of packing instruction P002 in 4.1.4.1 of ADR do not apply to waste lighters.

- 655 Cylinders and their closures designed, constructed, approved and marked in accordance with Directive 97/23/EC⁴ and used for breathing apparatus may be carried without conforming to Chapter 6.2 of ADR, provided that they are subject to inspections and tests specified in 6.2.1.6.1 of ADR and the interval between tests specified in packing instruction P200 in 4.1.4.1 of ADR is not exceeded. The pressure used for the hydraulic pressure test is the pressure marked on the cylinder in accordance with Directive 97/23/EC.
- 656 (Deleted)

657 TI: 4 1 111 1.6 4

- This entry shall be used for the technically pure substance only; for mixtures of LPG components, see UN 1965 or see UN 1075 in conjunction with NOTE 2 in 2.2.2.3.
- 658 UN No. 1057 LIGHTERS complying with standard EN ISO 9994:2006 + A1:2008 "Lighters Safety Specification" and UN No. 1057 LIGHTER REFILLS, may be carried subject only to the provisions of 3.4.1 (a) to (f), 3.4.2 (except for the total gross mass of 30 kg), 3.4.3 (except for the total gross mass of 20 kg), 3.4.11 and 3.4.12, provided the following conditions are met:

⁴ Directive 97/23/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 May 1997 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States concerning pressure equipment (PED) (Official Journal of the European Communities No. L 181 of 9 July 1997, p. 1 - 55).

- (a) The total gross mass of each package is not more than 10 kg;
- (b) Not more than 100 kg gross mass of such packages is carried in a wagon or vehicle; and
- (c) Each outer packaging is clearly and durably marked with "UN 1057 LIGHTERS" or "UN 1057 LIGHTER REFILLS", as appropriate.
- 659 Substances to which PP86 or TP7 are assigned in Column (9a) and Column (11) of Table A in Chapter 3.2 of ADR and therefore require air to be eliminated from the vapour space, shall not be used for carriage under this UN number but shall be carried under their respective UN numbers as listed in Table A of Chapter 3.2.

NOTE: See also 2.2.2.1.7.

- 660 For the carriage of fuel gas containment systems designed to be fitted in motor vehicles containing this gas the provisions of sub-section 4.1.4.1 of ADR, Chapter 5.2, Chapter 5.4 and Chapter 6.2 of ADR need not be applied, provided the following conditions are met:
 - (a) The fuel gas containment systems meet the requirements of ECE Regulation No. 67 Revision 2,⁵ ECE Regulation No. 110 Revision 1⁶ or ECE Regulation No. 115⁷ or Regulation (EC) No. 79/2009⁸ in combination with Regulation (EU) No. 406/2010,⁹ as applicable.
 - (b) The fuel gas containment systems shall be leakproof and shall not exhibit any signs of external damage which may affect their safety.
 - **NOTE 1:** Criteria may be found in standard ISO 11623:2002 Transportable gas cylinders Periodic inspection and testing of composite gas cylinders (or ISO DIS 19078 Gas cylinders Inspection of the cylinder installation, and requalification of high pressure cylinders for the on-board storage of natural gas as a fuel for automotive vehicles).
 - **NOTE 2:** If the fuel gas containment systems are not leakproof or overfilled or if they exhibit damage that could affect their safety, they shall only be carried in salvage pressure receptacles in conformity with ADN.

ECE Regulation No. 67 (Uniform provisions concerning: I. Approval of specific equipment of motor vehicles using liquefied petroleum gases in their propulsion system; II. Approval of a vehicle fitted with specific equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum gases in its propulsion system with regard to the installation of such equipment).

ECE Regulation No. 110 (Uniform provisions concerning the approval of:

I. Specific components of motor vehicles using compressed natural gas (CNG) and/or liquefied natural gas (LNG) in their propulsion system;

II. Vehicles with regard to the installation of specific components of an approved type for the use of compressed natural gas (CNG) and/or liquefied natural gas (LNG) in their propulsion system).

ECE Regulation No. 115 (Uniform provisions concerning the approval of: I. Specific LPG (liquefied petroleum gases) retrofit systems to be installed in motor vehicles for the use of LPG in their propulsion system; II. Specific CNG (compressed natural gas) retrofit systems to be installed in motor vehicles for the use of CNG in their propulsion system).

Regulation (EC) No 79/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 January 2009 on type-approval of hydrogen-powered motor vehicles, and amending Directive 2007/46/EC.

Commission Regulation (EU) No 406/2010 of 26 April 2010 implementing Regulation (EC) No 79/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council on type-approval of hydrogen-powered motor vehicles.

- (c) If the fuel gas containment system is equipped with two valves or more integrated in line, two valves shall be so closed as to be gastight under normal conditions of carriage. If only one valve exists or only one valve works properly all openings with the exception of the opening of the pressure relief device shall be so closed as to be gastight under normal conditions of carriage.
- (d) Fuel gas containment systems shall be carried in such a way as to prevent obstruction of the pressure relief device or any damage to the valves and any other pressurised part of the fuel gas containment systems and unintentional release of the gas under normal conditions of carriage. The fuel gas containment system shall be secured so as to prevent slipping, rolling or vertical movement.
- (e) Fuel gas containment systems shall satisfy the provisions of 4.1.6.8 (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) of ADR.
- (f) The marking and labelling provisions of Chapter 5.2 shall be met, unless fuel gas containment systems are consigned in a handling device. If so, the markings and danger labels shall be affixed to the handling device.

(g) Documentation

Every consignment that is carried in accordance with this special provision shall be accompanied by a transport document, containing at least the following information:

- (i) The UN number of the gas contained in the fuel gas containment systems, preceded by the letters "UN";
- (ii) The proper shipping name of the gas;
- (iii) The label model number:
- (iv) The number of fuel gas containment systems;
- (v) In the case of liquefied gases the net mass in kg of the gas of each fuel gas containment system and in the case of compressed gases the water capacity in litres of each fuel gas containment system followed by the nominal working pressure;
- (vi) The names and the addresses of the consignor and the consignee.
- (i) to (v) shall appear according to one of the following examples:

Example 1: UN 1971 natural gas, compressed, 2.1, 1 fuel gas containment system of 50 1 in total, 200 bar

Example 2: UN 1965 hydrocarbon gas mixture, liquefied, n.o.s., 2.1, 3 fuel gas containment systems, each of 15 kg net mass of gas

NOTE: All other provisions of ADN shall be applied.

- 661 (Deleted).
- 662 Cylinders not conforming to the provisions of Chapter 6.2 which are used exclusively on board a ship or aircraft, may be carried for the purpose of filling or inspection and subsequent return, provided the cylinders are designed and constructed in accordance

with a standard recognized by the competent authority of the country of approval and all the other relevant requirements of ADN and other conditions are met including:

- (a) The cylinders shall be carried with valve protection in conformity with 4.1.6.8;
- (b) The cylinders shall be marked and labelled in conformity with 5.2.1 and 5.2.2; and
- (c) All the relevant filling requirements of packing instruction P200 of 4.1.4.1 of ADR are complied with.

The transport document shall include the following statement: "Carriage in accordance with Special Provision 662".

This entry may only be used for packagings, large packagings or IBCs, or parts thereof, which have contained dangerous goods which are carried for disposal, recycling or recovery of their material, other than reconditioning, repair, routine maintenance, remanufacturing or reuse, and which have been emptied to the extent that only residues of dangerous goods adhering to the packaging parts are present when they are handed over for carriage.

Scope:

Residues present in the packagings, discarded, empty, uncleaned shall only be of dangerous goods of classes 3, 4.1, 5.1, 6.1, 8 or 9. In addition, they shall not be:

- Substances assigned to packing group I or that have "0" assigned in Column (7a) of Table A of Chapter 3.2; nor
- Substances classified as desensitized explosive substances of Class 3 or Class 4.1; nor
- Substances classified as self-reactive substances of Class 4.1; nor
- Radioactive material; nor
- Asbestos (UN 2212 and UN 2590), polychlorinated biphenyls (UN 2315 and UN 3432) and polyhalogenated biphenyls or polyhalogenated terphenyls (UN 3151 and UN 3152).

General provisions:

Packagings, discarded, empty, uncleaned with residues presenting a risk or a subsidiary risk of Class 5.1 shall not be packed together with other packagings, discarded, empty, uncleaned, or loaded together with other packagings, discarded, empty, uncleaned in the same bulk container.

Documented sorting procedures shall be implemented on the loading site to ensure compliance with the provisions applicable to this entry.

NOTE: All the other provisions of ADN apply.

Oil seeds, crushed seeds and seedcake containing vegetable oil, treated with solvents, not subject to spontaneous combustion, are allocated to UN No. 3175. These substances are not subject to ADN when they have been prepared or treated to ensure

- that they cannot give off dangerous gases in dangerous quantities (no risk of explosion) during carriage and when this is mentioned in the transport document.
- Ferrosilicon with between 25 and 30% or more than 90% silicon content by mass is a dangerous substance of Class 4.3 for carriage in bulk or without packaging by inland navigation vessel.
- 802 See 7.1.4.10.
- Hard coal, coke and anthracite, when carried in bulk, are not subject to the provisions of ADN if:
 - (a) The temperature of the cargo is not higher than 60°C before, during or immediately after loading of the hold;
 - (b) The estimated duration of carriage is not more than 20 days;
 - (c) If the actual duration of carriage is more than 20 days, supervision of the temperature is carried out from the twenty-first day; and
 - (d) If the master is given, at the time of loading and in a traceable form, instructions on how to proceed if there is a significant heating of the cargo.

CHAPTER 3.4

DANGEROUS GOODS PACKED IN LIMITED QUANTITIES

3.4.1 This Chapter provides the provisions applicable to the carriage of dangerous goods of certain classes packed in limited quantities. The applicable quantity limit for the inner packaging or article is specified for each substance in Column (7a) of Table A of Chapter 3.2. In addition, the quantity "0" has been indicated in this column for each entry not permitted to be carried in accordance with this Chapter.

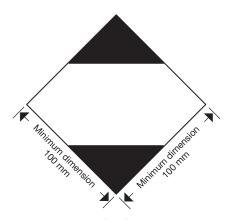
Limited quantities of dangerous goods packed in such limited quantities, meeting the provisions of this Chapter are not subject to any other provisions of ADN except the relevant provisions of:

- (a) Part 1, Chapters 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.8, 1.9;
- (b) Part 2;
- (c) Part 3, Chapters 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 (except special provisions 61, 178, 181, 220, 274, 625, 633 and 650 (e));
- (d) Part 4, paragraphs 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2, 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 of ADR;
- (e) Part 5, 5.1.2.1(a) (i) and (b), 5.1.2.2, 5.1.2.3, 5.2.1.9, 5.4.2;
- (f) Part 6, construction requirements of 6.1.4 and paragraphs 6.2.5.1 and 6.2.6.1 to 6.2.6.3 of ADR;
- Dangerous goods shall be packed only in inner packagings placed in suitable outer packagings. Intermediate packagings may be used. In addition, for articles of Division 1.4, Compatibility Group S, the provisions of section 4.1.5 of ADR shall be fully complied with. The use of inner packagings is not necessary for the carriage of articles such as aerosols or "receptacles, small, containing gas". The total gross mass of the package shall not exceed 30 kg.
- 3.4.3 Except for articles of Division 1.4, Compatibility Group S, shrink-wrapped or stretch-wrapped trays meeting the conditions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 of ADR are acceptable as outer packagings for articles or inner packagings containing dangerous goods carried in accordance with this Chapter. Inner packagings that are liable to break or be easily punctured, such as those made of glass, porcelain, stoneware or certain plastics, shall be placed in suitable intermediate packagings meeting the provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8 of ADR, and be so designed that they meet the construction requirements of 6.1.4 of ADR. The total gross mass of the package shall not exceed 20 kg.
- 3.4.4 Liquid goods of Class 8, packing group II in glass, porcelain or stoneware inner packagings shall be enclosed in a compatible and rigid intermediate packaging.
- 3.4.5 and 3.4.6 (*Reserved*)

3.4.7 Marking for packages containing limited quantities

Except for air transport, packages containing dangerous goods in limited quantities shall bear the marking shown in Figure 3.4.7.1:

Figure 3.4.7.1



Marking for packages containing limited quantities

The marking shall be readily visible, legible and able to withstand open weather exposure without a substantial reduction in effectiveness.

The marking shall be in the form of a square set at an angle of 45° (diamond-shaped). The top and bottom portions and the surrounding line shall be black. The centre area shall be white or a suitable contrasting background. The minimum dimensions shall be 100 mm x 100 mm and the minimum width of the line forming the diamond shall be 2 mm. Where dimensions are not specified, all features shall be in approximate proportion to those shown.

3.4.7.2 If the size of the package so requires, the minimum outer dimensions shown in Figure 3.4.7.1 may be reduced to be not less than 50 mm x 50 mm provided the marking remains clearly visible. The minimum width of the line forming the diamond may be reduced to a minimum of 1 mm.

3.4.8 Marking for packages containing limited quantities conforming to Part 3, Chapter 4 of the ICAO Technical Instructions

3.4.8.1 Packages containing dangerous goods packed in conformity with the provisions of Part 3, Chapter 4 of the ICAO Technical Instructions may bear the marking shown in Figure 3.4.8.1 to certify conformity with these provisions:

Figure 3.4.8.1

White the state of the state

Marking for packages containing limited quantities conforming to Part 3, Chapter 4 of the ICAO Technical Instructions

The marking shall be readily visible, legible and able to withstand open weather exposure without a substantial reduction in effectiveness.

The marking shall be in the form of a square set at an angle of 45° (diamond-shaped). The top and bottom portions and the surrounding line shall be black. The centre area shall be white or a suitable contrasting background. The minimum dimensions shall be 100 mm x 100 mm and the minimum width of the line forming the diamond shall be 2 mm. The symbol "Y" shall be placed in the centre of the mark and shall be clearly visible. Where dimensions are not specified, all features shall be in approximate proportion to those shown.

- 3.4.8.2 If the size of the package so requires, the minimum outer dimensions shown in Figure 3.4.8.1 may be reduced to be not less than 50 mm x 50 mm provided the marking remains clearly visible. The minimum width of the line forming the diamond may be reduced to a minimum of 1 mm. The symbol "Y" shall remain in approximate proportion to that shown in Figure 3.4.8.1.
- Packages containing dangerous goods bearing the marking shown in 3.4.8 with or without the additional labels and markings for air transport shall be deemed to meet the provisions of section 3.4.1 as appropriate and of sections 3.4.2 to 3.4.4 and need not bear the marking shown in 3.4.7.
- 3.4.10 Packages containing dangerous goods in limited quantities bearing the marking shown in 3.4.7 and conforming with the provisions of the ICAO Technical Instructions, including all necessary marks and labels specified in Parts 5 and 6, shall be deemed to meet the provisions of section 3.4.1 as appropriate and of sections 3.4.2 to 3.4.4.
- 3.4.11 When packages containing dangerous goods packed in limited quantities are placed in an overpack, the provisions of 5.1.2 shall apply. In addition the overpack shall be marked with the markings required by this Chapter unless the markings representative of all dangerous goods in the overpack are visible. The provisions of 5.1.2.1 (a) (ii) and 5.1.2.4 apply only if other dangerous goods which are not packed in limited quantities are contained, and only in relation to these other dangerous goods.

- 3.4.12 In advance of carriage, consignors of dangerous goods packed in limited quantities shall inform the carrier in a traceable form of the total gross mass of such goods to be consigned.
- 3.4.13 (a) Transport units with a maximum mass exceeding 12 tonnes carrying dangerous goods packed in limited quantities shall be marked in accordance with 3.4.15 at the front and at the rear except when the transport unit contains other dangerous goods for which orange-coloured plate marking in accordance with 5.3.2 is required. In this latter case, the transport unit may display the required orange-coloured plate marking only, or both the orange-coloured plate marking in accordance with 5.3.2 and the marking in accordance with 3.4.15.
 - (b) Wagons carrying packages with dangerous goods in limited quantities shall be marked in accordance with 3.4.15 on both sides except when placards in accordance with section 5.3.1 are already affixed.
 - (c) Containers carrying dangerous goods packed in limited quantities, on transport units with a maximum mass exceeding 12 tonnes, shall be marked in accordance with 3.4.15 on all four sides except when the container contains other dangerous goods for which placarding in accordance with 5.3.1 is required. In this latter case, the container may display the required placards only, or both the placards in accordance with 5.3.1 and the marking in accordance with 3.4.15.

If the containers are loaded on a transport unit or wagon, the carrying transport unit or wagon need not be marked, except when the marking affixed to the containers is not visible from the outside of this carrying transport unit or wagon. In this latter case, the same marking shall also be affixed at the front and the rear of the carrying transport unit, or on both sides of the carrying wagon.

- 3.4.14 Markings specified in 3.4.13 may be dispensed with, if the total gross mass of the packages containing dangerous goods packed in limited quantities carried does not exceed 8 tonnes per transport unit or wagon.
- 3.4.15 The marking shall be that required in 3.4.7, except that the minimum dimensions shall be $250 \text{ mm} \times 250 \text{ mm}$.

CHAPTER 3.5

DANGEROUS GOODS PACKED IN EXCEPTED QUANTITIES

3.5.1 Excepted quantities

- 3.5.1.1 Excepted quantities of dangerous goods of certain classes, other than articles, meeting the provisions of this Chapter are not subject to any other provisions of ADN except for:
 - (a) The training requirements in Chapter 1.3;
 - (b) The classification procedures and packing group criteria in Part 2;
 - (c) The packaging requirements of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2, 4.1.1.4 and 4.1.1.6 of ADR.

NOTE: In the case of radioactive material, the requirements for radioactive material in excepted packages in 1.7.1.5 apply.

3.5.1.2 Dangerous goods which may be carried as excepted quantities in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter are shown in column (7b) of Table A of Chapter 3.2 by means of an alphanumeric code as follows:

Code	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging (in grams for solids and ml for liquids and gases)	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging (in grams for solids and ml for liquids and gases, or sum of grams and ml in the case of mixed packing)
E0	Not permitted as Excepted Quantity	
E1	30	1000
E2	30	500
E3	30	300
E4	1	500
E5	1	300

For gases, the volume indicated for inner packagings refers to the water capacity of the inner receptacle and the volume indicated for outer packagings refers to the combined water capacity of all inner packagings within a single outer packaging.

- 3.5.1.3 Where dangerous goods in excepted quantities for which different codes are assigned are packaged together the total quantity per outer packaging shall be limited to that corresponding to the most restrictive code.
- 3.5.1.4 Excepted quantities of dangerous goods assigned to codes E1, E2, E4 and E5 with a maximum net quantity of dangerous goods per inner packaging limited to 1 ml for liquids and gases and 1 g for solids and a maximum net quantity of dangerous goods per outer packaging which does not exceed 100 g for solids or 100 ml for liquids and gases are only subject to:
 - (a) The provisions of 3.5.2, except that an intermediate packaging is not required if the inner packagings are securely packed in an outer packaging with cushioning material in such a way that, under normal conditions of carriage, they cannot break, be punctured, or leak their contents; and for liquids, the outer packaging contains sufficient absorbent material to absorb the entire contents of the inner packagings; and
 - (b) The provisions of 3.5.3.

3.5.2 Packagings

Packagings used for the carriage of dangerous goods in excepted quantities shall be in compliance with the following:

- (a) There shall be an inner packaging and each inner packaging shall be constructed of plastic (with a minimum thickness of 0.2 mm when used for liquids), or of glass, porcelain, stoneware, earthenware or metal (see also 4.1.1.2 of ADR) and the closure of each inner packaging shall be held securely in place with wire, tape or other positive means; any receptacle having a neck with moulded screw threads shall have a leakproof threaded type cap. The closure shall be resistant to the contents;
- (b) Each inner packaging shall be securely packed in an intermediate packaging with cushioning material in such a way that, under normal conditions of carriage, they cannot break, be punctured or leak their contents. The intermediate packaging shall completely contain the contents in case of breakage or leakage, regardless of package orientation. For liquids, the intermediate packaging shall contain sufficient absorbent material to absorb the entire contents of the inner packaging. In such cases, the absorbent material may be the cushioning material. Dangerous goods shall not react dangerously with cushioning, absorbent material and packaging material or reduce the integrity or function of the materials;
- (c) The intermediate packaging shall be securely packed in a strong, rigid outer packaging (wooden, fibreboard or other equally strong material);
- (d) Each package type shall be in compliance with the provisions in 3.5.3;
- (e) Each package shall be of such a size that there is adequate space to apply all necessary markings; and
- (f) Overpacks may be used and may also contain packages of dangerous goods or goods not subject to the requirements of ADN.

3.5.3 Tests for packages

- 3.5.3.1 The complete package as prepared for carriage, with inner packagings filled to not less than 95% of their capacity for solids or 98% for liquids, shall be capable of withstanding, as demonstrated by testing which is appropriately documented, without breakage or leakage of any inner packaging and without significant reduction in effectiveness:
 - (a) Drops onto a rigid, non-resilient flat and horizontal surface from a height of 1.8 m:
 - (i) Where the sample is in the shape of a box, it shall be dropped in each of the following orientations:
 - flat on the base;
 - flat on the top;
 - flat on the longest side;
 - flat on the shortest side:
 - on a corner.
 - (ii) Where the sample is in the shape of a drum, it shall be dropped in each of the following orientations:
 - diagonally on the top chime, with the centre of gravity directly above the point of impact;
 - diagonally on the base chime;

flat on the side.

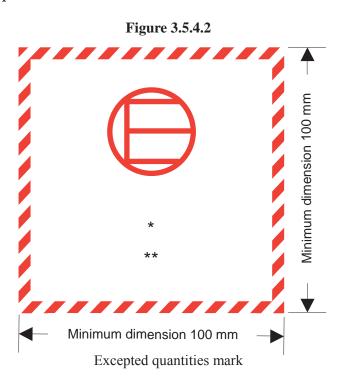
NOTE: Each of the above drops may be performed on different but identical packages.

- (b) A force applied to the top surface for a duration of 24 hours, equivalent to the total weight of identical packages if stacked to a height of 3 m (including the sample).
- 3.5.3.2 For the purposes of testing, the substances to be carried in the packaging may be replaced by other substances except where this would invalidate the results of the tests. For solids, when another substance is used, it must have the same physical characteristics (mass, grain size, etc.) as the substance to be carried. In the drop tests for liquids, when another substance is used, its relative density (specific gravity) and viscosity should be similar to those of the substance to be carried.

3.5.4 Marking of packages

Packages containing excepted quantities of dangerous goods prepared in accordance with this Chapter shall be durably and legibly marked with the mark shown in 3.5.4.2. The first or only label number indicated in column (5) of Table A of Chapter 3.2 for each of the dangerous goods contained in the package shall be shown in the mark. Where the name of the consignor or consignee is not shown elsewhere on the package this information shall be included within the mark.

3.5.4.2 Excepted quantities mark



- * The first or only label number indicated in column (5) of Table A of Chapter 3.2 shall be shown in this location.
- ** The name of the consignor or of the consignee shall be shown in this location if not shown elsewhere on the package.

The marking shall be in the form of a square. The hatching and symbol shall be of the same colour, black or red, on white or suitable contrasting background. The minimum dimensions

shall be 100 mm x 100 mm. Where dimensions are not specified, all features shall be in approximate proportion to those shown.

3.5.4.3 An overpack containing dangerous goods in excepted quantities shall display the markings required by 3.5.4.1, unless such markings on packages within the overpack are clearly visible.

3.5.5 Maximum number of packages in any vehicle, wagon or container

The number of packages in any vehicle, wagon or container shall not exceed 1 000.

3.5.6 Documentation

If a document or documents (such as a bill of lading, air waybill or CMR/CIM consignment note) accompanies(y) dangerous goods in excepted quantities, at least one of these documents shall include the statement "Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities" and indicate the number of packages.

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The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways (ADN) done at Geneva on 26 May 2000 under the auspices of the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) and the Central Commission for the Navigation of the Rhine (CCNR) entered into force on 28 February 2008. The Regulations annexed to the Agreement became applicable twelve months after the entry into force of the Agreement, namely on 28 February 2009.

At the time of the preparation of the present publication, the Agreement had eighteen Contracting Parties: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, France, Germany, Hungary, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Poland, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Serbia, Slovakia, Switzerland and Ukraine.

The Regulations annexed to the ADN contain provisions concerning dangerous substances and articles, provisions concerning their carriage on board inland navigation vessels or tank vessels, as well as provisions concerning the construction and operation of such vessels. They also address requirements and procedures for inspections, the issue of certificates of approval, recognition of classification societies, monitoring, and training and examination of experts.

ISBN 978-92-1-139152-7



Printed at United Nations, Geneva 1418741 (E)-November 2014–829